

# Truman priporoča splošno in obvezno zavarovanje

### Predsednik predložil program kongresu v sprejetje

## RAZTEGNITEV SOCIALNE ZAŠČITE

Washington, D. C., 20. nov.—Predsednik Truman je predložil kongresu zdravstveni program, osnovan na splošni in obvezni podlagi in predplačilnih posameznega državljanu za kritje stroškov, s priporočilom takojšnje akcije.

Letni stroški zavarovanja v smislu programa bi znašali štiri milijarde dolarjev. Program bi nudil finančno varnost proti boleznim na osnovi sistema socialne zaščite. Truman je omenil, da bo federalna vlada prevzela del stroškov.

Poslanica, katero je Truman naslovil kongresu, je skrbno sestavljena in dokumentirana. On je naznanil, da bo v bližnji bodočnosti poslal kongresu drugo poslanico s posebnimi priporočili glede revizije, raztegnitve in zboljšanja sistema socialne zaščite, da bodo delavci, ki zbole ali se poškodujejo pri delu, dobivali podporo.

"Kar priporočam, ni socializirano zdravstvo," pravi Truman v poslanici. "Socializirano zdravstvo pomeni, da vsi zdravniki delajo kot uslužbenci vlade. Ameriško ljudstvo ne mara takega sistema.

Nacr, katerega priporočam kongresu v sprejetje, določa obvezno zavarovanje in oskrbo v bolnišnicah na prostovoljni podlagi. Naši zdravniki in bolnišnice bodo imeli proste roke kot doslej. Razlika bo v tem, da bodo vsi zavarovanci dobili zdravstveno pomoč, kadar jo bodo potrebovali. To velja za vse, ki delajo, kakor tudi za one, ki so odvisni od njihovyega zaslužka.

Bolniki bodo imeli vso svobodo pri izbiranju zdravnikov. Zdravniki pa bodo lahko odločali, ali prevzamejo oskrbo bolnikov ali ne. Bolnišnice bodo še nadalje upravljale svoje posle po svojem načinu. Federalna vlada ne bo operirala bolnišnic, določala pa bo standarde in financirala gradnjo novih bolnišnic v krajih, kjer so potrebne.

Po prečitjanju Trumanove poslanice sta bila predložena dva nacrtta kongresu. Enega sta predložila senatorja Wagner iz New Yorka in Murray iz Montane, drugega pa kongresnik Dingell iz Michigana. Wagner je dejal, da zavarovalna faza zdravstvene oskrbe bo stala tri milijarde dolarjev letno.

Za kritje stroškov je Wagner predlagal zvišanje davka za socialno zaščito. Ta naj se zviša na dva in pol odstotka in plačujejo naj ga delavci in delodajalci. Sedanjí davki za socialno zaščito je eden odstotek.

Nacrta sta bila izročena sekretarju odseku za delo in vzgojo in odseku nižje zbornice za meddržavno in zunanjo trgovino.

Program je naletel na opozicijo pri Zvezi ameriških zdravnikov. Uradniki te organizacije so ponovno naglasili, da so proti splošnemu in obveznemu bolezenskemu zavarovanju. Izjavili so, da Truman napočno izmišlja pojem socializiranega zdravstva. Njegovo tolmačenje ne bo premotilo zdravnikov, ki delajo v Trumanovem programu brezvarnosti politične kontrole.

## Telefonski delavci vztrajajo v stavki

Chicago, 20. nov.—Telefonski delavci, člani neodvisne unije, vztrajajo v stavki. Pogajanja glede končanja konflikta so se nadaljevala. V stavki je zavoj-

## Koenig za večletno okupacijo Nemčije

### Bojno razpoloženje padlo po porazu

Chicago, 20. nov.—General Joseph Pierre Koenig, poveljnik francoske okupacijske sile v Nemčiji, je dejal, da je bojno razpoloženje v Nemčiji padlo ob porazu nacistične vojske, toda kljub temu je potrebna večletna zavezniška okupacija Nemčije. Ta naj bi preprečila nemško ljudstvo, da se vojna ne izplača.

Koenig je dospel v Chicago večeraj. On bo govoril na konvenciji Ameriške legije, ki se je pričela zadnjo nedeljo. General bo po stari francoski tradiciji podelil odlikovanja štirim bivšim poveljnikom legije.

"Nemci manj trpe pod francosko okupacijo kot smo mi pod nemško," je dejal Koenig na sestanku s časnikiarji. On je bil imenovan za vojaškega guvernerja v Parizu po osvoboditvi francoske prestolnice.

General Dwight D. Eisenhower bo danes prišel v Chicago. Vršila se bo parada njemu v počast. Po paradi bo imel govor pred delegati na konvenciji Ameriške legije. Potem bo odpohtoval v Washington, kjer bo zasedel letalo in se odpeljal v Nemčijo.

## Obstoj svetovne organizacije ogrožen

### Prepad med Ameriko in Rusijo se povečal

Washington, D. C., 20. nov.—Spor, ki je nastal med Ameriko in sovjetsko Rusijo zaradi atomske bombe, se je raztegnil tudi na politična vprašanja v Evropi in Aziji in zavzel obseg, ki ogroža obstoj organizacije Združenih narodov.

Državni department je priznal, da vodi diplomatsko ofenzivo proti Sovjetski uniji. Naznanil je, da ne bo priznal izida splošnih volitev v Bolgariji.

Državni tajnik Byrnes je dejal, da so reprezentanti Amerike v Sofiji informirali bolgarsko vlado, da Amerika ne bo priznala izida volitev kot izraza teženj bolgarskega ljudstva. Byrnes je v svojem govoru v Charlestonu, S. C., ponovil trditve, da Amerika, Velika Britanija in Kanada ne bodo razkrile tajnosti atomske bombe Rusiji, ker jih smatrajo za "svetovno zaupanje". On je tudi obsodil trgovinsko pogodbo, katero je Rusija sklenila z Ogrsko.

Byrnes je pozval sovjetsko vlado, naj stori korake za odpravo demarkacijske črte v Koreji. Dežela je razdeljena na dve okupacijski coni, rusko in ameriško, kar ovira komunikacije. Poziv je nadaljnji dokaz trenja med Ameriko in Rusijo.

## Attlee za trdne svetovne zveze

Ottawa, Kanada, 20. nov.—Clement Attlee, predsednik britske delavske vlade, je v svojem govoru v kanadskem parlamentu naglasil potrebo trdnih svetovnih zvez. Dejal je, da bodo take zveze omogočile funkcije, ki spadajo v področje organizacije Združenih narodov.

Ottawa, Kanada, 20. nov.—Clement Attlee, predsednik britske delavske vlade, je v svojem govoru v kanadskem parlamentu naglasil potrebo trdnih svetovnih zvez. Dejal je, da bodo take zveze omogočile funkcije, ki spadajo v področje organizacije Združenih narodov.

## Roosevelt je skušal odvrniti vojno

### Značilna izjava admirala Richardsons

Washington, D. C., 20. nov.—Admiral James O. Richardson je izjavil pred skupnim kongresnim odsekom, ki vodi preiskavo zavratnega japonskega napada na Pearl Harbor, da se je pokojni predsednik Roosevelt trudil v naporih, da odvrne vojno z Japonsko. Dejal je, da mu je Roosevelt povedal, da Amerika ne bo šla v vojno, ako bodo Japonci napadli Filipinske otoke.

Zaslišanje prič pred kongresnim odsekom, ki se je pričelo zadnji teden, se nadaljuje. Richardson je razkril, da je imel razgovor z Rooseveltom v Beli hiši, ko je bil poveljnik ameriške bojne mornarice na Pacifiku. Njega je pozneje nasledil admiral Husband E. Kimmel.

Roosevelt je na konferenci z Richardsonom izjavil, da Amerika ne bo šla v vojno, čeprav bi Japonci okupirali Filipinske Indokino, Siam in celo Filipinske otoke. Predsednik je bil uverjen, da bodo Japonci raztegnili operacije in videl znamenja o neizbežnosti konflikta. Enote ameriške bojne mornarice so bile koncentrirane v Pearl Harborju iz razloga, da bi to vplivalo in zavrglo program japonske agresivnosti.

Danes bo nastopil pred kongresnim odsekom Cordell Hull, bivši državni tajnik. Vse kaže, da bo zaslišanje trajalo več tednov. Republikanci skušajo naprti odgovornost za izbruh vojne pokojnemu predsedniku Rooseveltu. Radi bi ustvarili vtis, da je on povzročil japonski napad na Pearl Harbor.

Chicago, 20. nov.—Admiral Chester W. Nimitz, poveljnik ameriške bojne mornarice na Pacifiku, je na sestanku s časnikiarji zanikal obdolžitve republikancev, članov odseka, ki vodi preiskavo japonskega napada na Pearl Harbor, da so enote mornarice opazile japonske bojne ladje, ko so plule proti Pearl Harborju v decembru 1. 1941.

"Japonski napad na Pearl Harbor je bil popolno presenečenje," je dejal Nimitz. "Gotovo je, da bi poveljnik krizarke Boise, o katerem trdijo, da je opazil japonske bojne ladje, ko so se bližale luki, o tem poročal."

Nimitz je prišel v Chicago na konvencijo Ameriške legije. On je govoril pred delegati, ki so ga navdušeno sprejeli in pozdravili.

## Zastoj na konferenci v Washingtonu

### Odbori še niso predložili poročil

Washington, D. C., 20. nov.—Znamenja so se pokazala, da se konferenca reprezentativov delavcev in delodajalcev, katero je sklical predsednik Truman, polagoma razkrajja. Nastal je zastoj, ker člani posebnih odborov še niso predložili poročil konferenci.

Sest voditeljev delavcev in industrij je sestavilo novo grupo, katere naloga je preprečenje poloma konferenca. Eric Johnston, predsednik Ameriške trgovske zbornice, je naznanil formiranje nove grupe.

Člani grupe so Johnston; Ira Mosher, predsednik Zveze ameriških tovarnarjev; William Green, predsednik Ameriške delavske federacije; Philip Murray, predsednik Kongresa industrijskih organizacij; John L. Lewis, predsednik rudarske unije UMWA, in T. C. Cashen, predsednik eksekutivnega odbora Zveze železniških bratovščin. Naznanilo pravi, da so člani eksekutivnega odbora, ki je bil formiran na konferenci, pretrgali svoje delo, z namenom, da

## NEMCI PRIHAJAJO V AMERIŠKO OKUPACIJSKO CONO

### Dva milijona Nemcev bo prišlo v cono v prihodnjih tednih

## DOTOK USTVARIL NOVE PROBLEME

Frankfurt, Nemčija, 20. nov.—Nemci, izgnani iz poljskih, čeških in ogrskih krajev, prihajajo v ameriško okupacijsko cono. Pričakuje se, da bo dva milijona Nemcev prišlo v cono v prihodnjih tednih. Dotok je potisnil na površje nove probleme, med katerimi je problem nasičevanja najresnejši.

V sedanji situaciji se lahko nasičuje Nemce z znižanjem odmerkov za najmanj 15 odstotkov ali pa dovozom 500.000 ton živil iz Amerike. Odmerki živil za Nemce v ameriški coni bodo morda znižani na 1500 kalorij dnevno prihodnjo zimo, kar je premalo za ohranitev zdravja in preprečenje bolezni, ki so posledica podhranjenosti. Lahko nastanejo nemiri, ko se bo število Nemcev v ameriški okupacijski coni povečalo na dvajset milijonov.

Pojavile so se že poteškoče v zvezi s transferiranjem Nemcev iz Avstrije v njihove kraje, ki so v francoski in britski okupacijski coni. Čez 50.000 avstrijskih Nemcev je v taboriščih, v katerih čakajo na odhod v francosko in britsko cono.

Rusi sprejemajo Nemce iz Avstrije na podlagi tega, da so Nemci, ki so bili izgnani iz poljskih krajev, pošiljali v ameriško cono, v svojo pa sprejemajo Nemce iz Avstrije. Ta proces je počasen, kar dokazuje dejstvo, da čez 20.000 Nemcev je na vsaki strani demarkacijske črte med rusko in ameriško okupacijsko cono.

Nemci, ki skušajo priti v britsko in francosko cono, se sploh ne gibljejo, čeprav je bil sklenjen dogovor glede premestitve med francoskimi in britskimi vojaškimi avtoritetami. Posledica je, da Nemci zmrzujejo na vlakih v bližnji meji ali na cestah in v taboriščih ob francoski in britski coni.

Ameriške vojaške oblasti bi rade ustavile dotok Nemcev v svojo okupacijsko cono zaradi pomanjkanja živil in stanovanj.

## Japonski general izvršil samomor

Tokio, 20. nov.—General Sigeru Honjo, bivši vodja japonskih vojnih lordov, je izvršil samomor. Končal si je življenje potem, ko je general Douglas MacArthur, vrhovni poveljnik okupacijskih sil na Japonskem, odredil aretacijo generala kot vojnega zločinca. Honjo je bil poveljnik japonskih oboroženih sil v Mandžuriji pred kapitulacijo Japonske pred zavezniki.

## Protistavkovna pogodba podpisana

St. Louis, Mo., 20. nov.—Lastniki 42 pralnic v tem mestu so podpisali pogodbo z unijami Ameriške delavske federacije s provizijo, da stavke ne bodo oklicane v dobi šestih let. Pogodba stopi v veljavo 1. decembra.

bo nova grupa lahko sestavila program in omogočila diskuzije o vprašanjih in problemih, ki čakajo rešitve. Glavni problem je ustanovitev ustroja, ki naj bi storil korake za odvrnitev stavk v industrijah, ki ovirajo produkcijo civilnih potrebščin.

Možnost je, da bo Trumanova administracija posegla v kontroverzo in skušala rešiti konferenco pred polomom.

## Obraznava proti nemškim zločincem

### Vojaške čete stražijo justično palačo

Nuernberg, Nemčija, 20. nov.—Danes se je pričela v tem mestu, bivšem svetišču nacistične stranke, obraznava proti vodikim nacistom, ki so obtoženi vojnih zločinov. Dvajset obtožencev se bo moralo zagovarjati pred zavezniskim vojaškim tribunalom.

Med obtoženci so bivši državni maršal Hermann Goering, Rudolf Hess, desna roka bivšega diktatorja Hitlerja, feldmaršal Wilhelm Keitel, general Alfred Jodl in admiral Karl Doenitz in Erich Raeder.

Tanki in vojaške čete stražijo justično palačo, v kateri se vrši obraznava. Vojaška policija patrolira ceste in ulice.

Prosekutorji štirih vezel so izrazvali medsebojne razlike po posvetovanjih s člani vojaškega tribunala. Francoski prosekutor je zahteval, da mora priti pred tribunal Alfred Krupp, član družine, ki je kontrolirala nemške orožne in municijske tovarne v Essenu in zalagala Hitlerjevo vojno mašino z materialom. On se je potolažil, ko je dobil zagotovilo, da bo Krupp obtožen za devetnajstimi drugimi nemškimi industrijelci vred.

Rusija je predlagala odložitev obraznave, ker je general R. Rudenko, glavni prosekutor, zbolel. Pozneje je predlog umaknila in s tem omogočila odprtje obraznave.

## Atomska energija za industrije

### Znanstveniki ustanovili organizacijo

Washington, D. C., 20. nov.—Nova organizacija atomskih znanstvenikov je bila pravkar ustanovljena. To tvori 90-odstotkov znanstvenikov, ki so bili udeleženi v eksperimentih, ki so rezultirali v iznajdbi atomske bombe. Ti so zdaj odprto povedali kongresu, da ne more biti nobena država varna, dokler ne pride atomska sila pod svetovno kontrolo.

Znanstveniki so napovedali, da bo atomska energija lahko služila industrijam v bližnji bodočnosti. Vprašanje je še, ali se bo aplikacija atomske energije na komercialni podlagi izplačala.

Ustanovitev nove organizacije je naznanil dr. Leo Szilard, profesor na čikaški univerzi, ki je igral vodilno vlogo pri eksperimentih in razvoju atomske bombe. On je nastopil pred kongresnim odsekom in izjavil, da bo atomska bomba škodljivo vplivala na vojaški položaj Amerike. Szilard je priznal, da Amerika prekaša vse druge države v sposobnosti produkcije topov, tankov, bojnih letal in drugega orožja, toda ta prednost v produkciji orožja ji ne bo dosti koristila, ko bodo druge države imele atomske bombe.

"Ako bodo Amerika in druge države imele atomske bombe, nam ne bo to dosti koristilo," je rekel Szilard. On je nastopil pred odsekom, ki vodi zaslišanje o ustanovitvi posebne komisije za kontrolo atomske energije. Pred odsekom so nastopili tudi drugi znanstveniki, med temi dr. William M. Woodward, dr. H. H. Goldsmith, dr. Lyle B. Borst in dr. Irving Kaplan. Vsi so naglašali, da Amerika ne bo mogla obdržati monopola nad atomsko bombo in da se ne bo nobena država čutila varna v tej novi dobi, dokler ne bo problem gleden kontrole atomske energije rešen na svetovni podlagi. Ako bo hotelo človeštvo žeti koristi od atomske energije, je potrebna svobodna izmenjava znanstvenih informacij med narodi.

## Laski obsodil britsko intervencijo na Javi

### Domače vesti

#### Citateljem

Radi Zahvalnega dneva Prosveta jutri ne izide.—Ured.

### Predavanje o Jugoslaviji

Chicago.—Prihodnji petek bo v Tomanovi javni čitalnici na Pulaski rd. in 27. cesti predaval o novi Jugoslaviji Mirko Kuhel, gl. blagajnik SNPJ in tajnik SANS. Predavanje sponzorira čitalniški forum in se prične točno ob 8:15 zvečer. Predsedoval bo Donald J. Lotrich.

### Se preselili v Californijo

Chicago.—John in Pavla Skavič, ki sta vodila gostilno in izletniške prostore v Willow Springsu, sta se s hčerko Elviro preselila v Fontano, Calif., kjer sta si kupila dom, dočim hčerka Vera Levec ostane v Chicago pri svoji teti Minki Alesh. Obilo sreče v novi naselbini!

### Išče sina

Cleveland.—Za Dorka Verbič želi izvedeti njegova mati, živeča v Ljubljani. Ta Verbič baje živi v Chicago. Zglaš se naj na naslov: Charles Petrick, 6818 Baylis ave., Cleveland 3, O.

### Iz Clevelanda

Cleveland.—V petek je umrl v Collinwoodu Adam Schaen, star 65 let, doma iz Kač v Sloveniji in v Ameriki 35 let. Takaj zapuščena dva sinova, v stari domovini brata, kakor tudi v Južni Ameriki.—Iz bolnišnice se je vrnila na svoj dom v Collinwood Antoinette Voglesh.—V soboto je umrl v bolnišnici Joseph Barbis iz Collinwooda, star 60 let, doma iz vasi Sembija pri Knežaku na Krasu in v Ameriki 40 let. Bil je član društva 53 SNPJ. Zapuščena žena in dva sinova, v Johnstownu, Pa., se li Mary Hrvatin, v Argentini pa brata.—V bolnišnici Glenville se nahaja Gertrude Bozich iz Collinwooda.—Iz armade sta bila častno odpuščena Henry Zalar, v službi 31 mesecev, od tet 25 mesecev na Pacifiku, in Henry Gorsha, pri vojnih 53 mesecev. Oba sta poročena.

### Ubila od vlaka

Burgettstown, Pa.—Dne 16. nov. sta bila na železniškem križišču ubita Serefina Polak in sin družine Joseph Melryk (?). Ona je šla na delo ob 1:30 popoldne, se ustavila pri tej družini in vzela s sabo sina, ki je bil član mladinskega oddelka društva 287 SNPJ. Ko je privozila na križišče, se je avto ustavil v hipu, ko se je bližal ekspresni vlak. Tako sta bila pri priči oba ubita in avto razbit.

### Benson proti vojaškemu vezbanju

Omaha, Neb., 20. nov.—Elmer A. Benson, bivši guverner Minnesote, je v svojem govoru v tem mestu okrcal predsednika Trumana, ker je pozval kongres, naj sprejme zakonski nacrt splošnega in obveznega vojaškega vezbanja. Dejal je, da je iznajdba atomske bombe pobila argumente vseh onih, ki so za obvezno vojaško vezbanje.

### Pesnik Ezra Pound se vrnil v Ameriko

Washington, D. C., 20. nov.—Pesnik Ezra Pound se je vrnil v Ameriko iz Italije, kjer je po radiu širil fašistično propagando. Pripeljal se je z ameriškim vojaškim letalom. Po prihodu v Washington je bil aretiran in odveden v jetnišnico, v kateri bo čakal obravnave na obtožbo izdajstva. Pound je zanikal izdajstvo.

### Stavkovni val zajel Australijo

Canberra, Avstralija, 20. nov.—Premier Chifly je pozval reprezentante delavcev in industrijcev na konferenco z vladnimi uradniki, na kateri naj bi razpravljali o problemih, ki so prišli v ospredje kot posledica stavk. Skoro vse industrije so prizadete. Delovne ure in zvišanje plače so sporna kost.

