

RUSI SESTRELILI 432 NEMŠKIH BOMBNIKOV

Ameriški letalci napadli japonske baze v Burmi

ANGLEZI UJELI NEMŠKEGA GENERALA

Moskva, 2. jun.—Sovjeti sestrelili 432 nemških bombnikov, sami pa so izgubili 124 bojni letal v srditih bitkah za kontrolo ozračja nad frontami, se glasi uradni komunikate. V Moskvi trdijo, da ruska letalska sila prekaša nemško, kar so po kazale te bitke.

Ruske letalske formacije so zdalek težje udarce nemški oboroženi sili na kopnem, dostavljajo komunike. Bombe, ki so jih vrgle, so razbile 33 nemških tankov, več oklopnih enot in 161 motornih transportov z vojaškimi četami vred.

Bojevanje je prenehalo na 70 milij dolgi fronti v Donski kotlini potem, ko so Rusi zasedli ozemlje na levi strani reke v sektorju Izum-Barvenkova, ki leži južno od Harkova, ukrainjskega industrijskega središča.

Rusi so prej odbili napade nemških in rumunskeh čet na svoje pozicije in jih vrgli nazaj v velikim izgubam.

Cungking, Kitajska, 2. jun.—Vrhovno poveljstvo poroča, da so v teku srdite bitke v provinci Kwantung na severni strani Kantaona, glavnega mesta te province. Japonci so vrgli nove čete v to province, da zdroke odpor kitajske oborožene sile.

Kitajske armade v provinci Čekiang so izvajevala nove uspehe. Rekupirale so mesti Čeng-sien in Čangločen in začele prodirati proti Čeangu, pristaniščnemu mestu ob reki Jangtse.

Washington, D. C., 2. jun.—Vojni department poroča, da so ameriški letalci izvršili uspešne napade na japonske baze in pozicije v Burmi. Metali so bombe na Rangoon, glavno burmsko mesto, in letališča v bližini ter razbili več japonskih bojni letal na teh ter poškodovali militaristične objekte. Vsi letalci so se srečno vrnili v svoja oporišča v Indiji po napadih.

Kairo, Egipt, 2. jun.—Feldmarschal Erwin Rommel, vrhovni poveljnik osiščnih armadnih zborov v Libiji, je našel "zavetje v prostorih postaje britskega Redega kriza potem, ko so Angleži odbili naskoke njegovih oklopnih kolon na svoje pozicije. Tam je Rommel prebil štiri ure. Potrjajo, da Angleži pozneje reokupirajo.

Uradno poročilo pravi, da je bil general Ludwig Cruewell, pomozni poveljnik osiščnih čet, ujet zadnjih teden. Angleži so ga ujeti, ko se je moral z letalom, ki je bilo poškodovan v bitki v zraku, spustiti na tla.

Podmornice potopile
osem brazilskeh
parnikov

Rio de Janeiro, Brazilija, 2. jun.—Nadaljnji brazilske parniki je bil potopljeno po osiščnih podmornicah na Karibskem morju, pravilno uradno naznano. To je bil Goncalves Dias. Doslej so osiščne podmornice potopile osmembrazilske parnikov.

Letala bodo prevažala
bojno opremo

Washington, D. C., 2. jun.—Letalski vagoni iz jekla bodo prevažali bojno opremo na vse fronte, je naznani Donald M. Nelson, načelnik federalnega produkcijskega odbora. Te vagoni izdeluje Budd Manufacturing Co. v Philadelphiji, Pa.

Zelo je živahno na naši kampanjski fronti

John iz Ohia posekal Johna iz Penne!
V Wisconsinu tudi stopajo v ospredje!

Br. John Mandič, tajnik društva 176 SNPJ v Piney Forku, Ohio, je stopil na prvo mesto med tekmovalci v veliki kampanji zmage naše jednote.

Posekal je br. John Barufaldija iz Sygana, Pa., ki je bil po poročilih, prejetih v prejšnjem tednu, že na prvem mestu.

Mandič ima po zadnjih poročilih 45 zares na svojem kampanjskem rovaju—45 novih članov: Barufaldi ima 43 zares.

Nista daleč narazen—samo za dva člana—in vprašanje je, koliko časa bo br. Mandič nosil zastavo. Pensylvanija se ne poda tako hitro—toda za enkrat je ponosna Pensylvanija ostala v osadju...

Dobri kampanjski glasovi prihajajo tudi iz države Wisconsina.

Tam tekmuje tretji John—zdi se, da ima John doslej posebno srečo—to je br. John Shaffer, tajnik društva 537 SNPJ, Crivitz, Wis. To je majhna naselbina, vendar članski kredit Johna Shafferja narašča stalno; zdaj jih ima že 16.

Milwaukee se tudi giblje. Leo Schweiger, tajnik angleške poslujočega društva Badgers No. 584 SNPJ, je postal sedem novih članskih prijav, skupaj do danes 17.

V tednu, ki se je zaključil 29. maja, so se prijavili še štirje novi tekmovalci, namreč Jennie Mikolich od društva 277, Struthers, O. John Mur od društva 427, Coverdale, Pa., Mary Lumberi od društva 253, Diamondville, Wyo., in John Lombardo od društva 106, Imperial, Pa.

Naprej do zmage!

MICHAEL VRHOVNIK,
direktor kampanje.

Oljna kompanija skrivala dejstva

Oviranje izdelovanja umetnega kavčuka

Washington, D. C., 2. junija.—Pomožni federalni justični tajnik Thurman Arnold je obdolžil Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey, da ni razkrila vseh dejstev glede svoje zvezne in pogodb, katero je sklenila z nemškim industrijskim koncernom I. G. Farberindustrie, s tem pa je zavrla napredki narodne obrambe in izdelovanje umetnega kavčuka. Obdolžitev vsebuje dodatno poročilo, ki ga je Arnold predložil posebnemu senatnemu odboru, v čigri področje spada preiskava izvajanja obrambnega programa.

Uradniki omenjene kompanije so prej izjavili, da so se moralni držati provizij pogodb z nemškim kartelom, dasi je bilo razkrito, da so naciji lahko izdelovali umetni kavčuk po procesu, ki ga je izumila Standard Oil Co. Arnold je obdolžil kompanijo, da je oviral tudi produkcijo gasolina za ameriško letalsko silo.

Arnold je dejal, da je Standard Oil Co. demonstrirala svojo neodvisnost napram Ameriki s sklenitvijo pogodb z nemškim industrijskim koncernom. Vsi podatki, odkriti v zadnjih tednih, bodo predloženi senatnemu odboru, kateremu načeluje senator Truman, demokrat iz Missourija.

Marquette, Mich., 2. jun.—Ross Heath, šestnajst let star fant, ki je pobegnil iz svojega doma v Chicagu sem v zadnjem januarju, je priznal, da je ugrabil Glorijo Nault, dva meseca staro dekle, in jo potem umoril. Fant je hotel dobiti odkupnino od staršev dekle. Policijski Charles W. Engle je fanta aretiral, ko je priznal zločin.

Osem ruskih izdajalcev ustreljenih

Moskva, 2. jun.—Militaristični tribunal v tem distriktu je naznani, da je bilo osem Rusov obojenih v smrt in ustreljenih, ker so pomagali Nemcem v Možajsku, ko so to mesto zasedle nemške čete. Vsi so bili spoznani za krive izdajstva. Ustreljeni so bili Bobrov, Andrejev, Laronov, Astaviev, Halakov, Kočetov, Galkin in Aleksandrov.

Jugoslovanski kralj pride v Ameriko

London, 2. jun.—Jugoslovanski kralj Peter, ki bo star devet najst let v prihodnjem septembru, bo v spremstvu nekaterih članov jugoslovanske vlade v izgostnvoru odpotoval v Ameriko. Tu poročajo, da se namerava poročiti z grško kneginjo Aleksandro, nečakino grškega kralja Jurija. Zaroka bo morda naznana, preden Peter odpoteje v Ameriko.

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VEČJA VLOGA LETAL V VOJNIH OPERACIJAH

Mornarični department revidiral program

GRADNJA NOVIH PODMORNIC

Washington, D. C., 2. jun.—Doznavata se, da je mornarični department revidiral program gradnje bojnih ladij na podlagi izkušenj iz te vojne, ki so dokazale važno vlogo bojnih letal v operacijah na morju in kopnem. Večina dodatne vsove \$600,000,000, ki jo je Kongres dovolil za gradnjo bojnih ladij, bo potrebovala za gradnjo bojnih letal in letalonoscev.

Konstrukcija letal ima prednost pred bojnymi ladjami. Jeklo, aluminij in drugi material se bo rabil pri gradnji letal in letalonoscev. Mogočna bojna ladjă, ki je desetletja kontrolirala morja, se je morala umakniti s prestola. Sicer bo igrala še važno vlogo v goljem položaju, čeprav se je morala umakniti manjšim, a bolj hitrim enotam brodovju, ki so se razvile v tej vojni pod vplivom udarnosti letalske sile.

Nekatere bojne ladje s tonasto 35,000 do 45,000 ton, ki so že v konstrukciji, bodo zgrajene, druge, ki so jih začeli nedavno graditi, pa ne bodo bojne ladje, temveč letalonosci. Mnogo bojnih ladij, za katerih konstrukcijo je Kongres dovolil milijone dolarjev, sploh ne bo zgrajenih.

Mornarični department se je mnogo naučil iz sedanja vojne. Napad na Pearl Harbor, Havaj, na Filipinske otroke, pomorske bitke v ožini Makassara in na Koralem morju so demonstrativno udarno mot letalske sile. Ob izbruhu vojne je Amerika imela šest letalonoscev, v ladjedelnicah pa so jih gradili nadaljnji dvanaest. Koliko jih ima Amerika sedaj in koliko jih bo še zgradila, je vojaška tajnost.

Ladjedelnice operirajo noč in dan in sedem dni v tednu. Sedanjem program določa konstrukcijo najmanj dvesto podmornic, križark in rušilcev. V zvezi z izvajanjem tega programa se podpira gradnja bojnih letal novih vrst, ki se z lahkoto dvigajo z letalonoscev in so bolj uspešna v akcijah kot pa velika pomorska letala.

Nadaljnjih 27 Čehov ustreljenih

Pisatelj Vančura med žrtvami

London, 2. jun.—Po nacijih kontrolirana radiopostaja v Pragi je naznana, da je bilo nadaljnjih 27 Čehov, med temi štiri ženske, ustreljenih v zvezi z napadom na Reinharda Heydricha, podnačelnika Gestapa, načinske tajne policije. Heydrich je bil težko ranjen v napadu zadnjega.

Med žrtvami, ki so jih postrelili nacisti, so Vladislav Vančura, znan češki pisatelj, 74 let stara ženska in dva vseučiliščna profesori. Osemnajst je bilo ustreljenih v Pragi in devet v Brnu.

Poročilo iz Stockholma, Švedske, ki pa še ni potrjeno, pravi, da je bilo veliko število Nemcov, med temi mnogo katolikov in bivših članov "Stahlhelma" (jezikne čelade) aretiranih v Nemčiji po atentatu na Heydricha v Pragi. Iz tega se sklepa, da so Nemci, sovražniki nacistev, skovali zaroto proti življenju podnačelnika tajne policije.

Rudarska stavka se nadaljuje

Pogajanja glede izravnave konflikta se razbila

Terre Haute, Ind., 2. jun.—Thomas R. Hutson, državni delavski komisar, je izjavil, da so njegovi naporji glede končanja stavke streljačev in vrtalcev v tukajšnjih premogovnikih izjavljivi. Zaradi te stavke mora počivati 4500 rudarjev.

Houston je izrekel upanje glede likvidacije konflikta, ko se vrne iz Washingtona Louis Austin, predsednik rudarskega distrikta UMWA. Austin in predsedniki drugih rudarskih distriksov se nahajajo v Washingtonu, kjer je v teku konferanca članov odbora za smernice rudarske unije. Austin je dejal, da stavka ni bila avtorizirana.

Harvey Cartwright, uradnik rudarske unije, se je vrnil v Terre Haute in izjavil, da se bodo streliči in vrtalci vrnili na delo, če bo zahteva glede plače \$8.05 na dan sprejeta. To plačo določa pogodba, sklenjena med uradniki rudarskega distrikta UMWA in operatorji v avgustu preteklega leta. Stavkarji trdijo, da so bili prikrajšani pri plači in to je vzrok, da so se odločili za stavko.

