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# A classification of the Veldkamp lines of the near hexagon $L_3 imes \mathrm{GQ}(2,2)$

Richard M. Green \*

Department of Mathematics, University of Colorado Boulder, Campus Box 395, Boulder CO 80309-0395, U. S. A.

# Metod Saniga

Astronomical Institute, Slovak Academy of Sciences, SK-05960 Tatranská Lomnica, Slovak Republic

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#### Abstract

Using a standard technique sometimes (inaccurately) known as Burnside's Lemma, it is shown that the Veldkamp space of the near hexagon  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$  features 156 different types of lines. We also give an explicit description of each type of a line by listing the types of the three geometric hyperplanes it consists of and describing the properties of its core set, that is the subset of points of  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$  shared by the three geometric hyperplanes in question.

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# 1 Introduction

Brouwer *et al.* [1] proved that there are eleven isomorphism types of slim dense near hexagons. Of these eleven, the near hexagons of sizes 27, 45 and 81 are the most promising for physical applications. This paper is devoted to a study of the second of these three examples and its Veldkamp space. The first of the three examples was described in our paper [4], and we plan to study the third case in a future work. The 45 point space we study here is the product  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$ , where  $L_3$  is the line containing three points and GQ(2, 2) is the generalized quadrangle of order two.

<sup>\*</sup>Corresponding author.

E-mail addresses: rmg@euclid.colorado.edu (Richard M. Green), msaniga@astro.sk (Metod Saniga)

### 2 Near polygons, quads, geometric hyperplanes and Veldkamp spaces

In this section we gather all the basic notions and well-established theoretical results that will be needed in the sequel.

A near polygon (see, e. g., [3] and references therein) is a connected partial linear space  $S = (P, L, I), I \subset P \times L$ , with the property that given a point x and a line L, there always exists a unique point on L nearest to x. (Here distances are measured in the point graph, or collinearity graph of the geometry.) If the maximal distance between two points of S is equal to d, then the near polygon is called a near 2d-gon. A near 0-gon is a point and a near 2-gon is a line; the class of near quadrangles coincides with the class of generalized quadrangles.

A nonempty set X of points in a near polygon S = (P, L, I) is called a subspace if every line meeting X in at least two points is completely contained in X. A subspace X is called geodetically closed if every point on a shortest path between two points of X is contained in X. Given a subspace X, one can define a sub-geometry  $S_X$  of S by considering only those points and lines of S that are completely contained in X. If X is geodetically closed, then  $S_X$  clearly is a sub-near-polygon of S. If a geodetically closed sub-near-polygon  $S_X$  is a non-degenerate generalized quadrangle, then X (and often also  $S_X$ ) is called a *quad*.

A near polygon is said to have order (s,t) if every line is incident with precisely s + 1 points and if every point is on precisely t + 1 lines. If s = t, then the near polygon is said to have order s. A near polygon is called *dense* if every line is incident with at least three points and if every two points at distance two have at least two common neighbours. A near polygon is called *slim* if every line is incident with precisely three points. It is well known (see, e. g., [6]) that there are, up to isomorphism, three slim non-degenerate generalized quadrangles. The  $(3 \times 3)$ -grid is the unique generalized quadrangle of order (2, 1), GQ(2, 1). The unique generalized quadrangle of order 2, GQ(2, 2), is the generalized quadrangle of the points and lines of PG(3, 2) that are totally isotropic with respect to a given symplectic form. The points and lines lying on a given nonsingular elliptic quadric of PG(5, 2) define the unique generalized quadrangle of order (2, 4), GQ(2, 4). Any *slim dense* near polygon contains quads, which are necessarily isomorphic to either GQ(2, 1), GQ(2, 2) or GQ(2, 4).

Next, a *geometric hyperplane* of a partial linear space is a proper subspace meeting each line (necessarily in a unique point or the whole line). The set of points at non-maximal distance from a given point x of a dense near polygon S is a hyperplane of S, usually called the singular hyperplane (or perp-set) with deepest point x. Given a hyperplane H (or any subset of points C) of S, one defines the *order* of any of its points as the number of lines through the point that are fully contained in  $H(\mathcal{C})$ ; a point of  $H(\mathcal{C})$  is called *deep* if all the lines passing through it are fully contained in  $H(\mathcal{C})$ . If H is a hyperplane of a dense near polygon S and if Q is a quad of S, then precisely one of the following possibilities occurs: (1)  $Q \subseteq H$ ; (2)  $Q \cap H = x^{\perp} \cap Q$  for some point x of Q; (3)  $Q \cap H$  is a sub-quadrangle of Q; and (4)  $Q \cap H$  is an ovoid of Q. If case (1), case (2), case (3), or case (4) occurs, then Q is called, respectively, *deep*, *singular*, *sub-quadrangular*, or *ovoidal* with respect to H. If S is slim and  $H_1$  and  $H_2$  are its two distinct hyperplanes, then the complement of symmetric difference of  $H_1$  and  $H_2$ ,  $\overline{H_1 \Delta H_2}$ , is again a hyperplane; this means that the totality of hyperplanes of a slim near polygon form a vector space over the Galois field with two elements,  $\mathbb{F}_2$ . In what follows, we shall put  $\overline{H_1 \Delta H_2} \equiv H_1 \oplus H_2$  and call it the (Veldkamp) sum of the two hyperplanes.

Finally, we shall introduce the notion of the Veldkamp space,  $\mathcal{V}(\Gamma)$ , of a point-line incidence geometry  $\Gamma(P, L)$  [2]. Here,  $\mathcal{V}(\Gamma)$  is the space in which (i) a point is a geometric hyperplane of  $\Gamma$  and (ii) a line is the collection H'H'' of all geometric hyperplanes H of  $\Gamma$ such that  $H' \cap H'' = H' \cap H = H'' \cap H$  or H = H', H'', where H' and H'' are distinct points of  $\mathcal{V}(\Gamma)$ . Following [10, 8], we adopt also here the definition of Veldkamp space given by Buekenhout and Cohen [2] instead of that of Shult [11], as the latter is much too restrictive by requiring any three distinct hyperplanes H', H'' and H''' of  $\Gamma$  to satisfy the following two conditions: i) H' is not properly contained in H'' and ii)  $H' \cap H'' \subseteq H'''$ implies  $H' \subset H'''$  or  $H' \cap H'' = H' \cap H'''$ . The two definitions differ in the crucial fact that whereas the Veldkamp space in the sense of Shult is *always* a linear space, that of Buekenhout and Cohen needs not be so; in other words, Shult's Veldkamp lines are always of the form  $\{H \in \mathcal{V}(\Gamma) \mid H \supseteq H' \cap H''\}$  for certain geometric hyperplanes H' and H''.