## Podpiranje brezobzirnega izkoriščanja domačinov

## AMERIKA V VLOGI JASTREBA

London, 20. nov.—Britska oborožena intervencija v indoneški revoluciji je izzvala ostro kritiko in obsodbo v mnogih krogih. Profesor Harold Laski, načelnik britske delavske stranke, je objavil članek v publikaciji Reynolds News. V tem pravi, da je uporabljanje britskih čet na Javi, v francoski Indokini in Vzhodni Indiji pod pretvezo vzdrževanja miru in reda tragedija.

Laski piše, da britske čete ustanavljajo mostiča za Francoze in Holandce, da bodo ti lahko še nadalje brezobzirno izkoriščali milijone domačinov. Velika Britanija podpira režime, ki so si nakopali silno sovraštvo domačinov. To se očituje v odločnem odporu proti izkoriščevalcem.

"Naglašanje, da se je Velika Britanija v vojni borila za demokracijo in svobodo je odprto norčevanje iz zatiranih ljudstev," piše Laski. "Nakopali smo si dovolj sovraštva v Rodeziji, Kenji in drugih slumih imperija, zdaj pa hočemo z našo silo vzdrževati slume za druge imperije."

Uporabljanje indijskih čet v Indoneziji ne more preprečiti izdajstva, da je nova britska delavska vlada odkritosrečna glede obljub, da bo dobila samovlado. Indijske čete zatirajo gibanje za neodvisnost in svobodo drugih ljudstev, ki imajo iste težnje kot Indijci. Britanija ne more zatirati svobode v tujini brez rizike, da se iste metode izvajajo doma."

Komunistična publikacija The Week pravi, da ameriški velebiznis igra vlogo jastreba v indoneški krizi. Ameriški magnati so zainteresirani v produkciji kavčuka, pločevine in kvini-ja v holandski Vzhodni Indiji in bodo storili vse, da zlomijo britski in holandski monopol v produkciji, ki je bila trn v peti ameriške ekonomije v predvojni lobi.

## Benson proti vojaškemu vezbanju

Omaha, Neb., 20. nov.—Elmer A. Benson, bivši guverner Minnesote, je v svojem govoru v tem mestu okrcal predsednika Trumana, ker je pozval kongres, naj sprejme zakonski nacrt splošnega in obveznega vojaškega vezbanja. Dejal je, da je iznajdba atomske bombe pobila argumente vseh onih, ki so za obvezno vojaško vezbanje.

## Pesnik Ezra Pound se vrnil v Ameriko

Washington, D. C., 20. nov.—Pesnik Ezra Pound se je vrnil v Ameriko iz Italije, kjer je po radiu širil fašistično propagando. Pripeljal se je z ameriškim vojaškim letalom. Po prihodu v Washington je bil aretiran in odveden v jetnišnico, v kateri bo čakal obravnave na obtožbo izdajstva. Pound je zanikal izdajstvo.

## Stavkovni val zajel Australijo

Canberra, Avstralija, 20. nov.—Premier Chifly je pozval reprezentante delavcev in industrijcev na konferenco z vladnimi uradniki, na kateri naj bi razpravljali o problemih, ki so prišli v ospredje kot posledica stavk. Skoro vse industrije so prizadete. Delovne ure in zvišanje plače so sporna kost.

# POMAGAJMO SIROTAM V DOMOVINI!

F. A. VIDER, gl. tajnik

Ko človek čita pisma, ki jih priobčuje Prosveta, poslana od članov in rojakov, ki jih prejemajo od svojcev iz domovine, v katerih so več ali manj opisana grozodejstva izvršena nad ubogim in neobčroženim narodom po fašističnih krivolokih, se nehote spomni onih sej izvršnega odseka, na katerih smo nekateri čestokrat opozarjali na večjo toleranco do partizanskega gibanja in Rusije v jednotlivih publikacijah.

Skoro dobesedno, kot govori omenjena pisma, se je v Sloveniji in Jugoslaviji za časa okupatorja dogajalo to, česar je podpisani skušal večkrat dopovedati tistim, ki so kazali samo na komunistične strahove, toda vsi stvarni argumenti so zadeli na gluha ušesa. Vseled strupenih predsodkov do komunistov in drugih sumljivih vzrokov, so nekateri obojevali vse partizansko gibanje v Jugoslaviji kot upor drhali, ki ne zasluži naših simpatij, še manj pa kakšne gnotne ali moralne opore.

Kakšni občutki morejo sedaj obdajati one, ki čitajo poročila svojih krvnih bratov in sester, ki skoro do pike poročajo ono, kar se je skušalo v onih časih nekaterim dopovedati, za kar smo pa prejмали "komplimente" komunističnih sopotnikov. Če bi bili maščevalni, bi sedaj lahko marširali reki ali zapisali na račun rodoljubov, ki so nam delali veliko krivico, posebno v prvih letih vojne, ker smo imeli pogum, da smo se postavili na stran partizanov in maršala Tita, oziroma delovnega ljudstva Jugoslavije. Toda ker v maščevanje ne verujemo, tega ne bomo storili, in dotični prijatelji so se že sami obsodili. Želeti bi bilo, da bi jih ta šola nekaj izučila, da ne bi v bodoče tako trmoglavno vztrajali pri svojih slabo zadetih računih, ali slepo sledili Mojzesu, ki se je sam izgubil na svoji poti.

Sedaj je jasno in nobena noč laži ne more več zakriti resnice, zakaj so se naši slovenski rojaki v domovini, ali Jugoslovani vobče, zbirali pod partizansko zastavo. Barbarški nastopi naci-fašistov in kolaboratorjev ter domačih izdajalcev so poglani preganjane ljudi v šume in gozdove, koder so se pridružili ocnmu, ki se je upal postaviti po robu okupatorju, pa bili to komunisti, socialisti ali katoličani. Ker so prvi pokazali največjega poguma in odločnosti v onih kritičnih časih, je naravno, da so našli tudi oporo v narodu. Kdo naj bi ljudstvu to zameril? To so dejstva, katera potrjujejo številna pisma, ki so bila do sedaj dostavljena v to deželo iz raznih krajev Jugoslavije.

Ker si je ljudstvo Jugoslavije sedaj izbralo vlado po svoji volji, vlado, ki naj bi služila jugoslovanskemu ljudstvu in ne zapadnemu imperializmu, se je s tem korakom silno zamerilo onim ljudem, ki so vedno varenj zapovedovali in ki jih hočejo sedaj ekonomsko strahovati. Zato bodo naši ljudje v domovini v gotovih oziroma resno odvisni od naše pomoči, katera jim je neobhodno potrebna.

Bratje in sestre! Ne mislim, da je potrebno tukaj na drobno pojasnjevati, česar ljudje tam najbolj in najbolj potrebujejo, ker to je razvidno iz pism, ki jih prejmate. Kampanja za zbiranje pomoči obseva obleke, obuvale, perila in druga potrebna oblačila je sedaj v teku. **Apelira se na vas VSE in vaša umiljena srca, da, kot ste v zednji kampanji, priskočite na pomoč tudi sedaj pri nabiranju pomoči pri tej važni in humanitarni akciji.** Lokalne podružnice SANSa naj takoj podvzamajo potrebne korake za zbiranje obleke, kot že omenjeno; njim se lahko pridružijo tudi druge dobrodelne ustanove. Kdor ne more več pomagati z blagom, ta je prošen da prispeva v denarju, ker z nabranim denarjem se bo kupilo potrebno blago oziroma oblačila in poslalo v Jugoslavijo.

Znano je, da je mnogo članov in rojakov pričelo pošiljati pomoč direktno v domovino svojcem, kar je pravilno in zasluži vse priznanje; vendar pa ne smemo pozabiti, da je tam mnogo sirot, ki nimajo nikogar v tej deželi, ki so mogoče še v večji potrebi kot na primer nekateri vaši sorodniki. Kaj pa nedolžni otročiči, katerih je ti-soče, ki nimajo nikogar in za katere bo morala skrbeti vlada? Ali ne mislite, da tudi ti zaslužijo naših prijateljskih milodarov? Ali naj na te pozabimo?

**Glasovi iz naselbin**  
Slovenski narod prav gotovo ne bo nikdar pozabil vaše velikodušnosti v teh resnih časih, ko je fizično izčrpan, brez domov, hrane in obleke, ako mu priskočite na pomoč. Mi si ne moremo predstavljati njegovega gorja, kot se čita pismo ameriškega vojaka, ki je bil na licu mesta, ker mi nismo občutili vojnih grozot, kot so jih bratje in sestre onkraj morja.

Vse nabrano blago v večjih količinah naj se pošilja, kakor je bilo že poročano iz tajniškega urada SANSa, v New York —WRPASSD Warehouse, 161 Perry st., New York, N. Y.

**OSVOBOJENJE BELGRADA NA ODRU**  
Denver, Colo.—Rojaki v Denverju in okolici so vjudno vabljeni, da se gotovo udeležijo skupnega javnega shoda in veselice, ki se bo vršila v Slovenskem domu v nedeljo, 25. novembra. Premikajoče govoreče slike, ki bodo pokazale, kako je osvobodilna fronta osvobodila Belgrad, se bodo pričele kazati ob 6. uri in plesna veselica pa bo pričela ob 8. uri zvečer. Vstopnina je samo 50 centov in ves dobiček bo šel v korist naših ubogih ljudi v stari domovini, ki so toliko gorja prestali v zadnjih štirih letih, da si mi v Ameriki niti predstavljati ne moremo.

Torej pridite VSI, prav VSI, na zgoraj omenjeno veselico in shod ter na ta način pomagajte našim oropanim bratom v naši mili in nekdanji lepi stari domovini.

Za obilo udeležbo vjudno vabim v imenu odbora podružnice SANSa.

Anthony Jeršin, predsednik 50 SANSa.

**PLESNA VESELICA**  
Library, Pa.—Angleško poslušajoče društvo "J. Z. Jra." št. 682 SNPJ bo praznovalo svojo 16-letnico v nedeljo, dne 25. nov., s plesno veselico v lokalni dvorani. Igral bo Kingov orkester. Vjudno vabimo vse člane in vsa federacijska društva ter prijatelje, da se udeležite in z nami zabavate.

Frances Dermotta.

**PLES PODRUŽNICE 53 SANSa**  
Johnstown, Pa.—Podružnica 53 SANSa bo priredila plesno veselico 24. novembra v Slovenskem delavskem domu v Lorain Boru; pričetek ob pol devetih zvečer. Vstopnina je samo 50c. Ves čisti dobiček je namenjen za jugoslovanski relief. Vabim cenjeno občinstvo iz Johnstowna in okolice, da nas poseti v velikem številu ter pomaga do boljšega uspeha. Za ples bo igral orkester Koptler-Bukovec.

Pridite! Za žejne in lačne bo vse preskrbljeno. Zaeno opozarjam zastopnike naše podružnice, naj poravnajo denar za prodane vstopnice, neprodane

**ZAHVALA**  
Spodaj podpisani se najpri-srčneje zahvaljujemo za prijazno presenečenje ki so ga nam priredili sorodniki in prijatelji ob naši 25-letnici zakonskega življenja v Slovenskem Narodnem Domu. Bodite uverjeni, da ta dan nam ostane v najprijetnejšem spominu. Torej je enkrat hvala vam lepa vsem. Mr. in Mrs. Frank Ravnikar in Stanley Koskosky, La Salle, Illinois. (Adv.)

**BUY Christmas SEALS**

pa naj vrnejo na dan 24. novembra.

Frank Chushek, predsednik.

**ZBOROVANJE PROSVETNE MATICE V WAUKEGANU**  
Chicago.—Prihodno nedeljo, 25. nov., se v Slovenskem narodnem domu v Waukeganu vrši jesensko zborovanje okrožne prosvetne matice J. S. Z. Vsi izvoljeni zastopniki pridruženih društev in klubov naj bodo gotovo na mestu ob 10. dopoldne. Dostop na konferenco je prost vsakemu. Na dnevnem redu bodo razprave o važnih vprašanjih.

Tajnik.

## Konferenca za reparacije v Parizu

London.—ONA—Na pariški konferenci glede reparacij od Nemčije bo najbrž stavljena zahteva za približno 15,000 milijonov dolarjev. Konferenco so sklicale Zedinjene države, Velika Britanija in Francija. Udeležene bodo vse države, ki imajo reparacijske zahteve razen Rusije in Poljske, glede katerih je bil že v Potsdamu dosežen poseben sporazum.

V splošnem bo cilj konferencie, da najde ključ za pravilno razdelitev vrednot, katere bo mogoče dobiti iz Nemčije. Ena največjih zahtev malih držav je zahteva Jugoslavije, ki bo predložila račun za 7,100 milijonov dolarjev.

Delegati so pred vsem odločili, da bodo stremeli za tem, da se začne plačevanje in razdeljevanje tega, kar bo mogoče dobiti, čim prej, ker utegnejo stroji in drugo blago iz Nemčije ogromno olajšati obnovo opustošenih krajev. Vrednost reparacij, ki bi bile plačane šele v daljnji bodočnosti, bi bila tem dežlam mnogo manjšega pomena. Nekateri besede imajo baje celo namen zahtevati čisto določne nemške tovarne in njihovo opremo. Ako bo pariška konferenca uspešna, bo ustanovljeno parlamentarno telo, ki bo poslovalo pod okriljem zavezniške reparacijske komisije.

**VESELA OLAJŠAVA KRUTEGA HRBTOBOLA**  
Tukaj je čisti, moderni način olajšati naveden hrbtobol. Johnson's Back Plaster! Olajša bolečino, otrpije, nategnejoč. Vpiva prijetno v vseh lekarnah. Zahtevajte Johnson & Johnson kakovost.

## NA NOVO SO SE NAROČILI NA PROSVETO.

- Mike Premro New Smyrna Beach, Fla.
- Anton Chernich Chicago, Ill.
- Mario Vidmayer Chicago, Ill.
- Frank Benedict Pittsburg, Kans.
- Frank Rupert Ewald, Minn.
- Jennie Knez Forest City, Pa.
- Frank Miklačić Salt Lake City, Utah
- Frank Gersina Century, W. Va.
- Anton Kolenc Milwaukee, Wis.
- Frank Wlatkes Milwaukee, Wis.
- Jennie Zemlan Milwaukee, Wis.
- Joseph Retel Rock Springs, Wyo.
- Tony Savsek Diamondville, Wyo.

**Kaj želite izvedeti o družinskem financiranju ali lastovanju doma?**

Vaše vprašanje \$5.00 lahko prinese

**SECOND FEDERAL SAVINGS & LOAN ASSN.**  
26th and Pulaski Road  
V Prosveti so dnevno svetovne in delavske vesti. Ali jih citate vsak dan?

## Izgon Nemcev iz Čehoslovaške

Praga.—ONA—Izgon Nemcev iz Čehoslovaške bo za kratko dobo ustavljen, ker bodo popisani po posebnem uradu, ki je bil ustanovljen v to svrhu. Poglavitni urad te institucije bo v Pragi, a podružnice bodo ustanovljene v različnih obmejnih mestih. Ta urad je odločil, da bo izganjanje v omejenem obsegu, katerega dovoljujejo zavezniški, ukinjeno, in sicer začasno, dokler ne bo ustvarjena primerna organizacija, ki bo sposobna, da reši problem.

Ferdinand Perutka, znani čehoslovaški časnikar, je napisal članek, v katerem izraža svoje začetnje nad opombami anglo-ameriških opazovalcev, ki kritizirajo čehoslovaški program za izgon Nemcev iz češkega ozemlja.

"Vendar enkrat smo se odločili, da bomo sledili nauku, katerega nam je dala zgodovina," je pisal "Deportacija Nemcev iz dežele je absolutno potrebna, neizogibna, neglede na vse težave in težkoče gospodarskega in političnega značaja.



**Zakaj ne poskusite HOBOKO?**  
Koder se počutite nasko iz reda, neznanje in tupo videl gledanja, plaša, valjanje, nezgodnosti in posneljanje spetila, kar je največkrat radi sedajnega zaprtja—nabavite si Dva Petra Hoboka, poslušalno in ledično tonko zdravilo. To zdravilo iz neravnih, zdravnih bolečin, zločila in cvetja. Prijezno in gladno Hoboka vrši zmazano črva in dele in pomaga odstraniti znežale travičarje; pomaga odpraviti zaprtje, glavobol, ter da ledična čista topli občutki. Pove: Rabite je kot je predpisano. Bodite pametni—obkusiše vsi bolečih z odpravo zaprtja. Nabavite si Hoboka in čista.

**Poljite ta "Posebne Ponudbe" Kupon —SEDAJ**  
DR. PETER FARMNEY & SONS CO., Dept. 641-228  
2301 Washington Blvd., Chicago 12, Ill.  
250 Stanley St., Waukegan, Minn., Conn.  
 Priročilo je \$1.50. Poljite mi svoj \$1.50 obkusiše Hoboka in posebej 60c vrednosti vašega poslušalno steklenico Létiv Obi in Hložek.  
 C. O. D. (Stroški dodani).

**VLOGE**  
v tej posojilnici varovane do \$5,000.00 po Federal Savings & Loan Insurance Corporation, Washington, D. C.  
Sprejemamo osebne in družinske vloge LIBERALNE OBRETI  
St. Clair Savings & Loan Co. 6236 St. Clair Avenue - Mond. 5678 CLEVELAND, OHIO

**ŽENSKÉ**  
ki ste bile uposlene v vojni industriji  
All gledate za delo?  
**TELEFON KOMPANIJA RABI**  
**HIŠNICE (JANITRESSES)**  
Ženske za čistenje v vseh delih mesta  
od 5:30 pop. do 12. ure ponoči  
Rabtno tudi  
**POMAGALKE V JEDILNICI**  
Oglasite se v uposlovalnem uradu za ženske  
**ILLINOIS BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY**  
v pritličju  
309 W. Washington St. CHICAGO

**BOLEČE ODPRTE NOGE**  
se dajo ozdraviti. Mi vam pripravimo dolgo preizkušeno zdravilo: BOROCYL OINTMENT.—Noležna, pečenje in srbečica se takej odstrane. Rabi se tudi za LIŠAJE in druge kožne stisnosti. Imejte nogo dobro povito. V hudih slučajih pojditte k specialisti. Velik lonček poltine prosto za \$1.50. Nikar ne trpite valed preutrujenih, boleče pekočih in pōtnih nog ali srbečih (Athlete's Foot) Nabavite si žudovito dvojce vtrsko 35c. Podjite Money Order ali pa pridite osebnod do: BOROCYL CO., Dept. P., 1266 N. Ashland Ave., Chicago 22, Ill.

"Seveda, naša dolžnost je, da ta izgon izvedemo na človeški in dostojen način. Zablode, katere smo zakrivilih, se ne smejo ponoviti, ker bi jih ne mogli obrazložiti zunanjemu svetu."

**Ustavite tisto srbečico**  
BRAXON PASTE je karšitno pravilo za srbečične in g.e. kožne srbečice. Brev črna, brezmaščena in ne zahteva nobenih obvez. Poljite en dolar ali \$1.75 za dvojno velikost, na BRAXON CO., Dept. P., 322 So. Clark st., Chicago, Ill. in mi vam pošljemo to, poltine prosto. Povrnitev denarja jamčena.

**Dr. John J. Zaverčnik**  
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON  
3724 W. 28th Street  
Tel. Creshed 322  
OFFICE HOURS  
1:30-4 P. M. Except Wed. and Sun.  
6:30 to 8:30 P. M. Except Wed., Sat. and Sun.  
Residence: 2219 S. Ridgeway Ave.  
Phone Creshed 958  
IF NO ANSWER—CALL AUSTIN 1700

AGITIRAJTE ZA PROSVETO!

PRI PROSVETI ima pismo iz stare domovine oseba po imenu JOHN CHADESH, katero je bilo naslovljeno na: John Chadesh, Chicago, Standard, U.S.A. Poslano pismo je od hčere, ki želi izvedeti za svojega očeta John Chadesha. Njen sedanjí naslov od koder je pismo prišlo je: Danica Gutšić, Kovaška št. 4, Tržič, Gorenjsko, Jugoslavija. Rojake prosimo, ako kdo pozna to osebo, naj ga opozori na ta oglas. —(Adv.)

**"PROLETAREC"**  
Socialistično-delavski tednik Glasilo Jugoslovanske soč. zveze in Prosvetne matice. Pisan v slovenskem in angleškem jeziku.  
Stane \$3 za celo, \$1.75 za pol, \$1 za četril leta.  
NAROČITE SIGA!  
Naslov: PROLETAREC  
2301 South Lawndale Avenue CHICAGO 23, ILL.

Prve vknjižbe na posojila za prenovljenje in refinanciranje, dobite po zmerni obrestni meri pri:  
**KORUNA SAVING & LOAN ASSOCIATION**  
2832 W. Cermak Rd., Chicago, Ill. Rockwell 0538

**STEKLO NA OPRAVI JE OKRASEK IN NOVOST!** Vlak kos valnega pohištva lahko okrasite z ogledalnim steklom, se posebno omare in male mizice. Mogoče bi radi izvedeli za tvrdko s tako posilgo, ta je: Normal Glass Company, 7530-32 S. Halsted St., Chicago. Vrtna stekla za omare stanejo po \$3.00 in več. Naš zastopnik pride k vam, da pomiri in vam pove o svojih doma narejenih stekel in ogledal.—Pokličite STEWART 6040 Prosto, brez obveznosti za posilgo.