Krueger je vodja socialistične stranke

Thomas ni hotel sprejeti nominacije

Milwaukee, Wis., 2. junija.—Maynard Krueger, profesor ekonomije na čaški univerzi, je bil izvoljen za načelnika socialistične stranke na konvenciji te stranke, ki je bila sinči zaključena. Ta se je pričela zadnjem soboto in trajala je tri dni.

Krueger je bil soglasno izvoljen za načelnika potem, ko je Norman Thomas naznani, da ne sprejme nominacije. "Nomracijo odkljamam, ker nočem, da bi socialistično stranko nazival stranko enega moža," je dejal. On je bil načelnik stranke od 1. 1936. Thomas je bil potem izvoljen za člana eksekutivnega odbora.

Drugi, ki so bili izvoljeni za člane eksekutivnega odbora, so Traverse Clemens iz New Yorka, Judah Drob iz Detroita, Albert Hamilton iz Washingtona, Walter H. Uphoff iz Prairie Du Sac, Wis., William Becker iz Newarka, N. J., Harry Fleischman iz Chicaga, David H. Felix iz Philadelphia, Robin Meyers iz New Yorka, Morris Milgram iz New Yorka in J. R. Butler iz Arkansasa.

Vrhovno sodišče razveljavilo državni zakon

Washington, D. C., 2. jun.—Po nacijih kontrolirana radiopostaja v Pragi je naznana, da je bilo nadaljnjih 27 Čehov, med temi štiri ženske, ustreljenih v zvezi z napadom na Reinharda Heydricha, podnačelnika Gestapa, načinske tajne policije. Heydrich je bil težko ranjen v napadu zadnjega.

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Aretacija Harryja Bridgesa odložena

San Francisco, Cal., 2. jun.—Aretacija Harryja Bridgesa, voditelja unije CIO v Californiji, v svrhu deportacije v Avstralijo, kjer je bil rojen, je bila odložena.

Njegovi odvetniki bodo apelirali na federalnega justičnega tajnika Francisa Bidda, naj revidira odlok glede deportacije. Bridges ni ameriški državljan. Poročilo iz Stockholma, Švedske, ki pa še ni potrjeno, pravi, da je bilo veliko število Nemcov, med temi mnogo katolikov in bivših članov "Stahlhelma" (jezikne čelade) aretiranih v Nemčiji po atentatu na Heydricha v Pragi. Iz tega se sklepa, da so Nemci, sovražniki nacistev, skovali zaroto proti življenju podnačelnika tajne policije.

Domače vesti

Obiski

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Glasovi iz naselbin

Shod pomočne akcije

La Sall. Ill. — Podružnica 22 slovenske sekcije Jugoslovenskega pomočnega odbora vabi vse Slovence v La Sallu in okolici na velik shod, ki se vrši v Slovenskem domu v La Sallu v nedeljo, 21. junija, ob dveh popoldne.

Na tem shodu bosta govorila Franc Snoj, član jugoslovanske vlade v Londonu, in father Steven Kassovic. Rojak Snoj nam je znan iz raznih dopisov o shodih, na katerih je govoril v raznih slovenskih naselbinah v tej deželi. Prepričani smo, da ga želi slišati vsak Slovenec in Slovenska tukaj v okolici, kajti on prinaša verjetna poročila o grozjevstvih, ki jih uganja nacifizem v Sloveniji nad našim ubogim narodom. Župnik tukajšnje slovenake fare Steven Kassovic pa je prišel iz starega kraja pred osmimi meseci. Tudi on je bil priča grozjevstvu, ki jih tam uganja podivljana dirhal Hitlerja in Mussolinija. Tudi on nam bo povedal veliko žalostne resnice o trpljenju našega naroda in sploh vse Evrope, katere se je počastil Hitler.

Na tem shodu bomo imeli tudi skromen program. Cerkveni pevski zbor bo zapel ameriško in tudi slovensko himno in če bo čas dopuščal, tudi druge pesmi. Govoril bo tudi naš župan dr. H. M. Orr.

Prijatelji, od izida te vojne zavisi bodočnost sveta, namreč kaj hočemo: ali svobodo in dostojno življenje pod zastavo demokracije, ali pa sužnost pod zastavo klijukastega križa. Srednje potni. Vem, da smo mi vsi do zadnjega za poraz nacifašizma in storili bomo vse v svoji moči, da bo tudi v doboje glapala v naši novi domovini zvezdnata zastava, ki je simbol bratstva, svobode in srečnih dni. In tudi nešrečni Evropi mora zasijati topo solnce bodočnosti. Tudi ljudstva Evrope morajo priti pod novo zastavo svobode in pravice. In to vse je odvisno od izida te vojne.

Zatorej rojaki v La Sallu, Ottawi, Dupuevu, Granville, Molinu, Peorijs in iz drugih krajev te okolice, pride na to veliko manifestacijo 21. junija ob dveh popoldne v naš Slovenski dom. Naj ne manjka nikogar, ki čuti slovensko in ima pri srcu "poraz največjega sovražnika svobode". — Za podružnico 22 JPO-SS — Leo Zevnik, predsednik.

Makso je bilo na proslavi Triglava

Barberton. O. — Dolgo obetajoča slavnost društva Triglava 48 SNPJ, ko smo proslavljali njevo 35-letnico, se je završila prav povoljno, in sicer za vse: za društvo in tudi za vse posetnike. Bilo je vse dobre volje in posebno še, ko je Barbičev orkester prišel na površje s svojimi lepimi komadi, tako da se je vse vrtele kot za stavo.

Kar se tiče programa, je bil bolj kratek, zato pa toliko boljši. Prvi nastop sta imela Iljetna pevca m l a d i n s k e g a z zobra Slavčki. In to sta bila Emil Blažič in Edy Gabrošek, spremjalju je pa tudi še mlada Frances Uječić. Po končani prvi pesmi je zagrmel aplavz po vsej dvorani, nakar me eden od njiju vpraša, če hočeta še eno zapeti. Odgovorim jima, naj le zapjeta, če sta pripravljena, in hitro se eden oglaši: "Sedaj pa zapojava 'Moj očka'." Receno, storjeno. Potem pa je bilo po-vpraševanje, kdo sta ta dva mlada pevca. No, da boste vedeli: Prvi je iz družine Andreja Blažiča, drugi pa iz družine Josepha Gabroške, torej sinova dveh neumornih delavcev pri pevskem zboru Javorjev. Torej smo lahko ponosni, da imamo v naši naselbini dobre talente.

Za njima so nastopile članice dramskega kluba Slovenije in zapele par lepih pesmi, za kar so žele splošen aplavz. Na klavirju jih je spremjalja dobro izvedbana mladlena Alice Bombach. Za njimi je nastopil Frank Barbčič, ki je v kratkih in jedrnatih besedah govoril, kako je bilo nekoč, ko so se ustavljala društva SNPJ, koliko je bilo treba delati in koliko se je

dela za večjo Slovensko narodno podporno jednoto.

Nato je zapela mrs. Anna Zarnik iz Clevelandu dve krasni pesmi, eno slovensko, drugo angleško. Vse občinstvo je pazno poslušalo njen lepi glas, na katerega je lahko ponosa. Vsekakor pa ni samo glas, treba je, da ima oseba nekaj tudi v "gornjem nadstropju", kar se potrebuje za tak nastop. In sestra Zarnik je obdarjana tudi v glavi. Spremljal jo je na harmoniki Frank Barbčič ml.

Nastopili so tudi pevci Javorjev, in sicer v peterospetu. Na klavirju jih je spremjalja Alice Bombach. Zapeli so tri krasne pesmi, za kar so želi splošen aplavz. Končno je nastopil glavni govornik Kamilus Zarnik, drugi podpredsednik SNPJ, ki je v lepih besedah pojasnil pomen naše organizacije in apeliral na člane, naj delujejo v korist jednote in pridobivajo nove člane. Hvala, br. Zarnik, za plemeniti govor.

Nato je voditelj programa prečital imena ustanoviteljev društva. Od teh so še trije pri društvu, in sicer John Jankovich, Belčič in Frank Tonja. Slednji ni bil navzrok. Br. Jankovich je posegel v zgodovino društva ob začetku naprej, govoril o potezkočah in drugem in apeliral na rojake, ako še niso v društvu, ali ako že več kot enega, naj pristopijo pod okrilje SNPJ, največje in najbogatejše slovenske jednote v Ameriki. Br. Belčič je bil poročal o delovanju društva 48, in sicer, kako so nekaj članov posečali seje, da je tajnik dobil ves asesment na seji; z drugo besedo: bili so vši člani na seji. In zakaj ne bi mogli tako delati sedaj?

Nato so sledili krajši pozdravni govorji tukajšnjih društev in klubov. Po izvrpanem programu pa zavzemajo oder Barbčič in njeno "bojsi" in potem se je začelo vrteti do pozne ure, kar je bilo že poročano. Tudi udeležba je bila povoljna, vsaj tako so izkazali računi. Hvala vsem posetnikom od blizu indaleč in vsem delavcem, ki so bili točno na delu od začetka do konca. Prav tako hvala kuharicam, ki so delale v kuhinji tako točno, da tudi Barbičeve godbe niso mogle preiskusiti. Bil sem že malo pokritiziran zato, toda kaj se hoče. Kritika mora biti in jo tudi preizvam.

Ed Tomasic. 299.

Piknik kluba JSZ 14. junija

Chicago. — Klub št. 1 JSZ predi svoj običajni letni piknik na izletnem prostoru rojaka Antonia Kegla v bližnjem Willow Springsu v nedeljo, dne 14. junija. V teku so priprave, da bo tudi letosni klubov izlet v prostor naravo nudil izredno razvedrilo v raznih oblikah.

Poleg balincanja in drugih poltnih iger na prostem, bo sedena na razpolago dobra godba, ki bo igrala poskušne polke, vmes pa tudi valčke. Za to bo skrbel Pucljev orkester, ki vselej ugodi slehernemu plesalcu.

Poštrelja bo seveda v vseh ozirih solidna in točna. Na razpolago bo obilo dobre jedale, ki jo pripravijo naše kuharice, pijača pa bodo servirali pridiči, tako da bodo vši piknikarji popolnoma zadovoljni v vseh ozirih.

Pripomniti je treba, da običaj-

tako v njega zaljubila. Skoraj sem mu bil nevočljiv. Njeno priateljico Jelo je igrala Natalie Dovgan. Prav lepo se je podala in z "norcem" sta se kaj dobro razumeja. Svoji vlogi je bila Joanne Jager je bila služkinja pri Dobrovčevih. Ne vem, ali je bila že kdaj prej na odruli ne, ali je pokazala, da bo kosudi večjim vlogom.

No, Rose Radovčik tudi ne smem pozabiti, kajti ona se je precej žrtvovala in mučila, da so kaj takoge spravili na oder. Njene priznanje kot režiserki.

Med prvimi in drugimi dejavnim sta zapeli dve pesmi Agnes Knauf in Eleanor Snider. Med drugim in tretjim dejanjem je demonstrirala z batonom Claretta Gettes. Po igri se je razvila domača zabava in ples, za katerega je igral Joe Pechek ml. Vsemu igralskemu osebju priznanje za trud in požrtvovalnost, ker s tem ste pokazali, da ste za društvo Orel in SNPJ.

Kaj pa naša kampanja pri SNPJ? Kot vidim iz poročil, se pogovorno pridružujejo društva in posamezniki za kontest. Zapad je dovolj velik in ima dovolj društva, da lahko dobilo splošno in tudi distriktno nagrado. Samo na delo je treba.

Zdaj se že tudi pripravljamo na drugi zapadni in SNPJ, ki se bo vršil v nedeljo, 28. junija, v Prešernovem letovišču v Ryeju, Colo. Isti dan bo tudi seja o-krožne federacije SNPJ.

Tajnike kot tudi vse člane, in občinstvo opozarjam na ta dan, da se udeležite tega skupnega piknika in manifestacije za Slovensko narodno podporno jednoto. Res je, da se nahajamo v času negotovosti in ne vemo, kaj prinesje jutrišnji dan. Torej primite vsaj še enkrat skupaj in se pogovorimo in bratsko pozabavamo. Seveda jih bomo veliko potresali, ki so v službi Strica Sama. Radi tega bodimo pa mi toliko bolj agilni in zadovoljni, dokler smo doma. Saj to je samo enkrat na leto, da pridemo skupaj z brati, s sestrami, s prijatelji. Torej ne pozabite in zadnjivo nedeljo v juniju pojdišmo vse na našo skupno proslavo v Rye, Colorado.

