

Dobro je bilo na naši slavnosti

Okrog 4000 ljudi je posetilo prostore in se zabavalo na dan SNPJ v Chicagu

Sedmi dan SNPJ, prvi v Chicagu, ni zaostal za prejšnjimi. Bil je lepa manifestacija našega članstva s srednjega in severnega zapada, ki je prišlo v Chicagu največ v avtobusih in privatnih avtih. Prišli pa so člani tudi iz zapadne Pennsylvanije, iz Girarda in Clevelanda, O., iz Detroita in Indiana in celo skalnati Leadville v gorah Colorado je bil zastopan.

Po konservativnem računu nas je bilo okrog 4000 v White Eagle Grovu v Lyonsu ob reki Desplaines, kjer se je vrtil glavni program v nedeljo, dne 31. avgusta.

Izmed zunanjih gl. odbornikov SNPJ so bili navzoči Milan Medvešek iz Clevelanda, Malga in Klanšek iz La Salle, Ill., Bolka iz Milwaukeeja, Goršek iz Springfielda in Podboy iz Strabana, Pa.

Za zbiranje članov in drugih gostov sta bili dve središči: dom SNPJ in Masonic Temple, med katerima je pet blokov razdalje. Mnogi, ki so se stekali v domu jednote, kjer je bila centrala za informacije in okrepčila, so se zvečer prvega dne, to je v soboto, zabavali v Masonic Templu skoro vso noč. Razume se, da je tudi Slovenski delavski center, ki je sraven Masonic Temple, dobil precejšen delež gostov.

Rekord slavnosti je pa bil prej omenjeni White Eagle Grove ali vrt, ki se nahaja sraven javnega parka (Forest Preserve). Vrt je služil za okrepčila vsake vrste, park pa za sabavo in program. Na vrtu je bila takšna gneča, da si se težko prerinil in ker je bil dan precej soparen, so bili fantje pri barih čez glavo zaposleni, če so hoteli točno postreči vsem žejnim ljudem.

To je bilo popoldne, toda predpoldne ni nihče spal, kajti takrat so se kosale atletske skupine SNPJ v Sparta Stadiumu, Cermak Road in Kostner ave., za prvenstvo. In sveda—prvenstvo so odnesli naši vrli športarji iz Verona, Pa. Podrobnosti o tej stvari so v angleški sekciji današnje Prosvete.

Federacija čikaških društev, ki je imela vso slavnost v oskrbi, je preskrbela avto z zvonički, ki so raznašali godbo, petje in govore daleč naokoli. Vsakdo je lahko sedel pri svoji mizi v parku in aliha vse, kar je donelo iz zvoničkov in daljavi. Program je vodil predsednik federacije Donald J. Lotrich.

Glavni govornik, predsednik Cainkar, je bil odsoten zaradi bolezni, nadomestil ga je pa gl. tajnik Vider. Dalje so poslušali občinstvo navzoči člani gl. odbora. Pevska zborova Sava in Predoren sta odpela več pesmi; navzoča sta bila tudi mladinska krožka iz Milwaukeeja in Waukegana. Program je trajal skoro do večera.

Proti večeru je bil avto z zvonički premeščen na vrt, kjer so ljudje podvojili gnečo čakajoč na vsako točko. Med šest in sedmo uro je imel biti oddan avtomobil Chevroletovega modela. Ta točka se je nekoliko zakasnila, končno pa je zvoniček naznanil, da je avtomobil lastnina nekega mladega dekleta iz South Chicago po imenu E. Bednar. Po tem naznanilu so se množice ulice v čakajoče avtobuse, avto in ulične vosove v bližini. Pitkanja je bilo konec.

Naslednji dan, na delavski praznik, se je vrtilo zborovanje atletov SNPJ v jednotni dvorani. Atletske skupine so sklenile, da prihodnji dan SNPJ bo v Clevelandu, O. Po zborovanju je bila prosta zabava v domu SNPJ do poznega večera.

Delavski praznik je bil tudi dan poslavljanja. Zunanji gostje so odhajali, nekatere skupine z vlaki, toda večina s avti.

Poslovlili smo se od bratov in sester v prijetni zavesti, da trije dnevi slavlja niso bili zaman—da smo se dobro imeli v Chicagu in da se spet vidimo čez leto dni v Clevelandu.

Anglija prevzela vse železnice

Delavci zahtevajo višje plače

London, 2. sept.—Vlada je vzela v najem vse železnice, katere bo obratovala, dokler bo trajala vojna in najmanj eno leto po zaključanju konflikta. Uradno naznanilo pravi, da bo najemina znašala \$172,000,000 na leto.

Vsota najemnine bo plačana železnicom Great Western, London & Northeastern, London Midland & Scottish in Southern Railways na podlagi dogovora, ki ga je vlada sklenila z upravami teh železnic. Ta dogovor je nadomestil prejšnjega, s katerim se je vlada obvezala, da bo plačala železnicom \$160,000,000 na leto.

Minister za transportacijo je izjavil, da je zvišanje najemnine opravičeno, ker so se transportacijski stroški povečali v zadnjih mesecih.

Klavniški delavci in vozniki tovornih avtov so šli v boj za zvišanje plače in zapetili z okolišne stavke, če bo zahteva odklonjena. Več tisoč delavcev bo prizadetih, če konflikt ne bo izravnal na miren način. Delavci zahtevajo zvišanje plače za \$3 na teden.

Sovjetska misija v Alaski

Priprave za polet v Washington

Nome, Alaska, 2. sept.—Mihajl Gromov, načelnik misije 47 Rusov, ki so prileteli sem iz Moskve preko severnega tečaja v dveh veletalih, je naznanil, da bodo danes odleteli proti Alaski. Člani misije zdaj čakajo prihoda konzula Fedotova iz Fairbanksa.

Rusi so prileteli sem v soboto zvečer nenaznanjeni. Možnost je, da bodo danes odleteli proti Siski, Alaski, in od tam proti Seattle, Wash., od tam v San Francisco in potem v Washington.

Ne Gromov in ne ostali člani misije niso hoteli povedati reporterjem, kaj je namen obiska v Ameriki. Izjavili so le, da so preleteli razdaljo 6000 milj med Moskvo in Nomom v 42 urah.

Washington, D. C., 2. sept.—Ameriški in ruski krogi molče o nalogi sovjetske misije, ki pride v Washington. Nekateri uradniki so namignili, da se bodo Rusi prišli v vojaškimi veščaki posvetovati z vojaškimi veščaki in si ogledali najnovejše vojne mašine, ki jih izdelujejo ameriške industrije.

SAMO ENA POLITIČNA STRANKA V FRANCIJI

Petai sledi Hitlerju in Mussoliniju

BIVŠI MINISTER ARETIRAN

Vichy, Francija, 2. sept.—Premier Henri Petain je naznanil formiranje stranke, ki bo podpirala njegov program rekonstrukcije poražene Francije, na zborovanju Legije vojnih veteranirov. V svojem govoru je naglasil, da bo vstop v to, edino politično stranko, odprt tudi "prostovoljcem", ki odobravajo program narodnega preropenja in revolucije.

Opazovalci trdijo, da premierjeva deklaracija pomeni, da je samo ena stranka priznana kot legalna v Franciji. Ta je Legija, katere načelnik je Petain. Kakor Nemčija in Italija, je Francija zdaj postala država z eno politično stranko.

Organizacija bivših vojakov, ki je v zasedeni in nezasedeni Franciji proslavljala obletnico svoje ustanovitve, si je osvojila ime Svobodna legija bojevnikov in prostovoljcev za narodno revolucijo. Njena glavna naloga bo poživljenje patriotizma in borba proti komunizmu ter zunanjim agentom. Legija ima okrog 1,200,000 članov, veteranirov iz dveh vojn. Manifest, predčan na zborovanjih veteranirov v Vichyju in drugih mestih, zagotavlja podporo Petainu in admiralu Jeanu Darlanu, podpredsedniku vlade in zunanjemu ministru.

Znamenja so se že pokazala, da Petainova stranka ne bo dohila opore pri ljudstvu. Možnost je, da jo čaka ista usoda kot je doletela narodno stranko, ki je bila ustanovljena po kapitulaciji Francije pred Nemčijo. Slednja je živitarila le nekaj mesecev. Celo pariški tisk, ki je pod nacijsko kontrolo, je sprejel Petainovo deklaracijo o formiranju vladne stranke hladno na znanje. Ta je objavil članek Fernanda Brinona, Petainovega reprezentanta v Parizu, ki pravi med drugim, da ni bilo političnih diskuzij z Nemčijo o formiranju vladne stranke.

V Vichyju je bila naznanjena aretacija Leona Perriera, bivšega delavskega ministra, na obtožbo, da je protizidar in da ima zveze s pristaši generala Charlesa de Gaulle, voditelja vseh svobodnih Francozov. Perrier je bil po aretaciji odvoden v internacijsko taborišče pri Vals-les-Bainsu.

Willkie postal direktor ladjegradniške korporacije

New York, 2. sept.—Wendell L. Willkie, predsedniški kandidat republikanske stranke pri novembrskih volitvah, je bil imenovan za direktorja New York Shipbuilding Corp., največje ladjegradniške korporacije na vzhodu. Ta gradi v svojih ladjedelnicah bojne ladje in trgovske parnike. V zadnjih osemnajstih mesecih je dobila vladna naročila za pol milijarde dolarjev.

Kostarika odbila nemško zahtevo

San Jose, Kostarika, 2. sept.—Vlada je odbila zahtevo Nemčije, naj odpokliče svoje konzule iz dežel, katere so okupirale Hitlerjeve armade. Izjavila je, da bi to pomenilo priznanje nacijske osvoboditve teh dežel, kar Kostarika in druge ameriške države ne odobravajo. Zunanji minister Alberto Echandi je pozval Berlin, naj umakne zahtevo.

Domače vesti

Našo konvencijo pozdravljajo

Chicago.—The American Slav, mesečnik, ki izhaja v Pittsburghu, pozdravlja v svoji septembrski številki 12. redno konvencijo SNPJ in v članku navaja nekaj zgodovinskih podatkov o naši organizaciji.

Še eden, ki je prišel iz starega kralja

New York.—Glas Naroda poroča, da je 25. avgusta prišel iz stare domovine znani dr. Josip Goričar s svojo ženo Heleno. Ko je bil vprašan, kakšne novice prinaša, je rekel: "Strašno, strašno! Saj ni mogoče povedati. Še sem ves razburjen in že štiri mesece nisem bral nobenih časopisov. Dajte mi malo časa, da se mi živci umirijo, potem vam bom pa povedal..."

Nov grob v Kansasu

Mulberry, Kans.—Dne 27. avgusta je umrl Gašpar Hribar, star 69 let in rojen v Trnovčah pri Domžalah. V Ameriki je bil okrog 40 let. Bil je samski in pri društvu ni bil nobenen. Pogreb mu je oskrbel slovenski združnični pogrebni zavod v Frontenacu.

Vesti iz Minnesote

Ely, Minn.—Dne 28. avgusta je tu umrla Ana Wulotz, stara čez 80 let in ena prvih naseljenk v tem kraju. V Ameriko je prišla kot majhna deklica s svojimi starši, ki so se naselili v najstarejši slovenski farmerski naselbini Kraintown v Minnesoti. Rojena je bila v bližini Bleda na Gorenjskem. Pred leti je bila članica SNPJ in na 4. redni konvenciji v Clevelandu je bila delegatinja.

Clevelandске vesti

Cleveland.—Stanley Lah, star 17 let in rojen tuja, je 30. avgusta umrl za poškodbami, ki jih je dobil prejšnji večer pri avtomobilski nesreči. Njegov brat Edward Lah je bil pobit pri isti nezgodi. Poleg njega zapuša mater, očima in sestro. Njegov oče je bil tudi ubit pri avtni nesreči pred devetimi leti.—Staršem Anton in Mary Zust je umrl desetletni sin Raymond.

iz Pennsylvanije

Yukon, Pa.—Joe Koračin mlajši s svojimi godbeniki bo igral vsako sredo ob 2:45 (Eastern Standard Time) na radiopostaji WHJB v Greensburgu, Pa. Poslušajte ga Joe je član društva 117 SNPJ.—V Prestu, Pa., sta bila pred kratkim poročena Frank Opeka in Franca Petrič. Nevesta je članica društva 166 SNPJ, ženin je pa član in blagajnik društva 716 SNPJ v Imperialu. Obilo sreče!—Družina Jos. in Ana Petner sta dobila hčerko prvorojenko, naša jednota pa novo članico. Matji je članica društva 166 SNPJ, Cestitke!

Protizidovska kampanja v Parizu

Zidovski bankir Rosenthal umorjen

Paris, 2. sept.—Gonja proti židom se je poostрила in žrtev te je postal med drugim bankir Adolph Rosenthal. Njegovo truplo so večer našli pod nekim mostom v distriktu Porte Maillot.

Preiskava je ugotovila, da je krogla iz revolverja ubila Rosenthala. Domneva je, da je bil ustreljen drugje in da so morilci vrgli njegovo truplo z avtomobila pod most, kjer je bilo najdeno. Preiskava je dalje doglajala, da so trije možje prišli v Rosenthalovo stanovanje in mu ukazali, naj gre z njimi v koncentracijsko taborišče.

Rosenthal je bil pred leti največji židovski finančnik v Evropi. Njegov brat Leonard je bil znan kot trgovec z dragulji in je pobegnil iz Francije kmalu po kapitulaciji pred Nemčijo. Leonard se baje nahaja v Ameriki.

Hrvaška kritizira ameriškega konzula

Obdolžila ga je nelegalnih aktivnosti

Rim, 2. sept.—Uradna časniškarska agentura Stefani je citirala izjavo hrvaškega zunanjega ministra Lorkoviča, v kateri je obdolžil Johna J. Mellyja, bivšega ameriškega konzula v Zagrebu, nelegalnih aktivnosti v prilog sovrainikom Italije in Nemčije. Lorković trdi, da se je konzul bolj zanimal za politiko kot za izvrševanje svojih dolžnosti. On je citiral med drugim konzulovo napoved o svetovni vojni, katero je izrekel 1. 1938, in da bo Nemčija napadla Hrvaško.

Lorković je dalje rekel, da so bile nelegalne aktivnosti vzrok za zatvoritev ameriškega konzulata v Zagrebu v juniju tega leta in ker Amerika ni hotela priznati hrvaške države. Melly se je ravnal po nasvetih državnega tajnika Hulla, ki je zahteval od njega in drugih konzulov natančne informacije o razpletu političnih dogodkov v državah, v katerih so se nahajali.

Hrvaška vlada je objavila sedem dokumentov, zaseženih v uradu ameriškega konzula v Zagrebu, ki kaže dokazujejo obdolžitev, da je Melly vodil nelegalne aktivnosti v prilog sovrainikom osi.

Melly, čigar dom je v Allentownu, Pa., se je povrnil v Ameriko 1. avgusta.

Senator Wheeler straši delavce

Izgubili bodo vse pravice, če se dežela zaplete v vojno

St. Charles, Ill., 2. sept.—Senator Burton K. Wheeler, demokrat iz Montane in vodilni izolacionist, je sinoči v svojem govoru v parku Pottawattomie dejal, da bodo ameriški delavci izgubili vse pravice na prvi dan, če bo šla ta dežela v vojno. On je zahteval od Roosevelta, naj drži obljube, katere je dal ameriške-mu ljudstvu, zaeno pa ga je pozval, naj opusti svojo kampanjo za vzpostavitev štirih svobod po vsem svetu.

Shod, na katerem je Wheeler govoril, je aranziral odbor America First. Voditelj tega odbora trdijo, da je senatorja poslušalo 20,000 do 30,000 ljudi. Njegov govor je bil po radiu razširjen po vsej Ameriki.

Senator je pozival delavce, naj bodo na straži pred Judeži v svojih vrstah, ki jih radi poglani v krvavi konflikt. Ameriški sinovi ne bi smeli umirati na tujih bojiščih za ohranitev sistema izkoriščevanja milijonov delavcev v Hongkongu, Indiji in na Malajskih otokih.

Predstavniki vlad v pregnanstvu apelirajo na Ameriko

London, 2. sept.—Kralja dveh držav in šest reprezentantov vlad v pregnanstvu v Londonu je apeliralo na Ameriko ob drugi obletnici izbruha vojne v Evropi, naj podpira borbo proti Hitlerju. Po radiu so govorili norveški kralj Haakon, jugoslovanski kralj Peter, predsednik poljske vlade Vladimir Sikorski, holandski premier Pieter Gerbrandy, belgijski premier Hubert Perlot, Jan Masaryk, tajnik čehoslovaške vlade, C. H. Simopoulos, grški poslanik v Londonu, in J. Beech, luksemburški zunanji minister. Sikorski je dejal, da se bodo poljske čete kmalu borile proti Nemcem na strani ruskih armad v smislu nedavnega sklenjenega pakta s sovjeti.

