



## SPLOŠNI TEDE PREGLAD VOJNE NALOGE U KONGRESA

### BITKA ZA PRIMORSKO

Na konferenci zunanjih ministrov peterih velesil v Londonu se te dni borita Jugoslavija in Italija za bodočo posest Trsta, Primorske in Istre. Na konferenci sta bili povabljeni obe delegaciji, namreč jugoslovanska in italijanska. Jugoslovanski delegaciji načeljuje prvi podpredsednik vlade Edvard Kardelj. Zunanji ministri petih velesil, Zedinjenih držav, Rusije, Anglije, Francije in Kitajske, bodo, kot vse kaže, te dni odločili usodo Trsta, Istre in Primorske.

### LOV VOJNIH ZLOČINCEV

General MacArthur je odredil aretacijo 40 japonskih militaristov, političnih voditeljev in kvizlingov. General Hideki Tojo, ki je bil japonski premier ob času napada na Pearl Harbor, in kot tak prvi na listi zločincev, se je pred aretacijo skušal ustreliti, pa se ni dobro zadel. Zdaj ga bodo skušali ozdraviti v ameriški vojaški bolnišnici, da ga prihranijo za sodbo, če bo mogoče. Nekateri nadaljnjni so se sami "uspešno" usmrtili in nekateri so se podali aretaciji brez odpora.

### KOREJCI RAZOČARANI

Domačini v južnem delu Koreje, katerega so okupirali Američani pod poveljstvom generala Hodgea, so zelo razočarani, ker je Hodge začasno odbržal Japonce na uradnih mestih. Protesti Korejcev proti takemu postopanju so bili tako glasni, da so dobili odmev tudi v Ameriki, in vrhovni poveljnik MacArthur je ukazal generalu Hodgeu, da naj odstrani japonske uradnike kar najhitreje mogoče. Severni del Koreje so okupirali Rusi, ki so takoj odstranili osovražene japonske uradnike.

### LJUĐOŽRCI

Po uradnem poročilu avstralske vlade so Japonci grozovito mučili ujetje avstralske in ameriške vojske, pa tudi misijonarje, nune in ženske domačince. V nekaterih primerih so ujetim vojakom zvezali roke, nakar so prakticirali na njih bajonetne napade. Od nesrečnikov, ko so bili še živi, so japonski vojaki rezali meso in ga žrli. Avstralski so našli tudi v kotlih ostanke človeškega mesa, kar kaže, da so Japonci žrli tudi kuhano človeško meso. S takim divjaškim sovražniškom smo imeli za opraviti na Pacifiku.

### NOVI AVTOMOBILI

V Cleveland je pretekli teden dospela prva pošiljka novih avtomobilov iz Detroita. Avtomobili so Fordovega izdelka in modela 1946. Pri raztovorjenju novih avtomobilov s truka se je zbrala velika množica gledalcev. Pred vojno kaj takega ni vzbujalo nikake pozornosti občinstva; po skoraj šestdesetih letih odsotnosti pa so novi avtomobili res nekaka novost.

### SAJ SMO BOGATI

V Washingtonu se te dni mudijo nekateri finančni eksperti britiške vlade, ki se pogajajo z našo vlado za vsoto od treh do šest tisoč milijonov dolarjev. Ne, nečejo posojila, niti na nizke obresti, niti brez obresti, ampak kar tako naj Amerika da Angliji šest tisoč milijonov do (Dalje na 5. str.)

mesecnih poletnih počitnic se je dne 5. septembra zvezni kongres spet sestel k zasedanju. Ko je v začetku avgusta kongres odšel na začasni odmor, je računala na dva meseca počitnice. Te račune pa so kongresu zmešali Japonci, ki so pristali v podajo prej kot se je splošno pričakovalo. S kapitulacijo Japonske je bila svetovna vojna za vse praktične svrhe končana in naša dežela se je hipotoma znašla pred stoterimi vojnimi problemi, ki zahtevajo nujne rešitve. Vedeli smo, da pridejo ti problemi, toda pričakovali jih nismo tako hitro. Tako je bila dežela nepripravljena.

Prva posledica konca vojne je bila, da so bila takoj odpovedana vojna naročila za več tisoč milijonov dolarjev. To je bilo seveda potrebno, da se ustavijo silni izdatki za orožje, municijo, ladje, letala in druge vojne potrebnosti, katerih več ne potrebujemo. Ampak neizogibna posledica teh ukinitvev je bila, da je bilo takoj milijone delavcev odpuščenih. Nastalo je izredno važno vprašanje, kako hitro bo mogoče spet zaposliti odpuščene delavce, pa tudi odpuščene vojake, ki se v vedno večjem številu vračajo v civilno življenje. Bolj ali manj v zvezi s tem je še mnogo drugih vprašanj, ki do znatne mere pripadajo v rešitev kongresu.

Predsednik Truman je takoj 6. septembra poslal kongresu obširno poslaico, ki je nekaj program administracije za reševanje povojnih problemov. Koliko teh predsednikovih priporočil bo kongres odobril, koliko predlogov in koliko zakonov, poslanem iz Moskve United Pressu. Poročilo je v naslednjem podano v prostem prevodu.

"V teku mojega dvotedenskega opazovanja sovjetsko-ameriških odnosov v Berlinu, Moskvi in Leningradu sem našla naraščajočo dobro voljo in razumevanje, kar so ugodni znaki za bodočnost obeh dežel.

"Poseben vtis je napravilo namreč gladko sodelovanje Američanov in Rusov v zavezniškem kontrolnem koncilu v Berlinu, kjer se, v naših ljudeh stalno razvija upoštevanje in dobra volja za Ruse.

"Američani v vodilnih pozicijah v Berlinu so mi povedali o hitrem odstranjenju začetnih nesporazumov, kar je bilo izvedeno tako z ozirom na temeljne kot na rutinske probleme.

"Major Kennan C. Bolton, na primer, je našel Ruse kot sijajne sodelavce. Na ruski strani sem imela priliko govoriti z uradniki in navadnimi državljani, z inženirji, delavci, učitelji in kolektivnimi farmerji. Našla sem nenavadno simpatično razpoloženje za Američane, in veliko željo, da nas bolje spoznajo.

"Rusi so velikosrčni in odkriti ljudje, ki imajo mnogo skupnega z Američani. Oni so navdušeni in brihtni ter se želijo kar največ naučiti od Američane.

"Razpravljala sem o izobraževalnih problemih z učitelji in dijaki in sem našla zdravo željo za stabiliziranje družinskih institucij in za vzpostavitev nekdanjih vrednot, kot se izražajo v odpravi skupnega pouka v elementarnih šolah in odpravi lahkih zakonskih ločitev. Zdi se, da se daje pobudo za romanco ter za stalne, dobro povezane družinske odnose."

Pomoč privatnim podjetjem za zgradbo 10 do 15 milijonov novih hiš v prihodnjih desetih letih. Ustanovitev federalne agencije za znanstvena raziskavanja ter pospeševanje privatnih znanstvenih raziskovanj. (Dalje na 2. strani)

## Glede mirovne pogodbe z Italijo

Koncil zunanjih ministrov peterih velesil, Zedinjenih držav, Rusije, Anglije, Francije in Kitajske, ki je pričel zborovati pretekli teden v Londonu, bo skušal najprej sestaviti mirovno pogodbo za Italijo. V pošto bodo prišle bodoče meje Italije in pa bodoča pripadnost njenih bivših kolonij. Ker se bodo bodoče meje tikale tudi Slovenije in Jugoslavije, nas še posebno zanima, kake prilike so za pravične rešitve teh zadev. Zato so navedeni v naslednjem nekateri izčrpi iz poročila londonskega korespondenta H. I. Matthews New York Timesu.

"Odnosaji velesil napram Italiji so različni. Ameriški nameni za milostno mirovno pogodbo za Italijo so jasni in odločni. Amerika je danes najboljša prijateljica, ki jo ima Italija na svetu. Toda to je zborovanje peterih velesil in ni v moči Amerike, da bi sama rešila to vprašanje.

"Ako se računa, da so Zedinjene države 100-procentno prijateljice Italiji, se more računati, da je britiško prijateljstvo 70-procentno. Za Italijo je ugodnejše, da je britiški zunanji minister laborit Bevin, kot bi bil Eden.

"Še nižje na lestvici prijateljstva napram Italiji stoji Francija (Dalje na 2. strani)

## POHVALA RUSOV

Kongresnica Frances P. Bolton iz Clevelanda, Ohio, ki je nedavno posetila Berlin, nakar je odpotovala v Rusijo, se jako pohvalno izraža o Rusih v poročilu, poslanem iz Moskve United Pressu. Poročilo je v naslednjem podano v prostem prevodu.