## 3 The near hexagon $L_3 \times GQ(2,2)$

The near hexagon  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$  has recently [9] caught an attention of theoretical physicists due to the fact that its main constituent, the generalized quadrangle GQ(2, 2), reproduces the commutation relations of the 15 elements of the two-qubit Pauli group (see, e. g., [7]), with each of its ten embedded copies of GQ(2, 1) playing, remarkably, the role of the so-called *Mermin magic square* [5] — the smallest configuration of two-qubit observables furnishing a very important proof of contextuality of quantum mechanics. A well-known construction of GQ(2, 2) identifies the points with two-element subsets of  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ , with two points being collinear if and only if they are equal or disjoint. The natural action of  $S_6$  on this set of size 6 induces automorphisms of GQ(2, 2). In fact, when considered in this way,  $S_6$  turns out to be the full automorphism group.

It is known that every geometric hyperplane of a slim dense near polygon arises from its universal embedding. It can be shown from this that, equipped with the operation of Veldkamp sum, the Veldkamp space  $V_{GQ(2,2)}$  is isomorphic to PG(4, 2), the projective space obtained from a 5-dimensional space over  $\mathbb{F}_2$  (see also [10]). It follows that GQ(2, 2) has  $2^5 - 1 = 31$  geometric hyperplanes, which turn out to be of three types:

- (i) 15 perp-sets, with 7 points each;
- (ii) 10 grids (copies of GQ(2, 1)), with 9 points each;
- (iii) 6 ovoids, with 5 points each.

In other words, there are three orbits of geometric hyperplanes under the action of  $S_6$ . Identifying the points of GQ(2, 2) with two-element subsets of the set  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  as described earlier, we find that an example of an ovoid is the set

$$e_1 := \{\{1,2\},\{1,3\},\{1,4\},\{1,5\},\{1,6\}\}.$$

The other ovoids,  $e_2, e_3, \ldots, e_6$  are obtained from  $e_1$  by acting by the transposition (1, i) for  $i = 2, 3, \ldots, 6$  respectively.

The Veldkamp sum  $e_i + e_j$  (for  $1 \le i < j \le 6$ ) is the perp-set of the point  $\{i, j\}$ . If we have

$$\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} = \{i, j, k, l, m, n\}$$

in some order, then the sum  $e_i + e_j + e_k$  is the grid whose elements are the nine points

$$\{\{a, b\} : a \in \{i, j, k\} \text{ and } b \in \{l, m, n\}\}.$$

It follows that the six ovoids are a spanning set for  $V_{GQ(2,2)}$ . Since each point of GQ(2,2) lies in precisely two ovoids, it follows that we have the relation

$$e_1 + e_2 + e_3 + e_4 + e_5 + e_6 = 0,$$

where 0 denotes the subset of GQ(2, 2) consisting of all 15 points. Since we have an isomorphism  $V_{GQ(2,2)} \cong PG(4, 2)$ , it follows by a counting argument that this is the only nontrivial dependence relation between the  $e_i$ , and thus that the ovoids  $e_1, \ldots, e_5$  form a basis for  $V_{GQ(2,2)}$ .

The points of the near hexagon  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$  are simply the 45 ordered pairs (p, q) where p is a point of  $L_3$  and q is a point of GQ(2, 2). We call a collection of 15 points (p, q) sharing the same value of p a *layer* of the near hexagon. A layer is an example of a quad in the sense of §2. We imagine that the points of  $L_3$  are arranged vertically, and we will sometimes use terms like "the top quad" to refer to one of the layers of the near hexagon.

Two points  $(p_1, q_1)$  and  $(p_2, q_2)$  of  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$  are collinear if either

- (i)  $p_1 = p_2$  and  $q_1$  is collinear to  $q_2$ , or
- (ii)  $p_1$  is collinear to  $p_2$  and  $q_1 = q_2$ .

The lines of  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$  are of two types. The *type-one* lines are the 15 lines of the form  $\{(p,q) : p \in L_3\}$  for a fixed point  $q \in GQ(2, 2)$ . The *type-two* lines are the 45 lines of the form  $\{(p,q) : q \in L\}$  for a fixed  $p \in L_3$  and some line L of GQ(2, 2).

The near hexagon  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$  has a number of obvious automorphisms. One type of automorphism involves permuting the three GQ(2, 2)-quads, but making no other changes. The subgroup of all such automorphisms is isomorphic to  $S_3$ . Another type of automorphism involves acting diagonally on the three GQ(2, 2)-quads by  $S_6$ , the automorphism group of GQ(2, 2). This action commutes with the action of  $S_3$  just mentioned, and produces a group of automorphisms isomorphic to  $S_6 \times S_3$ . It turns out that this is the full automorphism group, as shown by Brouwer *et al.* [1].

From now on, let us denote the Veldkamp space of  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$  by V. Some features of V are close to obvious, which stems from Sec. 2. One of these is that the intersection of one of the three GQ(2, 2)-quads with a point of V (regarded as a subset of the 45 points) can take one of two forms. Either the GQ(2, 2)-quad is completely filled in (i. e., it is deep), or takes the form of one of the geometric hyperplanes of GQ(2, 2) (i. e., it is singular, sub-quadrangular or ovoidal). Furthermore, the Veldkamp sum of any two of the layers (regarded as subsets of GQ(2, 2) under some obvious identification) must be equal to the third layer. It follows from this that V contains  $2^{10} - 1 = 1023$  points.

The above discussion shows that, as an  $S_6 \times S_3$ -module over  $\mathbb{F}_2$ , V is isomorphic to  $M \otimes N$ , where M is the 5-dimensional module for  $S_6$  described earlier, and N is the  $S_3$ -module obtained by quotienting the 3-dimensional permutation module  $\{f_1, f_2, f_3\}$  for  $S_3$  by the submodule spanned by  $f_1 + f_2 + f_3$ . The set  $\{f_1, f_2\}$  then form a basis for N, and the set

$$\{e_i \otimes f_j : 1 \le i \le 5, \ 1 \le j \le 2\}$$

forms a basis for V. We will write this basis for short as  $\{e_1, \ldots, e_{10}\}$ , where for  $1 \le i \le 5$ ,  $e_i$  denotes  $e_i \otimes f_1$ , and for  $6 \le i \le 10$ ,  $e_i$  denotes  $e_{i-5} \otimes f_2$ .