GREEN APELLIRA ZA DELAVSKO ENOTNOST

ADF odklanja odgovornost za razkol

DEKLARACIJA PREDSEDNIKA CIO

Grand Rapids, Mich., 2. sept.—William Green, predsednik Ameriške delavske federacije, je v svojem govoru po radiu na delavski praznik apeliral za vzpostavitev enotnosti v vrstah organiziranega delavstva, podvig zaupanja ameriškega ljudstva in industrijski mir, da se pospeši izvajanje programa narodne obrambe.

V svojem govoru ni omenil Kongresa industrijskih organizacij, poudaril pa je, da je njegova organizacija za mir med delavci in da v polnem obsegu podpira vse, ki so za obrambo Amerike in njenih zaveznikov.

"Ameriška delavska federacija odklanja odgovornost za nadaljevanje civilne vojne med organiziranimi delavci," je dejal. "Varnost Združenih držav zahteva enotnost med delavci. Kongresu so bili predloženi protidelavski načrti kot posledica dualnega rebelnega gibanja, komunističnega podizanja stavk v obrambnih industrijah in nepatriotičnih shem nekaterih voditeljev tega gibanja. ADF bo napela vse svoje sile, da se konflikt med delavci likvidira."

Washington, D. C., 2. sept.—James B. Carey, tajnik Kongresa industrijskih organizacij, je predčil na tujkajski radiopostaji poslanico Philipa Murrayja, predsednika CIO, ki je bolan, ha delavski praznik.

"Demonstrirali smo že," pravi Murray v poslanici, "da delavstvo ima razum, razpoloženje in voljo za prevzete odgovornosti pri udeležitvi vseh akcij, nanašajočih se na narodno obrambo. Naša ponudba glede kolektivne udeležitve se ni bila sprejeta, toda odnehati ne bomo v naporih, da se to zgodi. Delavstvo mora prevzeti mesto, ki mu pripada. Naša želja je, da Amerika postane dežela, ki zasluži obrambo s strani vseh državljanov."

Murray je omenil raztegnitev pravice kolektivnega pogajanja po unihaj CIO na kompanije, ki so se dolga leta borila proti delavskim organizacijam. CIO je izvojevala velike pridobitve v zadnjih mesecih v kampanji za zvišanje mezd in izboljšanje položaja delavcev.

438,610 otrok v čikaških šolah

Chicago, 2. sept.—James B. McCahey, predsednik šolskega odbora, je naznanil, da bo 438,610 otrok pohajalo ljudske šole, 10,000 manj kot v zadnjem šolskem letu. Padec se pripisuje znižanju števila rojstev, 454 osonovnih in srednjih šol v Chicagu je danes otvorilo vrata.

Velika letalska nesreča v Franciji

Marseilles, Francija, 2. sept.—Trinajst oseb je izgubilo življenje, ko je letalo, na katerem so se nahajale treščilo na jezero Bolmon. Član francosko-italijanske komisije za premirje Jean Gourret se je ubil v tej nesreči.

416 ljudi ubitih na cestah

Washington, D. C., 2. sept.—Po podatkih, ki jih je zbrala časopisna agentura Associated Press, je bilo 416 oseb ubitih v avtnih nesrečah po vsej Ameriki v zadnjih treh dneh. California je na prvem mestu v številu žrtev, ki znaša 46. V New Yorku je bilo ubitih 31 oseb, v Ohiju 28, v Illinoisu pa 27 oseb.

Glasovi iz nasebin

De o vprašanju enakopravnosti
 Milwaukee.—Ker se je sestra Bernik le usmili in priklenila na plan s svojo lekcijo nameni in moji resoluciji, pravi mi da tudi nji malo odgovora naj bo tudi nji malo odgovora naj bo tudi nji malo odgovora...

Da, ta razprava nam pokazuje zelo prozorno, da se demokracija tudi pri naših enotah modernizira. Saj vsi vemo, da je eno krilo demokracije zelo rododarno napram velikim podjetnikom in tako zvanim "boljšim krogom", kako se za te vedno najde pod roko prilika in luknja, skozi katero uhajajo posebni privilegiji in se stekajo bogastva na kupe. Na drugi strani pa drugo krilo demokracije bije delavski sloj po nosu, kadar se drzne povedati na glas merodajnim krogom, da se mu krivica godi. Kot je razvidno, se skušajo nekateri tudi med nami posluževati taktike kapitalističnih demokratov, ker nam dajejo razumeti, da radi te naše zahteve zaslužimo, da se nas bje po noseh in da naj še nadalje ostane to, kar je po tradiciji folske pameti moških odločeno za ženske, to je, "da smo poslušne hišne dekle ali koketke." To je vse, kar nam nekateri nagačeni naprednjaki nudijo v znamenju mavrične demokracije sedanje prosvitljene dobe.

Dovolite pa, da vam povem, da to vprašanje se mora in se bo nadaljevalo — vsaj od moje strani — dokler ne bo pravično rešeno. To neskončno delo bom v nadaljnjih člankih temeljito obdelala in izkristalizirala pojme, katere gojijo in se z njimi v javnosti postavljajo bratje Barbič, Snoy, Radelj, Gornik in Palčič. Osobito slednji so nam servirali nekaj, za kar jim gre zaslužena nagrada.

Konvenčnemu odseku za pravila priporočam, da vključi v pravila novo točko, ki naj določi kvotno število članstva, ki je potrebno na seji, kadar je volitev delegata. In to iz razloga, ker bo na 12. konvenciji delegat, ki je bil izvoljen na seji, na kateri ni bilo navzočih niti 10 članov z odborniki vred.

Christina Moseley, 192.
 Uredniška pripomba: Prosimo, da prihodnjic pišete na stroju "double space" — saj je papir poceni.

O konvenciji in volitvah
 Cleveland.—Odkar je vročina prenehala, so tudi boljši dopisi v Prosveti glede bodoče konvencije. Ne bom se podajal v tisto, kar so že drugi dobro obdelali. Posebno dobro so poročali Garden, Zaitz in Snoy. Ne strinjam se pa s tistimi dopisniki, ki se samo gnečijo, kateri spol, rasa ali karkoli že naj sedi pri koritu v glavnem uradu ali odboru, pa če je že zmogel ali zmogla ali ne. Zavedam se tega, da večina članstva je delegate zato izvolila, da bodo izboljšali pravila v korist vsega članstva in za SNP. J. V glavni odbor naj bodo izvoljeni taki, ki so zmogni in tudi pripravljeni delati v korist vsega članstva in za SNP. J. Kateri delegati gredo na konvencijo samo zato, da bodo pri koritu sedeli in vso moč zase obdržali, bi bilo po mojem mnenju boljše za članstvo in jedoto, da ostanejo doma.

Kar se tiče pomoči starim onemoglim članom, teh ni mogoče vse zalagati brez visoke doklade ali zvišanja asesmenta, ampak nekoliko se glede tega tudi lahko izboljša. Seveda, kdor v državi Ohio dočaka 65 let in je izčrpan, lahko zahteva starostno pokojnino. Ampak, če jo hoče dobiti, mora državi prepisati smrtnino in vse druge vrednosti. Mogoče je še več takih držav. Dolžnost prihodnje konvencije torej je, da tudi to vzame v pretes, oziroma vse podporne organizacije, ne samo SNP. J.

Z zavetiščem ni vredno, da bi se prihodnja konvencija bavila, bolj priporočljivo pa bi bilo, da bi se bavila, ako bi se na kakšen način dala ustanoviti dobra bolnišnica, ker tam bi bolniki prej ozdraveli kot pa ozdravijo danes, ker gre samo za copake. Ako ni mogoče drugače, bi lahko sklenili vsaj pogodbe z mestnimi bolnišnicami, kjer bi člani plačevali toliko in toliko na leto za prvovrstno zdravniško oskrbo. Jaz mislim, da bi na to pristalo marsikatero mesto, ker, kadar je bolnik fizično in gospodarsko popolnoma izčrpan, ga mora mesto vseeno prevzeti; mnogokrat je v takih slučajih že prepozno za ozdravitev, ker je bolezen že zastarala.

Nadalje gre tudi za spremembo imena. Tukaj se tudi ne strinjam, ker nam je znano, da je ime SNPJ že tako popularno in

tudi znano drugim narodom, da vsi vedo, kaj je SNP. J. To vem iz lastnih izkušenj. Že večkrat se je namreč primerilo, da so se sestali na konferenci zastopniki raznih podpornih organizacij; drugi so morali pojasnjevati, kaj in kakšne so njih organizacije, ko so prišli na vrsto pa zastopniki SNP. J. ni bilo treba nobenih pojasnil, kajti vsi reprezentanti so dobro vedeli, kaj je SNP. J. In zastopniki SNP. J. so tudi povsod dobrodošli, kamor pridejo. Še celo korporacije plačajo mastno za stara, dobro znana imena, da jih lahko rabijo, ako so na dobrem glasu. Jaz ne vidim, zakaj naj bi mi bankrotirali z našim imenom.

Najbolj važno pa je stališče Prosvete, ker se nekateri skušajo osebno okoristiti z njo v svoji politiki. In tudi urednik se že poslužuje clevelandske politike, ki ga bo lahko po grbi natreskala. Jaz sem z vsemi močmi za to, da Prosveta ostane na stališču kot je bila.

Zdaj pa nekoliko o tej clevelandski republikanski in demokratski politiki. Kar se Lausheta tiče, nimam nič proti njemu kot osebi. Ampak on je postavljen na kapitalistični listi, katero bo moral zastopati, ne pa ljudstva. In ker je Lausheta na dobrem glasu, se sedaj že drže njegove suknje vsi koncilmani, tudi tisti slovenski koncilmani, ki so zmetali z relifa in WPA sestradano ljudstvo ter dovolili, da je bil bogatin z veliko plačo v relignem uradu in še celo njegovi sinovi so imeli visoke službe pri WPA. In ti koncilmani niso imeli nobene pritožbe proti temu aranžmju, dokler jih ni ljudstvo prisililo do tega. To so tisti koncilmani, ki so vedno zvišavali davke za relief, ubogo ljudstvo so pa preganjali od urada do urada in jih še preganjajo. Kamor so prišli ali še pridejo, ne dosežejo drugega kot: "Delo si poišči", ali pa krepni. Kam gre religni denar, tega davkoplačevalci ne potrebujejo vedeti. Relief je za tiste, ki so pri koritih, ne pa za lačne.

In tukaj nastane vprašanje za vse volilce, ali so ti koncilmani vredni, da so še ponovno izvoljeni, pa naj bo Slovenec gor ali dol. Ali bi kakšna korporacija plačala kakšnemu delavcu \$400 za tako delo kot ga naši koncilmani vršijo za nas? Vse pritožbe, bodisi osebne ali po časopisu, niso ves čas nič pomagale. Čas je, da se ta slovenski "garbage" ven počisti, v mestni svet pa naj bodo izvoljeni taki, ki bi do res nas zastopali, ne pa samo kapitaliste in svoje politične mašine. In takšna je tudi Laushetova platforma, kot tudi vseh demokratov ali republikancev. Ali ni že čas, da bi imeli svojo delavsko platformo? In ker ni izglede, da bi pri teh volitvah imeli kakšne delavske kandidate, zato sprejemem Lausheta, toda koncilmane je treba pa spreminiti.

Zdaj pa še nekaj glede patra Zakrajška. Kakor sami poročajo, je v Nemčiji 75% katoličanov in 20% pripadnikov drugih ver. Človek se vpraša, ali niso bile vse te cerkve v vseh stoletjih svoje zgodovine zmogla kaj boljšega naučiti narod kot tako zverinsko kriminalstvo? Če je temu tako, tedaj je čas, da po vsem svetu zaprejo vse vere za 20 let, ljudstvo pa naj učijo socialne nauke in sem gotov, da se ne bo več ponavljalo tako kriminalstvo kot se godi danes. In pod tem sistemom lahko še kaj hujšega pride v prihodnjih 20 ali 25 letih.

Louis Kocjan, 5.

Za spremembo imena in drugo
 Bellingham, Wash.—V Prosveti vidim razprave glede novega imena. Moje mnenje je, da novo ime je potrebno iz razloga, ker mladina se nikakor noče prilagoditi besedi "Slovene" in jo premmogokrat označuje ali zamenjuje z "Austrian". Ako je vprašan po svojem sočluku ali sodelavcu, kaj je "Slovene", ga spravi v konfuzijo in ne more razločati. In verjemite mi, da se izogne, če je vprašan, ker, če mečka, naredi slab vtis na vprašalca, ki preje še ni vlika! o naši podporni organizaciji. Ampak priporočljivo je ime spreminiti tudi iz tega razloga, ker se "amerikanizacija" širi tudi v preprostih domovih in se

tudi stari poslužujejo samo angleščine. Torej je priporočljivo ameriško ime. Rečem, da beseda "Slovene" preveč sliči besedi "slave", kar pomeni sužnja. To je tudi razlog, da so se prvi naseljenci imenovali "Austrians". Jaz bi torej priporočal novo ime: "American Benefit Society"—po slovensko "Ameriška podporni jednota"—in nič drugega. S tem bi se tudi ugodilo članom SSPZ, ki itak izgube "svoje" ime. Beseda "narodna" ali "delavska" je povsem nepotrebna, a nasprotnikom služi v spotiko, in to posebno v današnjih časih, ko se ljudje tako spreminjajo, da je "gor", kar je bilo večraj "dol" in narobe.

Jednota naj pomaga onemu, kdor je upravičen, to je, kdor je več plačal kot ven dobil, ali naj se mu pa da iz smrtnine. Nikakor nisem za to, da nekdo vedno le plačuje, a drugi pa vedno le pobira. Oni člani, ki so več vplačali kot prejeli, so steber jednote.

Sobotna številka Prosvete? Yes, ako bi bilo v nji kaj zanimivega gradiva, drugače mi je pa vseeno, če izhaja ali ne.

Glede zdravljenja in bolniške podpore je treba sistem preurediti, ker se sedanja pravila preveč kršijo. Na primer, če je član oženjen, lažje simulira kot pa bečlar in se tudi izplača, če je brez dela in zavarovan za dva dolarja bolniške podpore. Nasprotno pa, če se hoče bečlar vzdržati vsakega dela, mora nekoga najeti in mu plačati tisti dolar, ki ga dobi za podporo. To je en razlog, da ima endolarški sklad rezervno, dočim je dvadolarški sklad nima. In iz tega mora plačati tudi zdravnika, pa če ga obišče vsak drugi ali tretji dan, če je potrebno ali ne. In tukaj se kršijo pravila. Zdravnik izpolni bolniško nakaznico kot je instruiran, da je bolnika obiskal te in te dneve—in resnici ga pa ni.

Torej naj bi se preuredilo pri takih boleznih, ki niso nevarne in se "bolnik" po priporočilu zdravnika svobodno giblje in opravlja lahka dela. V resnici ni bolan, le izmučen je od kakega naporega dela in potrebuje, bodisi počitka ali pa tudi gibanja na prostem, ali kar že njegov stan zahteva.

Glede tega imajo ameriške podpore organizacije drugačne metode od naših slovenskih. One dajo podporo na priporočilo zdravnika za toliko časa, dokler je nezmožen po zdravnikovem mnenju za delo, in nihče ga ne nadzoruje ali hodi "kpepat", če ni mogoče razžagal kak kos drv ali prinesel "bokeri" vode v hišo ali kak zavoj iz prodajalne. Tak sistem naj bi upeljala tudi "American Benefit Society" in bi uspela.

Mladina, ki hoče šport, naj plačuje za to v poseben sklad. Stari člani naj dode podporo na račun smrtninskega sklada, ako se jim je bolniška podpora izčrpala. Sicer pa imamo tudi sklad izrednih podpor, iz katerega naj dode oni, ki dokažejo, da nimajo skritih prihrankov in so v potrebi. Sem tudi za to, da pride vse v Prosveto. To ni sramotno za onega, ki je v sili. In potrebno je, da se vsi računji objavijo, da članstvo ve, kam gre denar. Yes, naša podporna društva se morajo prilagoditi ameriškemu načinu, drugače ne gre.

George Gornik, 493.

Proti spremembi imena
 Nanty Glo, Pa.—V razpravah v Prosveti čitam, da bi se našo kakšno primerno ime, ko se iz vrši združitve SSPZ s SNP. J. Član SNP. J. sem od leta 1911, član SSPZ pa od leta 1909, toda sem za to, da po združitvi ostane ime SNP. J. Obhodil in prevozil sem že precej velik del te naše Amerike, toda do danes še zmeraj slišim od članstva obeh organizacij, da bi bilo ime SNP. J. najboljši tudi po združitvi. Tudi večina mladine je za to. Tudi agitacija za nove člane, upam, bo ravno tako uspešno ali pa še bolj kot pod kakšnim novim imenom.