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## PORT ARTHUR IN RUSIJA

Po nedavno sklenjeni pogodbi med Kitajsko in Rusijo bosta v bodoče Rusija in Kitajska skupno vporabljali važno pristanišče Port Arthur na južnem koncu Mandžurije, katerega je bila v tej vojni iztrgana izpod japonske nadoblasti in bo vrnjena Kitajski. Istotako bo v skupni rusko-kitajski upravi južno-mandžurska železnica. Za Rusijo to pomeni, da bo po svoji prekobilski železnici imela dohod od pristanišča, kjer ni morje nikdar zamrznjeno. Port Arthur je v približno isti višini kot naše glavno mesto Washington, torej v zmerno gorki zoni.

Port Arthur je kitajsko mesto in se v kitajščini imenuje Lušun. Skoro vseh zadnjih sto let je imelo burno zgodovino. Leta 1857 so Angleži in Francozi rabili pristanišče Port Arthur za bazo v vojni s Kitajsko. Angleži so mesto prekrstili v Port Arthur v počast angleškemu princu Arthuruju.

Leta 1894 je Kitajska v Port Arthurju ustanovila arsenal za svojo mornarico, pa je še isto leto v vojni z Japonsko izgubila mesto in južni konec Mandžurije. Na priporočilo Rusije, Nemčije in Francije je Japonska zavojevano ozemlje vrnila Kitajski. Leta 1898 je Rusija vzela v najem od Kitajske južni konec Mandžurije s pristanišči Port Arthur in Daljn (Dairen). Port Arthur je Rusija rabila v mornariško in vojaško postojanko.

V noči 3. februarja 1904 je japonska vojna mornarica, kateri je poveljeval general Togo, napadla in hudo poškodovala rusko pacifično floto v Port Arthurju. To se je zgodilo zahrbno, pred napovedjo vojne od japonske strani, in to je mnogo pripomoglo, da je Rusija vojno izgubila ter se je morala umakniti iz najetega kitajskega ozemlja. Najemnino istega je potem prevzela Japonska in leta 1915 isto podaljšala na 99 let.

Japonska najemnina pa je držala le 30 let, kajti v avgustu letos so bili Japonci iztirani iz Port Arthurja in Mandžurije, in Rusi so, po pogodbi s Kitajsko, spet dobili dostop do letu prostega pristanišča na Pacifiku.

Japonski napad na Ruse v Port Arthurju leta 1904 zelo sliči japonskemu napadu na Pearl Harbor, 7. decembra 1941. Oba napada sta bila izvršena pred napovedjo vojne. V prvem napadu je silno trpela ruska vojna mornarica, v drugem pa ameriški. Prvi napad je pomagal odločiti izid vojne v korist Japonci, pri drugem pa se je Japonska urezala; poražena je bila temeljito v manj kot štirih letih.

## SLOVENSKE VESTI

Zborovanje federacije društev Ameriške bratske zveze v zapadni Pennsylvaniji se bo vršilo v nedeljo 30. septembra v Chewicku, Pa. Začetek zborovanja je določen za 2. uro popoldne.

Federacija društev Ameriške bratske zveze v državi Minnesoti bo zborovala v nedeljo 30. septembra v Gilbertu, Minn. Prostor: Community Center dvorana; začetek ob eni uri popoldne.

Filmske slike o bojih za osvoboditev Jugoslavije se bodo predvajale v nedeljo 23. septembra v Slovenskem narodnem domu v Clevelandu, Ohio. Pričetek je določen za pol trih popoldne. (Dalje na 2. strani)

## Postojanke za obrambo Zedinjenih držav

Zedinjene države bodo v bodoče vzdrževale mnogo več obrambnih postojank ali baz kot pred zadnjo vojno. Te obrambne postojanke bodo večinoma na otokih, deloma pa tudi na celinah. Več novih baz bo na otokih, katere so ameriške vojne sile z velikimi žrtvami iztrgale Japonscem. Ponekod bodo otoki posevem v ameriški upravi, ponekod pa le deli istih, v kolikor bodo potrebni za vojaške in mornariške baze. Dokončna odločitev glede teh bo izvedena dogovorno z Združenimi narodi.

Vojnomornariški oddelek je sestavil seznamek baz, ki so po mnenju mornariške uprave potrebne za bodočo varnost Zedinjenih držav. Od teh jih je devet na Pacifiku, šest pa na Atlantiku.

Na Pacifiku priporočane baze naj bi bile sledeče: Kodiak, vzhodno od Alaske; Adak na Aleutih; Havaj; Balboa v Canalski zoni; otoki Guam, Saipan in Tinian, šteti za eno bazo; otok Iwo; otok Okinawa; Filipini; Manus v Admiralski otoški skupini; Otok Manus je bil pred vojno britiška last. Okinawa, kot znano, je japonski otok, primerno blizu prave Japonske, katerega zavetje je bilo za Ameriko zelo drago, toda je znatno pospešilo poraz Japonske.

Baze na Atlantiku, katere priporočila mornariška uprava, so: Argentina na Newfoundlandiji; Bermuda; Roosevelt roads in San Juan na Puerto Rici; zaliv Guantanamo na Cubi; Coco Solo v Canalski zoni. To naj bi bile v bodoče glavne obrambne baze Zedinjenih držav, kot jih pripo- (Dalje na 2. strani)

## VRTNA DELA SEZONE

September je dober mesec za posetev vrtno travo. Hladnejši in večkrat deževni jesenski dnevi so ugodni za rast trave, ki se do zime primerno okrepi in spomladi hitreje da lepo trato. Upoštevati pa je treba, da, kot druge rastline, tudi trava zahteva primerno gnojno zemljo za dobro rast. Dalje zahteva vsaj nekaj sonca; v močni senci pod košati-mi drevesi je težko vzdrževati dobro trato.

Cvetlice-lončarice, ki so bile poleti posajene na prostem in ki so namenjene za prezimovanje v stanovanjih, je priporočljivo že zdaj posaditi nazaj v lončke, nakar naj se lončke do roba zakopajo nazaj v zemljo in primerno zaliva. Kadar se je bati nočne slane, naj se take cvetlice čez noč pokrije z lahko tkanino ali papirjem. Predno pride resna slana pa naj se prenesejo pod streho. Za prezimovanje v stanovanjih so boljše mlade kot prestare rastline.

Jesenska sezona s primerno gorkim vremenom je ponekod daljša, ponekod krajša, pa tudi vsako leto ni v tem oziru enako. Kjer se more pričakovati še precej tednov gorkega vremena pred slano, se še izplača saditi na prosto zgodnji fižol, ki bo v ugodnih razmerah še v nekaj tednih obrodil porabno stročje.

Tudi posetev navadne solate-berivke v tem času se ponekod še izplača. Plemenite vrtnice, katerim se sproti odrezujejo cvetki, bodo nastavljale novo cvetje prav do pozne jeseni. Semenske glavice enoletnih cvetlic, nabrane za seme, naj se spravijo v kakem suhem in zračnem prostoru. (Dalje na 2. strani)

## BREZDOMOVINCI VSEH VRST

Druga svetovna vojna je milijone ljudi iztrgala iz njihovih domovinskih krajev in jih raztrosila po tujini. To velja posebno izrazito za Evropo, kjer sta Hitler in Mussolini skušala uveljaviti novi red. V sami Nemčiji je bilo ob času njenega poraza okrog 10 milijonov inozemcev, ki so bili večinoma silom tja privedeni, da so opravljali za Nemce suženjska dela v rudnikih, v gozdih, na kmetijah in posebno v vojnih industrijah. Ti nesrečniki so bili iz Rusije, Poljske, Jugoslavije, Francije, Češkoslovaške, Belgije, Nizozemske, Danske, Norveške, Grčije itd. Mnogo jih je bilo nameščenih tudi v koncentracijskih taboriščih, kjer so jih Nemci likvidirali z gladom, trpinčenjem, s poskusnimi medicinami instrupi ali pa z direktnim ubijanjem in sežiganjem.

Ko so zavezniki okupirali Nemčijo, so najprej skušali pomagati milijonom izkoreninjenim, ki so še ostali živi. Kar je bilo zdravih, so jih čim hitreje mogoče odpremljali v njihove domovinske države. Bolnikom so preskrbeli zdravniško oskrbo v najbližjih bolnišnicah; odprema dotičnih v njihove domovinske države se je zakasnila. Pa tudi zdravi izkoreninjenji (displaced persons) še niso bili vsi odpremljeni v njihove rodne kraje. Eden glavnih vzrokov teh zakasnitev je težavna transportacija. Tisoče nesrečnikov pa je ostalo tudi brez prave domovine, ker se iz enega ali drugega vzroka ne marajo vrniti domov, ali pa sploh ne vedo, kam spadajo.

Na drugi strani pa tudi milijoni Nemcev okušaajo grenki kruh brezdomovinstva. To velja posebno za tiste Nemce, ki so se bili naselili v od Nemcev okupiranih deželah, in so po porazu Nemčije morali zbežati, in pa za one, ki se bodo morali izseliti iz Češkoslovaške, Poljske, Rusije in drugod.