#### 4 The classification of hyperplanes

The geometric hyperplanes of  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$  were classified in [9]. Up to automorphisms, there are eight types of them, denoted by  $H_1$  to  $H_8$  and described in detail in [9, Table 2]. We now explain how these eight types can be reconstructed using the results in the previous section.

The description of the hyperplanes of GQ(2, 2) above can be used to identify each hyperplane with one of the 31 nontrivial set partitions of a 6-element into two pieces. If *S* and *T* are disjoint nonempty sets for which

$$S \cup T = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\},\$$

then we identify the pair  $\{S, T\}$  with the hyperplane

$$\sum_{i \in S} e_i = \sum_{j \in T} e_j.$$

If  $|S| \ge |T|$ , we associate the partition (|S|, |T|) of the number 6 to the set partition  $\{S, T\}$ . Under these identifications, the partitions of 6 given by (5, 1), (4, 2) and (3, 3) correspond, via set partitions, to ovoids, perp sets and grids, respectively.

The Veldkamp sum operation on  $V_{GQ(2,2)}$  described in the previous section may now be defined purely in terms of sets: the Veldkamp sum of the two set partitions  $\{A|B\}$  and  $\{C|D\}$  is given by

$$\{(A \cap C) \cup (B \cap D) | (A \cap D) \cup (B \cap C)\}.$$

This identification extends to a set-theoretic description of the hyperplanes of  $L_3 \times$  GQ(2, 2). The hyperplanes of this larger space may be put into bijection with ordered quadruples of pairwise disjoint sets (A, B, C, D) such that (a) no three of the sets are empty and (b) the union of the four sets is  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ . Such a quadruple corresponds to the hyperplane given by the ordered triple of partitions

$$(\{A \cup B | C \cup D\}, \{A \cup C | B \cup D\}, \{A \cup D | B \cup C\}).$$

Here, the leftmost component of the ordered triple describes the hyperplane of GQ(2, 2) appearing in the uppermost GQ(2, 2)-quad of  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$ , and so on. For example, if the sets *C* and *D* are empty, the top GQ(2, 2)-quad will be deep and the other two will be identical to each other, being either singular, sub-quadrangular or ovoidal.

The correspondence between the ordered quadruples and the hyperplanes is four-toone, because the quadruples (A, B, C, D), (B, A, D, C), (C, D, A, B) and (D, C, B, A)all index the same hyperplane. It follows that acting by an element of the Klein four-group  $V_4$  on an ordered quadruple leaves the corresponding hyperplane invariant. The group  $S_6 \times S_4$  acts on the quadruples, where  $S_6$  acts diagonally on each of the set partitions A, B, C and D, and  $S_4$  acts by place permutation. This induces an action of  $S_6 \times S_4$  on the hyperplanes of  $L_3 \times \text{GQ}(2, 2)$ , and since the action of  $V_4 \leq S_4$  is trivial, this in turn induces an action of  $S_6 \times (S_4/V_4) \cong S_6 \times S_3$  on the hyperplanes, thus recovering the full automorphism group of  $L_3 \times \text{GQ}(2, 2)$  in which  $S_3$  acts by permuting the GQ(2, 2)-quads.

This approach yields another way to deduce that the number of hyperplanes of  $L_3 \times$  GQ(2, 2) is  $2^{10} - 1$ , as follows. There are  $4^6$  possible quadruples of pairwise disjoint sets (A, B, C, D) whose union is  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ , and four of these quadruples have three

Name	Partition	Orbit size	Stabilizer	Order
$H_1$	(3,3)	30	$(S_3 \wr \mathbb{Z}_2) \times S_2$	144
$H_2$	(4, 2)	45	$S_4 \times S_2 \times S_2$	96
$H_3$	(5, 1)	18	$S_5  imes S_2$	240
$H_4$	(2, 2, 1, 1)	270	$S_2 \times S_2 \times S_2 \times S_2$	16
$H_5$	(2, 2, 2)	90	$S_2 \times S_2 \times S_2 \times S_3$	48
$H_6$	(3, 1, 1, 1)	120	$S_3  imes S_3$	36
$H_7$	(3, 2, 1)	360	$S_3  imes S_2$	12
$H_8$	(4, 1, 1)	90	$S_4  imes S_2$	48

Table 1: A classification of geometric hyperplanes of  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$ .

empty components. Since the correspondence between quadruples and hyperplanes is fourto-one, the number of hyperplanes is  $(4^6 - 4)/4$ .

The correspondence described above induces a natural correspondence between  $S_6 \times S_4$ -orbits (or  $S_6 \times S_3$ -orbits) of hyperplanes on the one hand, and partitions of 6 into two, three or four parts on the other. There are eight such partitions; they are shown in Table 1, together with their orbit sizes, stabilizers isomorphism types, stabilizer orders, and their name in the  $H_1 - H_8$  notation of [9, Table 2].

## 5 Counting and classifying different types of Veldkamp lines

The orbits of lines in the Veldkamp space V may be enumerated using a standard technique sometimes (inaccurately) known as Burnside's Lemma, which proves the following.

Let G be a finite group acting on a finite set X with t orbits, and for each  $g \in G$ , let  $X^g$  denote the number of elements of X fixed by g. Then we have  $t = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} |X^g|$ .

Furthermore, if C is a set of conjugacy class representatives of G, then we have

$$t = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in \mathcal{C}} |\mathcal{C}| |X^g|.$$

Using this technique, we can recover known results about orbits of lines under the action of the automorphism group  $S_6$  of GQ(2, 2): there are 3 orbits of hyperplanes (Veld-kamp points) and 5 orbits of Veldkamp lines. We can also recover the result the Veldkamp space V has 8 orbits of hyperplanes under the automorphism group  $S_6 \times S_3$ .

The same idea can be adapted to count the orbits of Veldkamp lines of V. The counting argument is more complicated than for the case of Veldkamp points, because it is possible for a line to be fixed by a group element g without the three individual points being fixed. There are three possibilities to consider, which we denote by (1), (2) and (3) in Table 2.

- (1) Every point of the Veldkamp line is fixed by g. Such lines lie entirely within the fixed point space of g. Each number in the Fix(1) column is the number of lines in a projective space PG(d(g) 1, 2), for a suitable integer d(g) depending on the conjugacy class of g.
- (2) One point of the Veldkamp line is fixed by g, and the other two are exchanged. To enumerate such lines, we take one point x outside the fixed point space of g. The

other two points are the point g(x), and the point collinear with both of them (which is fixed by g). We then divide by 2 to correct for the overcount.

