



13 KRIMINALITETA
CRIME

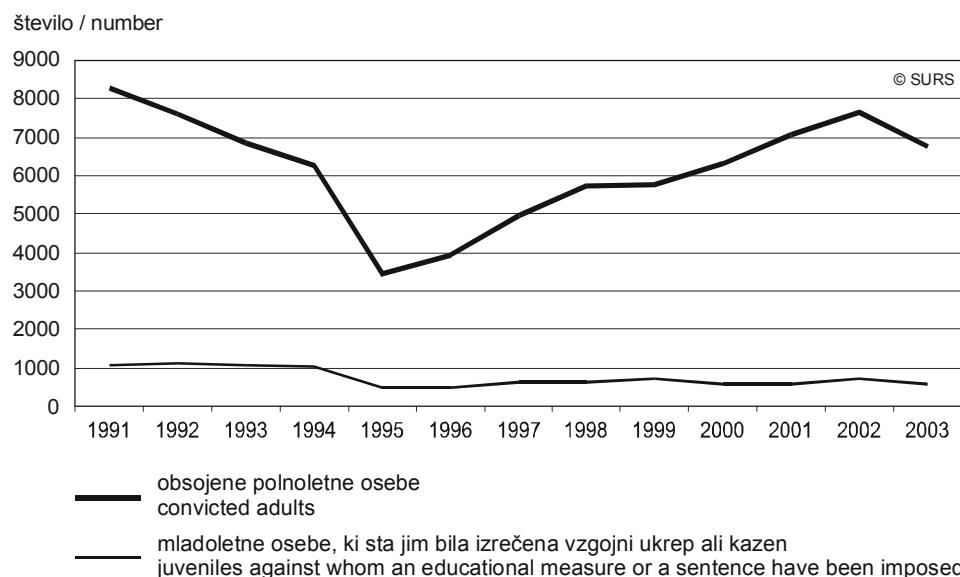
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POLNOLETNE IN MLADOLETNE OSEBE, ZOPER KATERE JE BIL KAZENSKI POSTOPEK PRED SENATOM PRAVNOMOČNO KONČAN, SLOVENIJA, 2003

ADULTS AND JUVENILES AGAINST WHOM CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS THROUGH A SENATE HAVE BEEN LEGALLY CONCLUDED, SLOVENIA, 2003

- ▶ V letu 2003 so pri okrožnih in okrajnih sodiščih končali kazenske postopke zoper 13 193 polnoletnih in zoper 1 083 mladoletnih oseb, kar je za 10,0 % oziroma za 17,10 % manj kot v letu 2002.
- ▶ V letu 2003 je bilo obsojenih 6 769 polnoletnih oseb, ali za 11,5 % manj kot v letu 2002. Izrečene so jim bile različne glavne kazenske sankcije, najpogosteje zaporna kazen (95,7 %); med temi je bilo 76,7 % pogojnih obsodb. Denarne kazni so bile izrečene 150 osebam; med temi je bilo 17,3 % pogojnih obsodb.
- ▶ Vzgojni ukrep ali kazen sta bila v letu 2003 izrečena 568 mladoletnim osebam; to je za 22,1 % manj kot v predhodnem letu. Zoper mladoletne osebe sta bila najpogosteje izrečena vzgojna ukrepa nadzorstvo organa socialnega varstva (48,5 %) in ukor (30,1 %). Mladoletniški zapor je bil izrečen štirim mladoletnim osebam in ravno tako denarna kazen.
- ▶ In 2003 regional and district courts concluded criminal proceedings against 13 193 adults and 1 083 juveniles, which is 10.0% and 17.10% less than in 2002.
- ▶ In 2003, 6 769 adults were convicted, which is 11.5% less than in 2002. They were imposed various main penal sanctions. The most frequent penal sanction was imprisonment – 95.7%, of those 76.7% suspended sentences. Fines were imposed to 150 persons, of those 17.3% suspended sentences.
- ▶ In 2003, 568 juveniles were imposed an educational measure or a sentence, which is 22.1% less than in the previous year. The most frequent sanctions for juveniles were supervision by social assistance authority (48.5%) and reprimand (30.1%). Four juveniles were put in prison for juveniles and also four juveniles were fined.