Vojni vihar v Evropi je razgalil tudi znatno število raznih kraljevskih "veličanstev." Večinoma so iskali zavetja v Angliji, deloma pa tudi v Canadi, Zedinjenih državah in drugod. Norveški kralj se je že vrnil domov, istotako nizozemska kraljica in luksemburška vojvodinja. Belgijskega kralja Leopolda, ki je živel v izgnanstvu v Avstriji, Belgijci nečejo nazaj. Belgijski parlament je sklenil, da se kralj ne sme vrniti v deželo. Zadnji čas mu je švicarska vlada dovolila, da se sme naseliti v Švici.

Grški in jugoslovanski kralj še vedno hladita pete v Angliji in čakata, kaj bodo rekli mili "podaniki" na Balkanu. Bivši rumunski kralj Karol, ki je več let čakal na evropske razvoje v Mehiki, je pred meseci odpotoval v Brazilijo, od koder se je nameraval vrniti v Evropo. Pa mu je bilo povedano, da ga ne marajo v Evropi, in potni list mu je bil odrečen.

Kraljevskim brezdomovincem seveda nikoli ni bilo in ni zdaj nikake sile v inozemstvu. Vsi so imeli in še imajo v raznih krajih inozemstva velike fonde, ki jim več kot omogočujejo "stanu primerno" življenje. Seveda tiste fonde so jim večinoma prigarali skromni "podaniki," ki se pred nemškimi in italijanskimi okupatorji niso mogli umakniti na varno, ampak so morali pre- (Dalje na 2. strani)

## Vsak po svoje

Na svetu je dosti napihjenosti, ki temelji na trhljih spominih nekdanje moči in slave. Na primer, zdi se, da današnja Anglija znatno sliči bahaču, ki je bil nekdanj močan in bogat, pa ni več. Živi na nekdanji gloriiji, kraljevskih maškeradah in dolgovih. Ima mnogo posestev, pa so vsa zadolžena in le malo njegova. Kljub temu se vozi v razkošni limozini in od zgoraj doli gleda na plebejce, ki lastujejo malo, pa je njihovo. Vse to gre, dokler mu dobri stric podpisuje je note in dokler služinčad ne reberira. Ko pa je konec tega, kajti vsaka stvar na svetu ima svoj konec, ugasne umetna gloriija, in banke in upniki računajo, koliko so izgubili. Angleški lev še skuša rjoveti z levjim glasom, toda evropski, posebno balkanski narodi vedo, da se pod levjo kožo skriva Charlie MacCarthy.

Spanija in Portugalska sta bili nekdanj mogočni, ker so ju vzdrževale prekomorske kolonije s svojimi bogastvi. Danes sta državici tretjega reda. Nekaj sličnega se obeta današnji bahaški Angliji, posebno, če ji Američani enkrat odločno povedo, da niso Anglosaksi, ampak Američani.

Liparski otoki, blizu Sicilije, so marsikatere mu Slovencu ostali v trpkem spominu. Tekom fašistične vlade v Italiji so bili na tiste otoke poslani v konfinacijo mnogi naši najboljši ljudje iz Juljske Krajine. Mnogi so tam pomrli in mnogi so si nakopali bolezn. Tistih nesrečnikov, ki niso imeli drugega greha nad seboj, kot da so bili Slovenci, zdaj ni več tam. Toda pred nekaj tedni smo čitali, da je bila poslana v konfinacijo na Liparske otoke Edda Ciano, vdova po grofu Ciano in hčerka pred meseci likvidiranega italijanskega diktatorja Benita Mussolinija. Tako so se stvari zasukale.

Banza j je znan japonski vzklak ali pozdrav. Nekaj podobnega kot naš živijo, samo bolj izrazit. Pa nismo čitali v nobenem poročilu, da bi bili Japonci z banzaji pozdravljali Američane, ko so zasedli njihovo deželo, dasi so drugače skušali biti prijazni in uslužni. Banzaj bi bil predobro želja za okupatorje, kajti banzaj pomeni v japonsčini: živite deset tisoč let!

V nekem jezeru v severnem delu države Wisconsin je Louis McIntyre iz Beloit, Wis., ujel 22 funtov težko ribo, vrste muskellong, in za dobro ribiško srečo je v njenem trebuhu našel še steklenico piva. Ker imajo ribe mrzlo kri, je bilo pivo seveda hladno. Tako aranžiranje bi bilo gotovo za vsakega ribiča naravnost idealno, ker vsi pravoverni ribiči se dostikrat žejni. Pa ne ubjame vsak ribič take ribe; McIntyre je po poklicu policaj, in morda jo je zato ujel. Sicer pa tudi policajem ni vsega verjeti. Nadaljno debato o tem prepustim ribičem. Jaz nisem.

V oglaših v časopisih in revijah že vidimo slike krasnih novih avtomobilov povojnega izdelka. To je lepo, ampak jutri se še ne bomo vozili z njimi. Za enkrat je priporočljivo, da pazimo na naše stare Lize. (Dalje na 2. strani)

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VOL. XXI. 104 NO. 36

## Preureditve in obnove

Prehod iz vojnega časa v čas miru zahteva in bo zahteval mnogoštevilne preureditve in obnove v splošnem gospodarstvu dežele. Za to bo treba precej časa, precej razmišljanja, precej potrpežljivosti in precej napora. Vsi vemo, da so bile skoro štiri leta vse materialne in idejne sile dežele v glavnem vsmerjene za dosego zmage in za poraz sovražnika. To je bilo potrebno in pravilno. Zdaj je situacija močno predrugačena. Ni več znatnih vojnih zahtev, pa tudi ni več predvojnih razmer. Gospodarski razmah dežele bo v mnogih primerih treba voditi po odločno novih potih. In brzina današnjega življenja zahteva aktivnega sodelovanja vseh res živih ljudi, če nečemo, da nas pripelje v depresijo.

Od administracije in od zveznega kongresa v Washingtonu pričakujemo v prvi vrsti, da prepreči daljšo brezposelnost in da prepreči draginjo oziroma inflacijo. Za to ima kongres moč in sredstva. Kolikor delavcev ne bo moglo uposliti privatno podjetništvo, naj se uposljuje pri koristnih federalnih delih, takih, ki se bodo čez čas sama izplačala, kakor se na primer že izplačujejo veliki jezovi in druge naprave na naših vodnih silah, ki so bile v vladni upravi zgrajene tekom zadnje velike depresije. Dalje naj ostanejo v veljavi določbe glede najvišjih dopustnih cen za najbolj važne življenjske potrebščine, in sicer toliko časa, da bo na trgu dovolj takih potrebščin za vse. Potem bodo take določbe lahko odpadle, ker se bodo cene same regulirale.

Ni dvoma, da se na naše postavodajalce izvaja in se bo izvajal močan pritisk proti federalnim projektom in proti regulacijam cen raznih potrebščin. Nekateri industrijalci bi radi videli velike trume brezposelnih delavcev, da bi mogli zaposlencem znižati plače. In nekateri trgovci bi lahko napravili sijajne dobičke, če bi bile mahoma odpravljene vse regulacije cen. Toda ogromna večina prebivalstva bi bila pri tem hudo prizadeta. Zato je važno, da zasledujemo, kako bodo postopali naši kongresniki. Ali bodo gledali bolj za dobičke velikih podjetij ali za koristi prebivalstva v splošnem. Ob priliki volitev, ki se bodo vršile že prihodnje leto, bomo imeli rekorde naših postavodajalcev in jih bomo lahko nagradili po zasluženju.

Ni dvoma, seveda, da je v deželi mnogo industrij in drugih podjetij, ki želijo zdrav gospodarski razvoj, brez ozira na hitre dobičke. Ta podjetja bodo skušala svoje tovarne in druge naprave čim hitreje preurediti za produkcijo civilnih potrebščin in za najboljše postrežbo odjemalcev. Toda marsikje take preureditve ne bodo mogle biti izvedene v nekaj dneh ali tednih, zato bo nekaj začasnih brezposelnosti delavcev neizogibne. Marsikatero napravo, ki so se tekom vojnih let izrabile, bo treba obnoviti, zakar med vojno ni bilo časa, niti materiala, niti delovnih moči. Tudi to bo povzročilo nekaj zastoja.

Vsekakor smemo upati na primeroma hitro gospodarsko obnovo in živahno industrijsko aktivnost. Američani niso počasneži; to vemo. Potreba za tisočere civilne potrebščine je velika, torej bo dober trg zanje kar pri nas doma. Mnogo nujnih potrebščin za obnovo bodo potrebovale tudi razne inozemske države in Amerika bo najprej zmožna jih producirati, in vsaj nekatere teh držav bodo mogle plačati za iste s svojimi produkti, posebno s surovinami, ki jih bo želela naša dežela uvažati. Tudi to spada v poglavje preureditev in obnov.