Writing d(g) as above, it follows in each case that the entry in the Fix(2) column of g is given by

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 2^{d(g^2)} - 2^{d(g)} \right).$$

(3) The element g rotates the three points of the Veldkamp line in a 3-cycle. Each entry in the Fix(3) column is a number of the form (4<sup>k</sup> - 1)/3, and the enumeration of these cases is the most complicated. An ordered Veldkamp line can be thought of as a sequence of 30 binary digits. Typically, some even number, 2k, of these bits can be chosen arbitrarily, provided that not all of them are zero, and then the rest of the structure is forced. It is then necessary to divide by 3 to correct for an overcount, by identifying an ordered Veldkamp line with each of its cyclic shifts.

We identify the group  $S_6 \times S_3$  in the obvious way with the subgroup of  $S_9$  fixing setwise each of the subsets  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  and  $\{7, 8, 9\}$ . Since there are 11 partitions of 6 and 3 partitions of 3, it follows that  $S_6 \times S_3$  has 33 conjugacy classes, and it is straightforward to find conjugacy class representatives. Table 2 shows the calculation for the Veldkamp lines of  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$ . The grand total of

$$673920 = |S_6 \times S_3| \times 156 = 720 \times 6 \times 156$$

proves that there are 156 orbits of Veldkamp lines of the near hexagon.

All 156 types are then listed in Table 3. Here, each type is characterized by its composition (columns 9 to 16) and the properties of the core C of the line, that is the set of points that are common to all the three geometric hyperplanes of a line of the given type. In particular, for each type (column 1) we list the number of points (column 2) and lines (column 3) of the core as well as the distribution of the orders of its points. The last three columns show the intersection of C with each of the three GQ(2, 2)-quads. Here, 'g-perp' stands for a perp-set in a certain GQ(2, 1) located in the particular GQ(2, 2), and 'unitr/tritr' abbreviates a unicentric/tricentric triad. If two or more types happen to possess the same string of parameters, the distinction between them is given by an explanatory remark/footnote.

Conjugacy class	Fix(1)	Fix(2)	Fix(3)	Size of class	Product
id	174251	0	0	1	174251
(12)	10795	384	0	15	167685
(12)(34)	651	480	0	45	50895
(12)(34)(56)	651	480	0	15	16965
(123)	651	0	5	40	26240
(123)(456)	1	0	85	40	3440
(1234)	35	24	0	90	5310
(1234)(56)	35	24	0	90	5310
(123)(45)	35	24	5	120	7680
(12345)	1	0	0	144	144
(123456)	1	0	5	120	720
(78)	155	496	0	3	1953
(12)(78)	155	496	0	45	29295
(12)(34)(78)	155	496	0	135	87885
(12)(34)(56)(78)	155	496	0	45	29295
(123)(78)	7	28	1	120	4320
(123)(456)(78)	0	1	5	120	720
(1234)(78)	7	28	0	270	9450
(1234)(56)(78)	7	28	0	270	9450
(123)(45)(78)	7	28	1	360	12960
(12345)(78)	0	1	0	432	432
(123456)(78)	0	1	5	360	2160
(789)	0	0	341	2	682
(12)(789)	0	0	85	30	2550
(12)(34)(789)	0	0	21	90	1890
(12)(34)(56)(789)	0	0	21	30	630
(123)(789)	1	0	85	80	6880
(123)(456)(789)	35	0	21	80	4480
(1234)(789)	0	0	5	180	900
(1234)(56)(789)	0	0	5	180	900
(123)(45)(789)	1	0	21	240	5280
(12345)(789)	0	0	1	288	288
(123456)(789)	1	6	5	240	2880
					673920

Table 2: Orbits of Veldkamp lines of  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$ .

			#	of Pc	oints c	of Ord	er				Comp	osition	l					
Тр	Pt	Ln	0	1	2	3	4	$H_1$	$H_2$	$H_3$	$H_4$	$H_5$	$H_6$	$H_7$	$H_8$	1st	2nd	3rd
1	27	27	0	0	0	27	0	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	grid	grid	grid
2	25	24	0	0	10	10	5	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	full	g-perp	g-perp
3	23	19	0	0	12	11	0	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	grid	g-perp	grid
4	21	20	0	0	6	12	3	-	3	-	-		-	-	-	full	line	line
5	21	18	0	6	0	12	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	full	unitr	unitr
6	21	18	0	6	0	12	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	full	tritr	tritr
7	21	16	0	2	12	6	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	perp	grid	g-perp
8	21	16	0	0	18	0	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	perp	perp	perp
9	19	15	0	0	12	7	0	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	grid	g-perp	g-perp
10	19	13	0	4	10	5	0	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	grid	g-perp	g-perp
11	19	12	0	6	9	4	0	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	perp	grid	unitr
12	17	16	0	2	0	14	1	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	full	point	point
13	17	12	0	2	12	2	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	perp	g-perp	g-perp
14	17	12	0	2	11	4	0	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	grid	line	g-perp
15	17	10	0	8	6	2	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	g-perp	g-perp	perp
16	17	10	1	4	10 7	2	0 2	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	grid	unitr	g-perp
17	17	10	0	8		0		-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	perp	line	perp
18	17	10	1	4	10	2 2	0	-	1	-	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	-	-	-	-	grid	tritr	g-perp
19	17	10	0	-	6		1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	perp	g-perp	g-perp
20 21	17 17	9 9	2 0	6 8	6 8	3 1	0 0	1	-	1	1	_	-	1	-	ovoid	unitr	grid
$\frac{21}{22}$	17	9	0	8 9	8 6	2	0	1	$\frac{-}{2}$	-	1	-	1	-	_	perp	g-perp	g-perp
22	17		0	9	12	3	0			_	3	_	-	-		perp	tritr	perp
23	15	11 9	0	6	12 6	3	0	-	_	_	3	_	_	2	_	g-perp unitr	g-perp grid	g-perp unitr
24	15	9	0	6	6	3	0	1	_	_	3	_	_	_	_	g-perp <sup>1</sup>	g-perp	g-perp
26	15	9	0	6	6	3	0	_		_	3		_		_	g-perp <sup>1</sup>	g-perp	g-perp
27	15	8	2	4	7	2	0	_	1	_	1	_	_	1	_	grid	tritr	unitr
28	15	8	2	3	9	1	0	_	1	_	1	_	_	1	_	line	grid	unitr
29	15	8	2	4	7	2	0	_	_	1	2	_	_	<u> </u>	_	grid	unitr	unitr
30	15	8	0	6	9	0	0	_	_	_	3	_	_	_	_	g-perp	g-perp	g-perp
31	15	7	1	8	5	1	0	1	_	_	_	_	1	1	_	perp	g-perp	unitr
32	15	7	4	2	8	1	0	1	_	_	_	_	_	2	_	unitr	grid	unitr
33	15	7	1	8	5	1	0	_	1	_	1	_	_	1	_	perp	unitr	g-perp
34	15	7	0	9	6	0	0	_	-	_	3	-	_	-	_	g-perp	g-perp	g-perp
35	15	6	2	10	1	2	0	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	perp	unitr	g-perp
36	15	6	3	6	6	0	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	ovoid	g-perp	g-perp
37	15	6	2	9	3	1	0	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	ovoid	unitr	perp
38	15	5	0	15	0	0	0	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	ovoid	ovoid	ovoid
39	13	8	0	4	8	0	1	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	perp	line	line
40	13	8	0	3	9	1	0	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	line	grid	point
41	13	8	0	4	7	2	0	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	line	g-perp	g-perp
42	13	7	2	2	8	1	0	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	grid	unitr	point
43	13	6	0	9	3	1	0	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	perp	tritr	tritr
44	13	6	0	9	3	1	0	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	perp	line	line
45	13	6	4	0	9	0	0	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	point	grid	tritr
46	13	6	0	10	2	1	0	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	perp	g-perp	point
47	13	6	0	9	3	1	0	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	perp	unitr	unitr
48	13	6	1	6	6	0	0	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	tritr	g-perp	g-perp
49	13	6	0	8	5	0	0	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	line	g-perp	g-perp
50	13	6	1	6	6	0	0	-	-	_	2	-	_	1	_	g-perp	g-perp	unitr