SNP. J. ima svoje ime že od začetka, že okrog 37 let, toda do zdaj je bilo zelo malo kritike proti temu imenu. Mislim, da smo lahko ponosni na to ime. Tudi lahko pomislimo, da pod tem imenom dobro napreduje, kar mora vsakdo priznati, ki pazno zasleduje račune. Pomisliti moramo tudi, da bi s spremembo imena narasli stroški, da si denar lahko prihra-

nimo. Stroški bi nastali s spremembo listin, znakov itd. Prav tako bi bilo veliko sprememb tudi pri krajevnih društvih; stroški bi nastali pri spremembi imena na društvenih zastavah, značkih in pri drugem. Tisti denar bi lahko potrošili za kaj drugega, bolj koristnega.

Sugestije br. Antona Zaitza so glede nekaterih stvari dobre, toda še boljše je sugestija br. Vidra, ki pravi, da bi bilo \$10,000 ali pa še več stroškov s spremembo imena. Strinjam se s br. Gardnom, ki pravi, da je ime SNP. J. vredno \$50,000 ali pa še več. Torej le naprej za SNP. J. Upam, da s tem nisem razžalil nobenega člana ali članice.

John Srebrnak, 7.

Priporočilo konvenciji
 Washington, D. C.—Ker se že toliko piše glede izboljšanja pravil, želim tudi jaz priporočiti nekaj, kar vem da bi bilo v korist jednote. Moje priporočilo je, da se za novoprstople člana plača zdravniška preiskava iz jednotine blagajne. Vsak član, ki skuša pridobiti novega člana, ve, koliko truda in besed je treba, predno ga pridobiš za pristop.

Tukaj rojena mladina je povsem drugačna kot smo bili mi, ko smo pristopili v društva. Rečejo ti: "Čemu bi šel k tvojemu društvu, ko pa grem lahko v inšurenca za manjšo vsoto." Da v inšurenca nima tistih pravic in uglednosti, mu ne boš nikdar dovedel. Pojasi pa jim, da sta pristop in zdravniška preiskava prosta, se boš z njimi bolj lahko pogovoril in jih tudi pridobil. Zato apeliram na 12. redno konvencijo, da upošteva to moje priporočilo.

Kar se tiče spremembe imena, se strinjam z Gardnom. Moja iskrena želja je, da ostane sedanje ime SNP. J. Saj morda ni več daleč čas, ko bodo zakoni narekovali spremembo imena in potem bomo to prisiljeni storiti.

Še enkrat ponovno apeliram na vse, ki imajo svoje v tem mestu, naj jih opozore na naše društvo in jim priskrbe prestopne liste, da postanejo aktivni člani pri nas in da ne bodo pozabili ono, kar so njih stariši s tako veliko poštvovalnostjo dosegli, to je našo veliko Slovensko narodno podporno jednoto. Zato naj jih opomni na to. Čim več nas bo, tem bolje bo delo opravljeno.

Čitala sem tudi dopis "Malo za res, malo za špas". Kaj takega bi se ne smelo pisati o članicah, to je kakšne "časti" se jim naj dajo. Mnogo so že članice storile za jednoto, pa niso bile plačane niti čaščene. Torej ni treba, da se kakšen dopisnik iz nas norce brije. Če nismo tako "brihtne" kakor so nekateri moški, ni naša krivda, za stolečke nam pa tudi ni; te naj imajo oni, ki že vrsto let vršijo svojo dolžnost. Zakaj je treba toliko prerekanja o tem?

Naše društvo bo imelo redno sejo 19. septembra ob 8. zvečer na domu spodaj podpisane. Ker je bila zadnje mesoce tako huda vročina, so bile seje bolj slabo obiskane. Člani, če so le mogli, so šli v prosto naravo, ali pa ribe lovit, kot na primer naš predsednik Ralph Sadler. Njegova največja zabava je ribolov.

Naša tajnica Amelija in njen mož James Fishenden sta se podala v Ringo, Kansas. Tam bosta obiskala starše in sorodnike ter se udeležila priredbe kansaške federacije. Vrneta se domov pred našo sejo, katere se udeležite vsi. Pozdravi — Za društvo Columbia 760 —

Mary Suglich.

Piknik bivših rudarjev
 Milwaukee.—Kot je bilo že poročano, priredijo tukajšnji rojaki, bivši rudarji, velik piknik, na katerem se bodo spominjali veselih in žalostnih časarov, katerim jim je prinašal rudarski stan. Piknik se bo vršil v nedeljo, 7. septembra, na Sagadinovem vrtu, 3800 W. Burnham st., torej v sredini mesta. Oddane bodo tri lepe nagrade. Vstopnice so po 10c in se dode pri vseh društvenih tajnikih.

Pričakuje se, da bo ta piknik eden najzanimivejših, kar smo jih še videli v naši nasebini. Prične se z lepim sprevedom bivših rudarjev v rudarski "noši", ki bodo korakali na pikniški prostor. Vsakogar bo nekaj lepega, ko se bodo sešli skupaj bivši rudarji, ki so kopali bodisi zlato, srebrno, bakreno

ali železno rudo ali pa premog v raznih krajih Amerike. Marsikomu bo igralo arce veselja, ko bo videl te bivše rudarje, ki so rili pod zemljo kot krti v letih, ko so bili krepki fantje in močnejši in spravi na površje čim več bogastva. Marsikdo se je sicer izčrpal pri tem delu, toda bil je toliko srečen, da ni ostal pod zemljo kot mnogi drugi ter se je preselil v mesto.

Ni moji namen, da bi pel slavo rudarskemu stam, čeprav sem ga sam užival mnogo let. Vendar bi nas zelo veselilo, če bi se slovenski narod v Milwaukeeju in okolici vsaj enkrat zbral skupaj v največjem številu in tako za nekaj časa pozabil skrbi in težave ter si v prijatni družbi okrepil bratstvo in slogo, ki ga nam tako potrebna. Prepričan sem, da je ta piknik bivših rudarjev najprimernejši dan za našo skupno manifestacijo. Postrežba bo izvrstna in zabave toliko kot ju moremo najti le med rudarji.

Torej bratje in sestre, prijatelji in znanci, v nedeljo pohitimo vsi na ta piknik bivših rudarjev in ne bo vam žal. Ves prebitke bo šel v blagajno za zgradnjo Slovenskega doma.

Joe Vidmar, 747.

Is "Progressivnega čebelnjaka"
 Cleveland.—Obe naši napredni organizaciji, SNP. J. in SSPZ. sta na svojih zadnjih konvencijah izrazile svoje odobravanje "Progressivnih Slovencev Amerike" ter jo priporočale naprednemu ženstvu kot logično organizacijo za njih udeleževanje. Ker so tvorile napredne ali progresivne Slovence vedno močno vejo in važno gonilno silo obeh imenovanih organizacij, nam je v veliki zadoščanje, da se bomo sedaj ob priliki njih združitvene konvencije v Pittsburghu udeležile njih konvenčnega banketa dne 20. septembra, kot predstavnice naprednega žensstva ter tako demonstrirale našo skupnost. Namen te prijateljske misije bo

tudi opozoriti predstavnike napredne misli iz številnih naših nasebin, da je skrajni čas, da tudi drugod ustanovijo postojanke te prepotrebne organizacije.

V Pittsburgh bomo potovale v vlakom in sicer vsi kroški skupno. Dosedaj je pripravljenih že lepo število članic. Seveda se priključijo lahko naši skupini tudi prijateljice in sploti napredne Slovence iz Clevelanda in okolice. Da bomo sigurne, koliko naš gre, se prijavite vse gotovo pri Mary Zakrajšek, 1038 Addison Rd., Cleveland, Ohio. Telefon Henderson 6259, najkasneje do 13. septembra ali en teden pred potovanjem. (Ostalo bo v dnevniku.—Ured.)

Mary Ivanush.

Še za delegate
 Cleveland.—Še enkrat bom opomnil one delegate, ki pridejo na konvencijo z avtomobili, da je tam pripravno za parkanje avtov. Za 24 ur stane 30c, ako vaš avto ostane na mestu, ako ga pa rabite večkrat na dan, stane 50c za 24 ur. Tako je poročal W. E. Morris, generalni ravnatelj hotela Fort Pitt.

Naj še enkrat ponovim glede vlakov. Vlaki Pennsylvanske železnice odhajajo iz chikaške postaje Union v Pittsburgh ob sledečih urah: Popoldne ob 9:30 in 11:30, popoldne pa ob 2:30—ta vlak vas pripelje v Pittsburgh ob 11:48 zvečer. Vlak "Gotham Limited" odhaja ob 10:15 zvečer in pride v Pittsburgh ob 8. zjutraj. "Pennsylvania Limited" odhaja v 8. zvečer in pride v Pittsburgh ob 6:55. Ti vlaki odhajajo iz Chicago po centralnem času, kar je eno uro pozneje kot je poletni čas. In ravno tako prihajajo vlaki v Pittsburgh po vzhodnem času, ne po "daylight saving timu." Pripravite svojo prtljago in recite: "Goodby, stara" ali "goodby stari. Pazi na dom, dokler se ne vrnem."

Frank Barbič, 53.

še vedno obrodilo dober sad. Udeležite se torej seje v polnem številu.

Zadnji mesec smo izgubili tri člane iz naše arede. Dne 13. julija je umrl br. Jakob Ciraj, star 71 let in rojen v Ljubnem na Štajerskem. Zapustil je dva sinova, enega v Milwaukeeju, drugega v Clintonu, Ind. Dne 14. julija je umrl br. Joseph Certalich, star 59 let in rojen v fari St. Jernej na Dolenskem. Tukaj zapuščila žena, sina in hčer. Društvo izreka globoko sožalje vsem skupaj!

Tukaj je bil ustanovljen klub bivših rudarjev, ki bo v nedeljo, 7. septembra, priredil piknik v korist Slovenskega narodnega doma. Piknik se bo vršil v Segadinovem parku na W. Burnham st. Vabljeni ste vsi prijatelji in znanci, sploti vsi Slovence iz Milwaukeeja in okolice. Na tem pikniku boste videli ljudi, bivše rudarje iz vseh krajev Združenih držav. Popoldne bo igrala Zupančičeva godba na piščalke, zvečer pa Pinkov orkester. Vstopnina 10c s tremi nagradami. Pridite vsi, ki vam je pri srcu to, da si postavimo svoj Slovenski dom, kajti preostanek bo šel v njegovo blagajno.

Frank Perko, tajnik.

Aurora, Minn.—Po zaključku zadnje seje se vrši prihodnja seja našega društva 111 SNP. J. v nedeljo, 7. septembra, ob treh popoldne, namesto 14. septembra. To velja samo za ta mesec. Vzrok je, ker bo tajnica odsotna. Prosim, da to upošteva in se udeležite seje v velikem številu.

Julia Modest, tajnica.

Chicago.—Opozarjam vse članstvo društva Narodni vitezi 39 SNP. J. da se vrši naša prihodnja seja 10. septembra v navadnih prostorih. Vabljeni ste, da se udeležite v obilnem številu. Seja je važna radi navodil in priporočil delegatu 12. konvencije. Opozarjam tudi vse one na bolniški listi, da predložite bolniške nakaznice seji v potrdilo, da bom vse uredil predno odpotujem na konvencijo. Upoštevaajte to in se udeležite seje 10. septembra.

John Potokar, tajnik.

Najzanesljivejša dnevna delavske vesti so v dnevniku "Prosveta". Ali jih čitate vsak dan?

Chicago, Ill.—Naznanjam članstvu društva 131 SNP. J. da se vrši naša prihodnja seja 8. septembra v navadnih prostorih. To velja samo za mesec september in sicer radi tega, ker bodo nekateri uradniki odsotni. To je upoštevala zadnja seja in zaključila, da se prihodnja seja premesti na omenjeni dan. Prosim članstvo, da to upošteva in pridete na sejo v čim večjem številu.

Ursula K. Gradišek, tajnica.

Ely, Minn.—Prihodnja seja društva Jutrane zore 108 SNP. J. se vrši 9. septembra ob sedmih zvečer namesto 14. septembra. Razlog je, ker bo tajnica odsotna na konvenciji. Vabim vse članice, da se gotovo udeležite te seje, ker bo zadnja pred konvencijo in bodo na vrsti zadnja priporočila delegatinji.

Frances Perushak, tajnica.

Joliet, Ill.—Opozarjam vse člane in članice društva Joliet-ska zavednost 115 SNP. J. da pridete plačat svoj asesment pred 10. septembrom, ker jaz ostale dni v septembru ne bom doma in tudi nihče drugi ne bo pobiral asesmentov. Torej vas prosim, da ne pozabite tega in plačate prihodnje dni, da ne boste suspendirani ali črtani po vaši lastni krivdi.

Helen Sterniša, tajnica.

Milwaukee.—Vročina je ponehala in sedaj ni več razloga, zakaj ne bi člani ne prišli na sejo. Prihodnja seja društva 16 SNP. J. se vrši v torek zvečer, 9. sept., na 739 W. National ave. Ker je zadnja seja pred konvencijo, pridite gotovo in če ima kdo kaj važnega za delegata, naj pove na tej seji. Če posamezno mislimo, nima nobenega pomena, skupni sporazum in skupno delo pa je

Prosveta

Društvene vesti

Bassemor, Pa.—Važno se mi vidi, da opozorim člane našega društva Krim 97 SNP. J. da se vrši naša prihodnja seja 23. septembra ob 7:30 zvečer namesto 21. septembra. To je vsled tega, ker gre tajnik na konvencijo jednote. Bratje in sestre, preberite ste, da se v slučaju bolezni ali smrti obrnete na br. Blaža Sankovicha, ki začasno, med konvencijo, prevzame moje mesto.

Anton Vlah, tajnik.

Chicago, Ill.—Opozarjam vse članstvo društva 131 SNP. J. da se vrši naša prihodnja seja 8. septembra v navadnih prostorih. To velja samo za mesec september in sicer radi tega, ker bodo nekateri uradniki odsotni. To je upoštevala zadnja seja in zaključila, da se prihodnja seja premesti na omenjeni dan. Prosim članstvo, da to upošteva in pridete na sejo v čim večjem številu.

Ursula K. Gradišek, tajnica.

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Urednikove pripombe

NE POZABIMO NA KAMPANJO MLADINSKEGA ODELKA

Članska kampanja mladinskega oddelka SNPJ z mnogimi ugodnostmi za agitatorje, kakor za nove člane, je še vedno v teku in bo trajala do konca tega leta.

Čez poletje je težko s kampanjami. Društveni in federacijski tajniki in drugi aktivni člani so navadno čez glavo zaposleni v poletnih mesecih z dnevi SNPJ in raznimi drugimi prireditvami, tako da ni dosti časa za kampaniranje.

Na jesen je drugače. Topli dnevi odhajajo in društveno življenje se vrača v dvorane in sploh pod streho. Ljudje niso več razkropljeni na vse vetrove, pač pa prihajajo temo skupaj in vsak čas jih lahko najde doma.

Čas je torej tukaj, ko se naša mladinska kampanja lahko spet razmahne v široke tire. Do konca leta so še štiri mesece. Dovolj je torej časa, da se lahko popravi vse, kar je bilo zamujenega čez poletje.

SNPJ potrebuje močan mladinski oddelek—najmanj 25,000 članov kot je zapisal br. Anton Zajec zadnje sredo—ki mora biti stalna rezerva za bodoče polnoletno članstvo. Te rezerve pa ne bo, če se ne bomo sami pobrigali zanjo.

Naprej s kampanjo mladinskega oddelka s podvojeno močjo!

NAŠE NOTRANJE REFORME, KI SO POTREBNE

Ideja, katero je sprožil br. Anton Zaitz v svoji Predkonvencijski torbi glede združevanja ali federaliziranja naših društev v eni nasebini z enim samim tajnikom, ki bi imel eksistenčno plačo, ni slaba in je lahko izpeljiva.

Zlasti zdaj po združitvi SNPJ in SSPZ bo treba resno misliti na združevanje krajevnih društev obeh organizacij, katerih bo preveč v nekaterih nasebinah. Če je na primer v nasebini pet društev ene organizacije, kateri imajo seje, v eni in isti dvorani, tedaj to pomeni, da so štiri seje—potrata časa in denarja, prav tako so velika potrata časa, dela in denarja štirje tajniki z drugimi odborniki vred, dalje štirje pikniki poleti in štiri plesne veselice pozimi. Namesto petih rečnih in deloma praznih blagajn bi bila ena sama in močna blagajna in namesto petih tajnikov—od katerih se morda štirje branijo tajniškega dela z vsemi štirimi—bi bil en sam tajnik, kateri bi bil primerno plačan za svoje delo.

V krajih, v katerih bo po združitvi deset ali več društev, bi bila ta reforma še bolj praktična in potrebna. V velikih nasebinah, kakor je Cleveland, bi en sam tajnik sploh ne zmogel

dela in moral bi imeti toliko pomožnih tajnikov kolikor jih bi potreboval.