Ed Tomasic. 299.

Piknik kluba JSZ 14. junija

Chicago. — Klub št. 1 JSZ predi svoj običajni letni piknik na izletnem prostoru rojaka Antonia Kegla v bližnjem Willow Springsu v nedeljo, dne 14. junija. V teku so priprave, da bo tudi letosni klubov izlet v prostor naravo nudil izredno razvedrilo v raznih oblikah.

Poleg balincanja in drugih poltnih iger na prostem, bo sedena na razpolago dobra godba, ki bo igrala poskušne polke, vmes pa tudi valčke. Za to bo skrbel Pucljev orkester, ki vselej ugodi slehernemu plesalcu.

Poštrelja bo seveda v vseh ozirih solidna in točna. Na razpolago bo obilo dobre jedale, ki jo pripravijo naše kuharice, pijača pa bodo servirali pridiči, tako da bodo vši piknikarji popolnoma zadovoljni v vseh ozirih.

Pripomniti je treba, da običaj-

ni klubovi pikniki se prirejajo v korist Proletarja. Letošnji bo izjema, kajti polovica prebitka bo bila v sklad ruskega civilnega relifa, polovica pa za Proletarca. Kako velike važnosti je baš sedaj pomoci ruskim bramborcem, ni treba omenjati. Sieherni, ki se zaveda resnosti ruskega odpora proti naci-falistom, bo priselj v veseljenu naš piknik in pomagal po svojih močeh, da bo vsota čim večja. Obenem bo pa pomagal tudi Proletareu, ki tudi sodeluje pri akciji za ruski relief.

Vsi omejitve transportacijih sredstev, se bodo naši piknikarji morali poslužiti mestnih in okrajnih vozil. Vzemite katero koli ulično karjo južno ali severno do 63. ceste, kjer vstopite v ulico na 63. cesti in se peljete do mesta Argo. Tam dobite bus, ki pelje do Willow Springsa. Voznina v eno smer stane 23c.

Poleg gornjega navodila naj velja še tole: Peljete se tudi lahko z busom Blue Bird, z označko Joliet. Dobite ga na Crawford (Pulaski) ave. in Cermak road 22 minut po vsaki uri. Voznina 60c v obe smeri, 35c v eno smer. Ta bus se ustavi na Western in Ogden, Cicero in Ogden, 63rd in Cicero.

Reservirajte si torej nedeljo 14. junija za naš piknik. Pripravite tudi svoje prijatelje in znanke. Poskrbite, da bo letosni klubov piknik velik uspeh v vseh ozirih. Pomnite, da boste deležni dobre razvedrila in zabave, hkrati pa boste pomagali dobrstvari.

Pub. odsek.

Po priredbi društva 104

West Allis, Wis. — Dne 2. maja smo obhajali 20-letnico našega društva 104 SNPJ z lepim programom. Posebno pa nam je dobro povedal br. D. J. Lostrich, kako velikega pomena je za nas naša jednota in da smo lahko res ponosni, da spadamo pod njeni okrili. Prav lepo so nam zapeli tudi naši mladi pevci Junior All Star Chorusa.

Dne 10. maja pa so priredili zabavo za matere in očete, člane mladinskega krožka Violet Rays št. 18. Tudi pri njih je bilo lepo petje, zraven pa še malo kemična igra. Pri tem krožku se največ trudi sestra Helena Ambrozich, kateri vse čast in priznanje za njen trud. Želimo, da bi s tem še naprej delovali. Clovek je res vesel, kadar poseti njih program. Potem smo bili pa deležni daril. Tudi jaz sem bila deležna lepega darila kot tudi Rozi Zagăr in mrs. Klopčič, očetovske nagrade pa so dobili Frank in John Klopčič ter Leo Schweiger. Karčudno, da smo pri dveh družinah odnesli skoro vsa darila.

Tudi meni je prav žal za Thereso Dušakovou, ki je tako hitro preminula. V svojem zadnjem dopisu je res povedala kot bi si učila, da se udeležite prihodnje seje 21. junija. Ako bo večina sklenila, da imamo piknik, potem mogoče ne bo potrebno plačati omenjeni "ekstra" dolar v društveno blagajno za kritij društvenih stroškov.

Paul Bonich, tajnik.

Državna veste

Mansfield, O. — Prosim člane in članice društva 238 SNPJ, da pridejo na sejo, ki se vrši 21. junija ob 4. popoldne pri br. M. Zgletu. Bratje in sestre, pridite vse na to sejo, da se bratsko pogovorimo, ali hočemo letos praviti piknik ali ne. To je odvisno od vas.

Dalje naznjam vsem članom, ki niso bili na zadnjem seji, da je bilo zaključeno, da vsak član plača dolar v društveno blagajno, in sicer 50c meseca julija in 50c meseca decembra. Tajniku je bilo naloženo, da mora omenjeno meseca skolektati omenjeno vsoto od vsakega člana in ako bi kdo ne hotel plačati, da ne sme vzeti rednega asesmenta. To je zaključek društva. Kakor vidite, bratje in sestre, sem postavljen v dokaj neugoden položaj. Torej še enkrat apeliram na vas, da se udeležite prihodnje seje 21. junija. Ako bo večina sklenila, da imamo piknik, potem mogoče ne bo potrebno plačati omenjeni "ekstra" dolar v društveno blagajno za kritij društvenih stroškov.

Stephen Stonich

Chisholm — Minnesota

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ji bo najlepši spomin, kajti prav rada sem brala njene dopise.

Kaj pa je s Tonetom Valentincičem? Tudi njegove dopisne rade berem, le da zadnje čase bolj redko piše. Je gotovo preveč zaposlen ob tem času pri delu na farmi. Naj se oglasi, ko bo videl, da je z vsem zadovoljen, kar je posejal.

Bliža se 8. junij, dan, ko je pred sedmimi leti preminil moj pokojni mož in oče. Ohranimo mu lep spomin vse.

Mary Sustersic-Zagar. 104.

Državna veste

Mansfield, O. — Prosim člane in članice društva 238 SNPJ, da pridejo na sejo, ki se vrši 21. junija ob 4. popoldne pri br. M. Zgletu. Bratje in sestre, pridite vse na to sejo, da se bratsko pogovorimo, ali hočemo letos praviti piknik ali ne. To je odvisno od vas.

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In nemških in italijanskih ujetnikih tukajšnjih je še okrog 200.000 jugoslovenskih ujetnikov. Za Francozi so Jugosloveni največja skupina. V dvanajstih mesecih nihovega ujetništva so po podatkih, s katerimi razpolaga, dobili najmanj pomoči od zunajnavljanja vseh vlad, z upravičenim zdravjem in pod utiskom strahot iz ujetniških tukajšnjih.

Posledice tega stanja utegnejo biti zelo resne. Poročila iz vrednostnih virov trdijo, da jugoslovenski ujetniki v vse večjem številu puščajo 'domov'. Kakšna bo miselnost teh ljudi z unicevem zdravjem v pod utiskom strahot iz ujetniških tukajšnjih.

(Vesti o stanju med jugoslovenskimi ujetniki se naglo širijo. Tako smo dobili poročilo

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Datum v oklepaju na primer (June 30, 1942), poleg vašega imena na naslovu pomeni, da vam je s tem datumom potekla naročnina. Ponovite jo pravocasno, da se vam list ne ustavi.

Pomoč za Slovence in Ruse

Društva SNPJ so dobila posebne pole za nabiranje prispevkov za JPO-SS in za ruski relifni fond. Naša kampanja za sklad JPO-SS bo trajala stalno, za ruski fond bo pa trajala tri mesece. Kampanja za oba sklada je humanitarna in nima nič opraviti s kakšno politiko. Oba sklada sta pod kontrolo ameriškega Rdečega križa.

Sklad JPO-SS je namenjen za naše rojake v starim domovinam, ko bo vojna končana. Dokler traja vojna, oziroma dokler je Jugoslavija pod peto Hitlerja in Mussolini, bo sklad JPO-SS čakal tukaj. Če se primeri sreča, da ameriške in angleške sile že med vojno pritisnejo na Jugoslavijo in pomorejo jugoslovanski četniški armadi Draže Mihajlovića, da osvobodijo Srbe, Hrvate in Slovence izpod Hitlerjevega jarma ter vzpostavi direktno zvezo med Jugoslavijo in Ameriko, bo Jugoslovanski pomožni odbor, slovenska sekacija, seveda lahko takoj posiljal pomoč v staro kraj. Dokler pa tega ni, moramo seveda čakati—ne glede na naše želje, kako radi bi gmotno pomagali našim bratom v sestrarji ter njihovim otrokom v starim domovinam.

Gledate pomoč za Rusijo je drugače. Le majhen del Rusije je zaseden—ta del je sicer velik, toda relativno napram obširnosti ozemlja Sovjetske unije je majhen—in milijonske ruske armade so še vedno na delu z odbijanjem Hitlerjevih razbojnikov ter z napadom. Zvezda med Ameriko in Rusijo je odprta in ameriški Rdeči križ stalno pošilja zdravila in zdravilske pripomočke, obleko ter konserviran živež v Rusijo.

Kakor vidimo v uradnem poročilu ameriškega Rdečega križa z dne 27. maja, je ta humanitarna organizacija poslala v Rusijo v prejšnjih treh mesecih omenjenih potrebičn vrednosti tri in pol milijona dolarjev. Poročilo našteva sledče količine blaga: štiri milijone tablet "sulfanilamida," pol drugi milijon tablet "sulfapiridina," milijon tablet kinina in tisoč funtov joda; dalje milijon hipodermičnih igel, 200,000 kavčukastih žakljčkov za vročo vodo, 295,000 parov kirurških rokavic za zdravilne, 60,000 zdravniških brizgal, 850,000 zdravniških kleščec, 100,000 zavojev obliža, 36,000 bombažnih obvez, domala tri milijone funtov pralnega in toaletnega mila in opreme za Roentgenove žarke v vrednosti \$270,000.

V istem času je bilo poslanih v Rusijo pol milijona oblek za moške, ženske in otroke ter velika zakoga čevljev in kocev. Vse te potrebične za ranjence in sirote, katerih očetje—v neštih primerih tudi matere—so padli na fronti, odpotvijo v Rusijo ameriški Rdeči križ za prispevke, ki jih dajejo ameriške organizacije in posamezniki na splošno, namreč one organizacije in posamezniki, katerih je za zmago demokracije nad nacifašizmom in ki se zavedajo, da Rusija—nočel—tudi sodeluje za to zmago.

Naša jednota, katera se ni še nikdar obotavljala, kadar je šlo za humanitarno in demokratično stvar—pred dvajsetimi leti je velikosrčno prispevala za žrtve velike lakote v sovjetski Rusiji in pred štirimi leti je prispevala za zdravila, živež in obleko za žrtve fašista v Španiji—smatra za svojo dolžnost, da danes prispeva svoj skromen delež tudi za ruske žrtve brutalnega hitlerizma.

Medtem pa ne smo bratje in sestre pozabili na svoje trpine v Sloveniji. Tem trpinom, katerih je na stotisoč, veljajo naše največje obligacije.

Naša naloga je, da v Ameriki zberemo močan sklad—vsaj sto tisoč dolarjev, dasi milijon dolarjev ne bo preveč in zmogli bi tudi toliko—in krije pride radostna ura osvoboditve naše stare domovine, tedaj bomo ameriški Slovenci lahko rekli, da smo nekaj le storili za naše trpine tamkaj.

Podjarmjeni, ponizani, potlačeni in z ranami, boleznimi in stradanjem obsuti Slovenci—vsi, kajti že leto dni ni med njimi nobene stanovske in razredne razlike, kolikor je ostalo zvestih sebi in svojim—kolikor bo še živih ob uru osvoboditve, bodo brez dvoma prejeli pomoč tudi z drugih strani, na primer direktno z ameriškega Rdečega križa in morda še od kod, ampak, verjemite nam, bratje in sestre—da nobena pomoč ne bo tako sladka in dobrodošla, kajtor bo pomoč njihovih krvnih bratov iz Amerike.

Slovenska pomoč iz Amerike, čeprav bo morda skromna—bo najbolj razvesela naše trpine v starim domovinam.