Razne preureditve in obnove bodo potrebne tudi v našem društvenem življenju. V veliki zaposlenosti vojnih časov, v skrbeh za naše drage in v splošni vojni napetosti je ponekod naše društveno življenje komaj vegetiralo. Treba bo preureditev za nove razmere, treba bo obnovitev društvenih aktivnosti. Naši člani-vojaki se polagoma vračajo med nas in za te je treba napraviti naše društveno življenje privlačno. Tekmovanje med društvi v kampanji vpisovanja mladinskih članov naj bi se poživele. Skušajmo nadomestiti v zadnji četrtini leta, kar smo dosedaj zamudili. Pomnimo, da je močna Ameriška bratska zveza potrebna nam in našim prijateljem ter našim in njihovim otrokom in vnukom.

## Iz urada glavnega tajnika

BOGATE NAGRADE

Do posebnih nagrad, ki jih Zveza tekom sedanjih mladinskih kampanj plačuje društvom vsaki mesec, so tekom meseca avgusta kvalificirala sledeča društva:

Prvo posebno nagrado, \$40.00, je prejelo društvo št. 37, Cleveland, Ohio, ki je pridobilo 16 novih mladinskih članov; drugo posebno nagrado, \$30.00, je prejelo društvo št. 40, Claridge, Pa., ki je pridobilo 8 novih mladinskih članov; tretjo posebno nagrado, \$20.00, je prejelo društvo št. 120, Ely, Minnesota, ki je pridobilo 5 novih mladinskih članov, in četrto posebno nagrado, \$10.00, je prejelo društvo št. 26, Pittsburgh, Pa., ki je pridobilo tri nove mladinske člane.

Koliko vas je tajnikov in tajnic, ki bi bili te uspehe lahko prekosili, če bi se bili potrudili ter šli na agitacijo? Dovolj razloga za razmišljanje.

Z bratskim pozdravom,

ANTON ZBAŠNIK, glavni tajnik.

## Prevod kablograma

Iz glavnega urada Ameriške bratske zveze je bil dne 12. septembra poslan kablogram, tikajoč se tržaškega in primorskega vprašanja, našemu državnemu tajniku Mr. Byrnesu v Londonu. V slovenskem prevodu je vsebina kablograma sledeča:

"Hon. James J. Byrnes, državni tajnik Zedinjenih držav, ameriško poslanstvo, London, Anglija.

"Ljudstva Jugoslavije so, s svojo lojalnostjo do zaveznikov, s svojimi junaškimi čini in s silnimi življenjskimi in premoženjskimi žrtvami v drugi svetovni vojni ter s svojo ljubeznijo do svobode in pravice, zaslužila priznanje njihovih upravičenih zahtev za vse po večini slovensko ozemlje vzhodno od reke Soče, vključno Trst, Gorico in vsa Istro. Velika krdica Rapalla naj se zdaj popravi. Ameriška bratska zveza, bratska podpora organizacija s 27.000 člani, ima zaupanje v Vas, gospod tajnik, in se zanese, da bošte pravični napram naši junaški zaveznici Jugoslaviji.

"Ameriška bratska zveza, Anton Zbašnik, glavni tajnik."

## VSAK PO SVOJE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

Ameriški podpolkovnik Morris Suhre je imel tekom zadnje vojne nalogo graditi letališča v Asamu v Indiji. Tam je za težka dela večkrat zaposloval tudi domačane slone in se je prepričal, da imajo sloni najbolj efektivno unijo na svetu. Nobenega slona namreč ni mogel pripraviti, da bi delal več kot štiri ure na dan. Pa si mi včasih domišljamo, kako smo napredni. Kje smo še za sloni!

Pred desetletji, ko smo bospeti šolarčki v vaški šoli zajemali prve žlice učenosti, smo vsi zdrveli k oknom ali k občestni ograji, kadar je po cesti pripotal avtomobil. Lastoval ga je neki tovarnar in je bil edini v tistem okrožju. Ropotal je, kadil in smrdel, da je bilo res kaj videti, slišati in duhati. Za nas otročaje je bil naravnost čudovita prikazen; na plebejske konje se nam ni zdelo niti vredno ozreti.

Nedavno nedeljo sem bil v mestnem parku, kjer je uživalo krasote poznoletnega dne tisoče ljudi. Počivali so ali se zabavali vsak po svoje in navidezno ni nihče posvečal najmanjši pozornosti avtomobilom, ki so drveli po cesti, vodeči skozi park. Toda, ko je prijedil skozi park policaj na konju, se je vse oziralo za njim; ne za policajem, ampak za konjem. In matere so dvigale deteta v naročje ter jim kazale: see horse! Tako so se časi izpremenili.

Sistem hranjenja dnevne svetlobe smo dosedaj imenovali vojni čas, toda ta označba ni več pravilna, odkar je bila vojna dejanska in oficioelno končana. Zdaj bi ga lahko imenovali čas miru in sprave, če bi bili vsi spori poravnani. Pa še davno niso.

V vseh časih in pri vseh narodih je bilo vedno nekaj kimovcev, ki so bili preleni ali prezabiti, da bi sami mislili, in so pokorno kimali na vse, kar so jim povedali samopostavljeni vodniki in preroki. Če so ti preroki rekli, da črno je belo ali da je laž resnica, ali obratno, so ti kimovci vdano kimali. Takih kimovcev je nekaj tudi v sedanjih "prosvetljenih" časih, in je povsem pravilno, da jim je posvečen ves mesec september, ki je znan tudi pod imenom kimovec.

Kmalu bo preteklo že 40 let, odkar sem v tej deželi, pa me še

## SLOVENSKE VESTI

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

poldne. Vstopnice so po 50 centov. Čisti dobiček bo poslan Združenemu odboru južnoslovanskih Američanov.

Ameriški odbor za pomoč potrebnemu ljudstvu v Jugoslaviji je aranžiral koncert za petek 28. septembra zvečer v Carnegie Music Hall, 4400 Forbes St. v Pittsburghu, Pa. Sodeluje violonist Zlatko Baloković in nastopi tudi tamburaški zbor "Duquesne."

V Walsenburgu, Colo., je za srčno kapjo umrl Ignac Tušek, star 64 let, član društva št. 101 ABZ. Bil je doma iz občine Sevice na Gorenjskem in je bival v Ameriki od leta 1908. Bil je sramec in ne zapušča nikakih sorodnikov v tej deželi.

V Pittsburghu, Pa., je umrl Jacob Nagode, star 68 let, član društva št. 26 ABZ in društva št. 118 SNPJ. Zapušča soprogo, dva sina in vnuka. Doma je bil iz Rovt pri Logatcu v Sloveniji.

Vozniške licence si morajo avtomobilisti v državi Ohio nabaviti do 30. septembra.

## GLEDE MIROVNE POGODBE Z ITALIJO

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

ja, ki je tako rekoč na platu. Francozi so odprni in nezaupni, dasi se je to njihovo razpoloženje znatno ublažilo z italijanskim obnašanjem v zadnjih dveh letih. Vsekakor se lahko sedaj odločno trdi, da bo Francija zahtevala revizijo francosko-italijanske meje v toliko, da bo mesto Tenda pri Mentoni pripadlo Franciji.

"Toda največja nevarnost za Italijo in njena največja naspotnica je zdaj Sovjetska Rusija. Sovjetska Rusija ni pozabila, da je Mussolini poslal pet italijanskih divizij v boj proti Rusiji. Pa so se tudi ostale tri velesile bojevale z Italijani in to zadevo nekako izravna. Kar šteje v zadevi Rusije je njena velikopotezna strategija, in Italijani se boje, da bo sedanja mirovna pogodba z Italijo postala v rokah Rusije dobra karta za pogajanja.

"Ob strani teh štirih zainteresiranih velesil je nezainteresirana Kitajska, na katere splošno pomoč pa vsekakor Italija računa. Vsaj opozicije ne bo od te strani.

"Neprilike pa se morejo pričakovati od strani Jugoslavije in Grške. Zdi se, da predno bo načrt mirovne pogodbe predložen Italiji v pregled, se bo zadeva razpravljala z Beogradom in Atenami. Obe deželi sta Italiji odločno neprijateljski in obe imata teritorialne in druge zahteve napram Italiji. Kar se tiče Grške, morda ne bo velikih neprilik, ker zdi se, da se je Italija že sprizajnila z izgubo Dodekaneskih otokov, toda Jugoslavija zahteva Trst in ostalo Julijsko Krajino, in to je druga stvar.

"Trst je glavni ključ do vsega italijanskega sporazuma in bo najtežji problem za rešiti. Jugoslavijo ima Rusijo za seboj. Britanija ne bi želela videti Trsta v rokah maršala Tita in Amerika je nekako istih idej. Sentiiment v Zedinjenih državah, Britaniji in Franciji se nagiblje v smeri, da naj bi postal Trst svobodno pristanišče. Toda to ne reši teritorialnega problema, ker Trst kot prosta luka bi mogel biti pod italijansko ali jugoslovansko ali mednarodno kontrolo.