Krajevni tajniki, ki bi bili stalno na delu za svoje društvo in jednoto, bi bili tudi stalni organizatorji. Deloma bi jih plačalo društvo, v večjem delu pa jednota. Velike vsote, ki jih jednota plačuje skoro vsako leto za članke kampanje, bi šle potem za organizatorje in kampanje bi odpadle.

Razume se, da je združevanje krajevnih društev zadeva društev samih. V tem oziru konvencija ne more dosti storiti. Vendar, kjer se društva nočejo združiti, se lahko federalizirajo—kot je sugestiral br. Zaitz—in konvencija lahko podeli federacijam to moč, da imajo stalno najstavljenega in od jednote plačanega organizatorja, ki bo dobavljal nove člane in skrbel, da ne odpadajo stari člani zaradi nemarnosti društvenih tajnikov. Takšen organizator bi bil lahko nekakšen pokrajinski tajnik.

Glavni namen te sugestije je, da se znižajo upravni stroški društev, oziroma da se ti stroški obrnejo za kaj bolj učinkovitega, kar prinese jednoti več uspeha; da se množica slabih društvenih tajnikov zamenja z manjšim številom dobrih in energičnih tajnikov; da jednota dobi dobre in stalne krajevne ali pokrajinske organizatorje.

Z dobrim premislekom in dobro voljo se lahko vse naredi in doseže.

ZAVEDAJMO SE DANAŠNJIH IZREDNIH ČASOV!

Mnogo je ljudi v Ameriki—in med nami, slovenskimi delavci, kakor tudi med člani naše organizacije jih je tudi dosti—ki se prav nič ne zavedajo, da živimo danes v popolnoma novih časih. To velja pred vsem za starejše ljudi, ki še danes mislijo in poskušajo delati tako, kakor so mislili in delali še pred prvo svetovno vojno, torej do malega pred 30 leti.

Že prva svetovna vojna in tej sledeči socialni prevrati po vsem svetu, posebno pa v Rusiji, so marsikaj postavili na glavo; marsikaj svetega in "večno veljavnega" je tedaj padlo v vodo. Še hujaša toča za stare politične, socialne in ekonomske nazore je prišla z veliko depresijo, kateri je sledila druga svetovna vojna—popolnoma drugačna vojna od katere koli prejnjše: totalna vojna.

Mišljenje, ki smo ga nekoč imeli o vojni na splošno, je danes prazna lupina, ki ne pomeni nič za one, ki hočejo živeti; tisto mišljenje ima negativen pomen le za one, ki drve v samomor. Kdor pa hoče še nadalje živeti kot svobodni človek, mora misliti na obrambo in na krut boj, ki je danes prvi pogoj—ne glede na to, kdo je na čelu tega boja.

Danes smo v dobi, ko se je treba resno zavedati vrednosti svobode posameznika. Včasih smo sveto verjeli, da posameznik ne šteje nič—da le stranka, le masa, le kolektiv šteje—pozabili pa smo, da stranka in masa sestoji iz posameznikov in kolikor so posamezniki dobri, značajni, poštjeni, izobraženi in napredni, toliko je stranka in masa dobra, značajna, poštna, izobražena in napredna—in nič več!

Če torej hočemo biti svobodni ljudje, če hočemo imeti pristno demokracijo—moramo biti najprvo kot posamezniki svobodni in demokratični!

Kako smo to spoznali? Nove razmere, novi preobrati, novi časi so nam to odkrili. To pa mora spoznati in odkriti vsak posameznik—če noče biti živ mrlič in cokol v novih časih.

Pravimo, da je danes velika konfuzija. V resnici ni nobene konfuzije zunaj ljudi. Konfuzija je le v glavah ljudi, ki so preleni, da bi se pomaknili v današnje nove čase—in ki še vedno mislijo in poskušajo delati tako, kakor so mislili in delali pred 25 ali 30 leti—pa naletijo povsod na ovire. V tem je konfuzija in samo v tem.

Samo ena primera. Cilj današnjega svetovnega boja proti totalitarstvu je demokracija. Med totalitarci ni nobenega idejnega konflikta, med branitelji demokracije v Ameriki je pa največja konfuzija. Zakaj? Zato, ker ve-

Glasovi iz nasebin

iz urada društva V boj

Cleveland.—Kot je pričel tajnik društva V boj 53 SNPJ, se bo vršila naša prihodnja seja v nedeljo, 7. septembra, dopoldne v spodnji dvorani SDD na Waterloo rd., ker v gornji dvorani zboruje društvo 26 SSPZ. Vedite, da je to prva nedelja, ne druga, ko se običajno vrše naše seje. Ta sprememba je vaša teža, ker bodo odsotni na konvenciji SNPJ predsednik, tajnik in zastopnik federacije.

Nadalje opozarjam vse člane, da bo tajnik pričel izvajati sklep društva, da vsak član plača 25c v blagajno, v zameno bo pa prejel vstopnico za 35c k naši 35-letnici, katero bomo praznovali 9. novembra. Naše društvo je bilo ustanovljeno na Martinovo nedeljo leta 1906. Če hočete o tem kaj več vedeti, vprašajte Jožeta Kunciča, soustanovitelja našega društva. Na proslavi popoldne bomo imeli program, zvečer bo pa ples v obeh dvoranah. Nečlani bodo morali plačati vstopnino. Glavni govornik bo Fred Vider, gl. tajnik jednote.

Mi smo veliko društvo. Odkar smo izvolili Jožeta Durna za tajnika, smo napredovali od 462 do 535 članov, kolikor jih imamo sedaj. Le pošepčajte se tisti, ki nas hočete mežati. Predsednik ni toliko storil za porast društva kot tajnik, ali nekaj je le storil, ker mi nismo samo zato na svetu, da bi ljudi opravljali, marveč tudi za to, da jih pripravljamo za porast jednote.

Naši bolniki so: Andrew Mele, ki je izgubil pri padcu na železniški progi obe nogi in se še vedno nahaja v bolnišnici. Leo Boštjančič in Tom Lipovec sta se poškodovala pri delu. John Česnik je bil operiran na krčavihastih žilah, Peter Šter pa na "apendiksu". Drugi bolniki so Frank Stego, John Traven in John Machi. Slednji je bil uposlen kot zavirač pri New York Central in na priporočilo nekakega zdravnika je šel v New York City na operacijo za posluh, ker je odstavljen od službe. Tam mu bode skušali vrniti posluh z operacijo, ki pa bo stala veliko vsoto za ubogeta delavca. Upamo, da bo br. Machi dobil nazaj posluh in svojo službo.

Naš 11-letni bolnik je Frank Linc, rojen v Št. Vidu pri Stični. On je bil več let premogor v Flemingu, Kansas, in pozna našega Antona Šularja in ondote rojake premogorje. Delal je tudi v Armi. Zanj ni več pomoči, ker je kot mrtvouden, se komaj giblje in mora skoro vedno sedeti. Ampak če se bo držal navodil zdravnika, bo še dolgo živel.

Nesreča je doletela tudi njegovo ženo Mary Linc. Dne 30. maja, ko se je nahajala pri hčeri, je tako nerodno stopila—kršve so bile pač stopnice—da je padla in si zlomila roko. Tudi Mary je pod zdravniško oskrbo in upamo, da kmalu okreva. Njih družina živi na 1876 Abbey ave. N. E., Cleveland, O. Imata šest že poročenih otrok—Franka, Antona, Mary, Frances, Stephano in Margareto.

Citali smo poročilo naše metropolitane federacije, kjer so zopet kritizirali kritike, češ da le kritizirajo, toda ne delajo nič. Kolikor razumem, morajo delati tisti, ki delo prevzamejo in pokazati rezultat, o katerem žele vedeti tisti, ki so prispevali za farmo. Nisem bil kritik te farme, toda po svojem društvu sem prispeval zanjo, kot tudi vsi ostali člani. In ti hočejo vedeti in imajo tudi svo pravo zahtevati pojasnila, kako se gospodari. Društvo V boj je takoj prispevalo svoj delež za farmo; ker

lika masa Američanov še danes ne razume demokracije. Na tisoče jih je, ki pravijo, da v Ameriki ni nič bolje kot v Nemčiji, da je Amerika polna Hitlerjev—in čemu bi mi branili te Hitlerje? Vzemite Roosevelta. Po imenu je demokrat, ampak v Ameriki je na tisoče ljudi, ki se imenujejo demokrate—pa silno sovražijo in napadajo Roosevelta. Ali ni nekaj narobe? Konfuzija! Kje? V glavah ljudi! Kdor danes sodi posameznika po nekkih starih strankah—katerih v bistvu ni več!—ta hodi po glavi.

pa ni bilo dovolj v blagajni, je ta dopisnik zalozil \$180 brez orestii, kar pa mu je društvo že zdavnaj povrnilo. In naši člani bi sedaj ne smeli nič vedeti? Dopisnik ni kritiziral, slišal pa je kritiko, ki je bila na mestu.

Frank Barbič, predsednik št. 53.

Glas iz Kanade

South Wellington, B. C., Canada.—Upam, da bo v Prosveti prostora za glas iz Kanade, ker se od nas tako redkokdaj sliši. Čitam Prosveto in dopise iz raznih krajev Amerike. Dopisniki se večinoma dotikajo konvencije SNPJ in izražajo svoja mišljenja v prid jednote in članstva.

Kaj pa kanadsko članstvo? Zdi se mi, da trdno spi. Vsi sunki, ki ga drezajo v srce, ga ne prebude, da bi v javnosti izrazil svojo bol. Zavedati bi se moralo, da mu leži kamen na srcu in edino prihodnja konvencija S. N. P. J. mu ga lahko odvali. In ta kamen je—izredni asessment. Rekel bi s tem, da je kanadsko članstvo toliko lojalno—all pa toliko nemarno, da ne razvedra svoje boli delegatom prihodnje konvencije. Naj torej jaz napišem par besed.

Mi člani društva 109 SNPJ v Nanaimu, ki je po številu eno največjih, smo že večkrat razpravljali o pravih jednote. Vedno smo prišli do zaključka, da ni enakopravnosti. Naše društvo je meseca aprila 1939 spislalo iniciativno, da se razveljavi 50. točka pravil in se nadomesti s sledečim: Kadar koli ima jednota primanjkljaj v katerem koli skladu, se razpiše izredni asessment na vse članstvo enako. Le to bi bilo enakopravno in bratsko na podlagi temelja, na katerem je bila ustanovljena jednota.

Iniciativa je bila bolj obširna. Poslali smo jo gl. odboru, ki pa se ni strinjal z njo in po njegovi mnenju bi se tudi članstvo ne. In tako je iniciativa šla v koš. Dobili smo odgovor, da iniciativa ni bila pravilno spisana. Odgovor se nam je zdel bolj ironične vrste. Želel bi tu omeniti, da je bila jednota ustanovljena po delavstvu. Na čelo, v gl. odbor so postavili člane, ki bi bili zmogni opravljati svoje delo in tolačiti svojim bratom v bratskem pomenu, ne pa s kakšno oholostjo.

Očitano se je kanadskim članom, da imamo jednoto za molzo kravo. Podlo obrekovanje, kaj tudi pravila ne dopuščajo. Naj povem, da ni tako kakor smo obsojeni. Pri naših društvih imamo na primer tri člane, ki se lahko štejejo pionirji jednote. Kolikor mi je znano, niso vsi trije prejeli \$30 od jednote v vseh 30 letih. Ali ni to nož v srce, takim članom servirati take očitke?

Svetovalo se je tudi, naj kanadski člani opuste bolniško zavarovanje in ostanejo pri jednoti samo za smrtnino. Ali je to bratski nasvet takim članom? Očitano se nam je tudi, da smo kanadski člani simulantni. Toda vsako lahko ve, da bi posebno tako dolgoletni člani ne trpeli simulantov pri svojem društvu in zaenaj plačevali izredni asessment. In ko vidijo, da je član upravičen do bolniške podpore v smislu pravil, mu jo tudi odobro.

Člani v Canadi se zavedajo, da se jim godi krivica pri tako dolgoletnem plačevanju izrednega asessmenta. Ali oni vztrajajo, kar bi moral biti vsemu članstvu jasen dokaz njih lojalnosti.

Čenjenji bratje delegate 12. redne konvencije SNPJ! Od našega društva bo med vami kot delegat br. Anton Septav. On vam bo raztolmačil bol kanadskega članstva. Naša želja je, da boste upoštevali njegov glas, da se bomo po konvenciji res lahko imenovali bratje in sestre SNPJ. Z bratskim pozdravom!

F. Kambich, 109.

Tudi proti spremembi imena

Red Lodge, Mont.—V Prosveti z dne 13. avgusta sem čital, da so na skupni seji gl. odborov SNPJ in SSPZ razpravljali o novem imenu, ako pride do združitve. Ne vem, kaj bodo rekli k temu člani SNPJ. Večraj tako močna in dična Slovenska narodna podpora jednote, danes jo pa hočemo oropati imena, ki ga je nosila toliko let v ponos nam Slovincem, kot najbolj napredna podpora organizacija v Ameriki. Upam, da se bodo delegatje

na konvenciji v Pittsburghu zavedali svojega posla in ne bodo dovolili spremembo imena SNPJ. Pomnimo, da je to ime simbol našega napredka v Ameriki. Tiste tisočake, c katerih se omenja, da bi stala sprememba imena, lahko obrnemo v druge namene, to je v pomoč starim članom. Po mojem mnenju so vsi stari člani, ki so pri jednoti 30 ali več let, ne glede na njih faktično starost. In ti člani bi morali biti prosti asessmenta v smrtinskem skladu. Ako bi konvencija odobrila kaj takega, bi s tem pokazali, da smo demokratični, kot se nazivamo. S tem bi dali priznanje našim pionirjem, ki so oral leđino za našo Slovensko narodno podporno jednoto.

K. Erzanočnik, 81.

Pred konvencijo

Southview, Pa.—Kot večletni član SNPJ sem se tudi jaz namenil nekaj napisati pred konvencijo. V Prosveti čitam mnogo priporočil, največ se jih bavi z vprašanjem, kaj bo s starimi člani, ko ne bodo več mogli zmagovati asessmenta. Sedaj imamo taka pravila, ako ne plačaš asessmenta o pravem času, si suspendiran in lahko tudi črtan, ne glede če si mlad ali star. Je že res, da imamo sklad izrednih podpor, ali ta sklad ni samo za stare, marveč za vse člane, ki so v potrebi. In koliko je članov v potrebi, toda si ne upajo vložiti prošnje pri društvu, ker se boje, da bo zavrnjena.

Sedaj po 37 letih člani spoznavajo, da mora prihodnja konvencija nekaj ukreniti v prid stari članom. Enajst konvencij je že imela SNPJ, toda še nobenkrat niso mogli delegatje kaj dobrega ukreniti za stare člane. Zakaj ne? Zato, ker so delegatje in glavni odborniki mislili, da bodo zmeraj mladi—vsaj na starost niso mislili. Glavno zanje je bilo, da so imeli visoke dnevnice.

Bratje in sestre, pogledjmo SSPZ, ki ima nekaj nad 7000 članov, pa ima svoj starostni sklad, v katerem so člani zavarovani do smrti. Pri zvezi so bili delegatje bolj dalekovidni kot pri jednoti. Vedeli so, da bodo člani enkrat stari, zato pa imajo sedaj svoj starostni sklad, jednota ga pa nima. (SSPZ po zadnji konvenciji nima več starostnega sklada, marveč sličen sklad izrednih podpor kot SNPJ.—Ured.)

V Prosveti sem tudi čital, da bo prihodnja konvencija sklepala o novem imenu. Kaj pa je narobe s sedanjim imenom SNPJ? Skoro 38 let je bila Slovenska narodna podpora jednota naša voditeljica in naša mati. Njeno ime je znano po vsej Ameriki, od Atlantika do Pacifika. Kot se je gl. tajnik br. Vider izrazil, ako se ime spremeni, bodo nastali veliki stroški. Ali ne bi bilo bolje dati tiste tisočake v starostni sklad, kot pa jih potrošiti za novo ime, dasi vem, da konvencija jednoti ne bo dala lepšega koga ima sedaj?

S temi vstricami ne mialim nikogar žaliti. To sem napisal kakor sam vidim. Vi bratje delegatje in delegatje pa glejte, da boste na prihodnji konvenciji res kaj ukrenili za stare člane.

John Jobkar, 265.

Nekoliko o konvenciji

Pueblo, Colo.—Pred dvajsetimi leti je bila združevalna konvencija SNPJ. Tedaj je bilo združenje bolj radi načel kot radi kakšnih drugih stvari. Tudi letošnja združevalna konvencija bo bolj načelna, ako bo sprejeta pogodba, kot pa radi finančnih pritisakov, ker vemo, da sta obe organizaciji, SNPJ in SSPZ, nadsolventni.