Slika 1: Obsojene polnoletne osebe in mladoletne osebe, ki sta jim bila izrečena vzgojni ukrep ali kazen, Slovenija, 1991-2003
Chart 1: Convicted adults and juveniles against whom an educational measure or a sentence have been imposed, Slovenia, 1991-2003



1. Polnoletne osebe, zoper katere je bil kazenski postopek pred senatom pravnomočno končan, po vrstah odločb, Slovenija, 2003

Adults against whom criminal proceedings through a senate have been legally concluded by type of order, Slovenia, 2003

	Skupaj Total		Vrste odločbe Type of order							
			obtožni akt zavrnjen, postopek ustavljen the indictment is rejected, the proceedings have been terminated		oprostitev, zavrnitev obtožbe the charge is dropped or rejected		varnostni ukrep brez izreka kazni security measure without penal sentence		spoznan za odgovornega recognised as being responsible	
	število number	delež share %	število number	delež share %	število number	delež share %	število number	delež share %	število number	delež share %
2003	13193	100,0	3965	30,1	2457	18,6	33	0,2	6736	51,1

2. Obsojene polnoletne osebe po vrstah kazenskih sankcij, Slovenija, 2003

Convicted adults by main penal sanctions, Slovenia, 2003

	Skupaj Total		Izrečene kazenske sankcije Passed penal sanctions											
			zaporna kazen imprisonment		denarna kazen Fine		varnostni ukrep brez izreka kazni security measure without penal sentence		vzgojni ukrep educational measure		sodni opomin judicial reprimand	kazen odpuščena no punishment imposed		
	število number	delež share %	število number	delež share %	število number	delež share %	število number	delež share %	število number	delež share %	število number	delež share %		
2003	6769	100,0	6477	95,7	150	2,2	33	0,5	2	0,1	80	1,1	27	0,4

3. Obsojene polnoletne osebe po spolu, prejšnjih obsodbah in priporu, po skupinah kaznivih dejanj, Slovenija, 2003

Convicted adults by sex, previous convictions, detention and type of criminal offences, Slovenia, 2003

Skupine kaznivih dejanj	Skupaj Total	Ženske Women		Prejšnje obsodbe Previous convictions		Pripor Detention		Type of criminal offences	
		število number	delež share %	število number	delež share %	število number	delež share %		
SKUPAJ	6769	750	11,1	2173	32,1	711	10,5	TOTAL	
Zoper življenje in telo	652	23	3,5	183	28,1	38	5,8	Against life and body	
Zoper človekove pravice in svoboščine	403	31	7,7	98	24,3	10	2,5	Against human and civil freedoms and rights	
Zoper čast in dobro ime	53	20	37,7	7	13,2	1	1,9	Against honour and good name	
Zoper spolno nedotakljivost	119	2	1,7	26	21,8	21	17,6	Against sexual inviolability	
Zoper človekovo zdravje	275	19	6,9	101	36,7	67	24,4	Against human health	
Zoper zakonsko zvezo, družino in mladino	100	21	21,0	21	21,0	-	-	Against matrimony, family and youth	
Zoper delovno razmerje in socialno varnost	21	-	-	2	9,5	-	-	Against the work contract and social security	
Zoper premoženje	2838	278	9,8	1275	44,9	303	10,7	Against property	
Zoper gospodarstvo	446	113	25,3	119	26,7	32	7,2	Against economy	
Zoper pravni promet	312	69	22,1	42	13,5	41	13,1	Against legal business	
Zoper uradno dolžnost in javna pooblastila	16	1	6,3	-	14,3	-	-	Against official obligation and public authority	
Zoper vojaško dolžnost	10	-	-	3	30,0	-	-	Against military duty	
Zoper pravosodje	82	20	24,4	21	25,6	1	1,2	Against the administration of justice	
Zoper javni red in mir	702	43	6,1	216	30,8	186	26,5	Against public order and peace	
Zoper splošno varnost ljudi in premoženja	66	4	6,1	10	15,2	5	7,6	Against the general safety of people and property	
Zoper varnost javnega prometa	655	106	16,2	46	7,0	5	0,8	Against the safety of public transport	
Zoper okolje, prostor in naravne dobrine	19	-	-	3	15,8	-	-	Against the environment, space and natural assets	
Zoper obrambno moč države	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Against the total defence potential	
Zoper človečnost in mednarodno pravo	-	-	-	-	-	1	100,0	Against humanity and international law	