**Marshall Field & Co.**  
Christmas jobs as  
COUNTER SERVERS - BUS GIRLS - DISHWASHERS  
COOK'S HELPER  
GRILL COOKS  
GOOD PAY - STEADY WORK  
Apply Employment office—3rd floor  
STATE-WASHINGTON  
JANITORS  
Good wages, and working conditions  
See Superintendent  
8 SO. DEARBORN STREET

**ALI POTREBUJETE**  
\$1000 - - \$2000 - - \$3000  
DA PREPREČITE PRODAJO VAŠEGA IMETJA  
Pišite ali pa telefonirajte  
**D. L. KRUEGER**  
111 West Washington Street  
Central 5225

**SOKOL'S POSEBNI PARCEL POST ZA JUGOSLAVIJO**  
Sedaj pošiljamo Božične pakete—darove v Jugoslavijo  
Cena \$2.85 in več vključivši poštnina in vsi stroški. Pišite po cenik listo in druga pojasnila na naše zastopnike  
**PALANDECH BROTHERS**  
536 SOUTH CLARK STREET, CHICAGO 5, ILL.  
ali pa direktno na nas  
**SOKOL & COMPANY**  
241 E. ILLINOIS STREET, CHICAGO 11, ILL.  
(Dolgoletni importirerji jugoslovenskih produktov)

**V blagi spomin desete obletnice smrti**  
mojega soproga in brata  
**RUDOLFA PLETERŠEKA**  
kateri je preminul 19. novembra 1935  
Rojen je bil 17. aprila 1882 v Škalah pri Velenju na Štajerskem.—Zgol v ljubezni in dobroti v delu živel si za nas, dokler ni ob koncu poti v vek zmrl Tvoj ljubi glas. Ostanek nam v vednem spominu, dokler ne pridemo tudi mi za Teboj.—Žalujče ostali: Mary Pleteršek, soproga in Amelia Horvat, sestra, Bridgeville, Pa.

**V blagi spomin prve obletnice smrti**  
našemu sinu in bratu  
**FRED THOMAS STAINER**  
Dne 13. novembra 1944 je minulo leto dni, od kar Tebe hladna zemlja krije, v Ti pa vseeno še vedno živiš med nami in boš živel do konca naših dni. Počivaj mirno, naš ljubljeni sin in brat.—Žalujči ostali: Mr. in Mrs. Frank Stainer, stariši; en brat, tri sestre in trije vnuki v Muse, Pa.

**V blagi spomin prve obletnice smrti**  
mojega ljubega soproga in očeta  
**FRANKA BOŽIČA**  
kateri je preminul 20. novembra 1944.  
Teika bila je ločitev ko si Ti zapustil nas, oh, kak kruta je usoda, ki vzela Tebe je od nas. Utihnil je Tvoj mili glas in smeh za vedno, vsi naši ključ in soče so vse zaman. Čas celi rane, umiri bolesti srca, s naš spomin na Tebe ne umre nikdar. Počivaj v miru.—Žalujči ostali: Mrs. Mary Božič, soproga in trije sinovi: Frank, Adolph in Norbert, prva dva v službi strica Sama.—West Allis, Wis.

**V blagi spomin tretje obletnice smrti**  
naše ljubljene soproga in matere  
**AGNES ANŽLOVAR**  
katero nam je zapustila za vedno 18. novembra 1942. Oh, Tri dolga leta so minula, od kar Tebe krije hladna zemlja, več kak tibo in prazno je vse, od kar Tebe, draga soproga in mati, več med nami ni. Mi Te zelo pogrešamo in vedno si nam v mislih v naših srcih. Tvoj spomin bo ostal nam za vedno, dokler se ne sčemo s Teboj. Počivaj v miru in rahli naj Ti bode ameriška zemlja.—Žalujči ostali: Frank Anžlovar, soprog; Frank Jr., ravnokar odpuščen od vojakov; Stanley v Clevelandu, Ohio; Tony pri vojakih v Yokohami na Japonskem, sinovi. Vanda, Alberta, Teresa, hčere. Matija Papesh, brat in Karolina Papesh, svakinja, Sloven. Pennsylvania.

# Federacije S. N. P. J.

## ZAPISNIK FEDERACIJE ZAPADNE PENNE

**N. Braddock, Pa.**—Zapisnik se federacije društev SNPJ v zapadni Penni, vršče se v nedeljo, 28. oktobra, v Strabanu, Pa. Brat John Kvarčič odpre sejo ob 10:45 popoldne. Od odbora je odsoten podpredsednik Frank Augustin in na njegovo mesto je imenovan br. Anton Rozanec.

Zastopana so sledeča društva: 6, 33, 35, 88, 89, 118, 138, 166, 203, 240, 241, 259, 287, 292, 295, 300, 386, 427 in 517, skupaj 19 društev s 43 zastopniki in odborniki.

Zapisnik zadnje seje je sprejet popravkom, da je bil pri vojakih ubit brat Albert Martincic, član društva 138 in ne 118.

Dopisil: Pismo od društva 106 se vzame na znanje. Pismo od glavnega tajnika Vidra, tikajoče se odškodnin vojakom, kateri so bili poškodovani v vojni in o sklepu glavnega odbora glede odškodnine, se vzame na znanje.

Pismo od društva iz Kansasa, v katerem pošiljajo 1 knjžico listkov v korist Jugoslavije, je prečitano in sklenjeno, da se kupi knjžica, ki stane \$10.

Poročila odbora: Br. predsednik poroča, da je izpolnil svojo dolžnost in deloval po svojih najboljših močeh v korist federacije in jednote. Poroča tudi o prireditvi desetega pennsylvanskega dneva SNPJ v zapadni Penni, kateri se je vršil v South Parku v nedeljo, 30. septembra. Poroča, da je bil zelo dober uspeh v moralnem in gmotnem oziru. Edino, kar je potrebno kritizirati, da ni bilo dovolj članov pripravljanih pomagati pri delu, tako da so morali skoro isti težko delati ves dan. Priporoča, da bi drugo leto bili člani bolj pripravljani pomagati in v večjem številu, tako da bi imeli vsi priložnost zabavati se nekaj časa. Poročilo predsednika se vzame na znanje.

Brat tajnik poroča v istem smislu in poda finančno poročilo za deseti pennsylvanski dan SNPJ. Čistega preostanka je bilo \$978.69, kar se razdeli med našo in angleško poslujočo federacijo. Poročilo se vzame na znanje in federacija se zahvali vsem članom in odborom za tako pošteno delo na ta dan. Priznanje gre tudi bratu Miksu Kumerju, ki je tako izborno izvedel ves program.

Nato sledi tajnikovo finančno poročilo za zadnje tri mesece. V blagajni je \$731.66, in sicer \$444 v bondih in \$287.66 v denarju. Brat blagajnik in nadzorniki se strinjajo, nakar se račune odobri. Nadalje poročajo še o proslavi desetega dneva SNPJ br. Anton Cipcic in Anton Rednak. Izrazi-ta enako mnenje kot predsednik.

Poročilo posebnega odbora: Br. Jakob Ambrožič je bil zastopnik na seji angleško poslujoče federacije, katera se je vršila v nedeljo, 21. oktobra, v Syganu. Glavni zaključki te seje so: Izvolili so odbor za pripravo 11. dneva SNPJ v zapadni Penni, kateri se bo vršil v nedeljo, 30. junija 1946, v istem prostoru kot letos, v tako zvanem "Lodge" South Parku. V nedeljo, 2. decembra, pa bodo proslavili 20-letnico obstoja angleško poslujočih društev z banketom in plesom. Proslava se bo vršila v dvorani društva 6 SNPJ v Syganu. Med banketom in za ples bo igral tamburaški zbor univerze Duquesne pod vodstvom Matije Gouzeta. Začetek ob petih popoldne; vstopnina za banket je samo \$1.50. Članstvo SNPJ je vabljeno, da se priredbe udeležijo v velikem številu. Poročilo se vzame na znanje.

Poročila zastopnikov: Društvo 33 (Ambridge): umrla sta sestra Josephine Keržan in br. Andy Ozbun; društvo 35 (N. Braddock): umrl je br. Frank Ramus; 39 (Midway): pridobili dva nova člana, 31 članov pri vojakih, dva sta se vrnila domov; 138 (Stratford): ob 63 članov pri vojakih bilo devet ubitih; umrla je sestra Jennie Midofar; društvo je imelo vsakemu članu \$2, kar je udeležil desetega pennsylvanskega dneva v South Parku, 166 (Presto): umrla je dol-

goletna tajnica društva sestra Helena Robic in isto tako sestra Berta Petrovic; 240 (Bentleyville): brat Frank Zupančič je bil ubit pri vojakih: 241 (Sloan): ubit je bil br. Mike Dukic in umrl je br. John Piriš; 287 (Burgettstown): pri vojakih je bil ubit br. Chester Melek; 259 (Meadowlands): pri vojakih sta bila ubita br. podpolkovnik Frank Martincheck in saržent Leon Frank; 295 (Bridgeville): bodo razširili svoje prostore; dali so vsakemu članu, ki se je udeležil 10. pennsylvanskega dneva SNPJ, po \$1; 300 (Braddock): pridobili dva nova člana v mladinski oddelek in enega v odrasli; 106 (Imperial): umrl je br. Louis Tome.

S tem so poročila zastopnikov končana, nakar br. predsednik pozove navzoče, da vstanejo v zadnji pozdrav za pokojnimi člani.

Ker bo prihodnja federacijska seja letna, se bo vršila v smislu pravil v Pittsburghu, in sicer v nedeljo, 27. januarja 1946, pričetek točno ob desetih popoldne.

Razno: Sprejet je predlog, da društva, ki spadajo k federaciji, sporočijo tajniku najkasneje do prihodnje seje, koliko članov so imela v vojaški službi, koliko jih je bilo ubitih, da bo tako federacija imela podatke za svoje okrožje. Dalje je sprejet tudi predlog, da se apelira na gl. urad in uredništvo Prosvete, da bi se priobčilo v posebni koloni vsaj enkrat na mesec, koliko jednotlivih članov je pri vojakih, koliko jih je bilo ubitih in koliko se jih je od časa do časa povrnilo domov.

Ker je sedaj v razmahu kampanja za nove člane, je sprejet predlog, da federacija plača 50c nagrade za novega člana v odrasli oddelek in 25c v mladinski. Nagrade bodo izplačane agitatorjem potem, ko bo kampanja zaključena in po statistiki iz glavnega urada.

Za oglas za Družinski koledar se odobri \$10. V pripravljajni odbor za enajsti dan SNPJ v zapadni Penni je bil izvoljen izvrševalni odbor federacije.

V nedeljo, 11. novembra, se bo vršil shod v Pittsburghu za zbiranje oblike in drugih potrebščin za Jugoslavijo. Predlagano in sprejeto je, da se da \$50 odboru na shodu. Sklenjeno je tudi, da se priredi po prihodnji federacijski seji, v nedeljo 27. januarja, velik shod skupno z angleško poslujočo federacijo in postojankami SANSa za pomoč Jugoslaviji. Dalje je sklenjeno, da ta skupni odbor povabi kot glavnega govornika br. Louisa Adamiča in Joškota Ovna iz Chicaga. Poskusi se naj dobiti tudi dr. Zoreta iz Washingtona. Obenem se apelira na društva, naj se članstvo udeležijo v velikem številu ter prinese s seboj tudi kaj finančnih sredstev za Jugoslavijo.

S tem je bil dnevni red izčrpan, nakar predsednik zaključuje sejo ob 1:15 popoldne.

Anton Rednak, zapisnikar.

## AKTIVNOSTI FEDERACIJE V ZAPADNI PENNI

**Bridgeville, Pa.**—Seja federacije društev SNPJ zapadne Penne se je vršila 28. oktobra v Strabanu, Pa. Moja prva dolžnost je, da povem, da smo imeli izvrstno kosilo, ki so ga pripravile članice gospodinskega oddelka. Ker je bila seja končana pred kosilom, se ni nihče zahvalil kuharicam, radi tega se sedaj v imenu federacije najlepše zahvaljujem za dobro kosilo in postrežbo.

Na seji so bila društva dobro zastopana in slišali smo zanimiva poročila in sprejeli važne predloge. Odbor je poročal o desetem pennsylvanskem dnevu, ki se je vršil 30. septembra v South Parku. Bil je v vseh ozirih uspešen. Čast in hvala gre seveda vsem udeležencem, posebno pa onim, ki so prišli od daleč z avtobusi kot iz Clevelanda, Girarda, Sharona, West Aliquippa, Verone, Braddocka. Vzemimo si za zgled aktivnosti teh članov in članic in jim ne pozabimo povrniti ob priložnosti. Odbor je dalje poročal, da bo

angleško poslujoča federacija praznovala 20-letni jubilej 2. decembra v društveni dvorani v Syganu, Pa. Program bo vključeval banketom ob petih popoldne, potem pa bo sledil ples za stare in mlade. Pri programu in za ples bo igral tamburaški orkester univerze Duquesne pod vodstvom Matije Gouzeta.

Med nami bo tudi član gospodarskega oddelka SNPJ br. Donald J. Lotrich iz Chicaga, kateri bo gotovo povedal marsikaj zanimivega. Vstopnina za banket in program stane samo \$1.50. Kupite jih lahko pri vašem tajniku.

Bratje in sestre, naša dolžnost je, da podpremo našo mladino, katera se zanima za našo jednoto. Kooperirajmo z njo in se gotovo udeležimo te pomembne proslave. Kupite vstopnice tako, tajniki so pa prošeni, da jih gotovo vrnejo do 27. novembra.

Ker je sedaj v teku kampanja za nove člane, je bilo sklenjeno na zadnji seji, da federacija plača nagrado 50c za novega člana v odrasli oddelek in 25c za mladinski. To seveda velja samo v času kampanje.

Letna federacijska seja se bo vršila dne 27. januarja 1946 v Pittsburghu, Pa. Po seji pa se bo vršil velik shod pod pokroviteljstvom slovenske in angleško poslujoče federacije. Ves čisti dobiček je namenjen za naše bedne rojake v Jugoslaviji.

John Kvarčič, predsednik federacije.

## ZAPISNIK CLEVELANDSKE FEDERACIJE

**Cleveland, Ohio.**—Seja clevelandske federacije društev SNPJ se je vršila v soboto, 27. oktobra. Sejo odpre predsednik Matt Petrovich ob osmih zvečer v običajnem prostoru v SND na St. Clair ave.

Čitan je zapisnik zadnje seje in sprejet kot čitan. Od uradnikov sta odsotna oba podpredsednika.

Sprejet je predlog, da se kupi 10 vstopnic in se jih odda na seji. Dalje je sklenjeno, naročiti oglas za \$10 v Družinskem koledarju. Predsednik poroča, da ga veseli, ker smo sprejeli njegovo priporočilo glede obhajskega dneva SNPJ. Tajnica prečita kopijo pisma, ki ga je poslala girardski federaciji, kar navzoči odobri.

Poročilo zastopnikov izletniške farne SNPJ. Veliko se razmotriva o sklepu lanskega odbora, kateri je sprejel predlog, da se odda delo za novo dvorano kar sedaj stavbeniku, ki naj bi postavil temelj, prihodnje spomlad pa se naj bi delo dovršilo. Končno je bil sprejet predlog br. Stokla, da federacija protestira proti odloku farmskega odbora, kateri se ni ravnal po sklepih in zapisniku seji društvenih zastopnikov pri farmi in podpira našega zastopnika Matta Petrovicha, kateri je glasoval proti predlogu, ker se je oddal kontrakt brez proračuna za delo tega fundameta. Društveni zastopniki bi morali imeti priložnost glasovati za tak predlog.

Za podružnico 39 SANSa poročajo, da zbirajo prostovoljne prispevke in da bodo pričeli zopet zbirati staro obleko in druge potrebščine za slovenski narod v stari domovini. Vse navzoče vabijo na jutrajšnjo igro "Vražjo vdovo".

Mladinski pevski zbor SNPJ. Na vaje prihaja okrog 25 pevcev in pevka. Pevovodja Frank Plut dobro vodi zbor.

Poročila društvenih zastopnikov. Pri društvu Naprej so sklenili, da bodo darovali vsem članom-vojakom, ko se bodo vrnili, Adamičevo knjigo "A Nation of Nations." Za farmo bo plačalo članstvo v decembru in januarju izreden assessment. Društvo 28 bo glede farne počakalo do letne seje, katera bo sklenila, koliko se bo dalo za novo dvorano. Enako društvo 53. Naročili so Adamičevo knjigo. Veselica 11. novembra. Zastopniki društva 126 poročajo, da so darovali za farmo \$150 iz blagajne, poleg pa kolektajo med člani.

Društvo 129 bo počakalo, da bo predložen proračun za novo dvorano. Društvo 137 naročilo Adamičevo knjigo; 30 članice se je udeležilo devetega pennsylvanskega dneva SNPJ. Društvo 139 bo počakalo glede farne do letne seje. Društvo 142 odobrilo vsoto iz blagajne za farmo; 35-

## Glasovi iz naselbin

### VABILO NA VESELICO

**Detroit, Mich.**—V soboto zvečer, 1. decembra, bosta društva 518 SNPJ in IWO priredila skupno veselico v Slovenskem delavskem domu, 437 Livernois. Čisti dobiček je namenjen za društveni blagajni, ki sta se zadnja leta popolnoma izčrpali. Čemur se ni čuditi, kajti prošnje so prihajale skoro na sleherni sejo od ene ali druge organizacije za pomoč našim revežem v stari domovini.

Kakor razvidimo iz pisma, k prihajajo iz naše požgane Jugoslavije, tamkajšnje ljudstvo potrebuje še veliko pomoči, zato nam bo treba darovati veliko denarja iz naših društvenih blagajn. Vsa tega prirejamo to skupno veselico, da bomo lahko podpirali dobre in potrebne stvari tudi v bodočnosti, zlasti naš ubog narod v stari domovini.

Apeliram na članstvo obeh društev in na druge rojake v Detroitu in okolici, da se gotovo udeležite naše veselice.

Ker ravno pisem, naj tudi opozorim delničarje Slovenskega delavskega doma, da je bilo sklenjeno na zadnji delničarski seji, da so od sedaj naprej vse delnice po \$10. Torej tisti delničarji, ki imajo delnice po \$50, lahko dobite nazaj od vsake delnice \$40. To je bilo zato

letnica 17. novembra; imeli so čez 100 članov pri vojakih, a izgubili samo enega. Društvo 147: za farmo bodo dali iz blagajne, ako se ne bo dovolj zbralo med članstvom. Imajo 24 članov-vojakov, eden je ranjen. Pri društvu 158 bodo odločili glede farne na letni seji. Pri društvu 185 so darovali po \$10 članom vojakom za božično darilo; glede farne bodo sklepali na prihodnjih sejah.

Društvo 264: glede farne se naj počaka; na pustno nedeljo prirediti veselico v korist članom-vojakom. Društvo 312: prirediti bodo paket za člane-vojake; darovali sedaj \$75 za farmo, pozneje bodo pa več, tako da bo prišlo do \$1 na člana. Pri društvu 442 so sklenili darovati \$1 na člana za farmo iz društvene blagajne. Društvo 450: darovali za farmo \$25 iz društvene blagajne; imajo 21 članov-vojakov, dva sta bila ranjena. Društvo 477: glede farne bodo počakali do glavne seje. Društvo 544: Pismo farmskega odbora ni bilo predloženo na seji.

Zastopniki krožka poročajo, da bodo imeli predpustno zabavo. Atletični odbor poroča, da se bo 13. in 14. aprila vršil v Clevelandu kegljarski turnir SNPJ.

Proračunano je, da bo stalo novo poslopje na farmi čez \$8000. Vršila se je tudi dolga diskuzija glede boljše sodelovanja med našimi društvi. Predsednik zaključuje sejo ob 9:55 zvečer.

Carl Samanich, zapisnikar.

sklenjeno, da bomo vsi enaki. Delničarji, ki žive v Detroitu in okolici, lahko prinesejo svoje delnice v Slovenski delavski dom ob sobotah popoldne. Tam bo blagajnik, ki vam bo uredil certifikat za \$10 in zaeno izplačal \$40. Ker so se nekateri delničarji izselili v druge kraje, lahko pošljejo certifikat blagajniku in on bo vse uredil in poslal denar. Njegov naslov je: John Plachter, 6657 Theisen Ave., Dearborn, Mich.

Torej na svidenje 1. decembra v Slovenskem delavskem domu!

Anton Kralanik, predsednik 518 SNPJ.

## V PRIZNANJE PAVLU BERGERJU IN SOPROGI

**Chicago, Ill.**—Rojstna hiša pevskega zbora France Prešeren je dobila novega gospodarja. Javnosti je več ali manj znano, da je dobro poznani Bergerjev hotel in gostilna v novih rokah. Pavel Berger in soproga sta namreč oddala obrt svoji hčeri in zetju L. Gratchnerju, ki sta imela javno otvoritev v soboto, 10. novembra, ob veliki udeležbi.

Pevski zbor Prešeren je bil ustanovljen v Bergerjevih prostorih pred malo manj kot 17 leti. Brat Berger je bil eden ustanoviteljev in prvi začasnaj zapisnikar, kakor tudi prvi podporni član zbora. Zboru je bila Bergerjeva dvorana vsa leta na razpolago. Tam se je zbor rodil in raste. Teden za tednom smo imeli v tej dvorani pevске vaje, seje, skuhanje za igre itd. Ti prostori so nekakšen zborov dom.