"Potem je vprašanje italijanskih kolonij. Etiopija je za Italijo neoporečno izgubljena, toda Eritreja, Somalija in Libija predstavljajo problem, ki posebnoma zanima britiški imperij."

## AMERIŠKA BRATSKA ZVEZA

Ustanovljena 18. julija 1898

GLAVNI URAD: ELY, MINNESOTA

GLAVNI ODBOR:

IZVRŠEVALNI ODESEK:

Predsednik: J. N. Rogelj ..... 6208 Schade Ave., Cleveland 3, Ohio  
1. podpredsednik: Frank J. Kress ..... 218-57th St., Pittsburgh, Pa.  
2. podpredsednik: Anton Krapenc ..... 2021 W. 23 St., Chicago 8, Ill.  
3. podpredsednik: Mary Kershnik 739 Pilot Butte Ave., Rock Springs, Wyo.  
4. podpredsednik: Steve Mauseur ..... 3511 Humboldt St., Denver 5, Colo.  
5. podpredsednik: Cyril Rovensek ..... 452 E. 149 St., Cleveland 10, Ohio  
6. podpredsednik: Mary Predovich ..... 2300 Yew St., Butte, Mont.  
Tajnik: Anton Zbašnik ..... AFU Bldg., Ely, Minn.  
Pomožni tajnik: Frank Tomsich, Jr. .... AFU Bldg., Ely, Minn.  
Blagajnik: Louis Champa ..... AFU Bldg., Ely, Minnesota  
Vrhovni zdravnik: Dr. F. J. Arch ..... 618 Chestnut St., Pittsburgh, Pa.  
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Frank E. Vranicar ..... 1312 N. Center St., Joliet, Ill.  
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1. porotnica: Rose Svetich ..... Ely, Minnesota  
2. porotnik: Anton Erzen ..... R. D. No. 1, Turtle Creek, Pa.  
3. porotnica: Mary Balint ..... Route 1, Box 656, Enumclaw, Wash.  
4. porotnica: Fannie Jenko ..... 1118 Clark St., Rock Springs, Wyo.

## Lestvica nagrad, ki jih plačuje

## Ameriška bratska zveza

OD 1. JUNIJA 1945 NAPREJ

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Za nove mladinske člane

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Za \$ 1,000.00 zavarovalnine \$ 5.00	Za \$ 500.00 zavarovalnine \$ 3.00
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Nagrade za nove mladinske ali odrasle člane so plačljive potem, ko je novi član uplačal šest mesečnih asesmentov in se imajo izročiti članu, ki je novega člana pridobil.

## POSTOJANKE ZA OBRAMBO ZEDINJENIH DRŽAV

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

roča mornariška uprava. Končna odločitev bo v rokah kongresa. Od strani Združenih narodov najbrž ne bo ugovorov.

Poleg tega je v omenjenem načrtu, da vlada Zedinjenih držav vzame pod kontrolo še neko število manjših otokov na Pacifiku, ki sicer nimajo posebne obrambne vrednosti, toda bi bilo nevarno, če bi prišli v posest sovražnika. Ameriška kontrola je predvidevana za velik del Pacifika in tudi za znaten del Atlantika.

Tekom vojne je imela Amerika 256 večjih in manjših baz na Pacifiku in 228 na Atlantiku. Vse te baze pa niso bile vzdrževane istočasno ali ves čas, ampak po potrebi in so bile mnoge ukinjene, ko niso bile več potrebne v vojne svrhe.

Zadnja vojna je Ameriki pokazala, da potrebuje obrambne baze daleč od kontinentalnih Zedinjenih držav. Seveda, ako bo organizacija Združenih narodov, kakršna je zamišljena v tozadnjem čarterju, v praksi uspešna ter ako se še izpopolni in izboljša, mnogo sedaj predvidenih obrambnih baz ne bo potrebnih. Za enkrat pa, dokler se ne vemo, kako iskreno bodo narodi sveta sodelovali za vzdrževanje svetovnega miru, so obrambne točke zadeva previdnosti. Mi vsi želimo, da bi ne bilo treba nobene obrambne baze nikjer, toda pobožne želje malo zaležejo, dokler so na svetu agresivni narodi. To nam je pokazala zadnja vojna.

Morda nam bodočnost prinese pravo bratstvo in prijateljstvo med narodi sveta, toda za enkrat ga še ni. Človeštvo šele namerja korake v tej smeri.

## POVOJNE NALOGE KONGRESA

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

Nekoliko znižanje davkov, kakor hitro mogoče. Pozneje moderniziranje vsega davčnega sistema.

Razprodaja odvečnih vojnih zalog naj se poveri administraciji ene same osebe.

Liberaliziranje postave o pomoči vojnim veteranom in invalidom.

Federalna javna dela, da se uposlji delavce, ki ne morejo dobiti uposlenja v privatnih industrijah.

Zvišanje plač članom kongresa na 20 tisoč dolarjev letno.

Zbiranje zalog strategičnega materiala, ki ga v deželi primanjkuje in ki je potreben za narodno obrambo.

To so v kratkih izčrpnih priporočila predsednika Trumana zveznemu kongresu. Na splošno se zdi, da je predsedniku pri srcu blagor vse dežele, vsega ljudstva. Koliko bo kongres upošteval predsednikova priporočila, bo pokazala bodočnost. Močni posebni interesi namreč odločno nasprotujejo tistim predsednikovim priporočilom, katerih upoštevanje bi največ koristilo širokim ljudskim slojem.

## BREZDOMOVINCI VSEH VRST

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

našati vse trpkosti sovražne okupacije. Nekateri ubežni kraji bodo zdaj spet vladali milim podanikom; pa ne vsi. Nekateri bodo ostali trajno brezdomovinci.

Bratje in sestre, ne pozabite, da je v toku kampanja vpisovanja novih članov v mladinski odtel Ameriške bratske zveze, in da so vsak mesec razdeljene nagrade v gotovini štirim najbolj uspešnim društvom.



# New Era

ENGLISH SECTION OF  
Official Organ  
of the  
American Fraternal Union.

# Nova Doba

AMPLIFYING THE VOICE OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING MEMBERS



## YOUR NOVA DOBA

It was gratifying to note, in last week's issue of Nova Doba, the many AFU lodges which began to renew their social affairs now that the war is over. The last picnics of this season were being held; Saturday evening dances were resumed and the Chicago AFU Bowling League has set its season's program in motion. Yes, slowly we are reverting back to normal times and it is a good omen. The boys, who returned and are returning daily from the service, find that we haven't changed too much. While it's true that we shall never forget this war and its sacrifices, we shall endeavor to bring about our old American way of life just as soon as possible.

One of the best means of assuring the success of any social or sports affair is to let others know about it. This is where our official organ, the Nova Doba, comes to the front. Its pages are open to all lodges and their members. Through its pages, your lodge can publicize all of its activities. Your Nova Doba stands ready to serve all AFU lodges in this respect.

When submitting articles for publication, we must keep in mind that mail deliveries are still somewhat delayed due to shortage of help in postal stations. Therefore it is advisable to mail your articles early. When sending typewritten articles please use double-space between lines. Write on one side of the paper only. The deadline is Monday of each week for long articles and Tuesday morning for short notices. Each article must carry the personal signature of the sender; this is in accordance with the AFU by-laws.

The editors stand ready to serve the lodge member in every way possible to assure prompt and accurate publication of lodge activities. Make full use of your official organ to publicize your lodge affairs.

English-speaking lodges and lodges with a large number of younger members should begin to discuss their sports programs for the coming year. An active lodge is always more successful in obtaining new members because recreation is an inducement to old and young alike. The hardest part is getting started, once you have a program under way, other members will take notice and before long you will be well on the way to a successful year in recreation. Contented and happy members are the best advertisement for your lodge. Although fraternal benefit societies are chiefly known for being of greatest help in times of illness or death, they also serve in a large degree in keeping people, members, in touch with one another in a social and friendly fashion.

Now is the time to discuss the future social life of your lodge. A well-planned recreation program will pay satisfactory dividends in new members!

### Thought For The Day

"By the name that you inherit,  
By the sufferings you recall,  
Cherish the fraternal spirit;  
Love your country first of all!  
Listen not to idle questions  
If its bands may be untied;  
Doubt the patriot whose suggestions  
Strive a nation to divide!"

—Oliver Wendell Holmes

## A. Zbasnik Sends Cable to Sec'y of State Byrnes in England

The following cablegram was sent to Hon. James J. Byrnes, Secretary of State of the United States by our Supreme Secretary Anton Zbasnik, who, in the name of the American Fraternal Union, asks that the disputed Slav territories under discussion, be included in Yugoslavia.