SSPZ bi morala biti združena s SNPJ že pred 20 leti, ker je nastala iz članov naše jednote. Naš slovenski pregovor pravi, da po poljevo se daleč pride. Koliko dela, truda in sitnosti je bilo treba predno smo prišli do združenja.

Delegatom letošnje združevalne konvencije si upam le povedati, naj gledajo na to, da se blagajna preveč ne razmeče, da bodo izdatki konvencije čim manjši. Čim močnejši bo upravni sklad, tem lažje prične organizacija z nakupom primerne zemljišča. Denar investirati v tako podjetje ne more biti nikdar izgubljen. Dnevnice delegatom so prav zadosti po dolarju na uro; kdor ni zadovoljen s tako

plačo, naj ostane doma. Konvencija naj tudi ne izgublja časa z morebitnimi resolucijami v zahvalo temu ali onemu gl. odborniku; tudi naj ne klone, da bi delila kakšne nagrade. Pa tudi plač odbornikom ni treba povečati, ker so sedaj že dovolj velike.

Delegatje naj nikar ne sprejmejo predloga za dvajsetletno endowmentno zavarovanje, ker ne more nikomur koristiti. Smrtninski skladi (certifikati) naj se tako uredijo, da bo član lahko vzvel del smrtnine, za katero plačuje, dokler še živi. O podpori dolgoletnim stari članom naj tudi ne bo govora, ako bi se moral zvišati asessment. Mesto tega naj Prosveta bolj vzgaja splošno slovensko javnost, organizirano v društvih, glede socialne zaščite, da po vseh državah pridobimo boljše zavarovanje kot je sedaj. To je naša pravica in naša dolžnost kot državljani. Kdor noče priznati dolžnosti, marveč samo čaka, da drugi vse naredijo, je slab državljan—sploh ni vreden, da je državljan. Le vzgoja doprinese hvaležno povračilo.

Joe Hočvar, 21.

Zahvala

Powhatan Point, Ohio.—Želim se zahvaliti jednoti za točno izplačilo bolniške podpore in odkodnine za oko. Človek res ne ve, kdaj in kje ga nesreča doleti. Torej rojaki širom Amerike, pristopite k SNPJ, ker ona vam je prava mati za časa nesreče ali bolezni. Res je težko plačevati asessment, toda dokler je zdravje, se vse premagava. Jaz imam šest članov v odraslem in tri v mladinskem oddelku, skupaj devet članov, in tako imam tolažbo, da sem preskrbljen za vsak slučaj nesreče ali bolezni. SNPJ še enkrat lepa hvala.

Frank Sabec, 536.

O različnih vrstah zavarovanja

Cleveland, Ohio.—Brat Zupan je dal v njegovih člankih nekaj zanimivih podatkov o zavarovanju iz kritičnega stališča. Navedel je tudi nekaj slučajev, kako se komercialne zavarovalnice iznebe obveznosti potem, ko prejemo vplačila za zavarovalnino. Dogajajo se taki in slični slučajji, s čimer pa seveda ne rečeno, da je to v praksi pod navodilom podjetja. Tudi pri bratskih organizacijah se pripeti, da se lokalna društva na kak nebratski način znebe kakšnega člana, in če si sam ne ve pomagati ali se noče pognati za svoje pravice, ostane brez zavarovalnine. To se dogaja proti načelom organizacije ali družbe po zaslugu zgrešene taktike posameznih funkcionarjev.

Večkrat se je že povdarjalo tudi pri SNPJ, da naj bi se posvetilo več pažnje, kako obrzati stare člane, da bodo kampanje za pridobivanje novih članov izkazovale višji odstotek napredka v članstvu, kajti za vsako organizacija je slabo izpričevalo, če izkazuje posebno v normalnih časih preveliko razliko med številom novih članov in naraščanjem.

Prihodnja konvencija naj temu odpomore z olajšanjem nazaj sprejemanja črtanih članov. V gl. uradu bi se temu pomagalo, če se ponovno upelje opominjanje črtanih članov direktno iz gl. urada s poljubnim pojasniliom. Pred leti se je to vrnilo, a se je opustilo s pretvezo, da povzroča preveč dela. Prospekta se mora seznaniti z vrednostjo zavarovalnine, da jo zna ceniti, ko lastuje polico. Kdor ima pottežko vzdržavati te vrste investicije, potrebuje navodila kako jih ohraniti. To vrše celo komercialne družbe, katerim se predbaciva, da se v raznih slučajih skušajo iznebiti zavarovanja.

Brat Zupan ima prav, ko omenja, da so industrialne zavarovalne najslabše in najdražje. To je vrsta zavarovalnine, kakršne se bratske organizacije niso oprijele in je potrebno, da se ob vsaki priliki ljudstvo odvaja od tedensko plačevanih zavarovalnin. Agentje zavarovalnih družb najraje prodajajo industrialne police med preprostim ljudstvom, ker pri tem največ zaslužijo, obenem pa je najlažje prodati polico za nikel ali dime na teden.

Zadnji čas me je več članov vprašalo o različnih načinih zavarovanj in zakaj nima SNPJ več različnih polic. Po mojem

mnenju bi bilo priporočljivo upeljati 20-letno endowmentno zavarovanje, o čemer sem že pisal in bo gotovo upeljano, posebej če se izvede združenje s SSPZ.

Poleg tega naj bi se upeljalo endowmentno zavarovanje, ki dozorelo v starosti 65 let. Priporočljivo so police, plačane s pristojno 60 ali 65 let. Za one, ki iščejo ceno zavarovalnino, naj se upelje začasno zavarovanje (Term Insurance), kateri pristojbine so celo nižje kot v našega razreda "A". Začasna zavarovanja so menda največ navadji za dobo 10 let, spremeljive tekom te dobe na stalno zavarovalnino. Kdor pa hoče po 10 letih še nadalje začasno zavarovan, lahko vzame n tako zavarovalnino, za katero mora plačevati po novi starosti.

Ker ni praktično in menda tudi ne dovoljeno izdati več kot en certifikat eni osebi od ene organizacije, se temu pride okom potom kombinacijskih certifikatov, od katerih so zelo pularni endowment in dožljenski ali plačani v gotovi dobi in pa dvojno nezgodno zavarovanje zaos s katerimkoli drugim zavarovanjem. Posebno priporočljivo upeljati dvojno zgodno zavarovanje kot dodat vseh certifikatov, kdor hoče biti zavarovan za dvojno vsoto slučaju smrtnega ponesrečenja. To se lahko doda za nizke p. spevke (15 do 20c mesečno \$1000 smrtnine—za navadne zike).

Dasi je koristno, da se člani pouči o teh in raznih drugih vrstah zavarovanja, ker le ted more razumeti razlike v ugodnostih in zakaj so določeni različni prispevki, se na tem mes ne bom spuščal v ožjo razpraker bi vzelo preveč prostora.

Upam, da se bo konvencija ali vsaj zadevni odbor—res bavila s to zadevo in da se osvobodilo karkoli se uvidi, da priporočljivo uvesti.

Blas Novak, 126.

Seja domovega kluba

St. Louis, Mo.—Vsem Slovincem v St. Louisu se naznan da se vrši seja Slovenskega kluba v nedeljo, 7. septembra, 3. popoldne v Slovenskem domu na 3331 So. Seventh blvd. V rojaki ste prošeni, da se udeležite, ker na tej seji bomo pravljali o ustanovitvi nove kluba, da prevzame dvorano. Računi pokazujejo, da dom dela luknje, marveč prebitok zadnjih treh mesecev je bil \$453.69 dohodkov, stroškov \$241. V blagajni je s prejšnj prebitkom \$555.36. Toda lah bi bilo še veliko bolj, če bi Slovenci malo bolj zanimali svoj Narodni dom. Zato se udeležite te seje in povejte svoje mišljenje. Podajmo si ro in delujmo skupaj v korist Narodnega doma in nas vseh skupaj. Pridite vsi na sejo.

John Franko.

Odvaj na Jankovichev pred

Rock Springs, Wyo.—Tudi legat našega društva 10 SNPJ br. Urban Jelovec se je pridružil Jankovichevemu predlogu nove člane. Oglašil se je družini Andreja Bernarda—imajo šest hčerk in je vseh šest naenkrat vplival v društvo, je redek slučaj. Njih imena so: Mary, Jennie, Helen, Marija, Theresa in Alice Bernard. Pr štiri so pristopile v mladinski oddelek, zadnji dve pa v oddelku. Dobrodošle! Br. Jelovsku želimo, da bi še več drugih škali in imel enako srečo.

Poročevalac.

Pred dvajsetimi leti

(Iz Prosvete, 3. septembra 1921)

Domake vesti. Slovenski narod iz W. Virginije poroča, da so sveti o krvavih bojih s privatnimi kompanijskimi pobojniki.

Zadeve SNPJ. V teku so veke priprave za tretjo izredno združevalno konvencijo v Clevelandu.

Delavske vesti. Rudarji v Virginiji izjavljajo, da noče imeti nobenih konfliktov s deralnimi četami.

Inocentstvo. Španska monarhija se majo zaradi revolucije Maroku.

Sovjetska Rusija. Ameriška pomožna misija je dospela v lice lakote ob Volgi v Rusiji.

Slovenska Narodna Podporna Jedinota

Table with columns: VPLAČILA (Adult), Mlad. oddel. (Youth), Odrasli oddel. (Adult), Mlad. oddel. (Youth). Lists members and their contributions.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT July 1941

Large financial statement table with columns: VPLAČILA (Adult), Mlad. oddel. (Youth), Odrasli oddel. (Adult), Mlad. oddel. (Youth). Includes sub-sections for 'MED DRUŠTVI IN JEDNOTO' and 'FINANCIAL STATEMENT July 1941'.

Table with columns: VPLAČILA (Adult), Mlad. oddel. (Youth), Odrasli oddel. (Adult), Mlad. oddel. (Youth). Lists members and their contributions.

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Cleveland.—Članstvo društva Naprej 5 SNPJ je vabljeno, da se udeležijo prihodnje seje 7. septembra...

Barberton, O.—Pozivam članstvo društva Triglav 48 SNPJ, da se udeležijo prihodnje seje v nedeljo, 7. septembra...

Muss, Pa.—Vsi člani društva 517 SNPJ ste prošeni, da se gotovo udeležite seje v nedeljo, 7. septembra...

Zelo žalostno je, ker se članstvo tako malo zanima za svoje društvo, daski ni nobenega vzroka. Če niste zadovoljni s prostorom...

Cheswick, Pa.—Vabljeni ste vsi člani in članice društva 586 SNPJ, da se udeležite prihodnje seje 14. septembra ob 10. popoldne...

IZ URADA BOLNIŠKEGA ODDELKA

Uradnikom krajevnih društev SNPJ in članom, ki so na bolniški podpori, se naznanja, da vsled konvencije ne bo mogoče izplačati bolniške podpore v tretjem tednu tega meseca...

Društvene vesti

St. Louis, Mo.—Sklep zadnje seje društva Planinski raj 107 SNPJ je, da mora biti assessment poslan v glavni urad o pravem času...

POROČILO O NAKAZANI BOLNIŠKI PODPORI

NAKAZANA 21. AVGUSTA 1941 REPORT OF SICK BENEFIT PAYMENT PAYMENT OF AUGUST 21, 1941

National SNPJ Event Is Huge Success

The 1941 national celebration of our Society last week end in Chicago definitely demonstrated anew the tremendous popularity that the SNPJ enjoys among our people everywhere.

While it is hard to estimate the exact number of members and friends who gathered in Chicago to take in the three-day celebration and its various functions and to demonstrate, it can be safely stated that this year's national event witnessed one of the largest assemblies on record.

It is generally agreed that the Seventh Annual National SNPJ Day was a success in all respects, one that will be put in our annals as a memorable achievement. The moral, social as well as material success attained cannot but spur our membership to further gains.

Another thing which the 1941 event clearly established was not only the record attendance, but also the fine spirit which was so vividly displayed by the attending throngs. All this points to ever greater and more imposing celebrations of this type in the future.

The Chicago District Federation of SNPJ lodges merits full recognition for its work. We trust that as a result of this the visiting throngs of our members were inspired to redouble their efforts for a greater and stronger SNPJ.

The 1942 national SNPJ Day celebration will be held in Cleveland, Ohio. It will be sponsored by the Cleveland Federation of SNPJ lodges and will be staged at the SNPJ Farm.

As is undoubtedly clear to every loyal member, the purpose of these annual national celebrations of our Society is twofold:

1. To observe the main event of our Society yearly at a designated place in a most dignified as well as fraternal way, thereby showing our loyalty towards our organization; and

2. To solidify our forces for our future task, in order that our beloved Society may grow stronger and sounder, and that it may serve an ever greater number of our people fraternally and educationally.

Both of these two vital points lead us quite logically to still another point which is equally if not even more important—namely, the point of striving to build our juvenile and adult ranks. After all, these annual celebrations would lose all significance if we would not have as our goal a definite plan, that of increasing our ranks.

Therefore, it is for these three reasons that our national events are being held, and it is to this end specifically that our SNPJ Day events must be dedicated. The more thoroughly we recognize this fact and the more zeal we put into its meaning, the greater and fuller will be our realization in building up our forces.

Let the 1941 SNPJ festival just concluded serve as another turning point in our common endeavor to cement our ranks everywhere.

Let this event spur our task of making the current Juvenile Membership Campaign go over the top as no other similar venture ever did!

Convention Program

UNIVERSAL, PA.—Sept. 13—Presentations by Midway and Sharon Juvenile Circles, and several other SNPJ Juvenile members, followed by dancing to Martin Serro and his orchestra, at Slovene Hall, 57th and Butler Sts., Pittsburgh; beginning at 8 p. m. (dst).

Sept. 14—Three act drama "Norec" (Maniac) presented by the "Ivan Cankar" Dramatic Society of Cleveland, followed by dancing to Joe Koracin and his Slovene Aces at Slovene Hall, Pittsburgh, beginning at 2:30 p. m. (dst).

Sept. 15—Dance featuring Frank's Trio beginning at 8:30 p. m. (dst), at Slovene Hall, Pittsburgh.

Sept. 16—One act comedy "Hlaeni gumbi" (Pants Buttons) by Prešeren Singing Society of Pittsburgh, at Slovene Hall, Pittsburgh, followed by dancing to Martin Kuvovich and His Slovene Commanders. Program begins at 8 p. m. (dst).

Sept. 20—Convention Banquet at Fort Pitt Hotel at 6 p. m. featuring entertainment, singing, speaking, radio program, followed by dancing to Frankie Yankovic and his WGAR orchestra of Cleveland.

Sept. 20—Singing by Bled, Prešeren and Schramm Singing Societies, Schramm's Concert Trio, and other singing, followed by dancing to Paul Dolinar and his orchestra; program begins at 2:30 p. m.

Of special significance on the Convention program is the presentation of Pittsburgh's Duquesne University Tamburitzas orchestra. Recognized as the most outstanding tamburitzas director of the nation, Mott L. Gouze (pronounced Goshay), a fellow Slovene, brings an entirely new program to music lovers in this area and to our delegates, officers, and guests when he appears with his orchestra at the hotel Fort Pitt on Sept. 20 at the 12th regular SNPJ Convention banquet.

At an early age, Gouze took an interest in the development of the tamburitzas and the furthering of tamburitzas music. His skill as a performer of the instrument was first nationally recognized in 1933 when he was selected concert master of the Chicago World's Fair Tamburitzas Symphony.

A few years later, he came out of Texas with an ensemble which literally took the East by storm. Gouze's orchestras are rigorously refreshing—presenting a new color, new rhythm and depth and variety of tone; his groups play with an artistic style which was soon recognized by the N. B. C. networks. He created a new day for the tamburitzas and its music in America.

At twenty-nine years of age, Gouze is serving his fourth year in the capacity of Tamburitzas Music Director at Duquesne University. Already he has introduced the music of the tamburitzas in true ensemble form to millions of the American people through the concert stage and National Radio networks. He conducts without the aid of a musical score and has added his own inimitable interpretation to exhibit the special talents of his musicians.

The presentation of this group at our Convention banquet will be their first before a Slovene au-

Integrity Broadcast

CHICAGO.—Many of us do not understand the real meaning of Fraternalism. It was created by people who believed that the people should be united closer to brotherly friendship to help each other in matters that come to us in our daily life to relieve us from many hardships.

Yet, many of us just belong to the Society and are paying our dues and we consider ourselves good standing members. That's not enough. Your real Fraternal Spirit lies—in what you do outside of paying your dues.

To attend meetings and make friends with your fellow members, is one of the greatest things we could do to better ourselves before the eyes of the public. To help the lodge when it has some affairs—because no lodge can run without financial support.