4. Mladoletne osebe, zoper katere je bil kazenski postopek pred senatom pravnomočno končan, po vrstah odločb, Slovenija, 2003
Juveniles against whom criminal proceedings through a senate have been legally concluded by type of order, Slovenia, 2003

	Skupaj Total		Vrste odločb Type of order					
			postopek ustavljen proceedings have been terminated		samostojni varnostni ukrep independent security measure		izrečena vzgojni ukrep ali kazen an educational measure or sentence has been imposed	
	št. stevilo number	delež share %	št. stevilo number	delež share %	št. stevilo number	delež share %	št. stevilo number	delež share %
2003	1083	100,0	515	47,6	-	-	568	52,4

5. Mladoletne osebe, ki sta jim bila izrečena vzgojni ukrep ali kazen, po vrstah kazenskih sankcijah, Slovenija, 2003
Juveniles against whom an educational measure or a sentence have been imposed by penal sanctions, Slovenia, 2003

	Skupaj Total		Izrečene kazenske sankcije Passed penal sanctions											
			kazen sentence		ukor reprimand		navodila in prepovedi directives and prohibitions		nadzorstvo organa soc. varstva supervision by social assistance authority					
	št. stevilo number	delež share %	št. stevilo number	delež share %	št. stevilo number	delež share %	št. stevilo number	delež share %	št. stevilo number	delež share %	št. stevilo number	delež share %		
2003	568	100,0	8	1,4	171	30,1	76	13,4	275	48,4	38	6,7	-	-

6. Mladoletne osebe, ki sta jim bila izrečena vzgojni ukrep ali kazen, po spolu, prejšnjih obravnavah in soudeležbi, po skupinah kaznivih dejanj, Slovenija, 2003
Juveniles against whom an educational measure or a sentence have been imposed by sex, previous proceedings, participation and type of criminal offences, Slovenia, 2003

Skupine kaznivih dejanj	Skupaj total	Ženske Women		Prejšnje obravnavane Previous proceedings		Soudeležba Participation		Type of criminal offences			
		št. stevilo number	delež share %	št. stevilo number	delež share %	št. stevilo number	delež share %				
SKUPAJ	568	47	8,3	118	20,8	262	46,1	TOTAL			
Zoper življenje in telo	40	1	2,5	9	22,5	10	25,0	Against life and body			
Zoper človekove pravice in svoboščine	20	3	15,0	1	5,0	11	55,0	Against human and civil freedoms and rights			
Zoper spolno nedotakljivost	6	-	-	2	33,3	4	66,7	Against sexual inviolability			
Zoper človekovo zdravje	58	4	6,9	9	15,5	7	12,1	Against human health			
Zoper premoženje	400	29	7,3	89	22,3	222	55,5	Against property			
Zoper gospodarstvo	6	-	-	1	16,7	2	33,3	Against economy			
Zoper pravni promet	4	2	50,0	1	25,0	-	-	Against legal business			
Zoper vojaško dolžnost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Against military duty			
Zoper pravosodje	5	5	100,0	-	-	-	-	Against the administration of justice			
Zoper javni red in mir	14	2	14,3	5	35,7	5	35,7	Against public order and peace			
Zoper splošno varnost ljudi in premoženja	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	Against the general safety of people and property			
Zoper varnost javnega prometa	11	1	9,1	1	9,1	1	9,1	Against the safety of public transport			