Ne vem kaj imata Pavel Berger in žena v načrtu za bodočnost, kajti za pokoj ste še preveč mlada, vendar pa kar koli je njun namen, zbor Prešeren jima želi srečno bodočnost ter se jima zahvaljuje za vso naklonjenost, ki sta jo izkazala v preteklosti. Mladima gospodarjema Leotu Gratchnerju in ženi pa za zbor želi vso srečo in upa, da se bomo tudi s sedanjim gospodarjem razumeli kot smo se s prejšnjim. Vsem obilo sreče!

Anton Udovich.

## 20-LETNICA ANGLEŠKO POSLUJOČIH DRUŠTEV

**Moan Run, Pa.**—Angleško poslujoča federacija v zapadni Penni bo praznovala 20-letnico obstoja angleško poslujočih društev 2. decembra popoldne in zvečer v Syganu.

Popoldne bo program z banketom, potem pa bo sledil ples. Kot govornik bo nastopil Donald Lotrich iz Chicaga. Vstopnina bo \$1.50. V tem je vključena dobra večerja.

Udeležite se te važne 20-letnice angleško poslujočih društev. Na svidenje v Syganu!

J. Ambrosic, tajnik.

V Prosveti so dnevne svetovne in delavske vesti. Ali jih čitate vsak dan?

## Društvene vesti

**Cleveland, Ohio.**—Letna seja društva Naprej šteje 5 SNPJ se bo vršila v nedeljo 2. decembra 1945, v dvorani šteje 1 v SND, 6417 St. Clair ave. Pričetek točno ob osmih jutraj, da rešimo vse zadeve, ki spadajo na letno sejo. Na letni seji podajo odbor-niki poročila o delovanju in napredku v tekočem letu, prečitani so računi, rešujemo zadeve in ukrepamo v dobrobit društva in naše jednote. Članstvo je v ljudno vabljeno, da se v velikem številu udeležijo te seje. Le pridite, bomo volili tudi odbor za prihodnje leto.

Ludvik Medvešek, tajnik.

**Barberton, O.**—Vljudno vabim članstvo društva 73 SNPJ, da se v velikem številu udeležijo letne seje, ki se bo vršila v nedeljo, 2. decembra. Važno je, da se seje udeležijo vsi, kajti volili bomo društvene uradnike za prihodnje leto in razpravljali o drugih stvarih. Določiti moramo tudi glede prostora za piknik, ki ga bomo imeli drugo leto.

Zelim tudi, da bi vsak prijavil tudi kakšnega novega člana, kar bi bilo najlepše božično darilo društvu.

Izmed naših članov-vojakov je do sedaj odpuščen samo eden—upam da se bodo tudi ostali čimprej povrnili domov. Odpuščen vojak je Johnny Jerina. Čestitke njemu in njegovi družini!

Torej na gotovo svidenje na seji 2. decembra. Upam, da bo leto 1946 bolj uspešno kot l. 1945.

Jennie Markun, tajnica.

**La Salle, Ill.**—Članstvu društva Triglav 2 SNPJ se naznanja, da se bo vršila letna seja 2. decembra; pričetek ob pol dveh popoldne, in sicer radi tega, ker bodo ob treh popoldne predvajane slike o nacističnih grozotah. Tja priredba se bo vršila v korist naših bratov in sester v stari domovi. Na sejo pridite gotovo vsi člani, da boste izvolili novega tajnika, kajti jaz se sedaj nahajam v bolnišnici in ne vem koliko časa bom primoran ostati v bolniški postelji.

Člani, ki plačujete assessment pri Kosmu, vzemite na znanje, da bo pobiral assessment na 26. mesto na 25. in prav tako za mesec december. Pozdrav vsem!

Fred Malgal.

**Girard, O.**—Članstvo društva 49 SNPJ pozivam, da se gotovo udeležijo prihodnje seje, ki se bo vršila 2. decembra. To je letna seja, na kateri bomo volili odbor za prihodnje leto. Torej, ako vam je kaj na tem, da boste izvolili dober odbor, potem boste gotovo navzoči.

Nadalje opozarjam vse one člane, katerim še ni znano, da je razpisana doklada za društveno blagajno v znesku \$1, da to gotovo poravnate v najkrajšem času, prej ko mogoče, da bo lahko tajnik sestavil račune.

Vsi na sejo prvo nedeljo v decembru; pričetek ob dveh popoldne.

John Tancsek, tajnik.

**Beedling, Pa.**—Naznanjam članstvu društva 172 SNPJ, da se bo vršila prihodnja seja 2. decembra; pričetek ob dve popoldne. Pozivam vse člane in članice, da se gotovo udeležijo te seje, ker bomo volili društveni odbor za l. 1946.

Naše društvo šteje 69 članov v odraslem oddelku in 65 v mladinskem. Seje pa se ponavadi udeležijo samo sedem članov; imamo tudi take člane, ki se ni udeležili seje, odkar sem jaz tajnik, to je 14 let. Pridite vsaj na letno sejo in se izkažite, da ste tudi vi člani SNPJ. Jaz želim odstopiti kot tajnik in blagajnik, kajti nameravam odpotovati v Californijo.

John Nemanich, tajnik.

**Raton, New Mex.**—Pozivam članstvo društva Zvezda 297 SNPJ, da se gotovo udeležijo prihodnje letne seje, ki se bo vršila 9. decembra; pričetek ob devetih popoldne. Na dnevnem redu bomo imeli veliko važnih zadev in volitve novega odbora za l. 1946.

Na zadnji seji je članstvo sklenilo, da se bo vsem članom in članicam, ki se ne bi udeležili letne seje, postopalo po pravih. Samozavestno ali delo se bo upoštevalo za upravičeno odsotnosti. Joseph Snoy, tajnik.

društvo 188 SNPJ iz Dawsona združiti z našim društvom. Članstvu društva 188 ključem v imenu našega društva dobrodošli!

Vinko Poltz, tajnik.

**Conemaugh, Pa.**—Članstvo društva 168 SNPJ je vabljeno, da se gotovo udeležijo letne seje, ki se bo vršila 2. decembra; pričetek ob desetih popoldne v običajnem prostoru. Na dnevnem redu bo več važnih zadev v korist društva in jednote in volitev društvenega odbora za l. 1946.

Udeležite se letne seje in pridobite tudi kakšnega novega člana.

Bias Bresovsek, tajnik.

**Calumet, Mich.**—Pozivam članstvo društva 390 SNPJ, da se gotovo udeležijo letne seje, katera se bo vršila 2. decembra. Volili bomo odbor za prihodnje leto. Po seji bomo imeli prosto zabavo.

Frances Bertich, tajnica.

**Renton, Pa.**—Članstvo društva 400 SNPJ je vabljeno, da se udeležijo letne seje, ki se bo vršila 2. decembra. Izvolili bomo društveni odbor za l. 1946 in sprejeli druge važne zaključke, ki bodo veljali za vso leto. Udeležite se seje vsi, da vam bo znano, kaj bomo ukrenili.

Cyril Bebar, predsednik.

**Cle Elum, Wash.**—Pozivam članstvo društva 371 SNPJ, da se gotovo udeležijo redne in letne seje, ki se bo vršila 2. decembra v Slovenian Social Club House; pričetek točno ob dveh popoldne.

Na tej seji bomo izvolili društveni odbor za prihodnje leto. Po seji pa bomo imeli nekaj prigrizka in s "ta novim" bomo pa malo zalili. Vse bo brezplačno. Upam, da ne bo nihče odrekel tega prijaznega vabila in se gotovo udeležijo seje.

Raymond Kladnik, predsednik.

**Bondl, Ill.**—Pozivam članstvo društva 356 SNPJ, da se gotovo udeležijo letne seje, ki se bo vršila 2. decembra; pričetek točno ob devetih popoldne v Zbojovski dvorani.

Ker je to letna seja, je potrebno, da se je udeležijo članstvo v velikem številu. Volili bomo tudi odbor za prihodnje leto in razpravljali o drugih važnih zadevah. Ob tej priložnosti tudi opominjam članstvo, da poravnava assessment najkasneje do 31. decembra, da bom mogel zaključiti društvene knjige in jih urediti za pregled nadzornega odbora.

Matt Katalinich, tajnik.

**Kirby, Wyo.**—Članstvo društva Nova doba 430 SNPJ vabim na sejo, katera se bo vršila 16. decembra. Udeležite se vsi, kajti volili bomo odbor za leto 1946. Izvolimo take uradnike, ki se ne strašijo dela za društvo in jednoto.

Frank Nagode, tajnik.

**Bridgeport, O.**—Članstvo društva 13 SNPJ je vabljeno, da se v velikem številu udeležijo letne seje, ki se bo vršila v nedeljo, 2. decembra; pričetek ob eni popoldne in ne ob dveh kot običajno.

Potrebno je, da se vsi udeležijo seje, kajti volili bomo tudi odbor za prihodnje leto. Ako hočemo, da bo društvo napredovalo, moramo izvoliti agilne člane za društvene uradnike.

Sedaj je v teku kampanja za nove člane v obeh oddelkih, zato je potrebno, da se potrudimo in ojačimo naše društvo. Tistim, ki pravijo, da bi radi obdarilo 20-letno zavarovanje, je treba povedati, da ga ima tudi SNPJ. Jaz sem v tej kampanji že pridobil nekaj novih članov in tako zvani načrt G-3 20 year endowment.

Po seji bomo imeli prigrizek in še kaj drugega, menda tudi godbo za ples. Opozarjam starše, naj opozore svoje sinove in hčere na to sejo. Pripeljte seboj tudi svoje soproge, da se bomo po seji tudi malo bratski zabavali.

Sprejeli smo tudi sklep, da se bo z onimi, ki se ne bi udeležili letne seje, postopalo po pravih. Samo bolezen ali delo se bo upoštevalo za upravičeno odsotnosti. Joseph Snoy, tajnik.



V Franciji je še vedno tisoče španskih otrok in vojnih strot, ki so po porazu lojalistov zbežali pred krvoločnim Francoskim režimom. Ti otroci so med največjimi reveži, mnogi brez staršev in v največjem pomanjkanju vsesa. V kratkem se v delih odpre akcija za zbiranje pomoči—obleke, čevlje in drugega—tudi za te španske strote.

**PROSVETA**  
THE ENLIGHTENMENT  
GLASILO IN LASTNINA SLOVENSKE NARODNE PODPORNE  
JEDNOTE  
Organ of and published by Slovene National Benefit Society

Naročnina za Združene države (svetn Chicago) in Kanado \$2.00 na leto, \$3.00 za pol leta, \$1.50 za četrti let; za Chicago in okolice Cook Co., \$7.50 za celo leto, \$3.75 za pol leta; za inozemstvo \$8.00.

Subscription rates for the United States (except Chicago) and Canada \$2.00 per year, Chicago and Cook County \$7.50 per year, foreign countries \$8.00 per year.

Cene oglasov po dogovoru.—Rokopisi dopisov in nemarodnih člankov se ne vračajo. Rokopisi literarne vsebine (žrtice, povesti, drame, pesmi itd.) se vrnejo pošiljatelju le v slučaju, če je priložilo poštarno.

Advertising rates on agreement.—Manuscripts of communications and unsolicited articles will not be returned. Other manuscripts, such as stories, plays, poems, etc., will be returned to sender only when accompanied by self-addressed and stamped envelope.

Naslov na vas, kar ima stik s urednikom:  
**PROSVETA**  
2857-59 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Illinois

MEMBER OF THE FEDERATED PRESS

Datum v oklepaju na primer (November 30, 1945), poleg vsega imena na naslovu pomeni, da vam je s tem datumom potekla naročnina. Pomojte jo pravočasno, da se vam list ne ustavi.

**K jubileju naših mladinskih društev**

Ta mesec praznujemo 20-letnico naših mladinskih ali angleško poslujočih društev. V proslavo tega pomembnega razvoja v življenju naše jednote je glavni odbor na svoji zadnji seji meseca avgusta odredil kampanjo za nove člane. V ta namen je sprejel načrt, izdelan v glavnem po predstavnih tukaj-rojene generacije in vsebujejoč privlačne nagrade za one člane in članice, ki poskrbe za nov članski pritok. Načrt je potreben pri vsaki stvari in tudi uspešne kampanje si ni mogoče mialiti brez njega. Potreben je pri gradnji hiše, kakor tudi pri gradnji organizacije. Nagrade so neko plačilo za zidarje organizacije.

Sicer smo večih gradili organizacijo brez nagrad, toda tista doba je za nami. Ni tako samo pri nas, marveč pri vseh podpornih organizacijah. To ne pomeni, da je iz jednote izginil idealizem, ki je končno glavna gonilna sila vsake delavske organizacije, pa naj bo podporna, kulturna, gospodarska ali politična. Nagrade v kampanji so v resnici le neko plačilo za posebno delo. In čim več članov in članic se priglasi za to posebno delo, toliko boljše je za organizacijo, kar pomeni za vse članstvo.

Vsakdo, ki bi mogoče imel kake predsodke proti nagradam, čes, da ni bilo vedno tako in da smo nekot agitirali brez kakih nagrad, naj te predsodke položi na stran in se poda na agitacijo. Če to stori, se tudi ne bo branil nobene nagrade in tudi svojemu bratu ali sestri je ne bo nevoščljiv. Povrhu bo še vsakemu agitatorju ali agitatorici rad dal priznanje in šel obema na roke. Čim več bo tega razpoloženja v organizaciji, toliko bolj uspešna bo kampanja.

Starejši ljudje—yes, tudi starši—se radi jeze nad mladino, čes, "kako drugačna je kot smo bili mi..." Ne samo "drugačna," pač pa po mnenju nekaterih je tudi—"ničvredna." Ta sodba je seveda zelo ostra, nepremišljena—krivična. Mladina, posebno ameriška mladina je res "drugačna kot smo bili mi," ki smo bili rojeni v smečkih domovih Slovenije. Če bi bili rojeni tukaj in v njih dobili, bi bili tudi mi "drugačni." Ampak da bi bili zato "ničvredni," je dvomljivo. Kak poseameznik že mogoče, kakor je to resnica v vseh deželah in pri vseh narodih in vseh časih. Toda če je otrok "ničvreden," temu navadno ni sam kriv, pač pa je kriva okolica, y kateri je zrasel, in pa vzgoja—domača, šolska in cestna ali poodstna. Toda v to se tukaj ne bomo spuščali.

Naj imamo že kakrnekoli nazore o ameriški mladini, mora tudi vsak črnogled priznati, da bi brez te mladine in angleško poslujočih članov naša jednota danes ne bila to, kar je. Brez teh društev in brez te naše "spridene" (?) mladine bi se naša starejša generacija, ki je ustanovila in gradila jednoto, počutila še veliko starejšo kot se počuti danes ali kot v resnici je. Tudi naša jednota bi se počutila veliko starejšo. Sigurno je, da bi bilo v nji veliko manj življenja, veliko manj društvenih in federacijskih aktivnosti.

V resnici je jednota storila enega svojih najbolj dalekovidnih korakov, ko je pred 20 leti pričela ustanavljati takrat mladinska, danes pa angleško poslujoča društva. S tem je pokazala pot tudi vsem drugim jugoslovanskim podpornim organizacijam. Slednje je postranskega pomena, kajti na to idejo bi prišla prej ali slej ta ali ona organizacija. Tisti korak je le dokaz, da se je naše članstvo nekoliko prej zavedlo nove situacije, v kateri smo se znašli po prvi svetovni vojni, ko je Amerika zaprla vrata masnemu priseljevanju.

Do tega spoznanja smo prišli, ko smo opustili misel na povratek v staro domovino ter se oklenili Amerike kot naše nove domovine. Pričeli smo se tudi vsak po svoje "amerikanizirati," in to brez kakšnih stoprocentnih profesionalnih "amerikanizatorjev," ki so bili v resnici sami potrebni amerikanizacije, kakor so jo vsi bigoti še danes. To prilagodevanje deželi je naraven življenjski proces, ki je pri nekaterih lažji, pri drugih težji. Revez je tisti, ki se ne more prilagoditi in ki se v deželi počuti tujca. Toda še večji revž je oni, ki se skuša umetno in posili "amerikanizirati" ter odtrgati od svojega naroda. V slednjem primeru bo prej ali slej izbruhnila iz njega silna želja, da bi se zopet znašel med svojimi ljudmi in zopet slišal svoj materinski jezik.

V tem procesu prilagodevanja deželi so se naša mladinska ali angleško poslujoča društva izkazala kot izvrstno mostičke. Ta društva, kakor tudi mladinski krožki so obenem tudi zelo dobro mostičke med starši in otroci. Sploh je velika škoda, ker naše podpore organizacije niso pričele ustanavljati mladinskih društev v raj deset let prej. V marsikateri družini bi bil manjši prepred mefatarši in otroci, kajti naša angleško poslujoča društva so najboljša vez med obema generacijama, ki sta bili rojeni in vzgojeni vsaka v popolnoma drugačnih okoliščinah.

Neša angleško poslujoča društva in mladinski krožki torej niso le samo važen del jednote in življenjskega pomena za njeno bodočnost, marveč so velikega pomena tudi za naše socialno in družinsko življenje. Vsaka mati in oče storita sama sebi dobro, kakor tudi svojim otrokom, če jih vpišeta v našo jednoto—k bližnjemu angleško poslujočemu društvu in jih vzpodbujata k aktivnosti. In sicer naj šolske otroke vzpodbujata k aktivnosti v mladinskem krožku—kjer tega ni, ga ustanovite—in k dopisovanju v **The Voice of Youth**: ko dorastejo, pa k mladinskim ali angleško poslujočim društvom. S tem si bodo otroci razvijali svoj talent in obenem prišli v zdravo družbo. In kar je glavno, se tudi svojih staršev ne bodo razpovedali, kar je na žalost marsikje resnica.

H koncu še besedo o naših čikaških Pionirjih, ki prihodnjo soboto praznujejo svojo dvajsetletnico s plesno in družabno zabavo v dvorani SNPJ. To društvo ni samozačetni kamen našega mladinskega zibanja, marveč je tudi skozi vsa letja izredno aktivno in

**Glasovi iz naseblin**

**USPEŠNA PRIREDBA DRUŠTVA 53 SNPJ**

Cleveland, O.—Kadar kokaš dajskanjem in rezultat je, da se znese jajce, ga oglašja s kokoproda mnogo jajca. Raca pa molči in njena jajca niso popularna. Pa še rečejo, da je boljše, če si tiho, kakor pa če pišeš dopise. Dobro je, če pišeš, samo, da znaš kaj pišeš!

Mi smo oglašali našo veselico kakor kokaš svoje jajce in uspeh je bil ekselent! Na Martinovo nedeljo, 11. novembra, je bila dvorana Slovenskega delavskega doma tako natlačena kakor Noetova barka. Joe Durn se je smejal od veselja, ko je moral tako hitro prodajati vstopnice. Ivan Šorč, naš podpredsednik, pa je točil in točil, pomagala pa sta mu Frank Polanc, Andrew Gorjanc in drugi. Andreja je bolela noga, vzlic temu pa je vztrajal, dokler mu ni njegova Theresa dejala, da mora iti domov, da mu obloži z vročimi obkladki bolečo in utrujeno nožico.

Nežka Straus pa je pekla "hamburgerje" s svojimi pomočnicami, ki so jih delile lačnim posetnikom. Frank Milavec pa je rekel: "Barbič, tebe bom tretal s čemer hočeš, tudi z mlekom. Odgovoril sem mu, da danes želim samo hamburgerje, da ne bo Nežka Straus pitala samo svojega Franka! In pa belo kavo. Hči Ančke Straus, ki se sedaj piše Zele in želuje za svojim vojakom Želetom, ki se bojuje za našo ameriško domovino (ne za ono na St. Clair ave., ki se tiska) in čaka, kdaj se povrne, je mami pokazala, kako se peče hamburger na električni peči. Potem pa je šla domov in še čaka na povrnitev moža. Tudi otrok čaka očeta.

Med prvimi našimi ustanovitelji je bil Dominik Blumel. On je bil tudi prvi tajnik društva 53 SNPJ. Njega krije ameriška gruda, njegova žena, ki je menda že dolgo na svetu, se je 11. novembra čisto pomladila, ko sem se še jaz pridružil z par polkami, kakor "Big" Tony s svojo koncentrino Lino. Tony Brenčič je dejal vdovi Blumel: "Pa se zavrtiva še midva, saj svira sam Barbič: 'Mila, mila lunica, kje je moja ljubica...'" Pozneje pa je Tony dejal: "Tako je šlo kot sto h..." Eva Coff pa je dejala: "Se eno tava, stric Barbič! Ustregel sem ji z "gorenjskim jodlerjem," ker je Gorenjka, njej moč Vinko pa Gorenjec. Pripeljala pa sta tudi svojo hčer Edith in njenega soproga.

Mary Slejko pa me je opozorila na dopis, v katerem sem omenil njene sina, ko je bil na bojni ladji, ki so jo napadli Japonci. Mary je mati dveh sinov, ki sta v vojni in jo dobro razumem, kako čuti. Poslušal sem sam doma ljubezen do sina, dokler je ni ugrabila smrt. Oh, da bi jo moral sedaj obuditi k življenju, da bi videla svojega sina, ki se je vrnil zdrav in čil.