It's nice to get a postcard or letter from members who are on vacation or traveling. We bet there's a smile in your face when postcards come to you from fellow lodge members. So all in all, it's friendship—and the Fraternal Spirit is nothing but friendship among ourselves.

To try and secure new members into the fraternal fold is nothing but loyalty to ourselves and to our fellow members. The Integrity Lodge was born with such ideals—to promote what the Fraternal Society stands for. Yet, not until something happens, we seem to be too busy to help a little for the only humanitarian system that's left for our protection.

Fellow members, you are called for duty now, and not when it is too late. You can do a lot if you only consider matters over. In your lodge you have only fraternal matters and matters that are vital to you and to your Society. Let's no longer stay away from lodge meetings and affairs that are sponsored for you. And let's bring in new members in order that we may grow. Let's get that spirit within us so that we may see our Lodge where many of us would like to see it. It all depends upon you. You are the one that can make our lodge strong in every respect.

MICHAEL R. FLEISCHACKER, 631.

Fraternalites in the News

NEWARK, N. J.—Now that vacations are over, let's get down to earth again. Hope everyone made the most of it; I did.

Just in case you lost track of a certain date in September, allow me to remind you. The Date—September 21, the Place—Bohemian Hall, the time—2:30 p. m. Why not make this a record attendance and have a genuine social following our meeting where we can all drink a toast to make this season one of the busiest and most entertaining. Jot down your suggestions, and when you hear the familiar phrase, "For the good of the order," speak up. With plenty of suggestions, we should be able to make a schedule check full of entertainment for this fall.

A certain young man is bringing several new Slovene records. Here's your opportunity to get in the swing with busy feet. A good Slovene polka is just the thing to start you off for the evening.

NEW EVENTS: Cigars were passed in honor of a new member, Robert Anthony Karshina, proud parents—Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Karshina. Congratulations! Wedding bells—for two of our young members, Theresa Oblock and Frank Karshina. Lots of luck! The outing held on August 24 at the Sokol Camp was very successful. Those of you who did not attend, missed an enjoyable day.

JUSTINE KAVIC, 756.

diense, and we heartily believe our guests are in for a real treat. The orchestra will be present for playing while guests are eating, several dances will be staged and instrumental performances presented. It will consume a part of the entertainment time on our half-hour radio program, which program will also feature other entertainment and an address by President Cein-kear.

Radio program will be presented direct from the banquet hall at 10:30-11:00 p. m., Pittsburgh's daylight savings time, or 9:30-10:00 Eastern standard time, over Westinghouse station KDKA which can be heard in the states of Ohio, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia. Attempts are being made for a national broadcast, and if we succeed, announcements will be made in future issues of Prosveta. Watch for them.

MICHAEL R. KUMER, Chairman.

Little Fort Lodge

WAUKEGAN, ILL.—A meeting of all Slovene fraternal societies in the Waukegan and No. Chicago area was held on Sunday, Aug. 31, at the Slovene Hall. The meeting was called in order to select a permanent local board to take charge of all the raising of funds for Jugoslav relief under the National Joint Jugoslav Board.

The meeting was called by the officers of the American Fraternal Union. Among the lodges represented are the following (incomplete): SNPJ—Nos. 14, 119, and 568; Slovene Independent Lodge; American Fraternal Union; St. Anne's Society; Catholic Order of Foresters; St. Josephs; Marija Pomagal, etc.

The first permanent board elected was as follows: A. Kobal, president; Joseph Zorc, secretary; Frank Nagode, treasurer, and Louis Kosir, Frank Mix and Math Siana. This committee has full authority to proceed in the obtaining of permission from the National Board. Watch for further developments concerning this in the next editions of the Prosveta.

Final results of Little Fort's Golf Tournament: "Peewee" Dolence won the low gross for members participating in the tournament, thereby winning the trophy. This is the second year "Peewee" won the trophy so a bag full of congratulations to you for your fine golfing. The winner of low gross for outside participants—persons not belonging to our lodge—was Stan Hodnik with a score of 71.

Attention—bowling fans: The season for bowling is at hand. So dig out your bowling equipment and be prepared for another year of bowling. The season starts Sunday, 14, at 3:30. All bowlers be present to start the balls a-rolling. If you don't care to bowl this year but enjoy the sport, come down and root for your favorite team.

Until next week when I'll tell you about the past SNPJ Day, I bid you all "cheerio."

"STAND-IN," 568.

Picnicking with SNPJ Harmonizers July 27

ROUNDUP, MONT.—The SNPJ Harmonizers Lodge 700's picnic held at Spec's ranch on July 27 was a great success. After everyone arrived the games began. First there was the watermelon contest. Everyone crowded for a place and the fun began. Faces were buried in watermelon and seeds went flying. The lucky winner Frank Oset Jr.

A novelty was the casting contest. All the so-called professionals got out their poles and found who could cast or not. Frank Oset Jr. and Frank Nose cast the best on this certain day. Next all the youngsters got together for a balloon race. Those on winning team were Sonny Lekše, Louise Lekše, Dorothy Jasbeck, Josephine Oset, Natalie Glotch and Richard Lekše.

Last but not least of the contests was the newspaper race. This consisted of jumping over a newspaper, picking up the paper, and running at the same time. The winners of this difficult race were Frank Oset Jr., 1st; Joe Zupic, 2nd; Martin Mezmarich, 3rd.

About this time a ball team was organized and a rip-snootin' game developed, but a rain put a stop to it and everyone ran under sheds. This didn't ruin the picnic, for we sang Slovene songs and had a good time while it poured outside.

Soon the sun came up and someone suggested we have a mock wedding in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Jancic's 25th anniversary. This was one of the highlights of the picnic and we extend our good wishes to the Jancices. The refreshments left were eaten and this finished one of the best picnics our lodge had ever held. A good time was had by all.

JOSEPHINE OSET, Lodge 700.

Y. A. Vacationers Send Greetings

ELY, MINN.—Joseph Dolents and family, members of SNPJ Young Americans 564, Detroit, Mich., are visiting his mother, Mrs. Mary Dolents and family, here in Ely, Minn. They are enjoying fishing and camping trips in this lovely country. They send greetings to all Young Americans and to the personnel at the SNPJ headquarters.

A MEMBER.

Defense Savings Bonds may be registered in the name of one individual, or of two individuals as co-owners, or one individual and one other individual as beneficiary.

Seventh Nat'l SNPJ Day Event in Chicago Is Crowning Success

Friendly City News

JOHNSTOWN, PA.—Due to the fact that the Conemaugh Valley Federation's picnic falls on Sept. 14, our monthly meeting is changed from Sept. 14 to Sept. 7, the first Sunday of the month instead of the second.

Personals: Wedding congratulations go out to Mr. and Mrs. Hribar of Latrobe. Mary Gasser is now an adult of Lodge Friendly City. If you follow the footsteps of your mother, you will be a very active member.

How did you like the mushball picture of the local SNPJ champs? Personally I still think the photographer has done injustice to your pitcher. According to the correspondence pouring in, we find Mollie (Urbas) Neis and husband vacationing on the Steel Piers, catching big ones at Atlantic City. We also find Mitzi Bombatch going native along the Great Lakes somewhere, for the past two weeks. The Martincic girls, Frances and Josephine, are vacationing in Ohio for the past 6 weeks. Edmund and Jno. Korber Jr. were also camping recently. Results: No fish—plenty of measles.

BEANIE B. JACOBY, Sec'y 684.

Strugglers Lodge

SPECIAL NOTICE

CLEVELAND, OHIO.—Attention please!—All Struggler girls who wish to bowl this season please get in touch with Anne Zele at 16309 Trafalgar ave., or you can reach me by calling IV. 2743 M. Our bowling season starts on Sunday, September 7, at the Slovene Home bowling alleys, 15335 Waterloo Rd., stl p. m.

There is a possibility that our time will be changed but the season starts officially at 1 p. m. on September 7.

The Comrades have promised to have three teams on hand and we are awaiting word from the Loyalties to see what they intend to do. (Loyalties please note.)

At our last bowling meeting the following were elected to their various offices: President, Jean Beljon (Comrade); Secy, Mollie Koren (Comrade); and Treasurer, Josephine Tomaic (Struggler). We know that we have selected what we believe a very good executive committee and we feel confident that each and every one of us will try our very best to make this bowling season a very successful one.

One more reminder to both the Struggler girls and the Comrade Girls—don't forget Sunday, September 7, at 1 p. m., Slovene Workmen's Home bowling alleys.

ANNE S. ZELE, Rec. Sec'y.

Columbia Lodge 760, Washington, D.C., News

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Because of the extreme summer heat which is typical in this region where the Nation's Capital is located, no activities were held by the Columbians, SNPJ lodge 760, which was organized early last spring.

However, we are determined to roll up our sleeves as soon as our members return from their vacations. Already, President Sadler of the Columbians is catching fish for our next feast. Let's hope that our first affair after the summer season will be a success.

We hear that Emil Hrast is planning to attend the Seventh National SNPJ Day celebration in Chicago. Many of us wish to be there with you at this great manifestation in the Windy City.

Secretary Amelia Fishenden and her husband, James, are leaving on a motor trip to visit her parents in Ringo, Kansas. They also plan to attend the annual celebration of the Kansas Federation of SNPJ.

To Comrade X in Latrobe, Pa.: Remember what you promised. The heat will be gone by that time, we hope. If everything will go smooth, we'll see you in Pittsburgh soon.

Our next meeting will be held on Friday, Sept. 19, at 8 o'clock in the evening at 1749 Lyman Pl. N. E. We have important matters to discuss, and if things go right we will have some potica after the meeting. All members are urged to attend.

MARY SUGLICK, Lodge 760.

Attendance Estimated Close to Five Thousand; SNPJs and Friends from Many Parts Invade City; The 19 Nat'l Day Observance in Cleveland

VERONA VERONIANS ARE 1941 SNPJ SOFTBALL CHAMPIONS

CHICAGO.—Upwards of 5000 people took part in the 1941 National SNPJ Day which was held in Chicago August 30, 31 and September 1. Many mid-western towns and cities were represented.

Gabar and Leksan of Detroit and Barberton were the first to check in Friday afternoon. The John Mihelichs were here from Leadville, Colorado. Zoni Kvaternik and his mother had a pleasant airplane trip from Kansas City, especially for the occasion.

Groups came from the neighboring towns of Waukegan, Joliet, La Salle, Aurora and Oglesby. Kenosha, Racine and Milwaukee were with us. Springfield had a bus load and Virden and Carlinville were on deck. The Young Americans of Detroit who participated in the softball championships brought a following with them.

Lorrain, Barberton, Girard and Cleveland were prominently represented and from the Pennsylvania towns, they streamed in from all directions, including Pittsburgh, Johnstown, Verona, Canonsburg, and many, many others.

Every available means of transportation was used; private cars, buses, trains, and even airplanes. Chicago responded wholeheartedly to make the stay of the visitors pleasant and enjoyable.

Welcoming Dance

Taffy's orchestra came from Barberton for the Welcoming Dance Saturday night at the Lawndale Masonic Temple. Both halls of this building were fairly filled. The Gradisek-Fairly orchestra played in the lower hall.

Registrations

The SNPJ Building was neatly decorated for the occasion and this was a sort of a welcoming greeting which was pleasant for all visitors. The offices of the Society were available for inspection throughout the three-day celebration and hundreds of our guests signed the register. The lower hall of the SNPJ was recently remodeled and gave the visitors good impressions. Lunches were served throughout the three days at this hall and a social followed Monday afternoon and evening.

The Picnic

Workers for the big picnic went to the Horalek-White Ea-

gle Groves early Sunday morning so as to have everything ready for the large throngs upon their arrival. The weather was ideal for just such a place. It was here also the peak of attendance was reached. The program included singing societies Prešeren and in some very nice songs, remem-bered by a number of Supreme Board members including Fred Anderson who was principal speaker because of the illness of Vice Cankar. The Milwaukee Juvenile Circle and the Waukegan Juvenile Circle sang a number of songs and Eloise and Ivanchich of the Badger Circle gave an exhibition of tap dancing.

Conference and Meeting—Frank Bolka, member of Supreme Board, presided at Monday morning conference which conference adopted number of recommendations of the Athletic Board and selected Cleveland for the 1942 SNPJ Day.

Softball Championships—Some mighty fine softball games were played in the series Sunday. Sparta Stadium enabled the ball players to get a good account of themselves. They had a well laid out mound without interference. Badgers of Milwaukee, Young Americans of Detroit, Trigon Johnstown, and Veronians Verona competed. The Veronians came out on top. The ball played was as good as one can see anywhere in the country and we can well be proud of all of our teams and our champions. Congratulations.

The Chevy—We said that someone was lucky would ride home in a new 1941 Chevrolet sedan. We can report that Miss E. E. nar of South Chicago was the lucky person and she had the privilege of riding home in her new chariot.

Chicagoans tried to accommodate our out-of-town guests who worked hard on this mighty job and are happy that so many of our SNPJ folks took time to celebrate with us. We express words of gratitude to all who came and also to those who assisted in the performance and who worked so diligently to serve our many patrons. It will be Cleveland in 1942. D. J. LOTRICH, Sec'y.

NOTICE FROM THE SICK BENEFIT DEPARTMENT

Officers of the local lodges of the Slovene National Benefit Society, and members who are on the sick list, are hereby notified that no payment of sick benefit shall be made during the third week of this month on account of the Convention. Last payment before the Convention will be made on Sept. 15 on reports received at the Head Office up to said date. Payment on reports received after Sept. 15 will be made as soon as possible after the Convention. Officers and members are requested to kindly take this into consideration.

L. GRADISEK, Ass't Sec'y.

My Week

By Louis Beniger

Conservative estimates have it that more than four thousand SNPJs and friends attended the 12th national event of our Society last week end in Chicago. They came by train, bus, auto, and even by airplane.

The first group that arrived in Chicago was the Triglav softball team of Johnstown, Pennsylvania, who reached the SNPJ office at 3 p. m. on Friday, Aug. 29. The team was sponsored by SNPJ lodge 82 and represented that district in the semi-finals in Chicago.

Two Detroiters, Gilbert and Herman Forbas, piloted their own plane to be at the national event of our Society. They made the trip in two days and landed at a suburban airport on Sunday.

The main event of the celebration was the huge picnic Sunday afternoon at Horalek-White Eagle Grove and the adjoining Forest Preserve in Lyons, Ill., which is a distance of about five miles southwest from Chicago headquarters. It was a hot day, the temperature hovering around the ninety mark.

I have been wanting to meet a number of SNPJ personalities for a long time, and this affair provided a necessary opportunity. Among those who were Al Pternel, Obranovich, and Bob Travnik, Zindar, Rudy Mimi Potochnik, the Rupers, and others, all of them from Detroit's Young Americans and Wolverines. Also Joe Fifolt and the Nightgals from Cleveland and many others.

The 1941 championship softball team was captured by the Veronians of Verona, Pennsylvania, who triumphed over Triglav of Johnstown, Pa. by a score of 4 to 0.

Besides our nearby communities in Illinois and Wisconsin, members and friends came from Iowa, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania and other states. It was a real reunion for scores and scores of our members, and judging from the crowd that was still around at a late hour Monday, everyone had a good time.

The cultural, social and sports programs that were given at various intervals during the three-day festival, were well rendered and enthusiastically received. Two outdoor Juvenile Circles, Milwaukee and Waukegan, staged their program well, and Sava and Preseren offered several selections each.

Spirit-o-Grams

By Whoozit

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Now that our summer activities are about over, we are going into our Fall affairs. Let us put all our time and effort into our annual "Anniversary Dinner" which will be held on Nov. 14 at the Concordia Turner Hall. The committee are working out ideas which we think will surpass all our previous affairs. We ask you now to keep this date in mind and help us celebrate on that day.

The men bowlers recently met and organized a team, which was entered in a league at the Bevo Recreation. The team made up of Ed Kern, John Yurgee, Tony Sweg, Stanley Herveatin, and Pete Kral, will bowl every Monday night beginning at 9 o'clock. The league starts Monday night, Sept. 1. Let's give these boys our support by coming down and boosting them during their games.

How about the girls, why not get organized? Any girl who would like to bowl, get in touch with Sis. Kerkoff and Sis. A. Spiller. Our next regular meeting will be held on Sept. 12. Every member is invited to attend. Don't forget to bring your prospects for Juvenile and Adult members. Have you forgotten there is a big Juvenile Membership Campaign going on?

Outside of the members who came to Chicago for the National SNPJ celebration, we heard that the Matnachs went to Naylor, Mo., for the holidays, Pete and Ann Kozel went to Witt, Ill.

The efficiency of defense production in 1940 took a nastier kick in the belts from Old Man Accident than employees were away from their jobs than while they were at work.