7. Obsojene polnoletne osebe in mladoletne osebe, ki sta jim bila izrečena vzgojni ukrep ali kazen, po statističnih regijah stalnega prebivališča (SKTE 3), Slovenija, 2003

Convicted adults and juveniles against whom an educational measure or a sentence have been imposed, by statistical regions of permanent residence (SKTE 3), Slovenia, 2003

Statistične regije Statistical regions	Obsojene polnoletne osebe Convicted adults		Mladoletne osebe, ki sta jim bila izrečena vzgojni ukrep ali kazen Juveniles against whom an educational measure or a sentence have been imposed	
	število number	na 1000 prebivalcev per 1,000 inhabitants	število number	na 10 000 prebivalcev per 10,000 inhabitants
Pomurska	580	4,72	51	3,90
Podravska	1055	3,31	112	3,51
Koroška	418	5,56	49	6,64
Savinjska	818	3,19	17	0,67
Zasavska	115	2,52	16	3,50
Spodnjeposavska	258	3,69	17	2,43
Jugovzhodna Slovenija	556	4,01	63	4,54
Osrednjeslovenska	1350	2,73	160	3,24
Gorenjska	599	3,03	48	2,43
Notranjsko-kraška	116	2,28	3	0,59
Goriška	223	1,87	6	0,51
Obalno-kraška	353	3,37	18	1,72
Tujina in neznano / Abroad and unknown	328	...	8	...

METODOLOŠKA POJASNILA

Podatki o storilcih kaznivih dejanj so rezultat rednih letnih statističnih raziskovanj s področja statistike kriminalitete. V tej številki Statističnih informacij objavljamo le rezultate raziskovanj o obtoženih polnoletnih in mladoletnih osebah, zoper katere je bil kazenski postopek pred senatom pravnomočno končan.

Namen statističnih raziskovanja

kriminalitete je ugotavljanje obsega, teritorialne razpršenosti in drugih značilnosti tega družbeno negativnega pojava.

Enote opazovanja

so storilci kaznivih dejanj. Kadar je pri storitvi enega kaznivega dejanja udeleženih več oseb, je enota opazovanja vsak udeleženec posebej. Če stori ena oseba več kaznivih dejanj, spremljamo kot lastnost storilca samo glavno kaznivo dejanje.

Viri

Podatke zbiramo z individualnimi statističnimi vprašalniki, ki jih izpolnjujejo okrožna državna tožilstva ter okrožna in okrajna sodišča.

Zajetje

kriminalitete kot družbeno negativnega pojava je popolno, saj so v statističnih raziskovanjih upoštevani vsi storilci kaznivih dejanj ter tudi kazniva dejanja neznanih storilcev.

Način zbiranja podatkov

Statistični vprašalnik izpolni poročevalska enota, ki je po zakonskih predpisih pristojna za vodenje postopka, takoj ko je postopek pravnomočno končan. To pomeni, da se enota opazovanja ugotavlja s trenutkom pravnomočnosti, število teh enot pa ugotavljamo z obdelavo podatkov. Ta poteka letno za vsako koledarsko leto.

Definicije

Kriminaliteta je v zvezi s statističnimi raziskovanji skupen izraz za pojav od vložitve ovadbe za storjeno kaznivo dejanje do pravnomočnega dokončanja postopka pri pristojnem organu.

METHODOLOGICAL EXPLANATIONS

Data on perpetrators of criminal offences are the result of regular annual statistical surveys in the field of crime statistics. This issue of Rapid Reports brings only results of surveys of accused adults and juveniles against whom criminal proceedings through a senate have been legally concluded.

The purpose of the statistical survey

is to establish the extent, territorial dispersion and other characteristics of this negative social phenomenon.