Mnogo pa je nesrečnih mater, ki se jim ne bo ta želja nikoli izpolnila. Pred menoj je pismo matere, v katerem piše, da še ni nič slišala o sinu, ki je izginil z letalom na Saipan. Obupana mati še vedno čaka vesti o sinu. Želim, da ne bi čakala zastoj. Slejкова oba sinova sta živa in za enega vem, da je na Havajih.

Naj se povrnc na našo veselico. Radi veselice so me obiskale moje nečakinje Helen in Christine iz Washingtona, Pa., Stella, Anna, Elsie in njih brat iz Coverdala, Pa. Naš dom je bil kakor kasarna in spali smo kjer je bil prostor. Veselica mi

je dala glayobol. Radi priredbe sem moral vprašati za delo od 12. ure ponoči do 8. zjutraj, potem sem šel na sejo, po seji pa sem se malo vlegel, nato pa na veselico. No, glayobol sem ali tja, samo da je bil izboren uspeh!

Mojea asistenta Šorča sem vprašal, kaj je delal v Chicagu. No, in kaj mi je odgovoril? "Sel sem tja, ker sem izvedel, da boš 19. decembra dopolnil 60 let, in povedal sem glavnemu tajniku Fredu A. Vidru, da bi bilo dobro, če bi vsi glavni odborniki darovali toliko, da bi ti kupili kravo, ker rad piješ mleko, jaz pa kot predsednik farmškega odbora bi te postavil za oskrbnika, ker je ta podal resignacijo. Seve, bi moral imeti tudi žensko. Povej, ali boš sprejel službo oskrbnika, ako jobiš kravo in žensko?"

Kaj naj bi odgovoril? Veš, Šorč, priporočilo glede krave je izborno, kajti lahko bi jo prodal in še denar dobil zanjo. Farmer nisem bil niti v stari domovini. Ženske pa se je težko iznebiti in morebiti bi moral na stara leta še plačevati alimonij. Nika, odklanjam razen krave; če sem se glavnemu odboru zadnja leta tako prikupil, da me nagradi s kravo—juhej!

Podpredsednika Šorča sem predstavil podpredsedniku društva 147 SNPJ Johnu Filipiču, si pa ga pri njegovem društvu ako ne oglašajo kot jaz našega podpredsednika. Jaz pa vedno gllašam mojega pomožnega, kakor kura svojja jajca. John Filipič je imel s seboj tudi svoje unčko. Med posetniki na priredbi društva 53 so bili tudi slečci: Čevljar Frank Žavbi, ki je sprejel delo za baro, naš stari član Paul Časnik, ki je sedaj penzionist, šezelnice New York Central, vdova Tanček katero sem hotel vpisati v naš vdovski klub, a je odklonila, š, pojdem rajši plesat s teri antom. Dalje Cilka Jankovič n njen sin. To pot je bila sama.

Manjkalo pa je Mika Ureka iz njegove žene. On je tudi čerjar, pa je ostal doma, ker ga e mučil prehlad več dni. Obiskal ga je sin Louis s soprogo iz Los Angelesa, Cal., in Mike te. Mary sta jo mislila popihati inom v tople kraje. Sedaj pa sta se premislila in bosta ostala na St. Clair ave.

Jože Kunčič je bil tudi v potelji več dni. Sedaj je zope pokonci. Prejel sem karto od Mary Bernik, zeta in njene hčerke iz Pittsburga, Kans. Ona piše: "Tajnik društva št. 211 SNPJ je imel nalogo, najeti godbo za veselico njih društva, če je mislil poslati po vas, pa so se priglasiili fantje, da bodo oni igrali." Hm, ta bi bila pres lepa! Veste kdo je tajnik? John Malovrh iz Denverja. Colo. Edward Tomšič bi bil tako prijazen, da bi gotovo posetil veselico—saj sva prijatelja ali ne, Eddie? Če ne bi bilo Edwardsa, bi jo pa gotovo posetila Rose Radovich, ker sva oba ostra v dopisih.

Nekatero ženske pravijo, da rade čitajo dopise od tega in tega, meni pa ugajajo od Rosie Radovich in pa roman "Izza kongresa," ki ga je spisal Ivan Tavčar. Najbolj mi je ugajalo tom, ko je mož pretepel kaplana mesto svoje Margarete, katero je kaplan obiskal v temi. Seve, Tavčar nam ne pove, ali jo je hotel izpovedati ali je imel drug namen. Zdi se mi, dr je celo kardinalu ugajalo, da je bil kaplan tepen, kajti Margareta je celo staremu kardinalu ugajala. Ko mu je prinesla še malo sladkorča, je postaj takoj sladkejši. Kardinal, seveda!

Živo. Vse to je dokaz, da ima zdravo in zelo dinamično vodstvo. Zato se je tudi razvilo v največje jednotno društvo. S svojimi aktivnostmi in stremljenjem dela tudi čast organizaciji. Vzgojilo je širok krog aktivnih članov, ki imajo velike zasluge pri gradnji Pionirjev in jednote. Kdor vidi te naše Pionirje, ga bo hitro zapustila zgrešena misel, da je naša in sploh vsa ameriška mladina "spridena" ali "ničvredna." Pionirji vas vabijo, vse čikaško in okoliško članstvo, da se prihodnjo soboto udeležite njih 20-letnice. In vaš poset in dobro voljo v resnici zaslužijo. Društvo Pioneer 559 čestitke k njih 20-letnici! In še naprej po začrtani poti!

Zato opozarjam tudi J. Filipiča, da primeša v svoje dopise, kadar ima na muhi naše duhovnike, malo bombončkov, da bodo sladkejši in ženske ga ne bodo več kritizirale.

Frank Barbič.

**PRIREDBA V LA SALLU**

Ogleady, Ill. — Vsem tukajšnjim rojakom in rojakinjam je gotovo znano, da bomo imeli 2. decembra prireditev v Slovenskem domu v La Sallu. Predvajane bodo slike grozot v nemških koncentracijskih taboriških in osvobodjenju Belgrada. Kot govornik pa bo nastopil tajnik SANSa Mirko G. Kuhel.

Poleg sliki imamo na programu tudi izvrstne igralce na harmoniko, pevce in plesalce. Njih voditelj je Harry Dittle. Nj je poročen s Slovenko. Obljubl nam je, da bo vse storil za zastonj, ker se zaveda in simpatira z jugoslovanskim narodom, ki je toliko pretrpel in se junaki boril na strani zaveznikov ter bil skoraj uničen v tej vojni, ki še danes ni končana.

To prireditev bo aranzirala podružnica 49 SANSa. Ves dobiček bo razdeljen za pomoč našim najpotrebnejšim v stari domovini. V Ljubljano je dospelo že veliko materiala, živeža, zdravil, obleke in obuvala, vendar pa še ne zadostuje. Rdeči križ v Ljubljani, Novem mestu in drugje skrbi in deli tistim, ki so izgubili vse, kar so imeli, ko so bile cele vasi do tal požgane. Tem revežem ki so v resnici reveži, ne zadostuje samo 50c ali dolar, ki ga nekateri darujejo enkrat na leto. Poznam nekaj Slovencev, ki bi lahko darovali \$100, pa ne dajo ničesar. Tem ljudjem ne teče po žilah slovenska kri.

Kličem vam, ki boste čitali te vrstice, pridite v Slovenski dom 2. dec. "točno" ob treh popoldne. Z vašo navzočnostjo boste pripomogli do boljšega uspeha.

Vstopnina je samo 25c. Po programu bo sledila zabava v spodnjih prostorih. Kakor običajno, bo vse pripravljeno za lačne in žejne. Seveda, za ples bo igrala godba.

Ne pozabite, pričetek točno ob treh popoldne, kajti ob šestih mora biti dvorana že izpraznjena.

Zastopnike podružnice 49 SANSa pozivam, naj se gotovo udeležijo prihodnje seje, ki se bo vršila 25. novembra; pričetek ob dveh popoldne. Seje smo prestavili s tretje na četrto nedeljo v mesecu.

Na svidenje 2. decembra v Slovenskem domu!

Za pripravljalni odbor:  
Christina Nadveanik, tajnica.

**VESELICA PODRUŽNICE 33 SANSa**

Barton, O.—Vabim vse Slovence iz Bridgeporta in okolice na veselico, ki se bo vršila v soboto zvečer, 24. novembra, v Društveni dvorani v Boydsvillu. Bodimo bratje in priskočimo na pomoč nagim, bosim, lačnim in povrhu še bolnim bratom in sestram v stari domovini.

Pregovor pravi, da se prijatelja spozna v nesreči. Torej stola svojo dolžnost in pomagajmo po svoji moči, da bo priredba čim lepše uspeja.

Na zadnji seji podružnice 33 SANSa je bilo tudi sklenjeno, da pričnemo ponovno zbirati obleko, čevlje, konservirane jestvine in podobno. Kdor ima kaj na rokah, naj prinese v Društveno dvorano v Boydsville, oddaljeni pa lahko pripeljejo v soboto, ko bodo prišli na veselico. Bo že tam kdo, ki bo oddal na pristojno mesto.

Torej bratje, ne pozabimo revežev v stari domovini! Bolnim pomagati, boste obuti, nage oblečeni in lačne nasititi, to naj bo naše geslo!

John Vitez, tajnik.  
Za podružnico 33 SANSa:

**SEJA PODRUŽNICE 102 SANSa**

Forest City, Pa.—Odbor podružnice 102 SANSa v Forest Cityju vabi članstvo vseh društev v tej okolici, da se udeležijo seje podružnice 102 SANSa, ki se bo vršila prvo nedeljo v decembru, to je 2. decembra; pričetek ob treh popoldne v dvorani društva Zvon 124 SNPJ.

Na tej seji bomo razpravljali o pomoči za staro domovino. Sedaj čitamo v listih, posebno v Prosveti, pisma iz stare domovine, iz katerih lahko razvidimo, koliko trpljenja je preстал naš narod v Jugoslaviji.

Bratje in sestere, odprimo naše srce in pomagajmo našim rodnim bratom in sestram. Vsak količjak narodno zaveden Slovenec se ne bo branil darovati vsaj dolar za bedni slovenski narod. Cas je prišel, da vsakdo pomaga po svoji moči. Kri ni voda, pomagajmo našim bratom in sestram!

Kdor ima še kaj ponošene obleke, obuval ali druge potrebščine, naj prinese v dvorano društva Zvon 124 SNPJ, in sicer se bo pobiralo vsako soboto do sedmih zvečer. Prav tako lahko darujete denarne prispevke do osmih zvečer vsako soboto. Toliko v pojasnilo vsem, ki se zavedajo, da so naši bratje in sestere v domovini potrebni pomoči.

Za postojanko 102 SANSa:  
Matt Komin, predsednik,  
Louis Sasso, tajnik.

**VABILO NA 20-LETNICO DRUŠTVA PIONEER 559 SNPJ**

Chicago, Ill.—Zadnji terek, 13. novembra, je minulo 20 let, odkar je bilo ustanovljeno društvo Pioneer 559 SNPJ. Človek bi mislil, da je 20 let precej dolga doba, ali članom društva Pioneer se ne vidi dolgo, kajti če se članstvo strinja med seboj in pridno dela, čas hitro teče.

Tako je z društvom Pioneer. Članstvo je delalo skupaj od prvega leta do drugega, od drugega do tretjega in tako naprej, dokler ni poteklo 20 let. Torej

**VESELICA PODRUŽNICE 53 SANSa**

Johnstown, Pa. — Naša podružnica 53 SANSa bo priredila veselico v korist našim bratom in sestram v stari domovini, in sicer v soboto, 24. novembra, pričetek ob 8:30 v Slovenskem domu na Moxhamu. Za ples bo igral orkester Kopler-Bukovec. Tudi za lačne in žejne bo dobro preskrbljeno.

Vabimo cenješo občinstvo, da se veseliče udeleži v velikem številu, da tako pomagamo našemu ubogemu in junškemu narodu v domovini. Kakor je razvidno iz pismen, ki jih čitamo v časopisih, naši bratje in sestere v stari domovini potrebujejo vsega, najbolj pa obleke in obuvala.

Naša podružnica še vedno pobira obleko in obutev za stari kraj. Če ima kdo še kaj obleke, ki je ne potrebuje, jo naj prinese v Slovenski delavski dom na Moxham, ali pa k sestri Suhadolnik, ki stanuje poleg Slovenskega doma, nakar bo ona izročila na pravo mesto.

Torej, dragi rojaki in rojakinje, ne pozabite priti 24. novembra v Slovenski delavski dom. Na veselo svidenje!

Frances Vidrič.

**PRIREDBA DRUŠTVA 344 SNPJ**

Sheboygan, Wis.—Društvo št. 344 SNPJ, ki je vsa zadnja leta v polni meri sodelovalo pri teletifni in politični akciji v prilog stari domovini, je tokrat sklenilo, da zaenkrat priredi za svoje članstvo, kakor tudi za prijatelje in rojake v splošnem, društveno zabavo, katera se bo vršila v Fludernikovih dvorani v soboto zvečer, dne 24. novembra.

Na našo željo smo dobili zagotovilo, da nas bo na tej priredbi posetil gl. blagajnik SNPJ br. Mirko Kuhel, ki je tudi tajnik naše politične organizacije SANS. Razume se, da je on dobro poučen o marsičem, kar nam na splošno ni znano. Priporočemo torej vsem članom in rojakom, da se udeležijo naše tako zvane domače zabave, na kateri nam bo marsikaj zanimivega povedal br. M. Kuhel.

Ker v dobi vojne društvo ni imelo nobenih svojih priredb, vsled tega upamo, da se boste člani in rojaki številno udeležili zabave, na kateri boste poleg pijače postreženi z ukusnim prigrizkom za zmerno ceno.

Nadejamo se, da se ob tej priliki zopet snidemo vsi stari in mladi znanci in prijatelji!

A. Zorman, predsednik.

**KONCERT V WAUKEGANU**

North Chicago, Ill.—Hrvaško podporno društvo Tito št. 4279, društvo št. 824, društvo Bistrička 45 in Macedonski prosvetni klub priredijo koncert v korist jugoslovanskega naroda v stari domovini, kateri se bo vršil v nedeljo, 25. novembra; pričetek ob pol treh popoldne v Slovenskem narodnem domu na 10th in McAllister ave., Waukegan, Ill. Vstopnina 90c (za otroke je tudi treba plačati).

Na tem koncertu bo nastopil sloviti tamburaški orkester univerze Duquesne, Pittsburgh, Pa. Vabimo vse Jugoslavane iz Waukegana, North Chicago, Kenosha, Racina, Wis., in od drugod, da nas podprejo in se udeležijo koncerta v velikem številu.

Tamburaški orkester univerze Duquesne je najznamenitejši v Ameriki, zato gotovo prite in imeli boste nekaj ur krasnega duševnega užitka.

Frank Perpich, tajnik.

Slovenska Narodna Podporna Jednota 2557-53 So. Lawndale Ave. Chicago 23, Illinois

Table with columns for 'GLAVNI ODBOR' and 'Izvršni odbor'. Lists names and addresses of board members.

Zapisniki sej gl. izvršnega odbora SNPJ

Seja 3. oktobra 1945. Predsednik odpre sejo glavnega izvršnega odbora SNPJ ob eni uri popoldne. Navzoči so bratje Cankar, Vider, Trojar, Gradisek, Vrhovnik, Godina in Garden.

KREDIT ZA ASESMENT ČLANOV MLADINSKEGA ODDELKA

Table with columns: Dr. št., Ime člana, Ček prejel tajnik, Vredn. Ček prejel tajnik, Vredn. Amount. Lists members and their contributions.

Table with columns: Dr. št., Ime člana, Ček prejel tajnik, Vredn. Ček prejel tajnik, Vredn. Amount. Lists members and their contributions.

Predsednikova kolona

Vremu pionirju v spomin. Zadnji teden je nemila smrt spet iztrgala iz naše srede enega naših najbolj zaslužnih članov in častnih pionirjev.

Martin je prišel v to deželo nekako pred petdesetimi leti. Podal se je v tuj svet kot mlad siromašni delavec, s trebuhom za kruhom.

Veselo zadoščenje

V starem kraju so se ravnokar izvršile volitve, ki so neobičajno zanimive za našega dobrega rojaka tudi v Ameriki.

NOVOPRISTOPLI ČLANI

Table with columns: Lodge No., Name, Birth, Death, Sick Bene, Death Bene, Hon. Mem. Lists new members.

NOVOPRISTOPLI ČLANI (continued)

Table with columns: Lodge No., Name, Birth, Death, Sick Bene, Death Bene, Hon. Mem. Lists new members.

NOVOPRISTOPLI ČLANI (continued)

Table with columns: Lodge No., Name, Birth, Death, Sick Bene, Death Bene, Hon. Mem. Lists new members.

NOVOPRISTOPLI ČLANI (continued)

Table with columns: Lodge No., Name, Birth, Death, Sick Bene, Death Bene, Hon. Mem. Lists new members.

NOVOPRISTOPLI ČLANI (continued)

Table with columns: Lodge No., Name, Birth, Death, Sick Bene, Death Bene, Hon. Mem. Lists new members.

ADMITTED SEPT. 1, 1945

Table with columns: Lodge No., Name, Birth, Death, Sick Bene, Death Bene, Hon. Mem. Lists members.

ADMITTED JULY 1, 1945

Table with columns: Lodge No., Name, Birth, Death, Sick Bene, Death Bene, Hon. Mem. Lists members.

ADMITTED AUGUST 1, 1945

Table with columns: Lodge No., Name, Birth, Death, Sick Bene, Death Bene, Hon. Mem. Lists members.

ADMITTED JULY 1, 1945

Table with columns: Lodge No., Name, Birth, Death, Sick Bene, Death Bene, Hon. Mem. Lists members.

ADMITTED OCTOBER 1, 1945

Table with columns: Lodge No., Name, Birth, Death, Sick Bene, Death Bene, Hon. Mem. Lists members.

Društvene vesti

Presto, Pa.—Naznanjam članstvu društva Peričnik 166 SNPJ, da je bilo sklenjeno, da se bo vršila glavna letna seja 9. dec.

Torej vlijudno vabim vse članke in članice, da se gotovo udeležijo letne seje, kajti na dnevnem redu bomo imeli veliko stvari za rešitev in začetni bomo delo v korist članstva.

Anton Petrovci, predsednik.

Claridge, Pa.—Naznanjam članstvu društva Bratoljub 7 SNPJ, da se v velikem številu udeležijo letne seje, ki se bo vršila 2. decembra v Slovenskem narodnem domu.

John Kočvar, predsednik.



### Our Campaign Needs More Vigor

RESULTS OF OUR CURRENT membership campaign for the first month, the month of October, were released last week. The campaign is conducted in celebration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of our English speaking lodges. The drive started Oct. 1st and will close March 31, 1946. It is a six-month campaign.

Did the campaign click in the initial month sufficiently well to warrant satisfaction? Did our English speaking lodges respond to the campaign call in their own jubilee year with impressive results?

The official report published last week by Campaign Director Michael Vrhovnik shows that the inaugural month of the drive failed to live up to its early expectations; that the English speaking lodges, whom this campaign expressly concerns, did not "fare so well" and "have done little to deserve praiseworthy comment"; that the Slovene speaking lodges are "constantly taking the lead away" from the English speaking lodges; and that of the 85 on the ESL roster, "only 22 of them have answered the call to action" in the present drive.

The report goes on to say that the Chicago Pioneers, Lodge 559, the true pioneers of our youth movement, "are leading the group with a total of 12 new members," and we are happy to say that since last week's report—the Pioneers have actually reached their quota of 20 new members at their historic 20th anniversary meeting held last Friday! Thus our pioneering Pioneers of Chicago have once more shown the way by proving their worth with actual results! It can truly be said that they are first in everything—in leadership as well as in magnificent performance in all fields of our endeavors.

WHAT ABOUT OUR OTHER 80-odd English speaking lodges? How do they fare in this—their OWN—jubilee campaign?

There are some that have made serious attempts towards their assigned quotas, but not enough of them. The situation can be remedied by actually plunging into the campaign at once. There is no other way! They cannot afford to lapse into the fatal mistake of waiting and saying "Let George Do It." It is you and you who must do the work!

The results of the first campaign month are as follows: 183 new juvenile members; 44 new adults, and 69 transfers from the juvenile department, or a total of 296. Not including the 69 juvenile transfers, the total, then, is only 227, which can hardly be considered more than moderate.

To be sure, there have been a few separate outstanding gains in some communities, but the fact remains that the majority of lodges has not shown any appreciable increases. Nevertheless, basing our conclusion on past experience, we can anticipate an upsurge in the drive during the coming months. It takes time before any undertaking gains momentum, and our membership drives are no exception.

We are confident that our campaign will witness far better results as we go along and that our English speaking lodges will not lag behind our Slovene speaking lodges in this jubilee enterprise.

THE 20TH ANNIVERSARY of the ESL's is a milestone in our Society's history which deserves full participation of every lodge.

The occasion is a worthy one. It is the 20th birthday of an outstanding movement. The lodges formed in 1925 have now been two decades in existence. They have one score years of experience behind them—one score years of work and progress. During these two decades they have shown remarkable results in many undertakings, which collectively speaks well for their future.