The new edition of Accident Facts, the National Safety Council's statistical volume, reports that 27,000 employed persons were injured by off-the-job accidents last year, compared with 17,000 accidents suffered on the job. Finding skilled employees to replace the victims of off-the-job accidents severely complicates the current acute job of employers to train skilled employees to man defense industries and related activities. The Council pointed out that the man days lost from production due to off-the-job accidents last year exceeded the man-days lost because of non-fatal occupational accidents.

Of the 27,000 off-the-job accidents

SNPJ Wolverine News

DETROIT, MICH.—The Wolverines have done it again! Besides their other unique accomplishments this lodge boasts of the only combination farewell and reception committee in the SNPJ.

To explain the above we take you back to Sunday, Aug. 17, the date of the annual Wolverines excursion by boat to Cedar Point. As we approached the gang plank we were hailed from the upper sun-deck by Frank Kern and Boss Obed, the latter according to reports, having been on hand at eight o'clock to insure against his missing the boat. At ten o'clock the boat started to leave the dock amid farewells from those aboard to friends on shore who came to see them off. Due to the large crowd all breathing and sitting space was occupied so we wandered into the bar room to join Art and Bart Benedict and all the rest in a liquid breakfast.

After the usual fun the Wolverines have, such as dancing, playing-sucker to the slot machines, and harmonizing with Boss Obed (captain of the victorious single men's tug-of-war team), we arrived at Cedar Point. The afore-mentioned reception committee was on the dock to welcome us to the Park. These were the same people who had waved goodbye to us five hours before, in Detroit. It seems that contrary to my recommendation they arrived at the boat dock too late to book passage on the boat. After waving us goodbye they had turned back to their cars and had driven to Cedar Point, arriving there before the boat did. The committee was so enthusiastic that they even swept a Young American, namely, Max Culkar into the crowd. Never one to be outdone, Lefty Kovach was chairman of this committee which included Jo Klarich, Ann Bogatay, Helen Martinec, Rose Klarich, Rose's friend Charlotte and Herman Hautman. The size of the committee was swelled somewhat on the return voyage when Pearl Cowling, Frank Kern and myself deserted the excursionists and joined the tourists.

Don't miss the opening dance of the year to be held by the Wolverines on October 4. We have engaged Jack Persin and his orchestra from Warren, Ohio. This band has proved very popular throughout eastern Ohio and we are pleased to introduce the boys to Detroit where we are sure they will make a hit. The band will play Sunday, Oct. 5, at the Omira Cafe to round out a full week end.

Pardon us for continually mentioning the Wolverine Field Day but through an oversight we have neglected to acknowledge some splendid cooperation on the part of Mrs. Bozich and her family in making preparations for that event. We promise that this is the last orchid we will hand out but wish to add that it is very sincere and a well deserved one.

Rudy Bernick is scampering around lining up bowling teams for the coming season which incidentally starts September 14. Anyone interested in joining the league this year is urged to communicate with Rudy. Also the next meeting of the lodge will be held on the 21st of September. Let's have a good turnout at both of these.

At the National SNPJ Day in Chicago we engaged in activities too numerous to mention in detail. It seems everyone joined in staying out all hours of the night within a minimum of sleep, and an overabundance of bumping into old and new acquaintances.

Among some of the incidents we find: Red Zamen playing a quiet game of pinocle on Jo Klarich's bed with Ann Bogatay and Rudy at 6:30 Sunday morning; Helen Martinec spending half the night sleeping amid the towels, and then sleeping on the better part of the next day also; Ann Groszer guiding Michael Kumer along the right paths; Frank Rezek spouting about growing old and becoming less active; Blondie Obranovic putting on the Nick Altrock skit while coaching the YA's in their game with

More Lodges Cooperate on Novak's Dictionary

CHICAGO.—In the last few weeks I have received orders to aid the publication of Novak's Dictionary additionally from the following lodges and circles: No. 83, 147 (five copies), 125 (two copies) SNPJ; No. 197 SSPZ; Circles No. 1 and 2 of the Progressive Slovene Women Organization.

I take this opportunity to express my appreciation and thanks to these lodges and circles for their understanding and helpfulness, hoping that all others will follow suit immediately. All money collected for this purpose is promptly deposited in a bank on savings account which is growing slowly but steadily. Mrs. AGNES NOVAK, 2506 N. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

fatalities, about 15,500 resulted from motor vehicle accidents. The 11,500 others were produced principally by falls, drownings, burns, firearms accidents and excessive heat.

Johnstown; my nomination for the most valuable player in the baseball contests—Sweeney, the Johnstown boy who sparked his team as catcher and also pitched later—he's the backbone of that team; Eddie Azman leaving his duties at nearby Camp Sheridan to attend the festivities; Slim and the Badgers holding up street cars on Lawndale.

Might as well give up—it's impossible to tell all. Anyway no complaints were registered with or by our group. Now we start again to build up the next opportunity to get together at the bowling tournament in Milwaukee next spring and the 1942 SNPJ Day in Cleveland, and any intermediate meetings including, of course, the convention in Pittsburgh.

LADDIE ZINDAR, 676.

Year in and year out, agricultural activity snuffs out more lives in accidents than are taken in any other general classification of industrial activity.

So says the National Safety Council in the new edition of its annual statistical volume, Accident Facts.

During 1940 farm accidents took 4,500 lives.

Other occupational classifications and the number of fatal accidents they experienced were:

Trade and Service Industries, 3,700 accident deaths.

Construction industry, 3,100 accident deaths.

Manufacturing industries, 2,000 accident deaths.

Transportation and Public Utility industries, 1,900 accident deaths.

Mining, Quarrying, Oil and Gas Wells industries, 1,800 accident deaths.

Accident Facts estimates the non-fatal occupational injury total for 1940 at 1,400,000. Permanent disabilities numbered about 60,000 cases, the remainder being temporary disabilities cases.

Wage loss, medical expense and the overhead cost of insurance for occupational accident cases totaled approximately \$700,000,000.

Tranquility (A Mother's Thought)

I long to have you little once again, Just yesterday you sat upon my knee And kissed my cheek, and wiped the tears away. I wonder if you did not understand The heavy heart I hid within my breast. I tried to smile, and have you think me brave; But often when you gazed into my eyes— You seemed to vision deep into my soul And see, though young—the lonely years ahead. You fed my soul, and hope replaced my fear, Because of you, being lived again. You grew so soon, to lovely womanhood, My little girl who kissed the tears away. When once my cup was full and overflowed, I am glad I have you little just today. —Lauja M. Lockwood.

Always Economist: "Borrowing money is the same as borrowing trouble." Layman: "Except that you can still borrow trouble."

Named They call her Dandruff—because she was always falling on some boy's neck.



Betty Richards leading pickets in front of the Brass Rail Restaurant, Jones Beach, Long Island, against which the AFL struck.

Juvenile Circles

Juvenile Circle 'Dawn of Youth' Enjoy Trip to Pittsburgh

GIRARD, O.—This is Circle No. 7 of the SNPJ reporting the events of our trip to Pittsburgh, Saturday, Aug. 23. We all had a grand time visiting the steel center.

Our group left Girard at 8:45 with a busload of juveniles and six adults, including Adviser Frank Rezek. We left Girard amid shouts of joy, laughter, and singing. The most popular song seemed to be "You Are My Sunshine," as it was sung so many times during the trip. We harmonized very nicely on many songs.

When the hills began to appear we knew we were nearing Pennsylvania. The scenery along the road was beautiful. We arrived at our destination at approximately 11:15. We visited the KDKA broadcasting studio first, and we had a competent guide; she explained to us just how a program goes out to us listeners at home.

After lunch we started for the Carnegie Institute. Upon entering, the marble floors made quite an impression on us. As we entered the first room the large statue of Japanese Buddha came into sight. I was greatly impressed by the statues of Greek gods and goddesses, and the reproduction of the Greek and Roman buildings, such as the Partheon and the Temple of Athena. Because I study Latin in school, I was pleased to see some things that I had studied in my first year of the course.

We saw a portion of the Pennsylvania cave and its stalactites and stalagmites. Another of the chambers held fossils and reproductions of prehistoric animals. The gallery of birds held the most beautiful specimens of wild life that I have ever seen. We saw many paintings, Indian pottery, Egyptian mummies, dolls of foreign countries, the first organ built west of the Alleghenies, a covered wagon, minerals and so many other things. I shall never forget the trip to the museum and the things that I saw.

Our next stop was the Slovene Dom where we got some refreshments. We were looking forward to a visit to the Buhl Planetarium and most of us were very disappointed because we didn't see the Sky Show. We left for home at about five o'clock, and had a fine time coming home, too; we sang until we were hoarse. When we arrived at the Slovene Home in Girard, we were a bit tired but we were certainly glad that we had gone to Pittsburgh.

Our Circle held its last meeting on Aug. 28. We discussed plans for our fall dance which will be held on Nov. 22. We want to make this venture a success.

IRENE ROWAN, Circle 7.

Misunderstood "If there be anyone in the congregation who likes sin let him stand up—what's this, Sister Virginia, you like sin?" "Oh, pardon me, I thought you said gin."

Why He Went "Well! What's become of the old cashier?" "He's gone away." "For a rest?" "No, to avoid arrest."

Official Proceedings

SNPJ EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE Meeting of July 2

Meeting was called to order at 1 p. m. In attendance were officers Vincent Cainkar, F. A. Vider, Lawrence Gradisek, Ivan Molek and Philip Godina; John Vogrich was absent because of illness.

Minutes of the June 18 meeting and the June 23 special meeting were approved.

Sec'y Vider submits letter from D. J. Lotrich on the 25th anniversary of lodge 273, Sheldon, Wis., at which he was speaker; the affair was well attended and successful. Sec'y of lodge 583 writes about membership drive, in which they were active and not entitled to any rewards, asks for some reimbursement; \$25 is donated.

Ursula Ambrozich of lodge 130, Eveleth, Minn., writes she resigned as supreme board member from an organization and submits certified proof; she was re-elected at her election. Committee considers her as an eligible delegate.

Meeting adjourned at 3 p. m.

Meeting of July 9

Meeting was called to order at 1 o'clock. All officers except treasurer were present. Minutes of the July 2 meeting were approved.

President Cainkar submits letter from sec'y of lodge 53 about Circle 3, asking for financial help; \$35 was approved.

Sec'y Vider reports that lodge 48 will observe the 35th anniversary Oct. 11 and desire M. Petrovich as speaker; request is approved. Sec'y of lodge 271 requests Pres. Cainkar to attend their July meeting. President is delegated to attend and try to establish a better relationship. Lodge 312 observe their 25th anniversary, Oct. 26 and desire Manager Godina as speaker; request approved.

Leo Schweiger of Milwaukee reports that a new concrete sidewalk should be made on property at 913 Nat'l ave. The sum of \$64.50 is authorized for this purpose.

He also submitted seven cases of combined lodges in which there were disputing questions and irregularities occurring at the election of delegates to the 12th regular convention. Upon evidence submitted, Committee disapproved delegates of the following lodges: 29-148-217-736; 74-335-362-467; 84-280-318-379; 287-741; 427.

He had a conference with Michael Kumer in Strabane with reference to the program for the forthcoming convention, and that there was some dispute in getting the quartet from Cleveland for the radio program. President was delegated to get in touch with some reliable entertainers which may be put on that program providing that Kumer is successful in securing the use of the radio facilities at a reasonable price.

Secretary Vider also reported that he attended the 35th anniversary of lodge 166, Presto, Pa., July 4, which was very well attended, good program was arranged which made very good advertising for the Society and undoubtedly good financial results for the lodge. At Strabane, where he was also delegated to attend the 15th anniversary of lodge 589 July 6, he regretted to inform that the local committee failed to advertise their affair as they should, and they prepared no program for the occasion. He recommended that in the future whenever such an affair is sponsored without proper advertising and preparation, it is hardly worthwhile to have someone from the Supreme Office present. Decided that the Supreme Board meeting should begin August 7.

In view of the rapidly increasing prices, the question of the employees' salaries was discussed. Decided to increase the salaries of all the employees on the following basis: employees receiving \$30 or less a week should be increased \$2 per week and those receiving more than \$31 per week should be increased \$1 per week beginning with July 7, 1941.

President is urged to see that the remodeling in the kitchen is done and the building put in order before the National SNPJ Day. He is also instructed to see that painting is done wherever will be necessary. Meeting adjourned at 4:30 p. m.

Meeting of July 16

Meeting was called to order at 1 p. m. The following officers responded to roll call: Vincent Cainkar, Lawrence Gradisek, F. A. Vider, Philip Godina and Ivan Molek. Minutes of the July 9 meeting were approved.

President Cainkar read a letter from Vice-President Vidrich in which he asks that a speaker from the Executive Committee be present at the Conemaugh Valley Federation affair September 14. President was delegated.

Secretary Vider submits the following: Secretary of lodge 29 writes in reference to their Juvenile Circle and asks for some financial contribution; \$25 was approved. Request for donation for softball from the athletic fund was submitted by Frank Groszer, Secretary of the Athletic Board, for lodges 580 and 739. Request approved. Report was read from Frank Zaitz with reference to the 2nd Ohio SNPJ Day held in Girard July 4. Large attendance was present from the senior and

junior membership and the affair was very successful. Report accepted.

Secretary also submitted reports on the elected delegates to the 12th regular convention of the following lodges for the reason that the elections were not held in conjunction with the by-laws and a dispute arose: 84-335-362-467; 91-385-396-486; 107; 186-356-498; 665-708-719; 380-432-447-513. All the elected delegates from the above lodges were disapproved.

The following operation claims referred to the executive committee for settlement by the supreme medical examiner were approved: Frances Gorence of lodge 262, \$50; Antonia Terbovec of lodge 304, \$75; Frank Koridi of lodge 387, \$35. The following special cases for special benefits were approved: Mary Ribel of lodge 1, \$25; Frank Babeli of lodge 315, \$200; Antonia Raukar of lodge 356, \$30.

Manager Godina reported that he attended the affair of Westmoreland County Federation July 13 which was very well attended and good advertising was accomplished morally for the Society and financially for the Federation.

Assistant Secretary Gradisek submitted the matter of Joseph Cesar of lodge 66, who asked for commissarial claim from the sick benefit fund because his illness was incurable. Request approved. Also an application for commissarial claim from the sick benefit fund for Martin Oven of lodge 117. Payment approved.

Meeting adjourned at 4 p. m.

Meeting of July 23

Meeting was called to order at 1 p. m. The following officers responded to roll call: Vincent Cainkar, F. A. Vider, Philip Godina and Ivan Molek. Minutes of the July 16 meeting were approved.

Secretary Vider submits communication from Michael Kumer, chairman of the local convention committee, in which request for ad in their program booklet was read; \$40 ad approved. With reference to the cuts of the Supreme Board members, the Executive Committee did not change their previous attitude. To his inquiry about photographing the delegates to the Twelfth Regular Convention, Secretary should explain to him that this matter was up to the Convention to decide. Kumer also suggested that the Duquesne Tamburizza orchestra should be considered for the radio program, which was approved. President read a letter from C. Zarnick who reported that he obtained some information with reference to the quartet from Cleveland. President is delegated to get all the necessary details on this matter. Decided to ask Kumer to obtain immediate information with reference to the radio facilities. It is essential to know what radio station it would be possible to obtain, also the time and date.

Letter was read from the attorney representing Caroline Klac daughter of deceased Anna Sustaric, lodge 69, which report indicated that the daughter was taking care of her mother ever since she was sick. Decided that the \$33 remaining sick benefit be paid to the daughter.

A letter was read from lodge 107 with reference to the election of delegate. The letter is of a critical nature because their delegate was disqualified due to shortage of good standing members in the month prior to the election. Secretary is instructed to reply in accordance to the opinion stressed at the meeting.

Brother Schweiger, our real estate representative in Milwaukee, submitted a bill for a new sidewalk at 915 West National Avenue. Bill was slightly higher than the estimate originally submitted, but as the explanation was satisfactory, it was approved.

Communication was received from Frank Groszer, secretary of the Athletic Board, in which he reported that their Board decided that \$15 be donated to Juvenile Circles sponsoring softball teams, and also that a golf tournament should be held in Chicago over the Labor day holiday. Committee approved their first decision with reference to the Juvenile Circles, but disapproved the second about a golf tournament on the grounds that such a tournament would not have any advantage or benefits to the Society.

Frank Zajec, former real estate representative in Milwaukee, reported about his transactions with the Society's properties entrusted in his hands during his stay in Milwaukee, and submitted bill for \$25. Payment approved, as was also \$25 to Peter Benedict, real estate representative in Detroit.

Request from the Chicago Federation for ad in their program booklet for the National SNPJ Day was read and \$26 for one-page ad was approved.

Committee appointed the following delegates to serve on the convention credentials committee: John Gabrenja, George Smrcakar, James Maglich, Christine Stritar and Joseph Kosich. Upon investigation and reports, approval was made regarding the three elected delegates of the fol-

YOUNG AMERICANS

By Ann Stengel, Lodge 564

DETROIT, MICH.—Asking all SNPJ delegates to the 12th convention to give their utmost support and their vote for Detroit, as the place of the 13th National SNPJ Convention. Take this opportunity to visit Detroit, the great Motor City. Watch your car being made from beginning to end in ninety minutes.