Observation units

are perpetrators of criminal offences. When more than one perpetrator participated in committing one criminal offence, each participant is a separate observation unit. If one perpetrator committed several criminal offences, the attribute of the perpetrator is only the main criminal offence.

Sources

Data are collected by individual statistical questionnaires filled in by regional public prosecutor's offices and by regional and district courts.

Coverage

Crime as a negative social phenomenon is fully covered since statistical surveys encompass all perpetrators of criminal offences as well as criminal offences committed by unknown perpetrators.

Method of data collection

Statistical questionnaires are filled in by reporting units legally authorised for conducting the proceedings as soon as they are legally concluded. Data collection at the moment of legal conclusion means that this moment defines the observation unit. The number of these units is determined by data processing, which is performed once a year.

Definitions

Statistical research of **crime** ranges from the filing of the charge for a criminal offence to the conclusion of the legal proceedings at the competent body.



Kaznivo dejanje je protipravno dejanje, ki ga zakon zaradi njegove nevarnosti določa kot kaznivo dejanje in hkrati določa njegove znake (Kazenski zakonik, 7. člen). V tabelah 3 in 6 so prikazana po ožji klasifikaciji (skupina kaznivih dejanj), ki se nanaša na Kazenski zakonik (Ur. I. RS 63/94 in 23/99). V primerih, ko so bile osebe obravnavane za storjena kazniva dejanja, ki sta jih določala Kazenski zakon SRS (Ur. I. SRS 12/77) in Kazenski zakon SFRJ (Ur. I. SFRJ 44/76), so bili podatki po skupinah kaznivih dejanj preurejeni v skladu s Kazenskim zakonikom.

Polnoletni storilci kaznivih dejanj so osebe, ki so ob storitvi kaznivega dejanja že dopolnile 18 let. **Mladoletni storilci** pa so osebe, ki so ob storitvi kaznivega dejanja že dopolnile 14, ne pa še 18 let.

Pri polnoletnih storilcih kaznivih dejanj se kot **prejšnje obsodbe** upoštevajo vse prejšnje obsodbe po dopolnjeni polnoletnosti, od obsodb iz časa mladoletnosti pa le obsodbe na mladoletniški zapor ali na denarno kazen. Pri mladoletnih storilcih pa se kot **prejšnje obravnave** upoštevajo tiste, po katerih sta bila mladoletniku izrečena vzgojni ukrep ali kazen.

Objavljanje rezultatov

Letno:

- Statistične informacije. Kriminaliteta
- Statistični letopis Republike Slovenije
- Rezultati raziskovanj
- Slovenija v številkah

KOMENTAR

V letu 2003 je bilo največ obsodb izrečenih polnoletnim storilcem kaznivih dejanj, in sicer za storjena dejanja iz naslednjih skupin kaznivih dejanj:

- zoper premoženje (41,9 %), med katerimi so prevladovale tativne (30,3 %), velike tativne (26,1 %), goljufije (18,7 %) in prikrivanja (6,4 %);
- zoper javni red in mir (10,4 %), med katerimi sta prevladovala prepovedan prehod čez državno mejo (39,5 %) in nasilništvo (21,9 %);
- zoper varnost javnega prometa (9,7 %), med katerimi sta prevladovali povzročitev prometne nesreče iz malomarnosti (87,5 %) in zapustitev poškodovanca v prometni nesreči brez pomoči (6,6 %).

197 polnoletnim obsojenim osebam je bila vzporedno z glavno kazensko sankcijo izrečena še stranska kazen, in sicer 114 osebam izgon tujca iz države, 48 osebam prepoved vožnje motornega vozila in 35 osebam denarna kazen.

Varnostni ukrep je bil izrečen 268 polnoletnim obsojencem (brez samostojnega varnostnega ukrepa), najpogosteje odvzem predmetov (86,6 %).