Let us not be afraid to speak for our Society's cause, and for our own particular lodges. Too frequently, some of our members hesitate to let people know that they belong to the SNPJ, or that they, in general, believe in cooperative fraternalism such as ours. Therefore, we must inculcate in their minds a love for fraternalism, and for the lodge to which they belong—a pride in their organization that will make them recite what the Society is doing for the general welfare of the members.

Many different media may be used in the course of our fraternal work to get our cause before the public. Now, during the six months campaign, is the time to redouble our efforts in order that our jubilee campaign will be a real success.

The incentive, in form of liberal prizes and awards, is there, and so is our Society's splendid record. Let's GO!

### Excelsiors No. 721

ALBUQUERQUE, PA.—The Excelsiors in attending two affairs within one week, reminds everyone of the pre-war days. On the fourth of this month the Excelsiors cooperated with the Ambridge group in charting a bus to Sharon. This gave each lodge a large representation at this affair. One of the passengers in this crowd was Chief Warrant Officer John Pauc who has been in the Navy for 19 years.

On the 10th of this month the Excelsiors again joined Ambridge in dancing and singing at the Slovenian Hall to the music of Joe Koracin.

A few of our members have received letters from Yugoslavia, and many more that haven't are anxiously awaiting word from their kin folks. The latest to hear from Slovenia were Mr. Anthony Zagar and Mrs. Jacob Dergin while Mr. Andrew Antoncic and his sister Mrs. Stephen Ogrizek of Monaco received word from their sister in Gorica.

Servicemen—Discharged a few days ago was Cpl. Alvin Strube who was stationed in England for 23 months serving in the 8th Air Force.

Getting caught in a typhoon such as laid havoc to our armed forces on and around Okinawa a few weeks ago and still be able to write home and tell about it is an experience never to be forgotten. Going through such an ordeal was Frank Smerak serving in the navy stationed aboard an L. S. M.

Motoring from Boston recently was Lt. J. G. Frank Stoklassa and his family visiting the home of Mr. and Mrs. rank Somonich Jr. Lt. Stoklassa has been in the navy for 10 years and here's hoping you make the right decision in the near future in regards to your naval career. Frank.

Returning to western Penna from San Antonio, Texas, this week is Mrs. William Z. Cooper Jr. (formerly Thressa Zakrajsek). An Excelsior all those months in the deep south she arrived without her husband who has been transferred from a C-54 base in the West to the National Airport in Washington, D. C.

The Nov. 7th issue of this paper carried a Comrades' column by F. J. Folt telling about the ground breaking ceremony on the site of the gas explosion last fall. This scribe motored to Cleveland last November visiting friends on Bliss Road and Collinwood, also went to the devastated area with an 8 mm movie camera. In the near future I expect to visit this area again but the scenery will be more pleasant.

With the end of this month so near, it means one third of the membership campaign will have passed. During this writing I can state that the Excelsiors have enrolled over one half of their quota of fourteen members with prospects of four or five more before our next meeting. According to Sec'y Catherine Dergin only two of the members have brought in new applicants so far. What about the rest of you members? MIKE ZAKRAJSEK JR.

### Cavaliers Give Dance Saturday

BURGETTSTOWN, PA.—Due to the great success of our last dance, we again have decided to sponsor another benefit dance for our servicemen's Christmas fund on Nov. 24, 8 to 12 o'clock p. m. Music by Joe Taz and his Melodiers, who are now gaining popularity. Most members of this orchestra are ex-GI's and I know everyone will help us show our appreciation to these boys and all turn out for a great time and help us make this dance the success of the season.

We again wish to thank Mrs. Hanna Pompe Vietmeier for her thoughtfulness and kindness for her several donations to our social affairs, which made them successful. All we can say is "Thank you" from all of us.

Mary Kopenahk and Theresa Colpo are the proud mammas of daughters, and Evelyn Stettac also a proud mamma of a son. Congratulations to all of you and hope the little ones will be an increase to our Juvenile Department.

John Pompe, another Cavalier, has come home to stay with an honorable discharge. Goot luck, John, and glad to have you back with us again.

Be seeing you all on the 24th. EMMA KOROSEC, Sec'y.

### J. Z. Jr. Bright Spots

LIBRARY, PA.—THIS SUNDAY, NOV. 25, THE J. Z. JRS. WILL OBSERVE THEIR 16th ANNIVERSARY BY SPONSORING A DANCE. The music for the occasion is none other than Marty King's orchestra. This annual dance is usually held on Thanksgiving night but with an orchestra shortage we had to take the next best night available. Next year we hope we will be able to resume our Thanksgiving anniversary celebrations. In the meantime, a cordial invitation is extended to all the federated lodges and friends to join us for an evening of fun and frolic, Sunday the 25th.

MEMBERS OF LODGE 682 please NOTE: Our next regular meeting will be on December 6 at 7:30 p. m. This meeting is very important as the election of officers for the new year will be made. Along with the election any and all complaints, criticisms and suggestions should be brought up at this meeting for the good of the lodge.

Dates to remember: Nov. 25, J. Z. Jrs.' 16th anniversary dance. Dec. 2nd, banquet and dance commemorating the 20th anniversary of the English speaking lodges of western Pennsylvania, Sygan Hall. Dec. 25, Pioneers' Annual Christmas Dance, Strabane, Pa. January 1st, National Duckpin Tournament and Dance. FRANCES DERMOTTA, 682.

### Wolverine News

DETROIT, MICH. — Our bingo party, the proceeds of which were put into our servicemen's fund, was a great success, and attended by a large number of Wolverines, Young Americans, neighbors and families. All prizes were donated by friends and the hall and orchestra furnished by the SWH of Livernois at "Pink and his Buddy" was the orchestra, so if you want to dance again to his music you better come back to SWH, 437 S. Livernois, Dec. 1st, to a dance given by lodge 518 and International Workers. You are all invited.

By the way, if any of you members have the addresses of any serviceman or discharged serviceman of the Wolverine Lodge, get in touch with me so we can dissolve our servicemen's fund by giving them a Christmas gift.

We held our monthly meeting Nov. 11 with the usual members. As more of our members are returning to civilian life, I feel sure the meetings will again become both exciting and interesting with larger attendance. At this meeting we discussed the Yugoslav relief, so anyone who wishes can take used clothing to SND on John R. any time.

The next meeting will be the annual election of officers, so be sure to be there to vote for your choice and to discuss any problems of interest. So remember these two dates—Dec. 1 dance at SWH, 437 S. Livernois, and Dec. 9 last meeting of the year.

RUDOLPH BERNICK, Sec'y 677.

### Lodge No. 446 Holds Meeting Sunday

NEW CASTLE, PA.—Members of Lodge Vloditel' No. 446, please attend the meeting on Nov. 25, as there will be nomination of new officers for 1946 which will be elected at the meeting Dec. 9. All members are urged to attend these meetings. As you know there is a campaign for new members. So please bring some new ones along. FRANK CIMPERMAN, Sec'y.

### Badgerland News

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Although a little late, we offer our congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Harrison for the recent arrival of a baby girl. Mrs. Harrison is the former Theresa Senekowitch. Looks like another member for the Badgers, we hope.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Barbarich are frequent visitors to our metropolis. Mayville, Wis., being only 50 miles away, they combine to make it a business and pleasure trip all in one.

Dates to Remember

Nov. 23—This will be your last reminder to attend our regular monthly meeting. Many topics of importance will be brought up that concern us all. So make it a point to be there and bring that neighbor along. We have the promise of some of our returning service members that they will attend this meeting. We also have a capable staff of officers who perform their duties very efficiently and much more so with a large attendance. So let us fill the hall on Friday eve., Nov. 23. The place, Rebernishek's Hall, S. 6th and W. Bruce st. We'll be seeing you there.

Dec. 2—This is the date of our regular fall dance. The place is Schweiger's Plaza Ballroom, 3000 S. 13th st., one block north of Oklahoma. No. 37 streetcar runs right by the place. The committee reports everything is on the mark for your benefit and pleasure. Music will be furnished by Peter Zuchowski and his boys. So come one and all for one swell time.

Our Service Members

Welcome home, Joseph Pirc. Joe entered the service May 25, 1945. Stationed at Camp Crowder, Mo., where he was with the Central Signal Corps School training for slow and hi-speed radio operations. Joe was discharged Nov. 8, 1945. We are happy to state that Joe is now home again with his wife and child and on his job again as one of our city firemen. Attend one of our future meetings, Joe, as we would like to meet you.

Kenny Chuk has returned to camp in Louisiana after spending his furlough with his folks and his many friends. Kenny thinks he is headed for some occupational duty but not sure which way he will go. Let us know of your new address as soon as possible, Kenny.

Was good to hear of our good friend Stanley (Slim) Sedmak landing in New York recently from ETO. We should be seeing you soon, eh, Slim, and hoisting a few together? Harry Uhle is now stationed at the Great Lakes Naval Hospital where he is undergoing a physical check up.

Congrats to Louis Lonkner who was recently promoted to staff sergeant. At the last writing Louis was in Bataan, on his way to Japan.

At this writing about 28 Badgers have been discharged from the service. Rudie Smole is still in the hospital with his broken wrist. I know that Rudie would appreciate some letters from us at home. So dig in all and write a few lines to this youngster away from home for the first time. His address: Pvt. Rudolph Smole, 6401-1700 Reg. Hospital, Ward C-14-C, JT Robinson, Ark.—Change of address: S/Sgt. Louis Lonkner, 1101st A.M.S.R. Co., A. P. O. 22059, c/o P. M. San Francisco, Calif.

Bowling Taps

At long last, the boys came hru for me. The first 600 series is credited to none other than our genial prexy Tony (Zip) Verbick. Shooting in the Ned Day home loop which does its biffing on Day's Lanes in West Allis, Tony zipped his fine hook ball down the strike lanes for a neat total of 657. Nice going, Zip. Not to be outdone Johnny Sedmak, shooting in the Remic Mixed league, splattered the setups for a nice total of 625 on games of 178-230-217. Louis Glavan had his woes when he failed to wipe off his ball thoroughly and fumbled his way for his low for the season with his mighty series of 424. Cheer up, Louis, as you have had a lot of company in the 400 class this season.

Among the lassies, Mary Remic was on the beam coming thru with a good series of 515, which was good enough to snow hubby Wally down under with his 456 set. Although his score was not much, it was good to see Hank Cukjati's name in the box score again. We realize you are a little rusty yet, Hank, but practice will take care of that.

In the Remic's Social which functions on Friday nights on Remic's Lanes, Eddie Ambrosch led the pack with his 538 total. The 400 class was again very prominent but Teddy (Fireball) Kropusek was really in the doldrums as his bouncing reverse hook blasted the setups for a mighty total of 386. All we can say, Ted, is to keep on throwing and you are bound to up those totals. Our hats off to Gilly Lesky, whose constant chatter really keeps the league in fine fettle. Win, lose or draw, the boys have a lot fun in this league, which after all is the thing that counts. The Badger boys bowling in this league are Vic and Frank Kouchich, Eddie Ambrosch, Cy Zvonar, Gilly Lesky, Ralph Sim-

## Chicago Pioneers, First ESL of SNPJ, Celebrate 20th Anniversary Saturday

### Dance and Reunion at the SNPJ Hall, Featuring Varsity and Mozina Bands

### Pioneers, Largest SNPJ Lodge, Go Over Top In Current Jubilee Campaign

CHICAGO, ILL.—After an excellent Pioneer anniversary meeting, one which was well attended and which brought out a lot of the old time spirit and enthusiasm, we're ready to go into our 20th Anniversary Dance and Reunion, Saturday, Nov. 24, in high spirits.

It will be the first celebration since the end of the war. It will be the celebration and the anniversary of a group of young people who, throughout the past twenty years have shown with their work that they are progressive and that they know the value of organization.

Yes, they built on a very solid foundation so that all who join them and all who come within their fold will benefit from their work. Not only are they the first English Speaking Lodge of the SNPJ, but the largest as well. Equally important, events have proved their policy correct. They have been true leaders and have set a very good example for the rest of the ESL units.

Hence, we have something to celebrate and our anniversary Saturday, Nov. 24, will ring out with cheers and resound with happy expressions of the many good things of the past. Chicago's SNPJ Pioneers happily invite, and with a certain amount of pride too, all of our loyal friends to this Anniversary at the SNPJ Hall.

Our faithful committee has prepared all of the good things which are necessary for the smooth operation of the anniversary. We've gone to special efforts to make some tasty kranjske klobase so that the occasion will have a scent of the old traditional life. In addition, our kitchen staff will have many other good things and as for the bar, Louis Kramer said, "I had charge at the 10th Anniversary and I'm glad to be able to take over again for the 20th anniversary and see that everyone is well served and perfectly satisfied."

We'll have Tony Dicke and his Varsity Club orchestra, a group of musicians who have played in some of the lively spots in town. We'll also have the Mozina Sisters who will supply gingery polkas and waltzes. All Pioneer members have tickets which sell at fifty cents, including tax. More can be gotten from the Pioneer Secretary. We're looking forward to seeing many of our old time friends at Saturday's Anniversary.

Let's all come to the Anniversary Dance and Reunion, Pioneers. Come and bring your friends and come in good spirits so that we can talk over old times and start our new milestone in the pleasant company of one another.

Albina Furlan, the wife of Dr. Furlan of Waukegan, and a charter member of the Pioneers, wasn't able to attend our meeting last Friday, but sent congratulations and promised to be at the Anniversary Saturday.

Anne Cartier, a former President of the Pioneers, is coming to Chicago specially for the occasion from Utah.—We are told that Stanley Gregorin of Waukegan will bring down several squads of patrons and we are, Tony Obluck, Teddy Kropusek, and Matty Graf.

Christine (Strukel) Sawicki is now recuperating from a recent operation. Her address is 1028 S. 9th st.

Reminding one and all to get into the habit of attending our regular monthly meetings and paying your dues on time. SALTY, 584.

ative of the Yugoslav government who was among us last Saturday and Sunday. We also learned about the Yugoslav elections and how the women voted for the first time in the history of Yugoslavia. How they came to the polling places in parades and with banners and then after voting followed it up with a real social, a holiday.

Brother Louis Adamic, whose latest book, "A Nation of Nations," has been reviewed extensively, was in Chicago last Saturday, also. He added many important remarks to help set things straight and to make for better cooperation and for fuller support with the new Yugoslav set-up.

All of you are invited to attend a lecture by Mirko G. Kuhel at the Tomian Library this coming Friday, Nov. 23. His subject will be "The New Yugoslavia," and will be one of a series. The Library already held lectures on Czechoslovakia and Poland. Now it will be on Yugoslavia. The people of the Lawndale-Crawford community are interested in the progress of Yugoslavia. That's why they set up these lectures. The Library is at 4005 W. 27th St. and there is no admission charge. DONALD J. LOTRICH.

### Sis. Udovich Thanks Pioneer Lodge 559

CHICAGO.—Having been invited by the Pioneer Lodge 559 to attend their 20th anniversary meeting and supper last Friday evening, I gladly accepted and wish to express my sincere thanks for their thoughtfulness. I want to congratulate them on their birthday, wishing them continued success in their fraternal endeavors in the future. MARY UDOVICH.

### Lincolmites Lodge

SPRINGFIELD, ILL.—The Lincolmites had a fairly good attendance at the October meeting. Everyone present was enthusiastic about the plans for our next dance which will be held on Saturday night, Nov. 24. The Cunninghams again took care of having the tickets printed for us and they were promptly distributed. Frankie Volk, our butcher, says he will see to it that we have some good sandwiches. There will also be plenty to drink so all should have a merry time. Gorsek's orchestra will furnish the music.

There will be an added attraction at this dance, something the Lincolmites have never had before. The Juvenile Circle is sponsoring a bazaar and candy sale in connection with our dance. The older girls of the Circle and the mothers of the younger members have been quite busy the last few weeks preparing handwork to be sold. We hope this affair will be a complete success because two managers have really put forth a big effort to put it over. These two girls, Freda Kinsant and Frances Lazar have been plying the needle diligently for a couple of months already, and they will probably be working right up to the last minute. Such array of useful articles as they have made! There are cute little pin-cushions, pillow lifters, stuffed dolls, pretty little pinafors for girls, aprons for ladies, luncheon sets, dish towels, etc. I believe everyone will be surprised how pretty these things are.

It certainly was a pleasure for us to attend the Vinska Trgatyev at the Dom this year and to see again so many of our old friends. The outstanding thing about it was the number of servicemen present, some in uniform and some discharged. It certainly does seem good to have them coming home.

On Oct. 12 we shipped to the New York headquarters five bags of used clothing, shoes, foodstuffs, and utensils for Yugoslav Relief. On the 31st we received word that these goods have arrived in New York. This is the largest shipment for the Lincolmites to date.

Anne S. Traven, assistant treasurer of the War Relief Fund, acknowledged receipt of our shipment and assured me that these things we send are reaching Yugoslavia, that they have heard directly that they are. We feel better about sending them since we have had this assurance.

Nov. 25 is our next meeting date. Perhaps some who have returned from the war will be new. We hope so. There will probably be more nominations for new members too. There were several at the Oct. meeting. Without a doubt the Lincolmites are going over the top in their present membership campaign. We have almost reached our quota already. MARY BRINOCAR, 587.

These we heard from a represent-

# Our Times

By Louis Beniger  
LOUIS ADAMIC'S new book "A Nation of Nations" is attracting wide attention. Last week I quoted David Appel's favorable review of the book. This week I am reprinting Wendell Johnson's review which appeared in the Chicago Sun-Book Week of Nov. 11. His review follows:

With sledge-hammer rhythm the great American presses beat into our consciousness day after day the insistent, sobering fact of conflict and prejudice. To the problems arising from this tragic circumstance Louis Adamic devotes his mature talents in "A Nation of Nations."

It is a book that corrects and supplements, with a crackling succession of surprising facts, our distorted school books of American history. Against the traditional view of America as an Anglo-White-Protestant country, to which other nationalities, "races" and creeds are foreign, Adamic rolls great masses of evidence that America consists fundamentally of diversity.

Discovered either by a Norwegian or an Italian, named by a German in honor of another Italian, first explored by the Spanish, colonized by Dutch, Swedes, Spaniards, French, Russians, as well as English, it came to be populated by a new kind of men, Americans.

WHO ARE THESE Americans? Are they Anglo-White-Protestants? From a third to a half of our Revolutionary Army was Irish Catholic.

Michael J. O'Brien once safely challenged Henry Cabot Lodge to produce any record of Cabots and Lodges in the Revolution to match the 236 O'Briens. At the present time the Irish are the third largest group in the United States, next to the German and English. The Negroes appear to come next.

Duke Ellington's ancestors landed at Jamestown, Va., nearly a year before the Mayflower refugees arrived at Plymouth Rock. Our 13 million Negroes make up a tenth of our population, and "some of the best" Southern "white" blood courses in their veins.

One of the three patriots in the painting "The Spirit of 1776" was a Negro, Barzillai Lew—something more for the D. A. R. to do something about.

About one fourth of our people including Ike Eisenhower, are German. An early Hollander, Klies Martensen van Roosevelt, was the common ancestor of eight Presidents. Approximately one tenth of the persons listed in the "Dictionary of American Biography" are of French Huguenot heritage.

THERE ARE as many Norwegians in the United States as there are in Norway, and more Italians in New York City than in Rome.

One tenth the population of Greece came to America between 1800 and 1930. One million Swedes have come since 1850, from a nation that has itself only 6,000,000 inhabitants. From Czarist Russia came 4,000,000, to say nothing of the Indians themselves who probably migrated originally from Siberia.

The Yugoslavs got here 40 years ahead of Sir Walter Raleigh. There are upward of 3,000,000 Poles in this country, and one of these, Alfred Korzybski, Chicago general semantist, is given as much if not more space than any other American discussed in this book.

And how come the American way of life. The Swedes brought the log cabin, the Indians gave us Thanksgiving turkey, the Dutch introduced colored Easter eggs and the Germans gave us the Christmas tree, hot dogs and hamburgers. The Dutch also gave us golf.

A SWEDISH contributed puffed wheat, and we can thank two Chicago Swedes, Charles Walgreen and Edgar Bergen, for the modern drugstore and Charlie McCarthy. A Frenchman designated the American eagle, and a German designed the Tammany tiger, the Republican elephant and the Democratic donkey. Chicago's South Side Negroes topped it off with boogie woogie.

The Yugoslavs gave us Louis Adamic, and in "A Nation of Nations" Adamic has given us a picture of America in which there is no defensible place for conflict and prejudice. Except as an American every one of us belongs to a minority group.

If only our Congressmen, our newspaper publishers, our radio commentators, and the rest of us will read this book, we will say with less conviction, if at all, "We saved the immigrants." "We saved the Negroes." "We—and they." We will learn to say simply and with deeper feeling, "We."

"A Nation of Nations" is the fourth in a series of books dealing with America's cultural diversity. Several additional volumes, to be written by him and by other writers under his editorship, are forthcoming. They promise much toward putting America wise to itself, toward teaching us to speak American instead of English with a Babel dialect.

I have reprinted the above because I think it will help spread the mission of the book among our readers.