Zavedajmo se tega, bratje in sestre pri SNPJ, in prispevajmo velikosrčno v sklad JPO-SS. Prispevajmo redno, stalno, vsak mesec! Le majhna manjšina nas je danes, ki smo zaradi bolezni in drugih zadržkov gmotno tako na slabem, da ne moremo dati ničesar; tej manjšini ne bomo zamerili, če je pasivna, dasi ima dobre želje.

Za veliko večino ameriških Slovencev pa to ne velja. Velika večina naših ljudi v Ameriki ima danes zasluzek in lahko si odtrga vsaj dolar na mesec za slovenske trpine v starem kraju.

SNPJ je bila prva, ki je lansko leto sprožila klic na pomoč našim trpinom v starim domovinam; bila je prva, ki je objavila izkaz prvega stotnika v ta namen.

Držimo se torej našega rekorda in poskrbimo, da bo naš rekord na prvem mestu—najvišji med vsemi našimi organizacijami.

To je tudi pravilno in naša dolžnost, saj smo tudi največja organizacija!

Vsek izgovor—razen izgovora, da si bolan, onemogoč in brez zasluga—je ničev, je ponizevan, je sramota!

Vsek izgovor—zlasti ta, da "ne zaupam onim, ki vodijo JPO-SS"—je odprt priznanje, da naš človek nima srca—da se ne briga, kaj se zgoditi z našimi trpni v Sloveniji...

Glasovi iz naselbin

Piknik Slovenske šole SND

Cleveland, O.—V nedeljo, 7. junija, se vrši letni piknik Slovenske šole SND na farmi SNPJ pri Chardon in Heath Rds. Ob tej priliki bi lahko navedli mnogo krepkih zagovorov v prilog in podkrepitve Slovenske šole, ampak sem mnenja, da je slovenska javnost že dovolj poučena in prepričana o veliki pomembnosti te edinstvene, še vedno svobodne slovenske šole na svetu.

Med tem ko nacistični in fašistični rablji na debelo morijo in zatirajo naše ljudi v starem kraju, kateri se jim zoperstavljajo, pa uživamo mi tukaj v tem velikem svobodoljubnem svetu, v Združenih državah Amerike, še vedno popolno prostost, kjer lahko negujemo iskro znanja slovenske besede in narodne zavednosti kot Slovenci. Radi tega smo dolžni pomagati z vsemi danimi sredstvi naši novi domovini Združenim državam Amerike, da zmagamo v boju za principe svobode, kakršne poznamo v Ameriki.

Ob razmišljaju na vse to bi Slovenci in Jugoslovani ne smeli niti najmanj oklevati, ko pride tak dan in taka prilika, kot je izlet Slovenske šole, pač pa bi morali pokazati javno svojo zavednost in se korporativno udeležiti priredeb, ki se vrši v korist Slovenske šole SND. S svojo številno navzočnostjo bi dali drug drugemu korajžo in vzpodbudo; pokazali bi, da se čutimo že dovolj močne in zavedene, da lahko še tudi mi pomagamo braniti svete pravice naših zatiranih bratov in sestev v starem kraju, ko pride prilika za to, in jim pomagamo izvojevati njih neodvisnost in svobodo, kot si želijo.

Slovenska šola SND je tudi zelo važna ustanova z ozirom na naše bratske podporne organizacije, kulturne organizacije in narodne domove. Dokler bo živel slovenska zavednost v srcih naše mladine in dokler nas družijo take vezi kakršne imamo danes med seboj, bomo lahko še dolgo živel in se medsebojno podpirali in koristili sami sebi in celiot. In čim več bo znala naša mladina, več vredno bodo kot državljanji in lažje si bodo služili svoj kruh. Slovenska šola SND si prizadeva naučiti mladino slovenskega jezika; jih seznaniti po možnosti z vsemi dobrimi idejami, ki jim bodo le koristile v življenju. Ne dovolite, da bi Slovenska šola prenehala s poukom, dajte ji še nadaljnje opore in vse bo še naprej v korist celokupne Clevelandske slovenske naselbine.

Kdor nima lastnega avtomobila, se lahko posluži John Oblikovega busa, ki ga je vodstvo Slovenske šole najelo, da prepreči na piknik naše drage goste in pa vse učence, katerih starši nimajo svojih avtomobilov, da bi jih sami peljali. Torej bus odpeljal izpred SND na St. Clair Ave. ob 1. uri popoldne, se ustvari spomota pred SDD na Waterloo Rd., ob tam pa odpelje načravnost na farmo.

Voznina za vse odrastle goste je 50¢ za osebo na obe strani. Učenci in učenici Slovenske šole SND so proti voznine. Bodite točni, pridite še pred eno uro na prostor, da ne zamudite.

Za ples v paviljonu SNPJ bodo igrali Vadnajevi iz Collinwooda, ki vas bodo prav govorili zadovoljili. Kuhinjo imajo v glavnem v oskrbi članice gospodinjskega kluba SND; zastopnice društva v prosvetnem klubu SND boste pa pomagale in prodajale pivske listke, sladoled in druge dobre stvari, da bo še vse gladko naprej. Direktorji in zastopniki društva v prosvetnem klubu SND bodo pa imeli v oskrbi dobre pižafe in bodo postregli prijazno vsem gostom. Mr. John Potokar, lastnik Double Eagle Bottling Co., je oblubil Slovenski šoli toliko dobre sodavice, da je ne bo zmanjkalo. Mr. Potokar je velik dobrotnik in podprtalej Slovenske šole. Kadar ima šola kakršno priredo, vedno kaj po-

maga k večjemu uspehu na en ali drug način. Zato je nas vseh dolžnost, da ga upoštevamo, kadar nakupujemo produkte, kakršne on prodaja. Delajmo z njim roka v roki.

Kateri ima še kaj prostora na svojem avtomobilu, naj naloži goste pred SND, da bo udeležba večja. Vse zastopnike in zastopnice društva v prosvetnem klubu pa prosim za iskreno sodelovanje. Na svidenje!—Za Slovensko šolo SND—

Erazem Gorske, tajnik.

Vesti iz Sacramento

Sacramento, Cal.—Dne 19. aprila je tukaj priredilo pet društev in en klub Veselico v korist Rdečemu križu. Zahava je bila obiskana priljubo dobro, toda še bolje bi bil, da bi ne bilo nobene potote pri tak velikem delu in pa vsled velike zaposlenosti v moji trgovini. Prosim, da vsakdo, ki ne vidi svojega imena v knjigi, to meni sporoči in objavljeno bo v listih, in pa vse pomeote bodo mimeografske in priložile v spominske knjige, katere se bodo shranile za poznejše informacije in za pošiljanje v stari kraj. Nekaj teh knjig se še lahko razdeli in kdor jo želi imeti, naj pride po njo.

Za krajevni odbor št. 8 JPO-SS—

John Gotlieb, tajnik,
1845 W. Cermak Rd.
Phone CANal 3073.

Mi in naši problemi

Milwaukee, Wis.—Na zadnji seji tukajnj federacije SNPJ se je zastopnik Proslete trpo pritožil, da je dognal, da pri tukajnjih društvih ni niti polovica članstva, ki so naročeni na dnevnik. Paudaril je, da je potreba zavrhitev agitacije, da bi se s sodelovanjem tajnikov in drugih agilnih članov mogoče dalo dosegči dobre uspehe.

Moje mnenje je, da bi bili dobri in številni dopisi magnetična moč za povzdigo in širjenje lista, da bi ga radi čitali in naročili vsi slovenski člani in nečlani, za kar je moje izrečno pripomorelo, da se potrudimo polnit kolone z dobrim čitvom in zanimivimi dopisi iz vseh krajev dežele.

Dne 2. maja je društvo Združenje št. 104 SNPJ praznovalo svojo 20-letnico s kratkim programom in prosto zabavo z dobro uspehom v moralnem in gemitom oziru. Jedro govorov se je nanašalo na potek društvenega poslovanja in bodrilo za pridobivanje novih članov pod okrilje naše vrle organizacije. Nato je razveseli nastop tukajnjih mlad. krožkov z izvajanjem vaškega plesa in pevskih točk. Ti mili glasovi naše mladine v službi Strica Sama, in sicer sta Edward Petach in Tony Persich. Tony je bil delegat na 11. konvencijo v Clevelandu. Druga vest je, da nas je vedno zapustil Rudy Jurich. Umrl je 19. maja in bil pokopan 23. maja. Star je bil 51 let in rojen v Volovskem, Istrija. Če kdo ve, kje se nahaja sestra Rudy Juricha, Mary, omožena Jurich, želim, da javi našemu društvu na naslov 4431 Stockton Blvd., Sacramento, Cal., za kar se že vnaprej zahvaljujem.

Pokojni Rudy je bil svoječasno mlad in močan, tako da so ljudje mislili, da ga ne bo nikdar konč. Ali pri težkem delu si je nakopal bolez, ki ga je mučila zadnjih 15 mesecov in ga končno uničila. Ni vedel, kaj naj storiti, končno pa se je odločil in šel v bolnišnico, kjer je bolezni podlegel v bedi in trpljenju.

Iz tega se vidi, da je potrebno, če smo prijatelji našega soseda ali znanca, da ga nagovorimo, da pristopi v društvo SNPJ, dokler ni prepozno. In čim mlajši je član ob pristopu, tem manjši je njegov asesment. Društvo pa je potrebno mladim in starim, kajti nič ne vemo, kdaj pride nesreča, bolezni ali smrt.

Joseph Rusch, tajnik.

Poročilo o pomočni priredi

Chicago, Ill.—Naš dobrodelni koncert v prid Jugoslovanskemu pomočnemu odboru je dobro izpadel. O finančnem uspehu danes še ne morem poročati, ker še nisem prejel denarja za vse vstopnice. Vsled tega prosim vse društva in vse posameznike, da takoj pošljete denar ali pa vrnete vstopnice, ker iste morajo biti plačane ali pa vrnjene, da bodo nadzorniki pregledali. Jaz hočem dati čisti račun za vsak cent in za vsako vstopnico, zato upam, da bo vse dobro.

Udeležba je bila obilna. Prišli so domači in znaci pokojnikov, da obiščejo njihovo gomilo. A na tisoče, smelo rečem na milijone, so nam segali globoko v srce in nekaterim se je od ponosa ornilo oko. Zelo ljubki in mični so bili nastopi dvojevščin Hilde Bizjakove in Steva Krčnerja ter solistov Ruth Golob in Rudyja Smoleta. "Pozdravljen 1. maj!" je nam lepo, razločno in naglašeno deklamirala tudi Hilda Bizjak. Vsem gre priznanje in naše čestitke za lepo izvajanje točk.

Dne 16. maja se je postal

mladinski pevski zbor SNPJ Junior All Star Chorus s priredbo svojega drugega pomladnega koncerta, toda udeležba žal ni bila povoljna, kot bi moral biti v spodobu mladih.

Udeležba je bila obilna. Prišli so domači in znaci pokojnikov, da obiščejo njihovo gomilo. A na tisoče, smelo rečem na milijone, so nam segali globoko v srce in nekaterim se je posebno zahvalovalo, ker so mi pomagali in me tolažili ob smrt moje druge žene Viktorije Medvedovich, ki je preminula 22. aprila 1942. Vsled bolezni in smrti moje druge žene znancev. In ta vrsta znancev bo vsakim letom naraščala. Zatem je predsednik federacije D. J. Lotrich v kratkem govor razložil pomen Spominskega dneva. Spominski se je



Izvirni odsek

JOSEPH CAINKAR, gl. predsednik	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago, Ill.
WILLIAM RUS, poročnik	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago, Ill.
JOSEPH G. KUHEL, gl. blagajnik	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago, Ill.
JOSEPH GRADISHEK, tamnik bol. odd.	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago, Ill.
JOSEPH VRHOVNIK, direkt. mlađ. oddel.	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago, Ill.
JOSEPH GODINA, upravnički glasnik	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago, Ill.
JOSEPH MOLEN, urednik glasnika	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Podpredsednik

JOSEPH R. KUMER, prvi podpredsednik	Box 64, Universal, Pa.
JANUSZ ZARNICKI, drugi podpredsednik	3587 W. 65th St., Cleveland, Ohio

Distriktni podpredsedniki

JOHN CULKAR, prvo okrožje	417 Woodland Ave., Johnstown, Pa.
JOHN MAGLICH, drugo okrožje	R. D. No. 1, Oakdale, Pa.
JOSEPH TRAVNIK, tretje okrožje	7025 Middlepointe, Dearborn, Mich.
JOHN SPILLER, četrto okrožje	3979 Randall St., St. Louis, Mo.
JOSEPH AMBROZIC, peto okrožje	418 Pierot St., Eveleth, Minn.
JOSEPH TOMIC, šesto okrožje	823 W. 7th St., Walsenburg, Colo.