Detroit also has an attractive park system which includes our beautiful park island, Belle Isle, containing over 700 acres, and is 3 miles from the heart of the city.

Other beautiful and interesting places and scenery are, Greenfield village, Ford's Rotunda, the Shrine of the Little Flower, Detroit Zoological Park, Edison Institute Museum, our Museum of Arts which contains a valuable collection of modern and classic art. The public buildings are many, and they include, the Wayne county courthouse, city hall, post office, Detroit Athletic Club and Y. M. C. A.

These are just a few of the many places of interest you can see and visit in our Great Motor City.

We think that by having a National SNPJ Convention in Detroit, it would give our drive for new members a tremendous boost. Also, the members and delegates can take advantage of this splendid opportunity to visit Detroit, the "Motor City."

To Kay Frank and Marie Cedilnik, who are recovering from appendix operations in St. Joseph Mercy Hospital, we send our best wishes for a speedy recovery.

Everyone is invited to attend our Grape Dance, October 18, at SND, 17153 John R. Come one, come all and join the fun.

Saturday, Nov. 2, the Young American will sponsor an "All American Fall Dance" featuring George Kavanagh and his music, at the U. A. W. Hall, 51 Sprout St. Detroit.

Other important dates to remember are:

October 4—Wolverine Fall Dance, 437 South Livernois.

December 13—Young American-Wolverine Dance, 437 South Livernois, music by Yankovich.

March 14, 1942—Young-American Anniversary Dance, 43 South Livernois, music by Johnny Pecon.

The next monthly meeting will be held at the SND, on Sunday, Sept. 7, at 10 a. m. The jackpot jumps to \$12 for the girls and \$9 for the boys. Be present, your name may be next.

Don't forget your vote for Detroit for the next convention will be greatly appreciated.

HOME HINTS

When preparing corn for canning use a slow cutter to slice from cob. This method will save a great deal of time.

Hot jars should not be set directly on concrete to cool. Set the jars one-half inch apart on wood or paper and after the first five minutes of cooling turn the electric fan on them and you'll have less spoilage.

When shelling peas for canning put boiling water over the pods, allow them to stand a few minutes, then run them through the wringer, stem end first, the peas will come out.

Cooked food should not be moved from the stove to the table when filling jars in the open kettle method of canning. The food must be kept at the boiling point during the whole process.

Alkaline vegetables (vegetables other than tomatoes) that have been canned by the hot water bath method should not be tasted until they have been cooked 10 minutes and then plunged them into cold. Spoiled food resulting from faulty canning, is not always detectable to the taste and one teaspoonful may be fatal.

To keep peaches from turning dark while they are being prepared for canning drop each piece of peeled fruit into a solution of water, vinegar, and salt for a short time. Two tablespoons each of salt and vinegar to each gallon of water makes the solution. It is well to remember this tip when it comes to canning apples, pears and apricots, too.

Virtus is an angel, but she is a blind one, and ask Knowledge to show her the pathway that leads to her goal. —HORACE MANN.

Following lodges: 37, 277, 446; 80, 116, 184, 465 and 489; 333, 407.

The following operation claims, of \$25 each, referred to the executive committee by the supreme medical examiner, were approved for payment to: Frank Trunk, of lodge 14, Terezija Petkovec, lodge 17, John Bulas, lodge 52, William E. Lessor, lodge 111, Antonia Zabatukovec, lodge 137. Special benefit application was approved for John Spudich, 118. Other applications for loan and special benefit were approved. (Details in Slovene minutes.)

Meeting adjourned at 4 p. m. Vincent Cainkar, Supreme Pres., F. A. Vider, Supreme Sec'y.

Official Proceedings

SNPJ FINANCE COMMITTEE

Meeting of July 12
Chairman Petrovich called the meeting to order at 9 a. m. In attendance were officers Cankar, Olip, Petrovich, Vidar, Zupan and Lotrich; Vogrich was absent because of illness.

Minutes of the June 14 meeting were approved.

Petrovich reports on the Eppley Hotels Company bonds that the management is buying its bonds at reduced prices, that there was an operating deficit and that a little over \$1,200,000 in first mortgage bonds was still outstanding.

Sec'y Vidar reports that \$30,000 in Conrad, Montana, bonds were called on July 1 and paid; \$27,000 in the State of Arkansas bonds were called on July 1 and paid; the City Hall Square Building foreclosure suit has been completed; \$20,000 Brevard County Road and Bridge District 6% bonds will be called on August 1.

Mortgage 72 expired on June 25; original amount \$2500, balance is only \$425. Committee decided to allow the mortgage to continue.

Mortgage 74-A expired July 10; original loan \$2000, unpaid balance is \$1348. Decided secretary write to the mortgages for disposition of loan.

Loan 75 expired on July 2; original amount \$2500, unpaid balance is \$1900. Decided that Petrovich investigate and arrange for an extension.

Loan 29-J expired April 17; original loan \$1500, unpaid balance \$750. Decided to allow to continue.

Loan 30-J expires August 1; original amount \$2000, unpaid balance \$1100. Decided to continue loan in present status.

Foreclosure proceedings have been instituted in the Westchester Special Assessment bond case. Lotrich and Zupan were designated to attend the hearings.

The Illinois Bond Collection Agency urged the necessity of disposing of our Teasville Special Assessment bonds.

The St. Clair Savings and Loan Association asked for the privilege of amending item 2 of their servicing agreement with the Society so that they would not have to carry the funds belonging to the escrow payments on loans in a special account.

The St. Clair Savings and Loan Association reports that the loans of John Pottl 46 and Ellie G. Warner 33 were in arrears in payments for February to June inclusive.

The servicing agreement with the Yugoslav Savings and Loan Association terminated June 30, 1941. Because of the illness of John Vogrich, whose work has to be done by other employees and because of the additional work imposed upon the office in preparation for the convention, unanimously agreed to ask the servicing agency to continue servicing these loans for the next few months if at all possible.

Investments: We have \$120,000 to invest. By unanimous vote, it was decided to purchase \$10,000 worth of Galveston, Texas, water revenue 2% bonds, 1960 maturity to yield 2.05 and rated A. Purchase to be made from Doyle, O'Conner and Company.

By a vote of five to one, \$25,000 was ordered placed in the City of Miami, Florida, water revenue 2 1/2% bonds, maturity 1966, to yield 2.75 and rated A, to be purchased from Channer securities. Voting for the purchase were Cankar, Lotrich, Olip, Petrovich, and Vidar; opposed, Zupan.

By unanimous vote, \$25,000 was ordered placed in the City of Yonkers, New York, 2.40 bonds, 1960 maturity, to yield 2.50 and rated Baa, ordered from E. H. Rollins and Co.

By unanimous vote, \$25,000 was ordered placed in City of Detroit, 2 1/4% bonds, 1961-62 maturity, to yield 2.50 and rated Baa. Voting for the purchase were Cankar, Lotrich, Olip and Petrovich; opposed: Vidar and Zupan. The order to be given to M. B. Vick and Co.

It was unanimously agreed that \$10,000 for the juvenile department be placed in two insured savings and loan associations.

Many matters of importance to the Finance Committee were next taken up and discussed. The set-up and functions of the Finance Committee, what has been done to improve our portfolio and financial matters in general were gone over.

Meeting adjourned at 1:30 p. m. Matt Petrovich, Chairman, F. A. Vidar, Secretary, Donald J. Lotrich, Recrd. Sec'y.

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and stairs produced 19 per cent, school shops 18 per cent, classrooms 13 per cent. Seventeen per cent were unclassified.

Here is the distribution of playground accidents: Unorganized activities, 42 per cent; football, 18 per cent; baseball, 11 per cent; other unorganized games, 21 per cent; apparatus, 8 per cent.

Among elementary and junior high school children exclusively, accidents resulted in 6,000 deaths during the calendar year of 1940. There are no accident fatality figures that include high school pupils.

Lincoln believed in letting the other fellow talk—he believed in asking questions. "I like the question mark," he said, "because it has a hook in it."

Lincoln prepared himself for every interview—he studied the prospect. "I spend one-third of my time figuring out what I am going to say, and two-thirds of my time thinking what the other fellow is going to say."

Lincoln practiced common sense. When asked the reason for his success as a lawyer, he replied: "I always say the most sensible thing I can think of." And Lincoln believed in simplicity. "Make it so simple a child will understand, then no one will misunderstand."

Mothers whose youngsters just won't drink their daily milk requirements may take a tip from scientists of the U. S. Bureau of Agricultural Chemistry and Engineering. These scientists have been making tests with children to determine their choice for plain and flavored milks.

Fifty-five fifth and sixth grade children were used in these tests. And by choosing freely, the children showed that most youngsters prefer milk with an added light fruit-juice flavor and the slight tint that goes with it.

Moreover, of the fruit-milk drinks tried, it was shown that those flavored with berry juice were "tops."

The fruit by-products used to flavor the milk were clarified juices, sirups, and concentrates. Among them were raspberry, blackberry, cherry, grape, apple and strawberry. The berries gave pinkish-colored milk drinks; the apple product a faint cream color; and the grape sirup a weak purple color.

All gave the milk recognizable flavors. In addition to the fruit juice-milk, the children had plain milk, colored milk, and milk to which both color and sugar had been added.

A different mixture was available each morning. And the children were told they could have as much as they wanted and leave in the containers any they did not want. What remained each day was collected and measured.

From this experiment was derived this score: only 10.3 per cent of the berry juice-milk was left, compared to 22.3 per cent average for the straight milk, colored milk, and sweetened colored milk.

The Golden West is far ahead of the rest of the country in one phase of the accident problem, but it can't boast about it as it does about its weather.

Accident death rates for the 11 westernmost states during 1940 were 28 per cent higher than for the rest of the country, according to the new edition of Accident Facts, the National Safety Council's annual statistical volume.

The three Pacific Coast states had an average accident death rate of 88.5. The rate for the eight Mountain states was 95.8.

The North Atlantic states, with a rate of 85.6, were the safest geographical group of states in the country.



"If you would take time-and-a-half for overtime we could buy a new yacht."

The Upper Crust

Imprisonment and Inhuman Treatment of Slovenes by Nazis in Yugoslavia

(Publicity Director, The Yugoslav Relief Committee of America, Slovene Section) Ljubljana, July 12, 1941.

In the Slovene territory of Styria and Carniola, which is occupied by the Germans, the whole Slovene intelligentsia and all more prominent families of merchants and farmers were imprisoned in the German Gestapo in the first week of May.

Their number amounts to several thousands. Some details and examples may illustrate this statement.

It is reported from Celje, that teachers, lawyers and other professionals were led away by force in the night from May 19 to 20, their rooms being previously ransacked and many things removed.

Fifty-three members of the gymnastic society Sokol were imprisoned in their gymnastic hall, where they were insulted, driven, kicked, and injured variously. The torturers were members of the Gestapo and SS (storm troopers).

This went on all night; towards morning they were driven to the monastery of the Capuchin fathers, where there was a crowd of 250 people together with the priests. In this place they were tormented again, drilled and thrown in the mud. Then they lay during the night in the dining hall on the bare floor. This lasted through 14 days.

The police which then mounted guard behaved a little better, but were upbraided by the Gestapo. The Germans took everything away from the Capuchin fathers.

In the barracks at Maribor 2000 people were penned up. The above-mentioned tormenting was aimed to exhaust these Slovenes who represented the intellectuals of the nation so as to render them unable to resist expulsion by force.

Five weeks later, with their families including children and old people, they were led away to Serbia and all their property was confiscated by the German state.

The properties of the arrested merchants and tradesmen were given to the Germans; even the relatives of the arrested were forbidden to enter these premises. Some of the people imprisoned in the barracks were beaten till the blood came. They were penned up in a way that they could not move at night.

Whenever a German uniformed man appeared they had to jump up and keep in a military position, otherwise they were punished with imprisonment in the cellar where they had to perform painful exercises.

A Franciscan, sick with phthisis, was scoffed at: "You are sick? Suffer for Jesus Christ! I don't care a snap for your God. My god is a big sausage and two pitchers of beer!"

perhaps 60 times. They had to fall down and rise repeatedly. They were also forced to carry for the Gestapo the furniture out of their own houses into other houses.

The hearings often were brutal and immoral. A woman-teacher was asked: "Have you any children?" Upon her negative answer, she was not married, the Gestapo replied: "This does not matter, our Fuehrer says, that every girl must have a child, legitimate or illegitimate."

The same question was put to priests, saying, we know that you have children, why do you deny, and so on.

Again and again are reported violences done by members of the Gestapo or other Germany agents to girls. From Upper Carniola there are reports that in some places they brand girls of 18-20 years with the sign M (Militarmadchen); these girls are then sent into barracks.

All Upper Carniola and Lower Styria are deprived of priests and of church service, for nearly all the priests are in prison. Weddings cannot take place and are forbidden.

Even the oldest priests, as for instance the retired F. Lavtizar of Ratece, over 90 years old; were forcibly taken to the concentration camp. F. Jemec, over 80 years old and helplessly ill, was brought from the mountains and died two days later in the concentration camp at Menges.

The anti-religious feeling of the Gestapo, clearly appears in the words of one of the Gestapo chiefs at Skofja Loka (Carniola), who addressed to the parish-priest Ignatius Berglez the following words: "Simply your entrance in the church means a disgusting propaganda against us; the more if you open the mouth."

To the parish-priest Cuk of Kranjska Gora a Gestapo said: "What! This parson will pray? There is no God! We ourselves are the gods!"

II. Transports to Serbia Beginning June 13, two trains for transporting left Styria every week. Up to June 25 seven transports arrived at Arandeljovac, south of Belgrade. The people transported settled in various Serbian regions:

Table with 2 columns: Name, People. Jagodina 430, Paracin 283, Cuprija 305, Krusevac 300, Zunis 310, Djurinic 380, Rajca 389, Milanovac 350, Caacak 350, Krusevac 350, Kragujevac 350, Lazarevac 350, Oprenovac 350.

Eight additional transports, each about 350-540 people. In the month of July there was a transport every day.

The deported wave from the train with pocket-handkerchiefs, but are not allowed to cry or sing.

At Zidani most good people brought food to the first transports. Now this is forbidden.

The Germans, viz. the Gestapo pick the families singly out of the villages. From Upper Carniola (Gorenjsko) they carried away the first group in 28 autobusses in the

night of the 5th to the 6th of July the second transport in the night the 6th to the 7th, and the third the night of the 7th to the 8th of July. There have been led away from Jesenice 70 families, from Trzin, Naklo 8, several families from Menges, Slomac and Radovljica 22, from Lesce 10, from Kriz 3; from Kranj some lawyers professors and merchants with families, from Slofja Loka 30 families, and many others.

At first they brought all priests and the whole Slovene intelligentsia to the penitentiary at Begunje where were gathered about 1000 people about 800 more in the Episcopal college at St. Vid near Ljubljana.

In the first days of July they took the families of the internees out of their homes and on the next day and today led them all towards the South.

All this is accompanied by scenes. The people weep, sick people must leave their beds, women the childbed with the newborn, g. Mr. Zebre with a child 5 days old.) The people wait every day in fear and trembling of a similar destiny. They gather in groups around the homes in question without working, cooking or eating. They are allowed to take only 13 marks and 50 kg. luggage. German soldiers arrange the transport. Their behavior is prescribed by words of the German chief Skala at Kranj, which he addressed to the commissioners of the individual communities: "You have to let out your own heart, throw it away instead of it a stone in your breast." Some of them are wept, and beat and kick the people.

The families of the internees ready the necessary things for departure, for the soldiers come one night to take these people, allow only a short time for preparation.

From Skofja Loka they led away also the nuns, who, after the evacuation of the convent stayed in private families.

(To be continued)

Defense Bond Quiz

Q. I would like to provide a regular income for myself when I retire. Can this be done by buying Defense Savings Bonds?

A. Yes. If you purchase a Bond for \$37.50 each month, each Bond will mature in exactly 10 years. Thus at the end of 10 years you will have \$50 payable each month. Each of your Bonds reaches maturity.

Q. But I will need more than a month. A. Then you should invest a larger amount each month. Every \$75 you put into Defense Bonds will give you \$100 ten years from now. Meanwhile, your money serves you. Government during this period national emergency.

Note.—To buy Defense Bonds and Stamps, go to the nearest post office bank, or savings and loan association; or write to the Treasurer, United States, Washington, D. C.

America is in a state of emergency. Every citizen is urged to do his part by buying Defense Savings Bonds and Stamps.

—Buy Defense Bonds and Stamps—

Advertisement for 'That's New in Cooking' by Gertrude Dent. Includes a list of ingredients for Angel Food Cake and instructions for preparation.