Table 3: The types of Veldkamp lines of  $L_3 \times GQ(2, 2)$ .

Table 3: (Continued.)

Image: Provide provide of the provide of the provide provide of the provide of the provide provalide provalide provide provide provide provide provide provide				th of Doints of Orden															
52         13         5         2         8         2         1         0         -         -         1         -         1         -         -         -         rerr         gerperp         gerperp         gerperp           55         13         5         2         7         4         0         0         -         -         -         2         -         1         -         -         trip         gerperp         <	Тр	Pt	Ln					_	$H_1$	$H_2$					$H_7$	$H_8$	1st	2nd	3rd
52         13         5         2         8         2         1         0         -         -         1         -         1         -         -         -         perp         gerp	51	13	5	2	8	2	1	0	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	perp	line	tritr
53         13         5         2         8         2         1         0         -         -         -         2         1         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         1         -         -         1         1         -         -         1         1         -         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         -         -         1         1         1         1         1         1	52	13	5	2	8	2	1	0	_	_	1	1	_	1	_	_	1 ° °	unitr	unitr
54         13         5         0         11         2         0         -         -         -         2         1         -         -         -         line         g-perp         g-perp         g-perp           55         13         5         2         7         4         0         -         -         2         -         1         -         -         trin<	53	13	5	2	8	2	1	0	_	_	_	2	1	_	_	_	1 · ·	g-perp	g-perp
55         13         5         2         7         4         0         0         -         -         2         -         1         -         -         tritr         g-perp         g-perp         g-perp           56         13         5         2         7         4         0         0         -         -         -         -         -         -         perp         g-perp         g-gerp         g-perp         g-gerp									_	_	_			_	_	_			
56         13         5         2         8         2         1         0         -         -         -         2         -         -         1         -         geptp         geptr										_	_								
57         13         5         2         7         4         0         0         -         -         2         -         -         1         -         -         unit         unitr         g-perp			-			1													
58         13         4         4         8         0         0         1         1         -         -         -         1         1         -         -         1         1         -         -         1         1         -         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         -         1         -         1																			
59         13         4         4         8         0         0         1         -         1         -         -         -         -         1         perp         winit         winit           60         13         4         4         8         0         0         1         -         1         -         1         1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         -         -         -         -         1         1         0         -         -         1         1         1         0         0         0         0         0	11	1				1							1						
60         13         4         4         8         0         0         1         -         1         -         -         -         1         -         -         -         1         -         1         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -							-						1				1 ° °		
61         13         4         4         8         0         0         1         -         1         -         -         2         -         -         -         perp         tritr         tritr         tritr         tritr         tritr         tritr         tritr         tritr         perp         unitr           63         13         4         4         7         1         1         0         -         1         -         -         -         -         2         -         perp         unitr         unitr           64         13         4         4         6         3         0         0         -         1         -         -         -         2         -         perp         unitr         unitr           66         13         4         4         8         0         0         -         -         -         -         1         -         -         perp         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr         perp         perp         point         unitr         perp         point         unitr         perp         point         perp         poi													-						· ·
62         13         4         4         7         1         1         0         -         1         -         -         -         2         -         -         trin         trin <tht< td=""><td>11</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1 ~ ~</td><td></td><td></td></tht<>	11	-					-					1	-				1 ~ ~		
63         13         4         4         7         1         1         0         -         1         -         -         -         2         -         line         g-perp         oroid           64         13         4         4         6         3         0         -         1         -         -         -         2         -         titt         g-perp         unitr         g-perp           66         13         4         4         8         0         0         1         -         -         -         -         -         -         perp         unitr         unitr         unitr           66         13         6         6         0         1         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         perp         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr         perp         unitr         g-perp         unitr         unitr         g-perp         unitr </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 ^ ^</td> <td></td> <td></td>												-					1 ^ ^		
64         13         4         4         7         1         1         0         -         1         -         -         -         -         2         -         perp         unitr         unitr           65         13         4         4         6         3         0         0         -         1         1         -         -         -         tritr         g-perp         unitr         unitr         unitr           66         13         3         6         6         0         1         -         -         -         -         1         -         -         -         -         1         -         -         -         1         -         -         -         1         -         -         -         1         -         -         -         -         1         1         0         -         -         1         -         1         1         0         -         -         1         1         -         1         1         -         1         1         -         -         -         1         -         -         -         -         1         1         1         1 <td>11</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	11										-	-	-						
65         13         4         4         6         3         0         0         -         1         -         -         -         1         1         1         -         -         -         1         1         1         -         -         -         1         1         1         -         1         1         0         -         -         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         1         1         1         1         1         1									-		-	-	-	-				<b>C</b> 1 1	
66         13         4         4         8         0         0         1         -         1         1         -         1         1         -         1         -         -         -         1         1         -         -         -         1         1         -         -         -         1         1         -         -         -         1         1         -         1         1         -         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1	11					1	-		-		-	-	-	-		-	1 ^ ^	unitr	unitr
67         13         3         6         6         0         1         0         1         -         -         -         1         1         perp         unitr         unitr           68         13         3         6         6         0         1         0         1         -         -         -         -         1         1         ovoid         g-perp         unitr         unitr           69         11         6         2         0         9         0         0         -         -         1         -         -         2         -         grid         point         point           70         11         4         2         7         1         1         0         -         -         -         1         -         1         -         line         unitr         g-perp         point           73         11         4         2         6         3         0         0         -         -         1         -         1         -         line         unitr         unitr         g-perp         g-perp           73         11         4         2         6	65	13	4	4	6	3	0	0	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	tritr	g-perp	ovoid