# LET'S RALLY AROUND OUR YOUTH

Young people everywhere are constantly in search of new social and recreational activities, new friends and acquaintances, and new forms of entertainment, adventures and fun. This, no doubt, has always been the case, for it is only natural that youth should desire changes in the existing order of things and to be on the lookout for something new and different—at least new and different to them. These are facts with which we are face to face in the SNPJ and in every similar organization throughout the country.

It is true that the war disorganized, misdirected and side-tracked large numbers of our youth, their ambitions, and their activities—but now, as conditions rapidly revert to a more normal state, it is obvious that youth is anxious for opportunities to adjust themselves as quickly as possible to peace-time pursuits which lead to happiness and enjoyment for all who participate in them. Especially do we find this trend prevalent in communities where organized groups—fraternal, civic and others, are actively engaged in helping the young people to help themselves in their eager search for the finer and better things of life.

Our members, adults and juveniles alike, enjoy good social affairs, dances, entertainment programs, and a variety of recreational activities and pastimes. But one of the most common complaints is that, while many members like to participate and share in the benefits of fun and pleasure that come from a well-planned event, on the other hand, very few are willing to undertake the responsibility of leadership, or devote a few hours of time and effort to the promotion and execution of work that needs to be done to assure outstanding success. Very often, too, it is difficult to get the older folks to cooperate with the younger people or vice versa, with the result that too little of lasting, constructive nature is achieved.

Today, nearly every lodge in the SNPJ is confronted with the youth problem—the problem of getting youth to think and act and be more SNPJ. We venture to say that, in general, the older folks look upon youth as a problem that requires "special" handling and one that eventually must be solved by youth themselves. The young people feel that the older generation is a little too old-fashioned in their ideas and, consequently, can be of little help to them in planning activities the way they would like to have them. It must be added, however, that their moral and financial support is more than welcome at all times. Perhaps this, too, is only natural, but somewhere in between is the happy medium where the two, in spite of their differences, can learn to get along nicely to the advantage of the lodge and everyone concerned. Both must be willing to sacrifice a little in each other's favor. Finding the happy medium is a problem in every lodge and each has a pattern distinctly its own.

If the youth problem is to be solved more speedily and satisfactorily, it must be brought to the attention of the members at lodge meetings and in the Official Organ where it should be discussed and dealt with thoroughly. If no action is taken to remedy the situation as it now exists in a great many of our lodges; if it is allowed to drift aimlessly without thought or effort to organize interests that will attract and hold the youth in the Society's ranks because of their own desire and choice, we cannot expect their whole-hearted support or cooperation. One thing is certain, the youth problem will not solve itself. There definitely must be more teamwork between the old and young generations. We must be prepared to meet youth more than half way and, if necessary, all the way.

Let us examine the record, each in his own lodge. What, for instance, is your lodge doing to reach the young men and women, and the boys and girls in your own community? What progress is being made to enlighten them about the sound principles of the Society, and the protection and benevolent services it offers to members and their families? What special means are being taken to provide youth with the kind of social life, recreations and entertainments that appeal to them? Has any real effort been made to encourage the young people to attend the lodge meetings; to participate in its discussions and debates, particularly those pertaining to youth; to accept assignments on regular and special committees, and to get them to pay their own assessments and lodge dues at the meeting, instead of depending on parents to do this for them usually at the secretary's home.

What steps have been taken to elect or appoint a committee to organize an active Juvenile Circle—if not this, then to study the possibilities of including in the lodge's program three or four occasions during the year when something special should be planned for the benefit of juvenile members? Certain outstanding holidays should be selected and utilized for this purpose, one of the most prominent of these being Christmas. The lodge's anniversary celebration, May Day, Mother's or Parents' Day, Labor Day, Halloween and many others are appropriate. A special SNPJ Juvenile Day should be set aside as an annual outdoor event for an outing or picnic, at which an attractive ceremony and program of games, contests and races could be conducted. These are only a few suggestions. There are many others that will net good results in helping our young people to become more conscious of their relationship to the SNPJ.

Let's rally around our youth in every SNPJ Lodge. Let's do things for them and plan to have them do things for us in a way that will win their loyalty and respect and, eventually, bring all of us closer together as real fraternal brothers and sisters in a great fraternal Society.

MICHAEL VRHOVNIK, Juvenile Director.

## Kegler Komments

CLEVELAND, OHIO.—In a nip and tuck clash the last place Utopians II edged out the Spartans girls in two games with a 6 and 7 pin margin. For the former M. Rupnik coming through with a 435 and M. Perdan high for Spartans with a 493 series which included a 209 game taking second place high single honors.

Evenly matched Comrades II lost two to Utopians I. C. Lisch doing the honor for the latter with a consistent 149-149-148 and M. Koren best for Comrades with a 554 series best which included a 207 game (M. Perdan would nose you out by 2 sticks).

The league leading Concordians II defeated the Comrades I two out of three. J. Lunder's 485 leading the winners with M. J. Lunder a step behind with 481. For the second place team, A. Vehar with 487 and P. Spik with another consistent series of 157-156-152.

Concordians I managed to take one from Strugglers in a tie roll-off first bowling meet will be Saturday, —honors for the single victory go to Mascot Jackie (the pup). M. Son smashes a 503 high for Strugglers. Lefty Marn anchored the Concordians with a 460 series.

AGNES JIRIC, Sec'y.

## Triglav Athletic Club Meeting

JOHNSTOWN, PA.—The first meeting since 1941 of the Triglav Athletic Club was held on Sunday, Nov. 18, at the Moxham Slovenian Hall. At the meeting were present five veterans of World War II.

The meeting was called to order by President Robert Swaney. The treasurer report was given by Mr. John Polantz Sr. Talks at the meeting were given by the District Vice President Joseph Culkar and the District Athletic Director John Louche. Nominations were held for officers for the coming year. Miss Mary A. Logar was elected publicity director unanimously at the meeting. Elections of officers will be held on Sunday, Dec. 2, at 2 p. m. Meetings of the club will be held the first Sunday of each month.

Also much discussion at the meeting was concerning the formation of basketball and bowling teams. The first bowling meet will be Saturday, Nov. 24, at 3:30 p. m. at Scott's Alley in Moxham. So don't forget, fellows, we expect to see you all there.

MARY A. LOGAR.

# Official Proceedings

## SNPJ EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

### Meeting of Oct. 3

Meeting is called to order by the president at 1 p. m. in presence of all committee members except treasurer. Minutes of the previous meeting are approved as read.

President reads letter from the Penna fraternal congress inviting to send delegates to Nov. 13-14 convention; delegated is M. Kumer. He also submits a letter from G. Marchan asking for an ad in his program booklet for Yugoslav radio hour; request is approved.

Secretary submits a letter from the NFC advising that the 50th convention will take place Nov. 28-30 in Chicago; decided that the Society be represented. He further reports that the Wyoming insurance commissioner called Sept. 25 and examined some of our business, commenting on same very favorably.

Discussion pertaining to lodge 613, Herminie, Pa., about their honor roll program Sept. 23, for which occasion a priest was invited to the affair; since this action was a violation of our constitution and by-laws, carried that the secretary write a letter to the lodge based on our decision.

Head editor reports he asked columnist Colman to contribute articles to the juvenile magazine as per previous decision; since his prize is too high, the matter is dropped.

Juvenile director asks for permission to purchase five additional copies of Encyclopedia of Fun; request is approved.

The following operation and special benefit claims are approved upon recommendation of supreme medical director: \$40 to Lawrence Casol (680), and \$25 each to Frank Penko (298), Mary Springer (304) and Miriam Mahnik (568).

### Meeting of Oct. 11

Meeting is called to order at 9 a. m., at which all members of committee are present except treasurer and manager who were on vacation. Minutes of the previous meeting are approved as read.

President reports that all the bills of the successful affair at which the films "German Atrocities Unexpurgated" and "Liberation of Belgrade" were shown have been paid and that the following is the financial result: \$541.09 collection; 136.11 profit in lower hall; \$587.20 total income; editor and juvenile director are appointed to examine the bills.

He further reports that he received a reply from Walter Brown, special assistant to the secretary of state, with reference to our cablegram which was sent to our state secretary at the London conference concerning the Trieste question.

He also received a telegram from the American Slav Congress in which the Society was urged to send a resolution to UNRRA for appropriations asking for immediate help to the people in devastated Europe. President is delegated to prepare such a resolution and send it to the committee.

A letter from Community and War Fund for Chicago in which the Society was asked for a donation. The sum of \$100 is approved.

Secretary reads a letter from the American Family Almanac asking for an ad in the 1946 issue; a full page ad is approved.

He further reports that John Lawrence of lodge 147 died and that the Society was designated as the beneficiary to his mortuary benefit insurance; insurance amounted to \$250 and the funeral expenses over \$600; decided that the Society pay the whole amount towards the funeral expenses.

He further reports that Frank Zordan, former bookkeeper who was in the service, has been discharged and is ready to take up his position again; decided to pay him the same salary as is now in effect.

### Meeting of Oct. 17

Meeting is called to order by the president at 1:30 p. m.; all members of the committee are present.

Secretary submits an informative report of Joseph Filoff who attended the annual meeting of the Ohio fraternal congress as a representative of the Society.

A letter from the Fraternal Monitor, in which the Society was asked for an ad in the Nov. issue; request is granted.

Request for a donation toward radio program was received from the Central committee of Croatian and Slovene lodges of Illinois. The sum of \$50 is approved.

# NOTATIONS

By Frances L. Rak

CHICAGO, ILL.—Last Friday evening marked the Twentieth Anniversary meeting of the first English Speaking Lodge of the SNPJ. We had a fine attendance, too. Our quota for the membership campaign has been reached but that's not going to stop us from getting more and more members. John Simon was elected to represent the Pioneers at the JSF conference Sunday at Waukegan.

The meeting was cut as short as possible because the committee was preparing a supper for those attending. It was a busy crew in the kitchen preparing a chicken dinner and it was good, too. The committee consisted of Ida Simon, Teckla Cerkoney and Mary Vertnik and, of course, John Simon with lots of other helpers.

After we were thru eating to our hearts' content, there was a last-minute program conducted by President John Rak. After the chairman's brief remarks we heard a nice little recitation commemorating the Pioneers' Twentieth Birthday by Marilyn Reven. Then the Perfect Circle Quartet consisting of Bill Kovacic, John Rokavec, Edward Udovich and Richard Zasadil, sang several selections.

Anne Beniger, one of the organizers of the lodge, made a few brief remarks as to the past twenty years and she hoped she'd continue to be a member another twenty years. The SNPJ executive committee was represented by Sec'y F. A. Vider. Each charter member present was called upon for remarks, and they were August Kramer (just returned home from overseas), Louis Kramer, Rose Olip, Rose Vogrich and Ann Zefran.

The Perfect Circle Quartet made a second appearance with several more selections. Robann Sannemann recited "Father's Lodge." The concluding remarks were made by D. J. Lotrich who has been the lodge secretary something like fifteen years; in fact, he's been a lodge officer ever since it was organized. Don spoke also as a charter member and of the trials and tribulations and the good times they used to have as Pioneers.

All in all, the entire evening went smoothly, what with all last minute arrangements for the meeting. It's to Ann Sannemann's credit that she procured and coached the two recitations (there was to have been a third one also but Jo Anne M. Rak suddenly took ill and couldn't make it). A big thank you to Circle Quartet and speakers for their appearance also.

The Mesina Sisters entertained for dancing and the crowd stayed till the wee hours.—Visitors were Anton Garden, Mrs. Tolar, Ann Sedaj, Mary Udovich and those participating on the program. Attendance was over 100 persons. Attendance awards went to Teckla Cerkoney (adult) and Lewis Reven Jr. (juvenile).

PIONEER DANCE—Everything is in readiness for the Pioneer Twentieth Anniversary Dance. It will be held this Saturday evening, Nov. 24, at both SNPJ halls. For upstairs hall we've hired Varsity Club orchestra and for the downstairs it will be the Mesina Sisters. To each

# Universal Comets

is only \$1.50. The regular dance admission will be charged for those attending the dance only.

The program will be featured by the Duquesne University Tamburita orchestra of Pittsburgh. We consider this group an excellent part of our program. Those who attended the Convention Banquet in 1941 will remember it. Others have probably enjoyed them at the most exclusive theatre in Pittsburgh. Our out-of-town friends have perhaps heard them for they have played in the principal cities of the U. S. The group has real talent, and we can promise you an enjoyable time. Only last week we witnessed their performance in the most exclusive hotel in Pittsburgh, and we were impressed that even during these times when the group has sacrificed much of its talent that it has not disrupted the excellent program for which the group is famous. Matt Gouze, the director of the group, has promised that nothing will be lacking to insure the finest program on Dec. 2nd.

Our committee is still seeking the services of a professional master of ceremonies. Our hopes of having had one by this time proved futile, and we hope we can report next week that there is one definitely available for the celebration. This will prove a real addition to our program.

We are fortunate to have as our guest speaker one of the original ES members who was instrumental in organizing the first ES lodge. He is Bro. Donald J. Lotrich, member of the Supreme Finance Committee and secretary of the Pioneer lodge. This celebration should prove most inspiring and enjoyable, and we hope that our members will avail themselves of this opportunity to participate in the formal celebration of our E. S. lodge movement. Make

There is much being said about the 20th Anniversary of our English Speaking Lodges on these pages. It is a great event, and the Pioneer lodge 559 of this ES movement will celebrate it at the SNPJ Hall in Chicago. Many of us wish we could join the Pioneer lodge in this celebration, but we will have to be satisfied with wishing the affair a big success, and that the occasion will serve as a real inspiration to them and to all of us in the ESL for greater progress in our SNPJ.

As it has been reported, the E. S. Federation of SNPJ Lodges of western Pennsylvania will celebrate this great event with a banquet, followed by a dance on Sunday, Dec. 2nd, at the SNPJ Hall in Sygan. Big things are planned for this affair, and we hope that a large crowd will attend and participate in this historic celebration. Tickets are available and are now in the hands of all lodge secretaries in this vicinity. Members are urged to purchase these to assure their reservations before November 27th. Admission for the banquet and dance

# This and That

By Peter Ellah

Rankin Doesn't Like It  
Congressman John Rankin of Mississippi is peeved. The little name-caller doesn't like to be called names.

It is all right for John to get on the floor of the house and call every progressive, liberal or labor leader a "red" "communist" or "racketeer". He can find "Bolsheviks" everywhere—in the CIO, in the motion picture industry, in the New Deal—or practically under any bed.

This poll-tax conservative has been more loose with his tongue when denouncing opponents than any other member of congress and that is taking a lot of territory.

But when the shoe is on another guy's foot, he doesn't like it. In a recent speech, he said, "I am tired of hearing men get up on this floor, and using the word 'fascist' towards those of us who still believe in the American system of constitutional government and free enterprise."

Perhaps many of us are apt to label or stereotype people who don't agree with our views. In politics, particularly, before an election, loose-words and half-truths receive preponderance with certain politicians and factions. It is a great deal easier to call names than to answer vital problems that confront us.

Politicians of the Rankin type dodge issues by using this method of name-calling and "smears" of opponents.

Now the chickens have come out to roost. Those that recent being labeled by Rankin are now labeling him "Fascist." And John doesn't like it a bit.

Probably, neither group is correct in their condemnation, but I dare say that those that call Congressman Rankin a fascist are closer to the truth than he is in his vituperations.

# Juvenile Circles of the SNPJ

Circle No. 54—Lodge 587 Victory Dance and Bazaar

SPRINGFIELD, ILL.—Saturday, Nov. 24, is a red letter day for Lodge Lincolnites and Lincolnite Juniors Circle 54 as this is the date for our Victory Dance and Bazaar to be held at the Slovane Dom at 11th & Kansas sts. Music by John Gorsek and his orchestra. Dancing starts at 8:30 p. m., but come early so you may have a good choice of the articles to be sold at our bazaar.

Everything is in readiness for our Circle's bazaar which is our first big affair since our organization in May. Everyone has been busy for a number of weeks sewing, embroidering, etc. In our gaily decorated booths you will find the cutest little novelty gypsy pins which you can wear to adorn your lapels, pretty blue and pink sashet bags for your handkerchief box; cuddly stuffed dolls every youngster will adore; embroidered and appliqued dish towels and sunbonnet pot holders to brighten up your kitchen; lovely luncheon cloths with napkins which you will be proud of when entertaining bridge, and beautiful aprons for you to wear when preparing hubby's favorite meal.

Then, too, we have the cutest heart shaped pin cushions to keep those stray pins safe. Also there will be sewing boards for mother. On these you will find two spools thread, one thimble and a pin cushion and two small hooks where seasons may be hung. Very cute indeed! Oh yes, we will have lovely paper flowers too, in all different colors to brighten up your favorite room and last but, far from least, we will have homemade peanut brittle, caramels, and fudge for those who have a sweet tooth.

Our committee, Shirley Davenport, Loretta Kinsz, Georgianna Kerniski, Mimi Proctor, and Mary Parkinson are anxiously waiting to show you their knack at salesmanship.

The Lincolnites promise to have plenty of beer on tap and other refreshments too, so this alone should be a good reason for joining our crowd.

So to all Slovenes in Springfield and surrounding territories we extend a cordial welcome to you and your friends to come and help us celebrate this Victory Dance with our boys returning home from the armed forces.

Let us all join hands and help make this a gala affair.

FRANCES H. LAZAR, Assistant Manager, Circle 54.  
In Memory of Mother  
BRIDGEVILLE, PA.—In loving memory of our dear mother, Mary Gasvoda, who passed away six years ago on 23, 1939. A silent thought, a lonely tear, mother, in our hearts, you are still here. Sadly missed by sons and daughters, Southview, Pa.  
MICHAEL GASVODA.  
There Are Exceptions  
"There's only one way to get rid of your surplus fat. Exercise, and plenty of it."  
"Nonsense. How do you account for my wife's double chin?"  
your reservations now for the banquet facilities at Sygan are limited.  
MICHAEL R. KUMER.

# America Is American

By Louis Adamic

(The following address was delivered by Louis Adamic at Children's Book Council luncheon, Hotel Astor, New York, Nov. 12.)

"One nation, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all."—From the Pledge of Allegiance.

"Here (in the United States) is not merely a nation but a teeming nation of nations."—Wall Whitman, 1855.

The pledge of allegiance seems to be in the same category of idealism as the Ten Commandments, the Sermon on the Mount and the twelve points of President Truman's foreign policy. We say the pledge, we have the youngsters say it in school, and we more or less mean it, but in practice we fall short in many instances.

Right now it appears to me that our tendency to fall short in practice on our professed idealism or moral precepts is very great. I think most of us have observed that several of the Ten Commandments, to say nothing of the Sermon on the Mount, have tough sledding.

As for our foreign policy in practice, Mr. Walter Lippmann in his column of Nov. 1 described it as "Perilous Drift"—that was the title of his article. We're drifting; in practice there is no over-all idea, attitude or scheme to go by; we try to tackle each problem separately, and we muddle it, for Bulgarian elections, British finance, Italian colonies, Trieste, Palestine, China and Indonesia are so interwoven that they cannot be handled piecemeal by ill-informed officials—usually after these problems have blown up in our face. We, the official we in Washington, said Mr. Lippmann, don't know what it is all about, and as of now the prospect in our international relations is "a gigantic failure . . . a catastrophe" for the whole country, for the world.

These last are Mr. Lippmann's words, and I think he is right; and what is true of our foreign policy is true of some important phases of our domestic life.

I am not going to try to speak of all of them; my assignment is to make a few remarks on what is wrong in our ethnic picture—which, however, let me hasten to say, is not a picture that you can isolate. Its dynamics overlap into other national processes: labor and politics, religion and education. It is a central, insistent factor in our whole cultural atmosphere. It also enters into our foreign policy. It will have much to do with our future national and international competence.

And, assuming that Mr. Lippmann's "gigantic failure" now in prospect will somehow be avoided—assuming, that is, that World War III and atomic destruction will not occur—I think that those who write, edit, publish and sell children's books have an opportunity to make a contribution toward this country's eventual ability to handle itself wisely and effectively in the next few extremely difficult decades. Indeed, your work may not be futile even if we do have an all-out atomic war; for, in a burst of optimism the other day, Professor Albert Einstein declared that, in his opinion, even if two-thirds of mankind on this earth should be atomically removed from existence, the chances are that enough people and books—books—will be left to start civilization over again. Leaving aside what kind of people, the question is what kind of books will be left, and that's where you come in.

I hope that I am addressing myself also to some textbook writers and editors and publishers, and some educators and teachers, particularly those writing, publishing and teaching American history. Their responsibility for the current ethnic situation in the United States is very considerable, as is their opportunity right now to improve that situation in the future. Personally, I never went to school in America; in fact, I scarcely went to school anywhere at all; and you may think me presumptuous in talking this way to people who have spent all of their lives in schools; but of course there is no compulsion to take me seriously.

So far as I am concerned, if there is going to be an atomic war, it would be just as well if the atom bombs destroyed most of the textbooks used in American-history courses. They are a large source of mischief.

The pledge of allegiance is recited every morning in tens of thousands of schools before lessons begin: "One nation, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all." Then what happens? Tens of thousands of teachers and millions of young people open their histories, and there, if not in black on white, then implicitly, by emphasis and through selection of facts, is the concept that the United States is a White-Protestant-Anglo-Saxon country with an Anglo-Saxon civilization struggling to preserve itself against infiltration by other civilizations or cultures brought here by Negroes and hordes of foreigners.