September 12, 1945

### WESTERN UNION

Hon. James J. Byrnes  
Secretary of State of the United States  
American Embassy  
London, England

The people of Yugoslavia have, by their loyalty to the Allies, by their heroic deeds and enormous sacrifices in human lives and in property during World War Two and by their love for liberty and justice earned the recognition of their just claims to all predominantly Slavic territory east of Isonzo River including Trieste, Gorizia and all Istria. The great wrong of Rapallo should now be righted. The American Fraternal Union, a fraternal insurance society twenty-seven thousand strong, has faith in you, Mr. Secretary, and trusts that you will give our gallant Yugoslav Allies a square deal.

American Fraternal Union  
By Anton Zbasnik, Supreme Secretary.

### UNBREAKABLE RECORDS

Record buyers will get a break—phonograph records that won't break. They're RCA's new Red Seal De Luxe recordings which are quieter, prettier (they are red in color), unsmashable, because they're made of flexible, lightweight plastic.

RCA developed them several years ago for use in transcriptions and broadcasts, but have just now brought the price down to a level of \$2 for a plastic record, compared to \$1 for the same recording on a shellac record.

## Important Notice to Members of Lodge 2

Ely, Minn.—At this time I would like to inform the members of Lodge No. 2, AFU that I have received the new by-laws and they can obtain them by calling at my home, 533 E. Sheridan St.

All soldier-members who are discharged from the service have 30 days in which to re-instate themselves in the sick benefit fund without a physical examination. Please let me know as soon as you are discharged from the service.

I still have members who hold Plan "A" certificates. All those who wish to have them changed to "A" ordinary life, Plan "B" pay life, and Plan "C" 20-year endowment, may do so before the end of the year as those who change later will have to change to Plans "D," "E" and "F" which are higher in rate.

Now, as you all know, our juvenile campaign is now in progress and the AFU gives awards for new members. Let's go out and see if our lodge can be one of the contest winners. I know we can do it as we have done it before. Fraternal yours,

Anton Knapp, Sec'y,  
Lodge No. 2, AFU,  
Ely, Minn.

## Lodge 37 Dance a Huge Success

Cleveland, Ohio—The dance held by Lodge No. 37, AFU of Cleveland, Ohio on Sept. 15th was a great success. The attendance was very good and everyone enjoyed themselves to the utmost.

The lodge workers who served in various capacities that evening did a good job and served the public to the utmost. Cy Rovanske, secretary of the lodge, was seen busy selling admission tickets the first part of evening and then later he was very busy behind the bar. His charming wife, Ann, also helped with the selling of admission tickets until the last hour of the dance.

Charles Vrtovnik, lodge president, seemed to be all over the place, helping here and there, and ending up with serving as a bartender. The lodge treasurer, John Petric, sold refreshment tickets all evening long needless to say he was kept very busy. Mr. Okorn and his staff of bartenders did a good job of serving the patrons.

I don't know who had charge of the kitchen, but that roast beef was delicious; the fact that they ran short of roast beef sandwiches proves it.

Among the crowd who attended were many servicemen home on furlough who enjoyed themselves very much. It was good to see so many of our boys home again. And all the way from Barberton, Ohio came the chairman of the Supreme Judiciary Committee, Anton Okolish. His charming daughter, Margaret, and his son, Joseph, with their friends were certainly very nice to come so far to attend this affair. Joseph Okolish was home on leave after having served overseas.

We missed seeing the familiar faces of the Betsy Ross Lodge, Napredok Lodge and Collinwood Booster Lodge gang. Where were you all? You certainly missed a lot of fun.

Everyone had a good time and the committee in charge of this

## American Fraternal Union Members Serving Our Country

2,243



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GOLD STAR  
MEMBERS

## Sgt. Edison Terbovec Died in New Guinea



On Sept. 14, 1945, the Editor of the Nova Doba, Anton J. Terbovec, received word that his son, Tech. Sgt. Third Grade, Edison A. Terbovec, had died in New Guinea on Aug. 29th while in the service of his country.

Sgt. Edison was born on April 18, 1923 and had been in the service for three years; half of this time he served overseas. While en route from Oro Bay in New Guinea to his new organization in the Philippines, he grew ill and was taken to the 119th Station Hospital where he died on Aug. 29, 1945.

He was a member of the Golden Gate Lodge No. 141, AFU of San Francisco, Cal. The Commanding Officer wrote that the sergeant was buried with full military honors on Aug. 31, 1945 in the Finschhafen Cemetery in New Guinea.

"Land of his love, long remembrance keep fair for him—  
Him who fell forward in  
Liberty's war.  
Mother of martyrs, America,  
wear for him,  
Proud on thy grateful breast,  
Valor's gold star."

The nervous little old lady was about to launch a ship. She turned to the naval officer and asked, "Goodness, do you think I can hit it hard enough to knock it into the water?"

dance certainly deserves a lot of credit for its huge success.

Frances J. Erzen.

## CARDINAL HIGHLIGHTS

Struthers, Ohio—At the last monthly meeting of our Lodge No. 229, AFU we elected a committee to prepare for our dance. As you know, we are sponsoring a "Victory Dance" on Halloween night, Oct. 31, 1945 at the Croatian Hall, 199 Lowellville Rd. in Struthers, Ohio. Music will be furnished by Jack Persin, a well liked Slovene orchestra from Warren, Ohio. So all of you who like to polka, waltz, jitterbug or rumba be sure to be on hand. We would like to take this opportunity to invite all of our neighboring lodges and friends to attend. How about it, Cleveland, Warren, Youngstown, Girard, Niles, Bessemer, Sharon, Farrell and others too?

Joe Zlogar is chairman of the committee which thus far includes Jennie Mikolich, Mary Brncic, Lillian Glavic, John, Frances and Mary Pogacnik, Mary Jean and Dolores Zlogar and Frances and Josephine Millosin.

The Bronze Star Medal has been awarded to Tech. Fourth Grade George Makovec for heroic achievement in connection with military operations against the enemy in Mindano, Philippines. He has been in active duty in the Pacific for over 16 months.

Home on leave from the Navy over the weekend was Steve Pogacnik who visited his family and friends. Also home from the Pacific is Michael Makovec. Emil Mikolich is on his way home from England. We're glad to hear that our members are returning home and hope it won't be too long before all the boys come home.

Pfc. Frank Vlosich, now stationed at Camp Carson, Colorado, writes that he is getting along fine.

If any member hasn't as yet received a copy of the new by-laws, be sure to see the secretary about it. Don't forget to pay your lodge dues on or before the 25th day of every month.

Jennie Millosin, Sec'y,  
Lodge No. 229, AFU,  
Struthers, Ohio.

## Chicago Bowling League News

Chicago, Ill.—The first bowling session of this season will be held on Sept. 20th, promptly at 8 p. m. in the Laurel Recreation, 3135 West Cermak Rd. and corner of Troy St., near Kedzie Ave. Since we shall hold a short meeting, it is important that every bowler and bowlerette be present a half hour sooner, that is, promptly at 7:30 p. m. It is especially important that on this Thursday, every new bowler attends who intends to join us, for immediately after the bowling session we shall organize our teams and later we will accept new bowlers only if an old bowler withdraws, which will probably be a rare occasion this year. Therefore all old bowlers, who have candidates for bowling, should bring them along on this evening.

We'll be seeing you on Thursday, Sept. 20th at 7:30 p. m. at 3135 W. Cermak Rd.

John Gottlieb, Sec'y  
Chicago AFU Bowling  
League  
Chicago, Ill.

## From the Office of the Supreme Secretary

### RICH AWARDS

The special awards which are given by our Union during the present Juvenile Membership Campaign to lodges every month, went to the following lodges who qualified for last month:

The first special award of \$40.00 goes to Lodge No. 37, Cleveland, Ohio which enrolled 16 new juvenile members; the second special award of \$30.00 goes to Lodge No. 40, Claridge, Pa. which enrolled 8 new juvenile members; the third special award of \$20.00 goes to Lodge No. 120, Ely, Minn. which enrolled 5 new juvenile members, and the fourth special award of \$10.00 goes to Lodge No. 26, Pittsburgh, Pa. which enrolled three new juvenile members.

There are many of you secretaries who could have surpassed these winners if you had exerted a little effort and agitated for new members. This is food for thought!

With fraternal regards,

ANTON ZBASNIK, Supreme Secretary

## Chisholm Slovenes Building National Home

Chisholm, Minn.—A great loss occurred to the family of Joseph Globokar. Their son, Lieut. Raymond Globokar was killed in an air crash on Aug. 22nd. His parents received a telegram from the Navy Department in Washington that their son fell in defense of his country. Other details are not as yet known.

The deceased Raymond volunteered for the service in 1942 and had participated in many battles in the South Pacific. He was a bomber pilot on a torpedo plane and had seen action on the islands of Saipan, Guam, Tinian, Palau, etc. He was decorated for bravery with the Navy Cross and the Air Medal.

During the Christmas holidays last year, Raymond was home on leave and I had the pleasure of meeting him at the home of his relatives, Mr. and Mrs. John Ponikvar, where I listened to his interesting experiences which he told us about. He was a very friendly person and of a happy nature and loved to sing. When I took leave of him at that time, I never thought that I was seeing him for the last time. The deceased leaves his parents, four sisters and two brothers, one brother is also in the service. The entire family are members of the American Fraternal Union.