Gospodarski odsek

JOSEPH PETROVICH, predsednik	353 E. 151st St., Cleveland, Ohio
JOSEPH CAINKAR	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago, Ill.
WALTER VIDRICH	16203 Arcade Ave., Cleveland, Ohio
JOSEPH GRUM	17182 Snoden, Detroit, Mich.
JOSEPH GLIP	231 So. Prospect Ave., Clarendon Hills, Ill.
JOSEPH MALAI	25 Westclox Ave., Peru, Ill.

Zdravnik

JOSEPH SHULAR, predsednik	Box 27, Arma, Kansas
JOSEPH KRATICH	315 Tener St., Luzerne, Pa.
JOSEPH BARBIČ	19511 Muskoka Ave., Cleveland, Ohio
JOSEPH VIDRICH	706 Forest Ave., Johnstown, Pa.
JOSEPH MOČNIK	772 E. 185th Street, Cleveland, Ohio

Nadzorni odsek

JOSEPH ZAITZ, predsednik	2301 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago, Ill.
JOSEPH MEDVEŠEK	16203 Arcade Ave., Cleveland, Ohio
JOSEPH GRUM	17182 Snoden, Detroit, Mich.
JOSEPH GLIP	231 So. Prospect Ave., Clarendon Hills, Ill.
JOSEPH MALAI	25 Westclox Ave., Peru, Ill.

Združenik

JOSEPH ARCH	618 Chestnut St., N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.
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Predsednikova kolona

Na slavnost dneva SNPJ Pred nami je spet prireditev, ki je posebno važnega pomena v organizaciji. To je slavnost dneva SNPJ, ki ga prirejata slovenska in angleško poslujuča federacija društev v zapadni Penni.

Pred nekaj časom smo v tej koloni že povedali, kako važno je za nas, da naša društva in federacije obhajajo svoje obletnine in vse druge prireditev, kakor običajno, ter da ni dobro opuščati vse navade, pa če tudi je vojna. Kajti naša podpora društva nam zmeraj dobra in potrebna in igrajo zelo važno vlogo tudi v vojni. Vsako društvo mora zdaj pa zdaj na dan ter se pokazati v javnosti, da si tako pridobi priznanje in postane predmet pozornosti. Le s trajnim izvrševanjem svojih bratskih nalog in prav aktivnostjo si društvo utare pot za uspešno agitacijo za vse člane ter zagotovo napredok, kar pomeni tudi obetovanje bojnosti.

Kaj bratje in sestre v zapadni Penni se očividno dobro zavedajo važnosti, zlasti oni, ki so odločilni v federacijah. Oni se verno živijo svoje tradicije in sedaj se spet pridno pripravljajo na veliko slavnost, ki se bo vršila 28. junija v prijaznih prostorih, dobro znanih pod imenom "Paradise Gardens" ter radi lepe in raznih udobnosti za zabavo in razvedrilo slovečih daleč na vzhod. Iz dopisov na drugem mestu Prosvete ter iz programa, ki je priobčen, bo razvidno vse bolj natančno glede slavnosti in kaj se najlaže pride do prostorov.

Kot je povedano, bo to velika slavnost, važnega pomena za društva in jednoto. Zato toplo priporočamo, da se udeležite vsi, ki se želite. Zlasti pa se pričakuje, da se bodo udeležili vsi člani iz vseh Penne, bližnjega Ohija in Zapadne Virginije.

Glede slovanskega dneva Nekaj društev se je obrnilo na glavni urad z vprašanjem, ali naj sodelujejo pri slavnosti slovanskega dne, ki se ima obvezno v nedeljo, 21. junija, ali tretjo nedeljo tega meseca.

Kakor znano, je ameriški slovenski kongres, ki se je vršil 25. in 26. aprila v Detroitu, poleg drugega sprejel tudi rezolucijo, ki dolожi, da se 21. junija praznuje slovenski dan z namenom, da ameriški Slovani skupno nastopijo in na ta način demonstrirajo svojo prisotnost v Zedinjenim državam, kar je tako važno zlasti v teh težkih časih. Nadalje, da takoj pokazemo svojo stičljivo moč ter kot faktor v tej deželi izrecno predsednik Roosevelt priznava in hvaležnost za njegove napore v prilog podjarmljene in zavestnih narodov ter za ustancovitev pravičnosti, svobode in demokracije za vse ljudi. Zaeno pa, da pozovemo vse delavce slovene porekla, za katere se trdi, da tvorijo nad 50% delavstva v angleških industrijskih, da naprej vse svoje moči in sile še za novo producijo municijskih in drugih vojnih potrebsčin, da bo čim prej konec te strašne vojne ter s popolno zmago Amerike. In zato naj bi ameriški Slovani na ta dan ponovno izrekli hvaležnost za njuni rdeči armadi, ki se tako uspešno boriti proti skupnemu vojašniku, ter doperina skoraj nadčloveške žrtve, s svojim solidarnim nastopom pa bi pokazali dober vugled svojim slovenskim bratom v Evropi, kar bi bilo v moralno pomoč tudi Rusiji. In kongres z omenjeno rezolucijo poziva vse slovanske organizacije širok Amerike, da po svojih naselbinah organizirajo takoj protesti ter demonstrirajo, kakor najbolj impozantno mogoče.

Praznovanje slovanskega dneva 21. junija je torej važnega ponudnika. Ima dober in plemenit namen. Vsak član SNPJ to pravilno in z mirno vestjo podpiše in prizoričljivo je, da naša društva pri tem pomagajo in v svojih naselbinah z drugimi Slovani priredijo.

Sosnanjanja vredno Zdaj pa spet nekaj besed o naši posmogni akciji za revne v starem prostoru, toda potreben je. Reviščina je strašna in pomoči ne more biti bolj. Odškod na naj slovenski društvi in trpiči pričakujemo pomoč, če ne od svojih bratov in sester Amerik. Oni, ki se morda pravocasno pobegnili, predno je antifašistično prokletstvo zadelo naše kraje, ali pa so ušli poznej.

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Z. CAINKAR, gl. predsednik.

POROČILO O NAKAZANI BOLNIŠKI PODPORI

Nakazana dan 21. maja 1942

REPORT OF SICK BENEFIT PAYMENT

We Are for Equality of Sacrifice

On April 26, in presenting his program against inflation, President Roosevelt emphasized strongly that all of his seven points were essential. He substantiated his statement by saying that "action in one direction alone would be offset by inaction in other directions."

It would seem that our representatives in Congress would have immediately taken steps to cooperate with the President's plan in combating inflation "in all directions." On the contrary, we see that the House Ways and Means Committee continues to hit the small taxpayer, and to ignore the big loopholes in the law. It is ignoring the President's recommendation that corporate profits be taxed to the utmost limit and that personal incomes be limited to \$25,000 a year after payment of taxes. It raised the normal tax rate from 4 to 6%, and the initial surtax rate from 6 to 12%.

The President said in his message that "profits must be taxed to the limit consistent with continued production—this means all business profits, not only in making munitions but in making or selling anything else." Furthermore, he said that "it is incumbent upon Congress to define undue or excess profits; and anything in excess of that specific figure should go to the government."

And what did the Committee accomplish thus far? It has set tax rates for corporations that are far below the proposals submitted by the Treasury early this spring which were far from adequate. It has done nothing to define "undue excess profits" so that corporations would pay to the limit for their war gains. On the other hand, the Committee is trying to put through a sales tax which would soak the low-income groups and would go easy on big incomes. For instance, a 5% sales tax would hit families earning less than \$2,000 a year four times as hard as those earning over \$10,000. By this maneuvering they seek to reduce the amount of revenue that can be raised by corporate taxes, and to fall back on the sales tax, thus hitting the workers most.

In view of the above facts and in view of the all-out war effort of the nation's workers, the people cannot afford to let congressional reactionaries sabotage the vital tax plan in the President's anti-inflation program. For the program is based on equality of sacrifice with everyone contributing on the basis of his capacity.

Needless to say, we are all prepared to do whatever we can to aid our country, and to pay higher taxes. But that should mean everyone, including corporations.

There will be no equality of sacrifice if living standards are lowered because of the needs of the war economy, and if the lower incomes are further slashed by sales taxes. The people have faith in the President, but their representatives in most cases have thus far shown that they prefer to listen to the voice of big business.

Therefore, it is necessary that we get busy writing letters to our Congressmen, telling them that we have endorsed the President's tax proposals as a vital necessity for winning our two-front war—namely, against our enemies abroad and inflation at home.

Let them know that Congress will be held to account if the President's proposals are ignored.

All this leads to still another all-important aspect—this year's Congressional elections. In November one-third of the number of Senators and the entire number of Representatives will be elected.

Certainly, the nation cannot afford to let reactionaries represent their country in serious times like these. America needs progressive leaders in its governmental departments—leaders who will understand the full meaning and import of the times, and who will support the President in every action which is beneficial to the country and its people.

Let us be wide-awake particularly now when we must give all in order to preserve our cherished liberties, and let us share the full responsibility for the conduct of our government by seeing to it that our representatives will do their part in the present struggle.

Mail for Prisoners of War and Interned Civilians

Existing Post Office Department instructions on the sending of letters and parcels to prisoners of war have been supplemented so as to extend the privilege of free postage to civilians detained or interned by the civil or military authorities (unless held on criminal charges), whether held in the United States or other belligerent countries.

Articles exempt from postal charges are not entitled to registration or air mail service. If air mail service is desired, appropriate postage must be paid.

The address on correspondence or parcels should include the full name and rank (if any) of the prisoner of war or internee, his number, company or organization, name of camp, post office address and country in which the camp is located.

Name and address of sender must appear on the envelope or wrapper. There should be plainly written or typed in the upper left corner of the article "Prisoner of War," and underneath "Prisoner de Guerre" ("Kriegsgefangenschaft" if sent to Germany) or "Interned Civilian" (Intern Civil), as the case may be; followed by the words "Postage Free—Franc de Port" ("Gebührenfrei" if sent to Germany).

All letters to prisoners of war, detained or interned civilians, are subject to censorship; therefore, it is suggested that they deal only with purely personal matters.

On account of the long distance carried and the many handlings, the wrappings of the parcels must be Switzerland.

For Members of Slovene National Benefit Society and American Slovenes

Set 3 SNPJ Golf Tournament Dates

Victorians Plan Moonlight Picnic

CHICAGO.—The regular monthly meeting of the Victorians, SNPJ 632, will be held this Thursday, June 4, at Berger's Hall, 2633 S. Lawndale. After the meeting we will have a social and drawing. Members, be present. You may be the lucky one.

On the sick list we have Sister Julie Kalian, 2117 S. Lombard Ave., Cicero, and Bro. Edward Potsch, at the same address. Victorians are asked to visit them. We wish them both a speedy recovery.

All Victorians and friends are kindly asked to remember our Moonlight Picnic which is scheduled to take place at Keg's Grove in Willow Springs on Saturday evening, June 20. We ordered the moon to come to us that evening, so let's hope it shows up in its full glory. Come out and see how wonderful it is to watch the stars and the moon play in the sky on a clear June night in Willow Springs.

The Pioneers, SNPJ 559, are having a moonlight picnic the week before, on Saturday, June 13, at Skavich's Red Gate Grove. Let's remember that date too.

A bunco and card party will be held on June 26 at the school hall, 22nd and Wolcott streets, for the benefit of the boys in the armed forces. Tickets 50c. I have plenty of them. Let's support this worthy cause.

MARY E. NOVAK, 632.

SNH Group Helps Red Cross, Russian Relief

WAUKEGAN, ILL.—The Slovene Nat'l Home Auxiliary is still busy knitting. So far we have finished nearly 2000 hours of work for the Red Cross. The first ARC production medals will be awarded at next Thursday's meeting to Frances Music, who finished 203 hours of work; Mary Novak, 163 hours; Frances Ogrin, 173 hours, and Mary Koncan, 145 hours. A game of bunco will be played after the meeting.