68         13         3         6         6         0         1         -         -         -         -         -         1         1         ovoid         g-perp         unitr           69         11         6         2         0         9         0         0         -         -         -         -         2         -         grid         point         point           70         11         5         0         7         4         0         0         -         -         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         0         -         -         1         1         -         1         0         -         -         1         1         -         1         0         -         -         1         1         -         1         1         -         1         1         2         6         3         0         0         -         -         1         -         1         1         -         1         1         -         1         1         -         1         1         -         1         1         -         1         1         <	66	13		4	8	0	0	1	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	perp	unitr	unitr
69         11         6         2         0         9         0         0         -         -         1         -         -         2         -         grid         point         point           70         11         5         0         7         4         0         -         -         -         1         -         -         2         -         grept         grid	67	13	3	6	6	0	1	0	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	perp	unitr	unitr
70       11       5       0       7       4       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       - $\mathbf{g}$ -perp $\mathbf{g}$ -perp $\mathbf{unitr}$ $\mathbf{point}$ 71       11       4       2       7       1       1       0       -       -       1       1       -       1       -       perp $\mathbf{unitr}$ $\mathbf{g}$ -perp $\mathbf{unitr}$ $\mathbf{unitr}$ $\mathbf{g}$ -perp $\mathbf{unitr}$ $\mathbf{unitr}$ $\mathbf{g}$ -perp $\mathbf{unitr}$ $\mathbf{unitr}$ $\mathbf{g}$ -perp $\mathbf{unitr}$	68	13	3	6	6	0	1	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	ovoid	g-perp	unitr
71       11       4       2       7       1       1       0       -       -       1       -       1       -       perp       unitr       point         72       11       4       2       7       1       1       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       1       1       1       4       1       8       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       1       1       -       1	69	11	6	2	0	9	0	0	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	grid	point	point
71       11       4       2       7       1       1       0       -       -       1       -       1       -       perp       unitr       point         72       11       4       2       7       1       1       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       1       1       1       4       1       8       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       1       1       -       1	70	11	5	0	7	4	0	0	-	-	_	1	-	-	2	-	g-perp	g-perp	point
73       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       1       -       line       unitr       g-perp         74       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       unitr       tritr       g-perp         75       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       line       unitr       g-perp         76       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>2</sup> unitr       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       wnitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       mitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr	71	11	4	2	7	1	1	0	_	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	perp	unitr	point
73       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       1       -       line       unitr       g-perp         74       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       unitr       tritr       g-perp         75       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       line       unitr       g-perp         76       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>2</sup> unitr       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       wnitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       mitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr	72	11	4	2	7	1	1	0	_	_	_	1	1	_	1	_	line	g-perp	unitr
74       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       1       -       1       1       -       unitr       tritr       g-perp         75       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       1       -       line       unitr       g-perp         76       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>2</sup> unitr       unitr       unitr         77       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       point       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr         78       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       1       1       -       perp       point       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr	73	11	4		6		0	0	_	_	_	1	1	_		_			
75       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       1       -       1       1       -       line       unitr       g-perp         76       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>2</sup> unitr       unitr       unitr         77       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>2</sup> unitr       unitr       unitr         78       11       4       1       8       2       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       point       g-perp       g-perp       g-perp       g-perp       unitr       point         81       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       wnitr       wnitr       wnitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr	11									_	_								
76       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>2</sup> unitr       unitr       unitr         77       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>2</sup> unitr       unitr       unitr         78       11       4       1       8       2       0       0       -       -       -       2       -       point       g-perp <sup>2</sup> unitr       unitr       unitr         80       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       1       -       -       perp       unitr       unitr       ovid         81       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       ovid       g-perp       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       g	75								_	_	_	1	_			_			
77       11       4       2       6       3       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>2</sup> unitr       unitr         78       11       4       1       8       2       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       point       g-perp       g-perp       g-perp         79       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       -       1       1       perp       point       unitr       point         80       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       1       -       -       perp       unitr       unitr       point         81       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       unitr       wnitr       g-perp       unitr         83       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       tritr       unitr	11									_			_						
78       11       4       1       8       2       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       point       g-perp       g-perp       g-perp         79       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       1       -       -       -       1       1       perp       point       unitr         80       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       1       -       -       perp       unitr       point       unitr         81       11       3       2       9       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       1       -       unitr       unitr       ovoid         82       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       unitr       g-perp       unitr         83       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       1       -       1       -       tritr       g-perp       unitr <td< td=""><td>11</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>g-nern<sup>2</sup></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	11									_			_				g-nern <sup>2</sup>		
79       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       1       -       -       -       1	II								_	_	_		_	_					
80       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       1       -       -       1       1       -       -       r						1						<u> </u>					1 <b>^</b>		
81       11       3       2       9       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       -       2       -       unitr       unitr       ovoid         82       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       2       -       -       -       1       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr         83       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       unitr       g-perp       unitr         83       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       unitr       g-perp       unitr         84       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       -       unitr       unitr <td>11</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 ~ ~</td> <td></td> <td></td>	11											_					1 ~ ~		
82       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       2       -       -       -       1       unitr       g-perp       unitr         83       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       1       unitr       g-perp       unitr       mitr       mitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       mitr       mitr       mitr       mitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr							-						-				1 ^ ^		· ·