At this time I would also like to say that the work on the building of the Slovenian National Home has begun, that is, the rebuilding and preparations so the building will made to serve as a Slovenian Home and will be the pride of the Slovenians here. By owning our own national home, our social life will again be resumed with socials and other affairs. On the evening of Saturday, Sept. 22nd a meeting will be held for our home, in the hall of our own national home on Lake St. All those who have already contributed their share for this home, and those who did not as yet, are invited to attend this meeting.

Now is the time to donate, for money is needed to repair and rebuild the building. All work will be done by Slovene workers and tradesmen. Therefore, I'll be seeing you at this important meeting on Saturday evening on Sept. 22nd!

The next meeting of Lodge No. 150, AFU will be held on Sunday, Oct. 7th at the home of the secretary, and members are invited to attend in as large a number as possible. I do not see any reason why members cannot attend meetings, since they all have time on Sunday

## BRIEFS

The Cardinal Lodge No. 229, AFU will hold a "Victory Dance" on Halloween night, Oct. 31, 1945 at the Croatian Hall in Struthers, Ohio. Music will be furnished by Jack Persin and his orchestra. All neighboring lodges, as well as local members, are cordially invited to attend.

## To Hold Minstrel Show For Servicemen's Fund

Chicago, Ill.—Something special is about to happen on Sunday, Sept. 23, 1945. On this day the American-Slovene Servicemen's Aid will hold a huge Minstrel Show at the American-Bohemian Hall, 1440 West 18th St. It will begin promptly at 3 p. m. Following the program there will be dancing and a social. The entire net proceeds will go for the benefit of our returning soldier and sailor members. Since the Liberty Bell Lodge No. 70, AFU is also a member of this organization, our members who are in Uncle Sam's service, will also benefit from this affair.

Therefore, it is our duty to attend this affair in a large number and in doing so, show that we value their work in reaching victory in this last war which was the most horrible in the history of mankind. Every one should attend and bring their relatives, friends and acquaintances with them. This invitation is also extended to the rest of the AFU members in Chicago and vicinity.

Fraternal regards,

John Gottlieb  
Chicago, Ill.

afternoon and all live in the nearby vicinity. The lodge president would like to make the acquaintance of all our members. Let's all attend this meeting.

The weather here is so cool now that we have already begun to fire our stoves. This year, out here, we had almost no summer; only 11 months of winter. This is the way it is in Minnesota. In spite of this I decided to live here for the air is clean and my headaches have left me.

In conclusion I send greetings to all members of the AFU especially our Editor who gives us many pleasant hours in his column "Vaak po svoje;" we all need and welcome some recreation. When he visits out our way, he should stop at our tavern. I don't think he will refuse a cup of refreshments or a cigar.

Frances Lukanich, member  
Lodge No. 150, AFU,  
Chisholm, Minn.



# JUVENILE DEPARTMENT



## AUNT MARY'S GARDEN



I like the walnuts, the hazelnuts, too,  
Any kind of a nut that's a nut will do.  
I like the cashew and the big nigger toe,  
But the very special nut is the peanut you know.

People take the peanut for a walk in the park,  
I'll bet they had some peanuts on Old Noah's Ark.  
People take the peanut to the movie show,  
I guess they take the peanut everywhere they go.

I like the walnuts, the hazelnuts, too,  
Any kind of a nut that's a nut will do.  
I'm never in doubt as to my company,  
Cause when I'm feeling nutty, it's the PEANUTS for me!

As you might have guessed our theme for today is nuts. Perhaps you are wondering what gave your Aunt Mary that idea.

Well, you know, up in the plant where your Aunt Mary works there is a jolly, black-haired girl named Doris Mae who has so much trouble with boys. One day Goldie, the red-headed girl who works there too, wrote a song for Doris Mae about pickles and love and that sort of thing and we all had a big laugh over it. Then Goldie wanted to compose a song for your Aunt Mary, so, I asked her to write me a peanut song, for peanuts are Aunt Mary's favorite nut. So she wrote the song which appears at the top of the column and there we got our cue for today's story.

But before we go into our lesson about nuts, I want to take time out to welcome Dorothea Tekavec and Stanley Jackovich into our growing family. Our Juvenile AFU family circle is expanding and Aunt Mary was thrilled to see the Letter Box give forth with so many contributions. Thank you Dorothea and Stanley and please do write again real soon. Thanks too, to Johnny Barun for his interesting letter and of course we are ever grateful to Margaret Startz for her loyalty to the Page. As for those two Balint boys out in Enumclaw, Wash., well, Aunt Mary is going to become pretty fond of them if they keep up their good work. I hope Bobby Erzen will write us another letter soon and we are also sending out a SOS to Angela Barun, Mary Jean Zupan and Johnny Cecelic. Aunt Mary is so pleased and so happy that so many of the boys and girls are helping out with Aunt Mary's Garden. Thanks a million.

And now for our story about nuts. What is a nut anyway? A nut is one of the most valuable of all fruits that we eat. It is nourishing and healthful and contains much oil. The term "nut" as used commercially or popularly does not always coincide with the botanical meaning; thus an acorn is a true nut; a peanut is not a nut but a pod; walnut is the "stone" of a fruit formed like a cherry and a pig nut is a tuber. Some types of true nuts are hazel, beech, mast and sweet chestnut.

In America various kinds of nuts grow wild but there are several kinds that are cultivated with great success. California is the great land of fruits and most varieties of European nuts have been introduced and flourish there.

Some of the best kinds of nuts are the almonds, walnuts, beechnuts, Spanish chestnuts, filberts and hazelnuts.

Of the commercial nuts one of the most curious is the almond. The almond tree is the near relative of the peach but instead of the outer covering developing and sweetening, it shrivels as it ripens. When it is ripened it is kind of a horny husk that splits open and frees the pit. There are sweet almonds and bitter ones. From the bitter fruit a flavoring extract is made.

The almond tree blossoms early in the spring. Its flowers are salmon-pink and when in bloom the tree is bare of leaves. Some trees produce nuts with a hard shell but by careful selection of seed and constant breeding a softer shelled nut is produced which is known as the paper-shelled nut. Most of the almonds we eat come from Italy, Spain, France and Northern Africa but California now grows large quantities. The almond nuts are shaken from the trees and the hulls are freed by machinery. The nuts are then dried and bleached by sulphur fumes.

The English walnut was introduced by the Romans. It is a native of Greece and Southern Asia. Its flowers begin to open in April and

are in full bloom by May. The wood of the English walnut is very valuable, its beautiful grain being popular with cabinet makers. It is the best wood for gunstocks and in view of this in the seventeenth century, several European countries would not permit a man to marry until he would produce a certificate showing that he had planted some walnut trees.

The walnut flourishes in any fertile soil so long as the subsoil is dry and its position sheltered. Most of the bigger and finer walnuts are grown in southern Europe and California.

The black walnut is a native of America and was introduced into Europe. The shells are very hard and the squirrels have to gnaw vigorously to get through them. Another member of the walnut, the butternut is cultivated for its oil. It has clammy green husks from which in olden times housewives obtained a stain with which they dyed their homespun garments. A sauce can be made from the green nuts and the ripe nuts are much liked. The butternut is long and pointed.

Another favorite American nut, the hickory, grows mostly wild but experts are now giving it attention and trees are being cultivated. Indian squaws and early British settlers used to pound the nuts, shells, and kernels together, boil it in water, then strain the hickory-milk to which was added corn meal. From this product cakes were baked on hot stones and in ovens. Another nut allied to the hickory is the pecan. Both belong to the walnut family.

Chestnut trees begin to bear in about 25 years and for timber use it is best at fifty years. A chestnut tree may grow to the height of 100 feet. The fruit is contained within a strong skin and this skin is surrounded by another prickly skin. When the nuts are ripe the burr opens and allows them to fall.

Cashew nuts are kidney-shaped in a hard shell and are borne on flesh-colored stalks that look something like fruit. They grow on a tree like the walnut and are found in the West Indies.

One of the most extraordinary nut is the Brazil nut. The nuts as we buy them are shaped like sections of an orange. In reality they are seed and not fruit like the nuts we have been telling you about. They grow in large clusters in a woody seed-vessel nearly as big as a man's head. When natives walk in Brazilian forests they usually wear heavy wooden covering on their heads for protection. The trees grow to great heights and should one of the clusters drop its weight could kill a man.

The Brazil nut contains about 50 per cent oil. If one end is cut flat and the other end sharpened like a wick and then lit it will burn and produce enough light to light up a room. Sometimes it is called the juiva.

Most useful of all the nuts is the coconut and here is just a suggestion of its many uses. From its timbers such things as oars, yokes, nets, mats, clothes, brushes, hats,

## Where the West Begins

Out where the hills lie high and lazy  
And waters flow serene.  
Out where you'll find the snow-white daisy  
And outdoor life so clean.  
Out where friendships never grow hazy  
And grasses are always green.  
That's where the west begins.