Knitting is not the only interest our ladies have. In the past few weeks they were collecting for the Russian War Relief. A money order for \$120.30 was sent to office of the Russian Relief at 80 E. Jackson Blvd., Chicago. Those collecting are Anna Mahnich, Frances Ogrin, Louise Ogrin, Mary Lukancic, Marianne Jelovsek, Frances Peikley, Josephine Kozina and Jenny Miller.

The necessity to help Russia still perplexes some Americans. The reason is the antagonistic attitude of reactionary American newspapers, churches and capitalistic organizations, who for the past 25 years pictured Russia as bad country, communism an evil thing, and all the Russians good for nothing. In short, Russia was described as a Big Bad Bear, very dangerous to the United States.

Of course, the communists and their fellow travelers in this country played their part convincingly enough; the majority of them were organized cranks and crackpots, opposing everything at all times, trying to make themselves important by noise. They succeeded in confusing many Americans who took for granted that everything not republican is communistic. Most of the noise-makers never knew the why of communism and its existence in Russia. It was largely through their maneuverings that the entire experiment received a black-eye.

Under all this manipulation and misrepresentation the average American formed a definite opinion against Russia, and cannot understand now how the Big Bear could all at once be turned into a homing pigeon, because he never took a close look at it to find out—that it was only a scarecrow. Therefore, it is up to us to bring Russia close to the average American. First, we must convince him that communism never was dangerous to the U. S. A., because working conditions and things in general have always been much better here than in Russia; that social reforms in a country like ours can be achieved without bloody revolutions and purges, by simply exercising our voting power.

A good example of this is the past decade. Here we are dealing with comparatively intelligent people who can be taught necessary reforms.

Russia, in 1917, had to deal with hungry and ignorant masses of people who could not read or write and do hundreds of other things Americans can do. The average Russian was not allowed to go to school. Americans have a number of freedoms; Russians had none.

They were ruled by the iron hand of czarism and the Russian church, who robbed them of all rights.

Therefore, drastic measures were necessary. Church and government in Russia were one, so when the people revolted they had to revolt against both.

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This Week

By Louis Beniger

This week ushered in the great annual vacation time and travel to distant places. However, the usual summer recreation and extensive traveling this year will be restricted none too curtailed, and most of the summer resorts will depend for trade on local and nearby vacationers.

The other day travel officials proposed a plan which has the germ of an idea which might help to solve the tangled problems of civilian travel, vacations, gas rationing and rail and bus priorities. It calls for issuance of a card to the vacationer good for two weeks vacation in a designated period once a year.

As a sign of the times, I noticed that this year visitors to the SNPJ headquarters are very few. In former years, each summer in particular, hardly a day passed without one or more visiting parties from near and distant places. With travel restrictions on the increase, the number of visitors in the future will very likely be reduced to a few a month.

Another sign of the times is the gradual reduction of motor traffic in Chicago. However, the 40-mile an hour speed suggested by authorities is not being observed on the highways. This I noticed personally over the weekend while traveling to La Salle Saturday and back to Chicago Sunday. If you go 40 miles per hour, you are passed by everyone in recent model and newest chariot alike.

Perhaps no other high government official save the President himself has come out with a broader and more far-reaching program for world peace after the war, than did Vice President Wallace in his speech two weeks ago. He undertook to tell Americans what we are fighting for and why we must and will win the war. "This is a fight between a slave world and a free world," he said. Significantly enough, the speech was all but ignored by the press agencies and large newspapers.

"Peace must mean a better standard of living for the common man, not only in the United States and England, but also in India, Russia, China and Latin America; yes, also in Germany, Italy and Japan," Wallace declared. "That is what this war is being fought for—to see that every man gets enough to eat. The century that will come into being must be the century of the common man. No nation will have the right to exploit other nations, and there must be neither military nor economic imperialism," concluded Wallace.

Spirit-o-Grams

By Whoosht

ST. LOUIS, MO.—In last week's issue of *Prosveta*, I read with much dismay that only 45% of the SNPJ lodges are sharing in the Victory campaign.

Out of 650 lodges—that 365 have signed up to the present time, to bring in at least one new member. What kind of Fraternalism can we call that? We all know that when we explain the SNPJ's policies and benefits to an applicant they admit they can't be beaten, so—don't stop here! Go on! Tell them more about it. Give them all the facts; the advantage of belonging to such a reputable lodge, and you'll be told, "Yes, I'd like to join." All done with such little effort.

As our campaign director has pointed out to us, "Don't wait or you will be too late." Get busy today!

Plans are being made for our joint SNPJ picnic. Details will be published in later issues of *Prosveta*.

This & That: A group of Spirits attended the dance on May 23 at the Slovene Hall, given by the "Singing Club. All had a grand time dancing to the ever-popular Louis Susin's orchestra. The famous Susan klobase were a treat.

John and Anne Spiller have recently moved into their beautiful new home. Sister Ida Baumgarth's husband was laid to rest on May 17. Spirits extend their deepest sympathy to Al and all the Baumgarth family in their bereavement.

Cecilia Yartz' brother was on a furlough. What was it that Yartz said about joining the Spirits? Sister Dell Markoff's husband is reported improving, right now—news we are all glad to hear. A number of Spirits and friends are here. You should see John Zimmerman's horseback.

Our June meeting must be well attended. Let's turn out in full force as important discussions are to take place.

Remember the Victory campaign, our war bonds and stamps.

The course of events demands that our war efforts be in the highest

V...—V...—V...—

To the blare of our war effort which is already broad, we must reach a sharp point of urgency, and the

new edge of competence, and the

end out of sacrifice.

John Mandich Enrolls 18 New Members In Victory Campaign

John Shaffer and Leo Schweiger Account for 9 and 7, Respectively

In JOHN MANDICH, Secretary of Lodge 176, Piney Fork, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rechecking the returns for the month of April, we found Brother Mandich and the Lodge he represents resting none too comfortably in second place with 25 new members to his and the Lodge's credit. Rightly, this should have been 27, but because two applications were returned to him for minor corrections and were not on hand when final tabulation was made by the Campaign Director, he was credited with a mere 25. But he wasn't satisfied to stop there—not Brother Mandich. In fact, he even boasted (if I may use the term without offense) that he would have 20 more new members enrolled by the first of June. Well—he didn't quite make it—he missed his prediction by TWO. And yet, if we count the two applications, which he returned after making necessary corrections, he did gain his goal of twenty.

His latest gains put him and Lodge 176 in the lead over the entire field of contestants in his state and district and the nation, for counting the 25 he previously had to his credit, plus the 2 corrected and returned, plus the 18 newly admitted in May, he now has the grand total of 45 new members as compared with 43 for that other energetic, hard-hitting, Victory Campaigner of Western Pennsylvania, John Barufaldi. How long these two members will be able to continue this fast pace, no one can say except themselves. Sooner or later, both must stop for want of prospects; but while it lasts, it certainly is developing into an interesting contest, and we hope both men will be able to carry on and on and on for the duration. We don't know what brand of "ammunition" and model of "gun" they are using to "bag" the new members with, but whatever it is, we'd like to get a load of the same "stuff" and pass it on to some of our lagging members and lodges who, so far, have failed to strike a winning stride in the Victory Campaign. Whether Brother Mandich will have enough of a lead to keep him ahead, until all of May's results are tabulated, won't be known for a week or more, but for the time being, for this week, at least, he's the TOP-MAN of the SNPJ VICTORY CAMPAIGN.

It seems that the JOHNS had the stuff it took in May to put across the winning punch, for here we have JOHN SHAFFER, Secretary of Lodge 537 of Crivitz, Wisconsin, a member of the SNPJ for more than twenty-five years, adding another gold star to his campaign collection by enrolling 9 more new members to bring his total to **sixteen**. This doesn't quite smack of the success of figures publicized in the above paragraphs, but it does place Brother Shaffer high in his own state and district. In fact, another gain like that one and he'll be able to overtake the lead built up by Lodge 130 of Eveleth, Minnesota, in District No. 5. Keep up the good, steady work, Brother Shaffer, and you'll get there!

LEO SCHWEIGER, Secretary of Lodge 584 (Badgers) of Milwaukee, Wis., produced the third highest number of new members reported during the week. Seven applications in all were received from him, which adds his total up to 17 and for the time, at least, gives him a slight lead over his nearest rival, JULIUS ABRAM of Lodge 631 (Integrity), Chicago, Illinois. It is the belief of the Director that this District will furnish one of the hottest contests in the Victory Campaign. Here we have the **Pioneers, Badgers, Little Forts, Integrity, Jolly Allis, Hoosier Pals, Trail Blazers, Mohawks, Lincolnites, Spirits of St. Louis**, and many, many other lodges, who just won't be satisfied to sit back in the shadows doing nothing. Nor will it look right to slack in this campaign. Every lodge should express its stand against the enemies of democracy and fraternalism by enrolling new members to expand and perpetuate the principles upon which our organization stands!

During the week, ending with last Friday, only four new contestants were reported. These are as follows: JENNIE MIKOLICH, Lodge 277, Struthers, Ohio; JOHN MUR, Lodge 427, Covendale, Pa.; MARY LUMBERT, Lodge 253, Diamondville, Wyoming; and JOHN LOMBARDO, Lodge 106, Imperial, Pa. Congratulations and good luck to all four. May every effort on their part to increase the membership of the SNPJ be crowned with success.

MICHAEL VRHOVNIK, Campaign Director.

Your Health**Dangerous Therapeutic Devices Seized**

Devices for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease, or for use to affect the structure or any function of the body have been subject to regulation by the Food and Drug Administration only since the new Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act of 1938 became effective. Such devices when dangerous to health were subject to the new law as soon as it was enacted.

More than 230 consignments of dangerous devices alleged to prevent or cure a great variety of ailments have been seized under the Act and so removed from the channels of commerce. Included among the devices seized were such articles as lead nipple shields, nasal applicators, stem pessaries, and rectal dilators. All of those seized, in the opinion of competent physicians, were dangerous to health when used as directed in their labeling.

Seizures have been made also of so-called electric mechanical hearts, therapeutic lamps and reducing belts. Defective mechanical prophylactics sold for the prevention of disease likewise have been seized.

Seizure actions are effective in removing immediately from the market any dangerous device found subject to the Act. They may be effective also in stopping any further attempts to ship the dangerous device in violation of the law. Not only may shipments of dangerous devices be seized under the Act, but the persons responsible may be prosecuted under the criminal sections of the Act and, if convicted, may be fined or jailed, or both.

Prosecutions against others for shipping devices carrying false curative claims are pending in various Federal Courts.

A resident of Tennesse, Ga., was tried in the Federal Court for shipping into interstate commerce in violation of the Act a misbranded device sold under the name "Axine

On Our Bookshelf

The Dynamics of Industrial Democracy, by Clinton S. Golden and Harold J. Ruttnerberg. Harper & Brothers, New York, \$3.

This is another **must** volume for the intelligent and alert worker. It is a work by doers as well as thinkers and provides food for thought and action. Though the authors deal with such current questions as the closed shop, check off, Reuther plan, seniority and a maze of problems faced by the CIO and AFL, they spare us from journalistic tripe and newspaper hash. In a sense, we are treated to an attempt at formulating a fundamental approach for Labor, a sort of philosophy of unionism rooted in the ever-changing American industrial scene. The viewpoint toward collective bargaining as something different from mere haggling, is realistic and refreshing as a sharp break from the staid business unionism. It is difficult to challenge their contention that "advancing technology is making the entire concept of the basis of wage payments obsolete. The basis of wage payments should be an equitable distribution of the proceeds of production to wage earners as well as the factors of physical requirements now given exclusive consideration." And what an anachronism and indictment that our streamlined steel industry should have more than 100,000 different wage rates!

Collective Wage Determination, by Z. Clark Dickinson. Ronald Press Co., New York, \$5.

Every union man who has any responsibility for negotiating contracts or protecting Labor conditions should own this book. It is chockful of up-to-the-minute official facts and figures that are indispensable to union leaders charged with the task of defending the worker's standards.

Among the questions dealt with are: Trends in practical wage factors, the relationship between production, income and wages, technological unemployment and regional competition, purchasing power and prices, economic effects of state wage controls, and wage policy in war and peace.

Stars and Stripes, by Murray Ross. Columbia University Press, New York. \$2.75.

Between these covers there is much information about the growth of unionism in Hollywood. Not only among carpenters and electricians but also among "Stars" on earth. The rise of "Equity" is traced through its various stages. Apparently salary cuts for the best paid have the same effect as for the power paid. It is interesting to note that because of high skill, collective bargaining and individual contracts go hand in hand, but that even highest skills demand and need collective bargaining. This is the foundation of Hollywood as a union town.