Mladoletniki, ki sta jim bila v letu 2003 izrečena vzgojni ukrep ali kazen, so najpogosteje storili kazniva dejanja zoper premoženje (70,4 %); med temi so prevladovala kazniva dejanja tativne (33,0 %), velike tativne (29,7 %), poškodovanje tuje stvari (9,0 %) in izsiljevanje (6,7 %).

Mladoletniki, ki sta jim bila v letu 2003 izrečena vzgojni ukrep ali kazen, so kar v 46,1 % primerov storili kazniva dejanje v soudeležbi, in sicer najpogosteje skupaj z drugo ali drugimi mladoletnimi osebami (81,7 %). Najpogosteje sta bili sudeleženi dve osebi (55,0 %).

Sestavila / Prepared by: Anita Jacović

Izdaja, založba in tisk Statistični urad Republike Slovenije, Ljubljana, Vožarski pot 12 - **Uporaba in objava podatkov dovoljena le z navedbo vira** - Odgovarja generalna direktorica mag. Irena Križman - Urednica zbirke Statistične informacije Marina Urbas - Slovensko besedilo jezikovno uredila Joža Lakovič - Angleško besedilo jezikovno uredil Boris Panič - Tehnični urednik Anton Rojc - Naklada 150 izvodov - ISSN zbirke Statistične informacije 1408-192X - ISSN podzbirke Kriminaliteta 1580-2426 - Informacije daje Informacijsko središče, tel.: (01) 241 51 04 - E-mail: info.stat@gov.si - http://www.stat.si.

Criminal offence is an unlawful activity, which is because of its danger defined and described by the law as a crime (Penal Code, Article 7). Criminal offences in Tables 3 and 6 are shown by a narrower classification (group of criminal offences), which refers to the Penal Code (Official Journal of the RS, No. 63/94 and 23/99). In cases when persons were tried for committing criminal offences as defined by the Penal Code of the RS (OJ of the Socialist Republic of Slovenia, No. 12/77) and Penal Code of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (OJ of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, No. 44/76), the offences were treated in accordance with the Penal Code.

Adult perpetrators are persons who had completed 18 years of age before the criminal offence was committed. **Juvenile perpetrators** are persons who had completed 14 years of age before the criminal offence was committed but had not completed 18 years of age.

For adult perpetrators **previous convictions** are all previous convictions after they completed 18 years of age and for the time prior to their completing 18 years of age only convictions to a prison for juveniles or a fine. For juvenile perpetrators **previous convictions** are all convictions to an educational measure or a sentence.

Publishing

Yearly:

- Rapid Reports. Crime
- Statistical Yearbook of the Republic of Slovenia
- Results of Surveys
- Slovenia in Figures

COMMENT

Adult perpetrators were imposed in 2003 most sentences for criminal offences from the following groups of criminal offences:

- against property (41.9%), where thefts (30.3%), grand thefts (26.1%), frauds (18.7%) and fencing (6.4%) predominated,
- against public order and peace (10.4%), where illegal border crossing (39.5%) and violent behaviour predominated (21.9%),
- against the safety of public transport (9.7%), where causing a traffic accident due to recklessness (87.5%) and abandonment of person injured in a traffic accident (6.6%) predominated.

Parallel to the main penal sanction 197 adults were imposed secondary sanctions, of that 114 foreigners were deported from Slovenia, 48 persons were forbidden to drive a motor vehicle and 35 persons were fined.

Security measures were imposed to 268 adults, in most cases dispossession of objects (86.6%).

Juveniles against whom an educational measure or a sentence have been imposed in 2003 were in most cases guilty of criminal offences against property (70.4%), where thefts (33.0%), grand thefts (29.7%), damaging property (9.0%) and extortion (6.7%) predominated.

In 2003 juveniles against whom an educational measure or a sentence have been imposed were in 46.1% of cases participants, in most cases the offence was committed together with other juveniles (81.7%). In most cases there were two perpetrators (55.0%).

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