83       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       1       ritr       unitr       g-perp         84       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       unitr       g-perp       unitr         85       11       3       3       7       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       g-perp       unitr         85       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       -       1       -       line       g-perp       unitr         86       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       unitr	11									_	1		-	_	2				
84       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       1       -       tritr       g-perp       unitr         85       11       3       3       7       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       1       1       -       tritr       g-perp       unitr         86       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       unitr3       g-perp       unitr         86       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       unitr3       g-perp       unitr         87       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp4       unitr       unitr <t< td=""><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>-</td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		1								-	_		1	-	1				
85       11       3       3       7       1       0       0       -       -       1       -       1       1       -       line       g-perp       unitr         86       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       line       g-perp       unitr         86       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       unitr <sup>3</sup> g-perp       unitr         87       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>4</sup> unitr       unitr       unitr         88       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>4</sup> unitr										-		-							
86       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       unitr <sup>3</sup> g-perp       unitr         87       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       unitr <sup>3</sup> g-perp       unitr         88       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>4</sup> unitr       unitr         89       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>4</sup> unitr       unitr         90       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       1       1       intr       wnitr       wnitr         91       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       unitr       g-per							-			-	-		-						
87       11       3       4       6       0       1       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       unitr <sup>3</sup> g-perp       unitr         88       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr         89       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp <sup>4</sup> unitr       unitr       unitr         90       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       1       ine       unitr       unitr       ovoid         91       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       1       intr       g-perp       unitr       ovoid       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp	11									-	-		-				1		
88       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp4       unitr       unitr       unitr         89       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp4       unitr       unitr       unitr         90       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp4       unitr       unitr       ovoid         91       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       1       Ine       unitr       g-perp       unitr       ovoid         92       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       unitr       g-perp       unitr <td< td=""><td>11</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-  </td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	11									-									
89       11       3       4       5       2       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp4       unitr       unitr       unitr         90       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       1       -       -       -       1       1       line       unitr       unitr       ovoid         91       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       1       line       unitr       ovoid         92       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       1       -       tritr       unitr       g-perp       unitr<		1							-	-	-		-	-				<b>U</b>	
90       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       1       -       -       -       -       -       1       1       1       0       0       -       1       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       1       1       1       0       0       -       1       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       1       1       1       0       0       -       -       -       2       -       -       -       1       1       1       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       1       -       1       -       1       1       -       1       1       -       1       1       -       1       1       -       1       1       -       1       1       -       1       1       -       1       1       -       1       1       1       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1 <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""></th1<></th1<></th1<>	11	1							-	-	-		-	-					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$																			
92       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       1       1       -       1       -       tritr       unitr       g-perp         93       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       unitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp         94       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       tritr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       g-perp       unitr									-	1	-		-	-	1			unitr	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	II .			6	4	1	-	0	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	unitr	g-perp	unitr
94       11       2       6       4       1       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       2       -       g-perp       unitr       unitr       unitr         95       11       1       8       3       0       0       -       -       2       -       -       1       ovoid       point       ovoid         96       11       1       8       3       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       1       ovoid       point       ovoid         96       11       1       8       3       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       -       2       -       unitr       unitr       ovoid         97       11       0       11       0       0       0       1       -       -       -       -       2       unitr       unitr       ovoid         98       11       0       11       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       1       tritr       ovoid       unitr         99       9       6       0       0       9	92	11				1			-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	tritr	unitr	g-perp
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	93	11		6	4	1	0	0	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	tritr	g-perp	unitr
95       11       1       8       3       0       0       -       -       2       -       -       -       1       ovoid       point       ovoid         96       11       1       8       3       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       1       ovoid       point       ovoid         97       11       0       11       0       0       0       1       -       -       -       2       -       unitr       unitr       ovoid         98       11       0       11       0       0       0       -       1       -       -       -       2       unitr       unitr       ovoid         98       11       0       11       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       1       tritr       ovoid       unitr         99       9       6       0       9       0       -       -       -       3       -       -       -       Inter       line       line	94	11	2	6	4	1	0	0	-	-		1	-	-	2	-	g-perp	unitr	unitr
97       11       0       11       0       0       0       1       -       -       -       -       -       2       unitr       unitr       ovoid         98       11       0       11       0       0       0       -       1       -       -       -       1       1       tritr       ovoid       unitr         99       9       6       0       9       0       0       -       -       -       3       -       -       Ine       line       line	95	11	1	8	3	0	0	0	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	1		point	ovoid
98         11         0         11         0         0         0         -         1         -         -         -         1         1         tritr         ovoid         unitr           99         9         6         0         0         9         -         -         -         -         1         1         tritr         ovoid         unitr	96	11	1	8	3	0	0	0	_	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	unitr	unitr	ovoid
98         11         0         11         0         0         0         -         1         -         -         -         1         1         tritr         ovoid         unitr           99         9         6         0         0         9         0         -         -         -         3         -         -         -         Ine         line         line	97	11	0	11	0	0	0	0	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	unitr	unitr	ovoid
99 9 6 0 0 9 0 0 3 Iine line line	98		0				0	0		1	-	-	-	-	1	1		ovoid	
	99								-	-	-	-	3	-					
	100	9				0	0		_	1	_	-		_	_	2	perp	point	point