Latin-America, by Wm. Lytle Schurz. E. P. Dutton & Co., New York. \$3.75.

This is an good a book on our good neighbors below, the Rio Grande as we will get in a long time. It brings welcome and invigorating relief from the flood of ink poured out by hectic radio commentators presenting a superficial and hasty compilation and hasty newspaper observers looking at too much and seeing too little. Mr. Schurz performs a scholarly task in enlightening us about the history, economy and way of life in our country's own "down under". While the reviewer would like to have had the author present a more extensive treatment of Latin-American Labor and its problems, he recognizes that to the limited extent Mr. Schurz does handle this phase, he does it in a solid and sound manner. We do know too little about our Latin-American brothers and their organizations. Here is a field crying for investigation and evaluation.

Cigarettes and War Stamps

The trade press reports that low-priced cigarettes, which at one time accounted for a good-sized chunk of the market, are losing ground. Since sales figures in the industry are jealously guarded secrets, this may or may not be ballyhoo put out by the more expensive brands.

But the low-priced cigarettes are due to gain if Congress adopts the Treasury's proposal that they be taxed 50 cents less a thousand than the standard brands. That would give the cheapest brands a 1-cent-a-pack tax margin over the standard sellers.

Tests made by Consumers Union show that most smokers can't tell the difference between the cheaper and more expensive brands.

When will legislators learn that their campaign for "cracking down" on Labor will, if persisted in, lead to a cracking up of our national unity and morale?

V...—V...—V...—V...—

Why put a brake on buying for those who are too broke to buy enough? It just doesn't make sense or health.

and Cosmetic Act that enables the Food and Drug Administration of the Federal Security Agency to correct some long-standing abuses not amenable to any previous Federal Act.

Veronian News

VERONA, PA.—Vanted: All ladies in Veronian Lodge 680 to help the Veronettes, Sunday, June 7, at 11 a. m. to clean and scrub our new Veronian Club, formerly Donhoe's, 223 Arch St., Verona. Yes, the girls have designated this day as "Clean Up Day for the Ladies," who also are required to bring along their boy-friend or husband. Let's all cooperate and help the Veronettes.

Veronians, your ambitions by your hard work have at last become a reality. Because of you, "Our Veronians," who so kindly loaned as much as your budget could afford, we are now in the possession of one of the nicest clubs along the Allegheny river; also, if I'm not mistaken, the first ESL of SNPJ in Pennsylvania to have their own club, exclusively. Gee, won't it be swell to go down to the club after a hard day's work either at the office or mill, and sit out on that large veranda sipping a beverage or soda of some kind? Then for those that are sports, swimming, balina, tennis, volleyball and horseshoes, all can be played at night because of the lighting system that we also have at the club. For the swimmers a large float is available, and for those who like to play ping pong, dance, tables and a large juke-box will be on the inside. Now our members can go by what nature requires: eight hours of work, eight hours of play, and eight hours of sleep. Boy! it sorts takes my breath away to what our neighboring lodges who come to visit us about a month from now, will say as to our Veronian Club. To make it a good club, let us stick to the rules and regulations that will be made by your Board of Directors, and found on the Bulletin Board.

Guess Who: The person in today's quiz owns a car, travels to all SNPJ affairs near and far, lives in Sylvan, and is a six-footer. The only clue that I'll give to you is that you will have to keep your eyes open as each car passes you because the license number which is 4C670 will help you to identify the person in today's quiz. Last week's answer, Frances Fay Wyckoff.

Almost a hundred people attended the farewell party held in honor of our own Rudy Tratar who left on May 28 to become an Ensign in the Engineering Corps of the United States Navy. Guest speakers for the party were Atty. David Fawcett and Michael Kumer, 1st vice-president of our SNPJ, both of whom gave interesting talks about the freedoms enjoyed by our country, and also about the sportsmanship and personality of our Rudy Tratar. President Elmer Eiffier of the Veronians also made a speech, ending it by making a pledge that was agreed on by all members, that they would do their best in making a success of our club for Rudy and all of our other Veronian members that are in the services of Uncle Sam. Individual members were called upon to say a few words, in honor of Rudy, and everyone had the same thing in mind, in not wanting to lose Rudy, our star soft-ball pitcher and go-getter who has done so much to put the Veronians where they are today. Then Rudy himself was called upon to say something. He thanked everyone for the swell time he has had as a Veronian, and said he would try to do his best as a soldier in Uncle Sam's Navy. So to you Rudy and all of our other SNPJ boys—we will buy bonds and stamps to keep you equipped with the best of arms. You fight for us at the front and we will fight for you at home by working day and night.

MICHAEL LIPESKY, 680.

We are fighting this war not only as guardians of what is best in our past and present, but as makers of what is to be a much better future.

V...—V...—V...—V...—

It would be just as cuijidal for us to try to win a twentieth century war with nineteenth century ideas as with nineteenth century tools and machines.

SYMBOL OF PATRIOTISM

MINUTEMAN FLIES HIGH.—This is the new Minuteman War Bond Flag, designed by the Treasury Department for firms and organizations which attain more than 90 percent participation in War Savings Bonds purchased by their employees or members through a systematic purchase plan. The Minuteman is emblematic in white on a blue background, surrounded by thirteen stars, representing the Nation's thirteen founding States. When companies, labor unions, price

Universal Comets

(Continued from page 4)

ciently clear to one who desires to attend and to cooperate with the committee; we hope that all of you do this. We must not, cannot, and will not sell any tickets at the Gardeons the day of the affair.

Paradise Gardens, scene of the Seventh Annual Pennsylvania SNPJ Day, is located 6 miles from the city of Millvale. After getting to Millvale, travel 3½ miles on Babcock Blvd., turn right on the New McKnight Rd., travel 2½ miles and turn left. It is 8 miles from the Slovene Hall on 57th and Butler Sts. in Pittsburgh. For those coming from the Northwest, traveling on Route 19, Babcock Blvd. is readily accessible, and there is no need to enter the city of Pittsburgh.

Paradise Gardens, or Daniel's Farm as it is commonly referred to, is an ideal spot; it's beautiful, large, well shaped, and furnished with an abundance of picnic tables and benches. It has everything that you desire at picnic grounds, and, yes, it is just beautiful. Come out on June 28 and see for yourself, but be sure you have your ticket before June 15.

News and Views

Five Comet members attended the Ramblers' Lodge 713 dance on May 10, and found a large crowd in attendance. As always at Ramblers' dances, there was a good time.

Our Victory Campaign is continuing to be successful, and lodges and federations should be setting up committees to "push" the effort to make it even more successful. Our E. S. Federation has such a committee, and plans were made recently at a meeting in Verona to get all of our federated lodges actively behind the effort for new members. It is estimated that the cost of the Federation effort for new members will be particularly large for prizes, but not too large for our part in the campaign. These federation prizes will be in addition to those of the Society. Two of our federated lodges, namely Lodge 6 of Sygan and 680 of Verona, have already reached the headlines and are doing a wonderful job; Ramblers have received a place in the sun; Comets are acquiring new members at each meeting and have received honorable mention; Pioneers and Lucky Stars show evidence of real activity in the campaign; but there are more of them that need to be stimulated, and it is the purpose of this committee to interest all the lodges to participate actively for a most successful Victory campaign.

Almost a hundred people attended the farewell party held in honor of our own Rudy Tratar who left on May 28 to become an Ensign in the Engineering Corps of the United States Navy. Guest speakers for the party were Atty. David Fawcett and Michael Kumer, 1st vice-president of our SNPJ, both of whom gave interesting talks about the freedoms enjoyed by our country, and also about the sportsmanship and personality of our Rudy Tratar. President Elmer Eiffier of the Veronians also made a speech, ending it by making a pledge that was agreed on by all members, that they would do their best in making a success of our club for Rudy and all of our other Veronian members that are in the services of Uncle Sam. Individual members were called upon to say a few words

Official Proceedings

SNPJ EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Meeting of April 1

Meeting was held at SNPJ headquarters at 1 p.m. Present were officers Cainkar, Vider, Rus, Kuhel, Gradišek, Vrhovnik, Molek and Godina. Minutes of the March 25 meeting were approved.

President calls attention to the unpleasant matter concerning the supreme medical examiner who failed to comply with sec. 10 of our by-laws and also with his own statement made at the twelfth convention that he would resign as supreme board member of AFU if elected as medical examiner of SNPJ. President is instructed to notify Bro. Arch that immediate compliance with the by-laws in this matter is required. Motion carried unanimously.

Secretary reports about the controversy at lodge 319; 1st vice president Kumer is delegated to investigate this matter. Secretary Schweiger of Lodge 584 asks in a letter if Vrhovnik could attend tournament meeting April 1, which is approved. Curtain ad for \$20 on Slovene home in Euclid is renewed for three years. The matter of the death claim of Emanuel Urbanac of lodge 212 of Lowell, Ariz., and a bill for \$321.22 as reimbursement of assessment is submitted. Decided that this bill cannot be paid without approval of beneficiaries.

The following operation claims of \$25 each were approved for Frances Mihelich (30), Evelyn Lamuth (304), Mary Batic (312), Pauline Cavitch (549) and Louis Erick (615); Victor Zordani (559), \$15.

Secretary called to the attention of the insurance code. Unanimously carried that the SNPJ accepts the provisions of this code and that a resolution be sent to the insurance commissioner stating our intent.

Treasurer reports that he received appraisal of property in Milwaukee, loan 18, for which there is a prospective purchaser and the price was fixed. Manager reports the local civil defense asks for our share of financial support; \$25 is contributed.

Juvenile director requests that pins should be ordered for campaign contestants. Secretary is authorized to order pins in collaboration with the director.

Meeting adjourned at 4 p.m.

Meeting of April 8

Meeting was called to order at 1 p.m. In presence were all executive officers. Minutes of the April 1 meeting were approved.

President reports that the translation of the supreme board minutes is ready for publication. Decided to print same in a special supplement. The soldier-members clause is considered next. President reports that some of our fraternals have decided to act separately in this matter, therefore, we must do likewise.

Secretary reports that the supreme medical examiner rejected the operation claim of Mary Koss of lodge 344, Sheboygan, Wis., obviously because of misinterpretation of sec. 85. Decided that compensation for operation be paid in amount provided by the by-laws. Disability claim of Cyril D. Ermene of lodge 738, Enumclaw, Wash., was also rejected by medical examiner, interpreting sec. 92 of former SSPZ of which Ermene was a member. Decided that the case is clear and the member entitled to compensation as provided by the by-laws.

American Civil Liberties Union asks for annual contribution, which is granted, likewise request for ad in the May Herald. Two subscriptions to Your Investments were renewed. That the usual number of pocket calendars for 1943 should be ordered.

Secretary reports that representative of the Russian war relief was in the office and briefly explained the problem of getting aid. His mission is purely humanitarian and suggested to publish appeal to members in the organ for financial help. Lengthy discussion followed, and it was unanimously decided that the Society shall collect contributions from members and lodges for the American Red Cross, Yugoslav relief and also for Russian relief, all contributions to be sent to President Cainkar. The appeal should be prepared and published in the organ.

Manager reports that in accordance with previous decision he hired Josephine Hrvatin of Pittsburgh as employee in the printery. Report accepted.

Meeting adjourned at 4:15 p.m.

Meeting of April 22

Meeting was called to order at 1 p.m. All officers were present and minutes of the April 8 meeting were approved.

President reports that he complied with the decision of the executive committee with reference to the enforcement of sec. 10 of the by-laws pertaining to supreme medical examiner. He read the letter and replies received from Bro. Arch. The general opinion prevailed that interpretation of the by-laws by the medical examiner is wrong. Decided that the president should advise him that he should comply with the said section and resign from AFU or our Society.

Considerable discussion ensued over lack of space in the head office. Decided unanimously that the property on 2658 S. Pulaski rd. acquired through the merger should be repaired and used as temporary storage room, whereby some badly

needed space for current business will be gained at the head office.

A bill for \$29.34 for assessment of late John Kopitnik, lodge 234, Kitzmiller, Md., from death claim, was approved to be paid to Michael Beden. Amount of \$25 is granted toward payment of funeral expenses of late Jure Hodak of lodge 250, former member of SSPZ, who was cancelled after his reserve was exhausted.