There are exceptions to what I am saying but too few to mention here. Most school history books fail to make creditable contributions of non-Anglo-Saxon and non-White individuals. All that is really good and vital in the country's development seems to be traced to the May-

flower. All the worthwhile seed corn, our history writers seem to imply, came over on that superliner. That Poles and Germans and Armenians were in the Jamestown Colony is so dark a secret that almost no American historian is aware of it, judging by his books; and of course scarcely anyone knows that Jamestown survived largely owing to these Germans and Poles and Armenians who were skilled artisans and, unlike most of the silk-and-English, capable of putting in a good day's work.

Lafayette and De Kalb, von Steuben and Pulaski and Kosciuszko are mentioned in many school histories, but for the most part only mentioned. Haym Salomon, the Philadelphia Jew, an immigrant from Poland, who helped to finance the American Revolution, rates a phrase in a few of them.

Philip Mazzei, the Italian friend of Thomas Jefferson, who had a considerable role in crystallizing American revolutionary ideology in the early 1770s and is said to have originated the phrase "all created equal," is left out almost entirely. So is John Peter Zenger, the New York printer and newspaperman, an immigrant from Germany who in 1737 refused to be terrorized by the English governor of the New York Colony, went to jail for his views, was tried and acquitted, and thus initiated the tradition of the freedom of the press.

My incomplete reading of the history of that period leads me to say that the Irish probably were as numerous and important a factor in the War of Independence as the Anglo-Saxon element. Some twenty years ago the Irish American historian Michael J. O'Brien embarrassed the late Henry Cabot Lodge, then a leading champion of the Anglo-Saxon concept of American history, by challenging him to produce any record of Cabots and Lodges in the Revolution to match the 75 O'Briens on the Massachusetts rolls alone, or the 236 of that name on the rolls of all the states. The Irish and the Germans were a large part of the backbone of the Revolution—but there is no mention of that in the textbooks which are studied by Irish and German American youngsters along with youngsters of other backgrounds.

There are tens of thousands of such facts in the American Story that are omitted from the school histories—not because there isn't room to put in everything, which of course is a consideration, but because they don't fit into the concept—seldom stated, but always implied—that this is an Anglo-Saxon country and that the truly standard Americans are those who can sport Mayflower blossoms on their family trees.

This concept is not only all wrong—but dangerous; and let me make clear that it is not my purpose, here or in my writing, to try to dim the glory of the Anglo-Saxon element's contribution to the history and heritage of the United States. My purpose is to suggest—more, to urge—that immigration from many countries—the story of immigration from the 16th century down to the present—ought to be the basis and the center of American history in the textbooks, as it actually was in American history as it happened. Most of the textbooks now used in grade and high schools and in teachers' colleges and normal schools and in liberal arts colleges have but a paragraph or a page on immigration, treating it not as the basis and the core of America, but as a side show. That's a mistake—a mistake not only in fact but in that it unfavorably affects American culture and restricts our ability to function capably in national and international relationships.

Let us say that the student is a young American of Italian or Slavic or Armenian or Syrian immigrant parentage or grand-parentage. He studies about "our forefathers," Washington and Adams and Jefferson; but of course they are not his forefathers in any sense he can see, unless he gets into a frame of mind in which he tends to deny his parents or be ashamed of them, unless he attempts to become a phony Anglo-Saxon. But even this frame of mind, if he manages to trick himself into it, doesn't work. He suffers humiliation, disappointment, frustration. He isn't considered a standard American. He's a Wop or a Hunkey.

So from the history class he goes to the sociology class, or to the current-events room, and there immigration is treated as a problem—not as a story—not as one of the greatest stories under the sun, but as a problem which is split into various sub-problems: the Italian problem, the Polish problem, the problem of immigrant criminality, the Jewish problem—problems which are not quite as bad as the Negro problem, but bad enough. There are scores and scores of books on immigration and on the Negro and on the Jew as problems. Some are required reading in high schools

and colleges. These books, in conjunction with the history textbooks, are responsible for much that mars our ethnic picture.

I wasn't the least surprised when in recent weeks White pupils in Gary and Chicago and here in New York demonstrated against Negro youngsters attending the same schools. I think those demonstrations are a consequence of the White-Protestant-Anglo-Saxon concept of the United States, and I am not forgetting that most of the White demonstrators were not of Anglo-Saxon descent nor Protestant in religion. In them, Americanism is frustrated, or they have assumed what they think is the Anglo-Saxon coloring in an effort to escape being made to feel inferior, and now they find their compensation in refusing to go to school with Negro boys and girls.

Of course this is even more complicated than I make it here; I am obliged to be brief.

I know an Italian American boy whose formerly twisted personality has blossomed out in the last three years partly under the stimulus of discovering Philip Mazzei's role in the pre-Revolutionary period of American history. I've closely observed this case, and am convinced it is so. But he didn't learn of Mazzei from his history books in grade school and high school. Nor does the Jewish boy often learn of Haym Salomon in school. The Irish saga in America's beginnings, the Slavic story in our industrial development, are not found in textbooks.

(Continued next week)

## Soldier Demands for Postwar America

As Reported by "Yank"

Each month the editor of Yank, the Army weekly, poses a question for the discussion of readers. The letters from servicemen in response to this question are then published in a section called, "The Soldier Speaks." When the question, "What changes would you like to see in postwar America?", an unusually large number of soldiers responded.

The GIs gave very similar replies to this vital question. The overwhelming majority replied that the first need for America was to remove all racial and religious prejudice. Such answers as "Make racial discrimination a Federal offense," and "Wipe out all forms of Jim Crow in every state," came from all parts of the world.

A master sergeant writing from a hospital in New Guinea, suggested the establishment of a strong national organization to break down sectional barriers. He wrote, "Should any section be handicapped in any manner in attaining the national standard of living, other sections of the country should help it to lighten its burden. We must learn to live together regardless of race, color, creed, customs, or domain."

A southern staff sergeant wrote in that as long as individual states are allowed to decide whether they will tolerate low wages and racial bigotry, we will always have these evils. He continued, "To make democracy work, many political and religious groups in the United States will have to believe in democracy for the first time and remove some of their discriminations and prejudices."

## "New Yugoslavia" at Toman Library Forum

Chicago.—Friday, Nov. 24, at 8:30 p. m., Mirko Kuhel, SANC secretary, will speak at the Toman Library forum on the subject "New Yugoslavia." The singing of native songs by a Yugoslav singing group is also on the program for the evening. Donald Lotrich, member of the forum committee, will act as chairman. Admission free.

## Hunger in Europe This Winter

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Starvation and misery is facing millions of people in Europe. We, on whose soil not one bomb has fallen, where not one mine has been planted, where not one fascist atrocity has been perpetrated can hardly imagine the destruction and chaos the Nazis left behind them in those lands which their boots have trampled.

Many Americans still don't know that the German Luftwaffe tore up the harvests in Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Russia and Poland; that they have carted away the tractors and the draft animals; that they confiscated all foods to feed their own murderous armies. It will be a long time before the people of Europe will be able to refertilize their soil, repair their transportation, and feed the entire population.

One thing is clear. Millions will starve this winter unless America offers aid.

The people of Europe do not come to us as beggars. They were our allies in war and they are our allies in peace. Our aid to them now would be an investment in the democratic and peoples' governments they are trying to build. It would prevent disease and unrest and would guarantee that these people would be able to make their full contribution toward the security and peace not only of Europe but of America as well.

Our country is rich. During the war the United States produced more food than ever before. The insignificant sacrifices that the average American would make in his diet would mean the survival of millions of babies, mothers and those who have suffered through six years of barbarous warfare. For instance, the emergency conference on world food crisis held on Aug. 7, 1945, in Washington, D. C., brought the following facts:

"Half the sugar used in soft drinks and other luxury products would give every resident of France about 26 pounds of sugar a year. Americans now eat 72 pounds."

"Giving up one pint a month would provide enough milk to millions of babies, young children and mothers in Europe for the next six months."

"Americans eat one egg a day. Every American giving up one egg a week to be shipped abroad would mean 100 a year for everybody in France, Holland, Belgium and Norway."

"If every American would give up 3 ounces of meat a week, two-thirds of Europe's desperate need could be met."

"If Americans would eat 10 per cent less meat, cheese, condensed and evaporated milk, fats and oils (including butter) and dried beans, 1,200,000 tons would be available for Europe."

The American people are ready to make these sacrifices. Only recently the Gallup Poll showed that 85% of the American people answered "Yes" to the question, "Would you be willing to continue to put up with present shortages of butter, sugar, meat and other rationed products in order to give food to people who need it in Europe?"

How then can we convert the desire and good will of millions of Americans, anxious and willing to help, into effective expressions? Our country has pledged a contribution of one and a half billion dollars to the UNRRA, the organization set up by the United Nations to aid liberated countries. The U.S. has contributed only half of its share. Congress is now conducting hearings on making the remaining appropriation. We must see to it that this appropriation is made. Aid must be forth-

coming first to those countries whose people have exhibited the greatest heroism despite all odds—the are the Slav countries of Europe.

The American Slav Congress of Western Pennsylvania is appealing to all Americans, and particularly to those of Slav origin, to organize delegations to their Congressmen to urge them to vote for an additional appropriation to UNRRA; to adopt resolutions at the meetings of their organizations in support of this campaign and to send them to President Truman, Secretary of Agriculture Anderson, and to leaders of the Senate and House of Representatives; to write personal letters to the President and Congress.

Unless this is done now, it may be too late!

AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS OF WEST PENNSYLVANIA.

## Concordians Capture League Lead

CLEVELAND, OHIO.—With the top-ranking Utopian Dukes and Dudes absorbing a lacing from their opponents, the Concordians slid into first place by a one game margin after nipping the Spartans in two mattes. Steve Lunder slapped out a 533 series to shine for the new bosses. John Pretner's 519 series was high for the Spartans. Incidentally, this season's competition is turning out to be the closest race in SNPJ history as only seven games separate the leaders and the last place in this eight team league.

The cellar occupying Comrades clipped the Utopian Dukes in two contests. Honor went to Joe Prijatelj who had a 486 series for the former and George Jelinek who racked up a 545 set for the latter.

Spurred on by Charlie Drasler's fine kegling the Loyalties tripped the Utopian Dudes in two meales after losing the initial fray by four sticks. Chuck churned his ebony in the strike pocket frequently for a 582 series. Joe Matthews with a 559 series was tops for the Dudes.

Taking advantage of a rare Lunder-Adamic relapse, the Utopian Dandies easily won all three games. Nick Spehar jittered along in a frisky fashion for the Dandy men with a 544 series. Mike Poklar's 572 series was the line bright spot in the Luder's letdown.

200 Circle: F. Zupon 237, M. Poklar 234, J. Spilar 222, C. Drasler 217, J. Matthews 212, N. Spehar 210, C. Stuzen 202, F. Spehek 201, S. Lunder 201, A. Perdan 200.

Sideline Slants: Participating in a hectic match game at Geneva, O., the night before, the Lunder-Adamic Hotshots lost all their zip and dropped all three conflicts to the Utopian Dandies. That country air is confusia, eh, fellows! . . . Frank Svigel consistent with 148, 147 and 149 for three fours—444 . . . Also Eddie Tomsic who had 157, 157 and 141 and the Utopian Dudes in marking up team scores of 842, 842 and 861 . . . Joe Skerbec sparing up the 5-7 and 5-10 splits. . . . Those three Prijatelj boys of the Comrades didn't live up to their names, which in Slovenian means friends. "Kakni Prijatelj so ti fantje," said the Dukes after losing the first two games.

JOHN J. SPILAR, Sec'y.

## Co-op Food Store Managers Course

CHICAGO (CLNS)—Stepping up its program to meet the need for trained personnel in cooperatives, Rochdale Institute has announced plans for two technical training courses to be held in November and December.

An Advanced Cooperative Food Store Managers Institute will be held on the campus of George Williams College in Chicago from Nov. 5 to 17. Technical men in food distribution from the regional cooperative wholesales will constitute the faculty.

A Regional Fieldworkers Training Course will be held in Minneapolis Nov. 26 to Dec. 7. The course is designed for those now employed as commodity and educational field men and those about to assume such responsibility. Applicants for the course must have the endorsement of their regional cooperative.

Complete information about both courses can be secured from C. J. McLanahan, acting director of Rochdale Institute, 343 South Dearborn St., Chicago 4, Ill.

## Vrataric's Son Back On Indiana CIO Staff

The CIO News in its Nov. 5 Paper Workers' edition prints four items about Nicholas Vrataric and his work with PWOC-CIO in Indiana. Nicholas is the son of Bro. Frank Vrataric, member of the SNPJ supreme board.

Young Vrataric is back on the PWOC staff, working out of the Indianapolis CIO office, after 16 months overseas with the 3rd Infantry Division. He saw action in Italy, France and Germany, was wounded three times and accumulated a number of citations. Prior to his enlistment Sept. 7, 1943, he was a CIO organizer in Elkhart, Ind., and now he is on the bargaining committee.

Bro. Nicholas Vrataric, his wife and their two sons are members of the SNPJ. His two younger brothers, Michael and Frank Jr., are still in Uncle Sam's armed forces.

## Consumer Co-ops Show Progress

NEW YORK, N. Y. (CLNS)—Consumer cooperatives in the United States and Canada affiliated with National Cooperatives and the Cooperative League of the U. S. A. own and operate 158 mills, factories and refineries, according to a survey just completed by the Cooperative League.

In addition, these cooperatives own and operate 1684 miles of pipeline and 429 oil wells.

The consumer cooperatives have moved into the field of production for four fundamental reasons: first, to assure a constant source of supply; second, to control quality of goods distributed through retail cooperatives; third, to make additional savings where prices from manufacturers are held at artificially high levels; and fourth, to curb monopoly.

The United States Bureau of Labor Statistics recently reported that goods produced in plants operated by the consumer cooperatives reached a total of nearly \$65 million in 1944 and that large proportions of both retail and wholesale earnings of cooperatives are due to the operation of productive plants. The Cooperative League estimates that the total production in 1945 will be well over that figure.

Largest single factor in terms of investment and production are the ten oil refineries owned by members of National Cooperatives and the Cooperative League. These ten refineries have a weekly capacity of 65,500 barrels of petroleum. The gathering pipelines and distributing lines serving these refineries are 1684 miles in length and as of Oct. 15, 429 oil wells were owned and operated by these associations with several more being drilled on oil properties of more than 100,000 acres leased by the cooperatives.

In addition, these cooperatives operate nine oil compounding plants which blend lubricating oil to specifications of farm and city consumer owners of the co-ops.

In the farm supply field, the consumer co-ops have gone further than in any other activity. These co-ops own and operate eleven fertilizer factories, 18 feed mills, 7 seed mills, 7 insecticide and fungicide and dust manufacturing plants and 39 chick hatcheries.

One of the most recent developments in this field has been in soy bean processing. The cooperatives are now operating eight soy bean processing plants in the middle-west. In the field of farm machinery production, co-ops own four factories, a milking machine factory, tractor factory, farm implements factory and a corn picker factory.

In the field of food production, this same group of co-ops own and operate two flour mills, two coffee roasteries, two canneries, seven bakeries and eight miscellaneous food processing plants including a bottling works, sausage factory, dairies, slaughter house and packing plant.

Rounding out the production units are five printing plants, six saw mills, two paint factories and four coal mines.

Among the miscellaneous production units are a chemical products laboratory, hot water heater factory, two serum factory, grease factory, two alfalfa dehydrators and a pre-fabricated housing plant.

It should be noted that these production units include only cooperatives affiliated with National Cooperatives and The Cooperative League of the USA. There are a number of additional production units owned by other consumer and purchasing cooperatives and, of course, many processing plants owned by marketing associations.

## Co-ops in Relocation Centers Save Million

WASHINGTON, D. C. (CLNS)—Nine of the wartime periods' outstanding examples of democracy are closing up with the closing of the War Relocation Centers for Japanese-American civilians who were evacuated from the west coast. Consumer cooperatives in these nine centers gave the evacuees a chance to apply democracy to business and to save themselves nearly a million dollars a year.

When the evacuees moved into the Centers, they were encouraged to organize consumer cooperatives. At the close of the war, these co-ops located at Tule Lake and Man-

zana, California; Heart Mountain, Wyoming; Poston and Rivers, Arizona; Hunt, Idaho; Topaz, Utah; Amache, Colorado, and Rohwer, Arkansas, reported yearly sales of nearly \$7 million with a net savings of \$852,000. Tule Lake, the largest of them, had sales for the year of \$1,705,000 and savings of \$236,378.

"These cooperatives were autonomous and operated with entire independence of the government," according to Otto Rossmann, head of the Business Enterprise Section of the War Relocation Authority, in a special statement for the Cooperative Builder. "The government has no investment in them and maintains no control over their operation. They are strictly democratic enterprises."

These nine co-ops had 36,399 members in 1944. They operate 166 stores and service centers in the nine communities and employed approximately 1800 people. The co-ops worked closely with the established regional cooperative wholesale at Oakland, California, and Kansas City and were audited by a cooperative auditing service in Walla Walla, Wash.

## Why Conscription

The reconvening Congress will very likely witness another drive on the part of the administration, backed with all the arrogant power that resides in the hordes of parasites of the new officer and military caste, to put over peacetime conscription. In view of the end of the war, the fact that the United States has emerged as the most powerful imperialist nation in the world, and in view of the American possession—at least temporarily—of the capacity to produce the atomic bomb, there is an undeniable pressure for a quick demobilization of men, and opposition to further conscription of any kind.

At the moment, it is difficult for American imperialists and capitalists to justify conscription. America's strength, concentrated in the hands of its ruling class, bestrides the world. If it were not for the urgent drive of capitalist economy, it could afford a brief breathing spell between wars.

Given the failure to produce an "enemy"—all the current ones now lying prostrate under the heel of the "peace-loving" nations—it has been difficult to make a case for maintenance of a 7-million man army, the greatest navy and air force in the world, and the institution of conscription for the first time in American history.

The strategy pursued by the Administration appears to be one of "babying along" the people, along the lines made popular by President Roosevelt. Thus it has been suggested that a type of draft based on the National Guard be instituted, and various legislators have been suggesting that possibly the army could be made more attractive by additional pay, and various bonus arrangements.

A few Congressmen have also advised sweating out the demands of constituents that men be demobilized and peace time conscription be avoided by saying the situation might change "as more war jobs are cut off."

Meanwhile, despite the apparent willingness of the government to yield to the demands of the people, when the real issues are to be faced, there will be no shirking. Thus Truman in his budget message could find nothing superfluous in the billions that the army and navy were expending, nor was there any attempt on the part of many congressmen to object to the demand of the navy that nine major naval bases would have to be maintained in the Pacific, strictly in the interests of defense.

Actually peacetime conscription is not in itself the major issue. More important is the fact that the American economy is now engaged in bringing the world under its sway. Faced with a tremendous "surplus" of men and potential production, the American economy is engaged in a rapacious drive for markets to rid itself of goods which its own workers cannot purchase at home.

These goods will go to Europe and to Asia, at the expense of American workers who will pay the export subsidy costs. And the only way that these goods will go will be with the aid of the bayonets of America's soldiers, who will try to (a) prevent a socialist solution to the problems of Europe and Asia; (b) keep possible competitors out.—THE CALL

PINOCHLE & SHEEPSHEAD HEADQUARTERS

## ROZIC'S PLACE

1101-05 South First Street  
JACOB ROZIC, Prop.  
DANCING EVERY SAT. NIGHT  
HALL FOR MEETINGS, SOCIALS AND OCCASIONS

### Heartfelt Thanks

and deep appreciation to our many friends and relatives for the acts of kindness, messages of sympathy and beautiful floral offerings in our sad bereavement in the loss of our darling daughter

## CAROL ANN KOMATZ

who passed away on October 13, 1945, following a protracted illness. She was seven years old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Komatz of 737 Cedar Way, Oakmont, Pa. Carol Ann was a juvenile member of Ramblers Lodge No. 713 SNPJ at Harnarville, Pa. Besides her parents, surviving is one brother, Larry, age 3.

Mr. and Mrs. CARL KOMATZ, Oakmont, Pa.

## She Wrote Swell Letters—But!

WHEN GLADYS WROTE TO HER BOY FRIEND JOE IN THE NAVY, HER LETTERS HAD EVERYTHING THEY WERE JUST THE KIND OF LETTERS JOE LIKED TO GET—FULL OF LOVE AND CHEERFULNESS.

GLADYS NEVER, NEVER, WROTE JOE WORRY LETTERS—ON THE CONTRARY, HER LETTERS HAD EVERYTHING JOE LIKED TO GET—FULL OF LOVE AND CHEERFULNESS.

AND IN HER MIND, GLADYS PICTURED JOE READING HER LETTERS WITH EXPRESSIONS OF LOVE AND HAPPINESS ON HIS FACE.

GLADYS ALWAYS POSTED JOE'S LETTERS PROMPTLY, AND EVERYTHING WAS JUST PERFECT EXCEPT ONE THING—

JOE NEVER RECEIVED HER LETTERS! POSTAL SYSTEM TO BLAME? NOPE!

Get Joe's Swell Delivery Pacific Coast

INSTEAD OF THIS

JOHN M. SHULTZ, 3000 1/2 ST. FRANCISCO, CALIF.