Table 3: (Continued.)

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				#	of P	oints	s of (	Order				Comp	ositior	1					
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Тр	Pt	Ln						$H_1$	$H_2$		<u> </u>			$H_7$	$H_8$	1st	2nd	3rd
103         9         3         0         9         0         0         - <td>101</td> <td>9</td> <td>3</td> <td>2</td> <td>6</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1</td> <td>-</td> <td>1</td> <td>perp</td> <td>point</td> <td>point</td>	101	9	3	2	6	0	1	0	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	perp	point	point
104         9         3         2         5         2         0         0         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1         0         -         -         -         1         -         2         -         -         -         1         -         2         -         -         -         1         -         2         - <td>102</td> <td>9</td> <td>3</td> <td>2</td> <td>6</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>point</td> <td>g-perp</td> <td>unitr</td>	102	9	3	2	6	0	1	0	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	point	g-perp	unitr
105         9         3         0         9         0         0         -         -         -         -         -         1         2         -         -         line         lint         line         line <thl< td=""><td>103</td><td>9</td><td>3</td><td>0</td><td>9</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>3</td><td>-</td><td>-  </td><td>-  </td><td>line</td><td>line</td><td>line</td></thl<>	103	9	3	0	9	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	line	line	line
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	104	9	3	2	5	2	0	0	-	_	_	-	2	1	-	-	line	tritr	line
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	105	9	3	0	9	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	line	line	line
	106	9	3	2	5	2	0	0	-	_	_	-	1	_	2	-	tritr	g-perp	point
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	107	9	3	1	7	1	0	0	-	_	_	-	1	_	2	-	point		line
110         9         3         0         9         0         0         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         1         geper         point         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr         unitr           113         9         2         4         4         1         0         0         -         -         -         1         -         2         -         line         unitr'         <	108	9	3	0	9	0	0	0	-	_	_	-	_	3	-	-	tritr		tritr
110         9         3         0         9         0         0         0         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1         1	109	9	3	1	7	1	0	0	-	_	_	-	_	1	2	-	point	g-perp	line
112         9         2         4         4         1         0         0         -         -         -         1         -         2         1         geptp         point         unitr           113         9         2         4         4         1         0         0         -         -         -         1         -         2         -         line         unitr         unitr           115         9         2         4         4         1         0         0         -         -         -         -         1         2         -         tritr         tritr         unitr           116         9         2         3         6         0         0         -         -         -         -         1         2         -         tritr         unitr         unitr           120         9         2         4         4         1         0         0         -         -         -         1         1         -         -         tritr         unitr         un	110	9	3	0	9	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	-	_	3	-	*		unitr
113       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       -       2       -       line       unitr <sup>5</sup> unitr <sup>5</sup> unitr         114       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       2       -       line       unitr <sup>5</sup> unitr         116       9       2       3       6       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       2       -       tritr<	111	9	2	4	4	1	0	0	_	_	_	1	_	1	-	1	line	unitr	unitr
113       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       -       2       -       line       unitr <sup>5</sup> unitr <sup>5</sup> unitr         114       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       2       -       line       unitr <sup>5</sup> unitr         116       9       2       3       6       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       1       -       uritr       geperp       point <sup>6</sup> geperp       unitr		9		4	4	1	0	0	-	_	_		_	_	1				unitr
114       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       2       -       line       unitr <sup>5</sup> unitr         115       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       -       tritr       tritr       unitr       unitr         116       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       -       tritr       g=perp       point         118       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       tritr       g=perp       point <sup>6</sup> g=perp       unitr         120       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       unitr       unitr       line       unitr       unitr       line       unitr       unitr       line       uni		9	2	4	4	1	0	0	-	_	_	-	1	_	2	-		unitr <sup>5</sup>	unitr
115       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       1       2       -       -       tritr       tritr       line       tritr       g-perp       point         119       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       it       1       -	114	9	2	4	4	1	0	0	_	_	_	_	1	_	2	_	line		unitr
116       9       2       3       6       0       0       -       1       1       -       -       -       1       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       1       1		9		4		1	0	0	_	_	_	_	1	2	_	_			
117         9         2         4         4         1         0         0         -         -         -         -         1         2         -         tritr         g-perp         point           118         9         2         4         4         1         0         0         -         -         -         -         1         2         -         tritr         unitr         unitr         unitr           120         9         2         4         4         1         0         0         -         -         -         -         3         -         point <sup>6</sup> g-perp         unitr         line         unitr           121         9         1         6         3         0         0         -         -         -         1         unitr         unitr         line         unitr           123         9         1         6         3         0         0         -         -         -         1         2         -         line         unitr         unitr <t< td=""><td></td><td>9</td><td></td><td></td><td>6</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		9			6				_	_	_		_		_				
118       9       2       3       6       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       1       2       -       tritr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr         119       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       3       -       point <sup>6</sup> g-perp       unitr         120       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       1       -       -       1       initr       tritr       tritr       line       unitr       unitr       initr       unitr       initr       tritr       1       -       -       1       -       -       1       -       -       1       initr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       initr       unitr       1       1       -       -       1       1       -       -       1       1       -       -       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       <		9				1			_	_	_	_	_		2	_	tritr		
119         9         2         4         4         1         0         0         -         1         -         -         -         1         1         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1         1         -         -         -									_	_	_		_						•
120       9       2       4       4       1       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       3       -       point <sup>6</sup> g-perp       unitr         121       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       unitr       line       unitr         122       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       -       titr       titr       titr         123       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       1       2       -       line       unitr       unitr       unitr         124       9       1       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       2       -       titr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       unitr       u		9							_	_	_	_	_	_					
121       9       1       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       -       1       unitr       line       unitr       uni		9			4				_	_	_	_	_	_		_			
122       9       1       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       -       tritr       unitr       unitr<										_	_		1	_			*		
123       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       2       -       -       line       tritr       tritr       tritr         124       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       1       -       2       -       line       unitr       unitr       unitr         125       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       tritr       tritr       tritr       unitr       unitr       unitr         127       9       1       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       -       tritr       unitr       unit		9							_	_	_			_	_				
124       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       -       2       -       line       unitr       unitr         125       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       tritr       tritr       tritr       unitr       unitr <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>2</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									_	_	_		-	2	_				
125       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       -       tritr       tritr       tritr       tritr       tritr       unitr									_	_	_	_			2	_			
126       9       1       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       2       -       line       unitr       unitr       unitr         127       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       2       -       tritr       unitr       unitr       unitr         128       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       tritr       unitr       unitr       unitr         129       9       0       9       0       0       0       -       -       1       -       -       -       2       tritr       point       ovoid         131       9       0       9       0       0       0       -       -       -       1       1       -       1       tritr       unitr       1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									_	_	_	_		3					
127       9       1       6       3       0       0       -       -       -       -       1       2       -       tritr       unitr       unitr       unitr         128       9       1       6       3       0       0       0       -       -       -       -       -       3       -       unitr       unitr </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									_	_	_	_	_		2				
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Table 3: (Continued.)

			#	of P	oint	s of (	Order				Comp	osition	l					
Тр	Pt	Ln	0	1	2	3	4	$H_1$	$H_2$	$H_3$	$H_4$	$H_5$	$H_6$	$H_7$	$H_8$	1st	2nd	3rd
151	7	0	7	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	point10	unitr <sup>11</sup>	unitr
152	5	1	2	3	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	line	point	point
153	5	0	5	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	tritr	point	point
154	5	0	5	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	unitr	point	point
155	3	1	0	3	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	point	point	point
156	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	3	point	point	point

#### Explanatory remarks:

<sup>1</sup>Two (25) or no two (26) of the g-perps are such that their centers are joined by a type-one line.

 $^{2}$ The center of the g-perp does (77) or does not (76) lie on the type-one line passing through the center of one of the two unicentric triads.

 $^{3}$ The centers of the two unicentric triads are (86) or are not (87) joined by a type-one line.

<sup>4</sup>One line (88) or no line (89) of the g-perp is incident with the type-one line passing through the center of one of the two unicentric triads.

 ${}^{5}$ The five type-one lines through the points of the two triads do (114) or do not (113) cut a doily-quad in an ovoid.

<sup>6</sup>One line (120) or no line (119) of type-two through the point is incident with the type-one line through the center of the g-perp.

<sup>7</sup>One (133) or none (134) of the unicentric triads is such that the type-one lines through two of its points pass through the centers of the other two triads.

<sup>8</sup>The centers of the two unicentric triads are (143) or are not (144) joined by a type-one line.

<sup>9</sup>The point does (147) or does not (148) lie on the type-one line passing through a center of the tricentric triad.

<sup>10</sup>The point does (149) or does not (150 and 151) lie on the type-one line passing through the center of one of the two unicentric triads.

<sup>11</sup>The centers of the two unicentric triads do (150) or do not (151) belong to the same grid-quad.

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