Lodge 476 of Salem, O., celebrates its 20th anniversary June 20 and asks for Sec'y Vider as speaker; request approved. A full-page ad in amount of \$20 is approved for bowling tournament booklet and \$600 as athletic contribution towards the national SNPJ pin tourney in Milwaukee, according to schedule previously decided upon by the executive committee.

ESL's 608 and 730, Butte, Mont., decided to merge and their request is approved. Curtain ad of \$20 for two years is approved for national home in Kansas City, Kans.

Invitation to attend Slav congress in Detroit April 25-26 is read and after a lengthy discussion, decided that the president represents our organization at the congress.

Secretary reports that our actuary obtained the compromise in reference to the sick benefit question which the insurance department insisted must be put on an adequate scale. For the time being they will permit us to retain the present system providing that we will prepare some sort of plan which would put the sick benefit fund on a sound basis with sufficient reserve and submit it to the next convention for approval.

Letter from Michael Kumer who visited lodge 319 in Cuddy, Pa., in regard to a dispute arising between members; the matter was settled satisfactorily. Report accepted.

Head editor reports he attended the anniversary banquet for Ethbin Kristan, and his report was published in the organ. Report accepted.

Juvenile director reports on the campaign buttons, the price of which is now higher. Decided to order 2000 buttons at 42c apiece. He also read a letter from Circle 2 in Cleveland asking for financial help; \$15 approved. He showed the Society's film in La Salle, Illinois, on April 13, and that the attendance to his surprise was very small. Report accepted.

Assistant Secretary reports that he attended the affair of the lodge 86 on Saturday evening, April 18, which was very well attended, and according to his opinion it was a success. Secretary Vider excused himself, for he was also delegated but due to his poor health, he was unable to attend. Report approved.

Meeting adjourned at 3:30 p.m.

Meeting of April 29

Meeting was called to order at 1 p.m. All officers responded to roll call. Minutes of the April 22 meeting were approved.

President reports on the Slav congress held in Detroit April 25-26 a detailed report was already published in the official organ. His personal impression is that the executive committee made a very wise move when they decided that our Society should participate and that the congress morally accomplished very much for the cause for which it was sponsored. Report accepted.

Letter from the Catholic Order of Foresters in which they outline their difficulty in Canada. Secretary is instructed to reply.

Secretary submits operation report of Anna Sosko of lodge 559, who had a serious operation but the supreme medical examiner did not recommend any compensation. In view of the seriousness of the operation and explanation of the secretary, \$7 special benefit is approved.

Letter from our actuary in reference to the new certificates to be issued by the Society, in which he recommends to go on the 3% basis. He pointed out that our interest rates are rapidly decreasing. Considerable discussion ensued; the resolution adopted by last convention provides that new certificate should be on 3½% basis; no decision was made.

Request for ad in the souvenir booklet to be issued on the Slav relief. Slovene section, program on May 24 was presented; \$25 was approved.

Secretary reports that many mistakes were discovered on the new made cards by the International Business Machines Corporation which caused considerable additional work in our office and delay in our regular work because a lot of the time was devoted to straightening out the errors before we were able to send out new reports; ask permission for overtime work. Secretary is authorized to arrange overtime whenever he deems it necessary.

The following operation claim were approved: Joseph Campion, lodge 17, \$25; Antonio Russo, lodge 36, \$25; Mary Vidmar, lodge 450, \$25; John Kosich, lodge 490, \$15; Anton Rudek, lodge 638, \$15. The following members were operate and not entitled to regular operation benefits, but upon recommendation by the supreme medical examiner, special benefits were approved for: Mary Persin, lodge 271, \$20; Anne Lenguarsky, lodge 718, \$25; Blaf Skerjane, lodge 208, Ely, Minn., asks for double disabili-

ty on basis of his SNPJ-SSPZ insurance. Approved.

Head editor reports that the daily paper of Pros veta will be issued on May 1 despite the legal holiday for our Society. Approved.

Secretary of the sick benefit submits application for compensatorial claim from the sick benefit fund for George Muc of lodge 249, Butte, Mont. Approved for payment.

Juvenile director reports on the national bowling tournament held in Milwaukee April 24-25-26, which was a very successful affair; also, on the meeting of the athletic board which approved a national golf tournament to be staged at the time of the national SNPJ day celebration and two sectional golf tournaments, one to be known as the eastern and the other the midwestern, with the winners of the team and individual events in the sectional tournaments receiving reimbursement of actual traveling expenses upon participation in the national golf tournament. Report and recommendation approved.

Other applications for assessment loan and special benefit were approved for payment. (Details in Slovene minutes.)

Meeting adjourned at 4:30 p.m.

VINCENT CAINKAR,
Supreme President
F. A. VIDER,
Supreme Secretary.

SNPJ FINANCE COMMITTEE

Meeting of Dec. 13, 1941

Meeting was called to order at 8:30 a.m. Minutes of the Nov. 8, 1941, meeting were approved.

Chairman Petrovich reports receipt of Sec'y Vider's letter regarding \$8000 Inland Gas Corp. bonds absorbed from former SSPZ on which there is interest due of \$3900. H. D. Knox & Co. of New York have advised they could use some of these bonds. Information showed that the company has been in receivership since 1930; foreclosure and bankruptcy action started and a reorganization plan was submitted. Because the bonds are not the type our Society wants to hold, he recommended that we sell same at 101.5. Report accepted.

He also received a letter from Sec'y Vider regarding the \$30,000 Washington Gas and Electric Co. bonds, also absorbed through the SSPZ. A reorganization and sale plan has been submitted. The plan calls for the payment of 30% cash to bondholders and 20% in new bonds while the assets were still kept by the company. Report accepted.

Vider reads letter from state insurance director regarding ineligible assets; extension of six months to June 30, 1942, for the disposition of these ineligible assets was given us; they are firm in urging the disposition of these securities. A list of such assets is to be sent to the insurance director and a supplemental report on April 1, 1942. It was suggested that a copy of this letter be sent to all members of the supreme board, after which the letter was filed as read. Carried that the recommendation of Kuhel be accepted, and that the securities in question be written off.

Sec'y Vider reads letter from R. Z. Crummer & Co. regarding the possibility and necessity of appraising all securities in the southern states. Letter was filed. Letter from the Six Point Realty Co. accepting the new arrangements on their real estate loan and forwarding a copy of the new amortization schedule. Letter was filed. Our subscription for the December issue of U.S. treasury bonds brought us \$75,000 worth of 2½% treasury bonds at par. Loan 99-SSPZ expired and an extension is necessary; balance of loan is only \$998. Unanimously agreed that the extension be granted and that payments on the loan be \$30 and interest quarterly.

The following bonds matured or were called and paid: New Smyrna, Florida, \$22,400 called Jan. 1. Sumner County, Florida, \$25,000 called Jan. 1. Terminal and Transporta-

LIBERTY LIMERICKS



A go-getting salesman named Bill,
Said—"We've got an order
to fill—

So sign up that pledge,
Buy Bonds—and don't
'hedge.'

We can—and we must—
and we will!"

Help America end the
war. Put 10% of your income
into War Bonds and
Stamps every payday.

tion stock, 250 shares at \$48 each, total \$12,000. Detroit, Michigan, public Sewer, \$10,000 called Nov. 15 and paid. Brevard County, Florida, \$20,000 called Jan. 1. Miami, Arizona, \$35,000 called Jan. 1. Four FHA mortgages in Cleveland, Ohio, repaid in the total amount of \$14,648.86.

Pres. Cainkar reads letter from H. J. die Ford regarding our Robstown, Texas, bonds. Decided to hold them at the present. Satisfactory arrangements were made with Kiceek and foreclosure proceedings will not have to be carried through on property in Gary, Indiana. Arrangements were made for the payment of \$50 monthly beginning with January 1942 on this loan.

He reported that we now have a considerable number of properties on our hands due to the merger of the SSPZ and that he is contacting people in an effort to dispose of these properties.

Bro. Olip made the following statement: "As this is the last meeting of this committee at which I am present as a member, I wish to thank you for the cooperation I received from you. My term as a member of this committee expires on Dec. 31, 1941, but as I will remain a member of the supreme board after that date, I assure you that I will in every way cooperate with you also in the future with the experience which I gained as a member of this committee for the last twelve years. Wishing you success with the problems of finances, so important to the organization, I am, fraternally yours, John Olip."

We have \$125,000 to invest. On motion, it was unanimously decided to invest \$50,000 in series "G" U.S. bonds with twelve year maturities.

Upon motion, it was unanimously decided to invest the remaining \$75,000 in U.S. government 2½% bonds 1972-67 maturity, yield 2.49.

The committee took under consideration the question of the changing conditions because of war and discussed all phases and affects on finances with a view of looking ahead and with becoming more informed on trends and changes in the financial world. The discussion was informative and beneficial.

Meeting adjourned at 1 p.m.

MATT PETROVICH,
Chairman
F. A. VIDER,
Secretary
DONALD J. LOTRICH,
Recording Secretary

Cleansing and Toilet Tissues

You'll get poorer quality in cleansing tissues this year. Consumers Union technicians are retesting brands that were tested last year and preliminary results indicate that lighter weight paper is being used.

Preliminary results indicate that the following brands will rank high:

Nacella (F. W. Woolworth Stores). Sioux (Sioux Co., Inc., N.Y.C.). Bonds (Ponds Extract Co., N.Y.C.). Princess (American Stores, Inc., Philadelphia).

Consumers Union is also testing toilet tissues. Unlike the cleansing tissues, toilet tissues show little change.

The preliminary results indicate that the following brands will be high on the quality list:

Pacific Crepe Tissue (A&P Stores). Scot (Scott Paper Co., Chester, Pennsylvania).

Princess (A. P. W. Paper Co., Albany, N.Y.). Aimco (Associated Merchandising Corp., N.Y.C.).

Rayon Hosiery

While trade reports on rayon supplies are beginning to sound like the old refrain—"now you see it, now you don't"—it appears at this writing that there will be enough rayon hose around for the immediate future.

Rayon hose has generally improved in appearance and quality during the past few years. But there is still plenty of room for improvement which OPA should prod producers to make.

Meanwhile, if you wear rayon stockings, don't wash them at night and then try to wear them the next morning. Rayon is easily damaged when wet. Runs should be darned promptly.

Consumers Union is at the present time testing a large number of samples of rayon hose in different price ranges.

An Axis victory would mean irreparable disaster to American Labor. Clearly, Labor has most to win from a defeat of the Axis powers. That's why Labor must do most to defeat the Axis bandits.

V... — V... — V... —

To the challenge of Nazi total savagery, there is only one fitting and effective answer: total victory.

POSTAL REGULATIONS

A SUGGESTION: Postal regulations prohibit publishing or mentioning in any way items covering raffles or games of chance, in newspapers. Papers containing this information are refused admittance to the mails. Our members will, therefore, kindly eliminate such subjects from their articles.

Memorandum Reveals Hungarian Atrocities in Occupied Yugoslavia

"Conditions were worst at Novi Sad in the Marija Park. Here 13,000 men, women and children, Serbs and Jews were seen by one eyewitness living in the open air in a field surrounded by barbed wire. They were so closely packed together that none of them could lie down to sleep, they could only sit side by side. Children no less than the men were dying from hunger and thirst having only grass to eat and their own urine to drink. They were not permitted to leave the enclosure even to satisfy their physical needs.

When Hungarian officers came to make inquiries the men had to stand at attention and to answer the questions in Hungarian. Anyone who failed to do this was lashed with a guard's whip. The eyewitness saw a man struck so severely with a whip that his skull was broken and he died instantly. He also saw a boy of 16 compelled to pull a rubbish cart which although it had only one wheel contained a sixty year old Jew who had to be dragged across the field and be pushed into a hole where soon afterwards he died. The eyewitness saw in this camp great numbers of orphan children so famished that they were biting their fingers and sucking the blood. The men in the camps no longer looked like men. They were exhausted, unshaven, full of fleas and terribly dirty.

The women and children were in a similar state. The pictures are so horrible that they cannot be described. These savagaries are immense. When the world learns of them after the war they will rank as the greatest atrocities known to the human race in a thousand years or more.

In Novi Sad itself an entire street, the Temerinska ulica, was destroyed. All the remaining inhabitants to the number of about 700 being shot at the end of the street. Serbs were ruthlessly murdered in all other parts of the town. Also the rivers Tisa and Danube