Out where the skies are always bluer  
And the golden moon's aglow.  
Out where friends are always truer  
And birds sing sweet and low.  
Out where woes of life are fewer  
And only the good things grow.  
That's where the west begins.

Out where trees grow tall and great  
And life is full of fun.  
Out where fish always catch your bait  
And you bask in the evening sun.  
Out where all is love—there is no hate  
And things are all well done.  
That's where the west begins.

Where joy and happiness reign supreme,  
Where children's faces with happiness beam,  
Where all is one, sweet, wonderful dream,  
That's where the west begins.

John Balint,  
(Age: 13 years)  
Lodge No. 162, AFU  
Enumclaw, Wash.

sails and many, many things are made.

From its oils are made oleomargarine, soap, candles and lubricating oils. The milk of the coconut is nourishing and the white part is eaten and also used in shredded form for cakes, etc.

It is said that a man could live and clothe and house himself on a coconut. Even ink and gum are made from this fruit. The coconut grows on tropical shores. The trees begin to bear fruit when about eight years old.

And now just a word or two about Aunt Mary's favorite nut, the peanut. Peanuts are the principle agricultural crops in southern United States. The plant grows about eighteen inches high, has green leaves and whitish flowers. After the flowers fade the pods underground begin to mature. The total annual crop of peanuts in the United States is about 1,000,000,000 pounds. And of all things, this most popular nut in the United States, your Aunt Mary's favorite nut, this nut that Goldie wrote lyric to, is mainly used for stock-feeding!

I like the walnuts, the hazelnuts too,  
Any old nut that's a nut will do.  
I'm never in doubt as to my company,  
Cause when I'm feeling nutty it's peanuts for me!  
Just what have nuts got to do with juveniles and fraternalism and our AFU? Just this—and please pardon the pun, but you're nuts if you don't carry AFU insurance!  
Aunt Mary

## Ely Review

By Margaret M. Startz

Ely, Minn.—August is drawing to a close as I write these lines, and next week, on Sept. 4th, we will be trotting back to school again. I am glad; but the summer vacation went by too fast. I was pretty busy this summer doing this and that, mostly taking care of children during the day as well as evenings.

My mother and I visited in Tower and Soudan, Minn. last week with our friends for a few days. We had a lovely time. My mother also went to Duluth.

Well, the war is over at last and I am glad. So soon we can resume our peace time routine of living again. Our boys will come back and our hearts cheer in gladness for the prayers that were answered. But many bow their heads in grief for their boys are not coming back unharmed; some are not coming back at all. To all you families I send my heartfelt sympathy. Let this comfort you: God loved him even more than you did. It was His will that He took him.

Welcome to our page Dorothea Tekavec and Stanley Jackovich. We certainly enjoyed your letters and do write again.

My brother Fred has not arrived home as yet, but we are expecting him just any day now. I wish to see him soon. It's Fred's birthday on Sept. 1st, so Happy Birthday, Fred! I was hoping he would be home by then. We received three captured German telephones from Austria and a large hand-painted wooden platter and more photos and pictures, which Fred sent home as souvenirs.

I was going through a box of old papers and up pops a sheet of paper with a poem composed by my sister, Florence, who had written it a few years ago, while she was still in school. Here it is:

CAREFREE  
There was a girl in our school  
Who had a carefree way.  
She found it very difficult  
To study every day.

"Why should I bore myself to death  
In books—musty and dry,  
Just so I get a passing mark  
'I know that I'll get by."

This was the attitude she had,  
No one could make her work,  
And so from day to day she would  
From all her studies shirk.

Soon came the graduation day,  
This lass had been a fool,  
When others went away to work,  
This girl was back in school.

Mrs. Anthony Inzerello, nee Mary Pavlich, came home to Soudan to visit with her parents. Her husband is still in the service.

Raymond Slogar of the Merchant Marines arrived home last week to stay.

Frank Novesel arrived from France for a 30-day furlough. My mother attended a party, given at Grahek's cabin at White Iron Lake, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Anton Golenko of Chicago, Ill. Many guests were present. The Supreme Officers will remember the

## JUVENILE SPOTLIGHT

Welcome to our page, Stanley Jackovich and Dorothea Tekavec. Your letters were fine and write again and often. The American Fraternal Union has awarded each of the above-mentioned juvenile members one dollar for their contribution to our page last month.

The letters written by Gene and John Balint certainly make you want to take a trip out to their home and do all those enjoyable things they write about.

The letter written by John Barun last month was very interesting. He is a lucky boy to be spending his vacation on a ranch.

I have been receiving answers to Aunt Mary's Quiz Contest and they are all pretty good. Welcome to our page, Steve Stepec of Ely, Minn. I wish you had sent in a letter too, with your contest entry. Hello to Charlie Krainick Jr. of Enumclaw, Wash. I hope you too will write a letter next time. I was happy to receive your entry to our contest.

Also, greetings to Juliana Rauch of Roundup, Montana who also sent in her quiz answers.

Contest winners will be announced in the October issue. There is still time to try for an award. I'll send copies of the Quiz to any juvenile who writes and asks me for a copy, in case you missed out on last month's Juvenile Page. Just write to Nova Doba, Juvenile Page, 6233 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland 3, Ohio.

Frances J. Erzen, Associate Editor

## Lodge 162's Slovenian Picnic

Down on my grandmother's farm,  
Our Slovenian lodge picnic was given.  
Down through the long wooded lane,  
All day long the cars were driven.  
From Issaquah, Seattle and Cumberland,  
From Renton and Tacoma too.  
From Hobart, Ravensdale and Auburn,  
Folks kept coming the whole day through.

The orchard was crowded with people,  
The picnic tables loaded with lunch.  
All the people were shaking hands and laughing,  
I never saw a happier bunch.  
At three o'clock we sat down and dined,  
Potato salad, potica and chicken.  
And while the grown folks ate and gossiped,  
On a chicken leg I kept a-pickin'.

After all the lunches were eaten,

Golenko's for they were guests of the Golenko's here in Ely last year at the Grahek cabin.

Mr. Peter Svetich, 58, died Aug. 4th. He came to this country 40 years ago. He had lived in Ely for 35 years. His widow, Mrs. Rose Svetich, is a member of the AFU Supreme Judiciary Committee. I wish to express my sincere sympathy to the family.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Alar were pleasantly surprised Sunday when a family reunion took place. Mrs. Alar's brother Joe Flake who had spent four tough years, most of them overseas, was home. He was discharged on the point system and is a high-point man.

John J. Rozman, radioman third class, crewman of a navy patrol craft and Joe Rozman, ship fitter second class, of the See Bees, recently met in Okinawa.

Capt. David Alar left recently for the Pacific.

I am entering Aunt Mary's Quiz Contest and have already sent in my answers. I hope all you regular juvenile writers and others will enter the contest. I found it very amusing and entertaining to answer the questions and I know you also will.

We gathered to hear all the speeches. First came Pres. Mihelich, he's

a grand guy,  
Fraternalism and brotherly love he teaches.  
Then we heard from Vice-Pres. Frank Richter,  
We heard from treasurer Mary Melich, too.  
Maybe you're wondering what the secretary was doing,  
Let me tell you she had lots to do.

She was introducing all the speakers,  
AFU friends who came from far and near.  
You should have heard the applause and cheering,  
When Mrs. Richter on the platform did appear.  
Mr. Chacata, our trustee came next,  
And Mrs. Potoenik, a good-hearted member.  
Mary Puz, secretary of Tacoma lodge,  
And others whose names I don't remember.

My mother who is secretary of the lodge,  
Gave a long speech too.  
We had a tug-of-war and races,  
After the speaking was through.

Then the people started dancing,  
Right under the apple trees.  
Soon they were singing lustily,  
They were thick as a swarm of bees.

When the evening sun went down,  
And the folks began to depart.  
The committee was pleased and happy,  
That all left with rejoicing heart.  
This was the 20th anniversary picnic,  
And it was happy and gay and swell.  
It's almost one month since the picnic took place,  
But of the good time the folks continue to tell.

I have been to many picnics  
But this I wish to say.  
No folks in the whole wide world,  
Can be so happy and so gay,  
As were the Slovenian AFU members  
Who gathered on the memorable day,  
To celebrate twenty years of fine service,  
In this merry, glorious way.

Gene Balint,  
(Age: 12 years)  
Lodge No. 162, AFU  
Enumclaw, Wash.

## Juvenile Letter Box



Aspen, Colo.—Dear Juveniles: This is my first letter to the Juvenile Page of the Nova Doba. I am thirteen years old and will enter the eighth grade on September 3rd.

First of all I want to tell you about my home town and surrounding areas. The elevation of Aspen is over 7,900 feet. One may reach it via the D. & R. G. railroad through Glenwood Springs or on Highway 82 over Independence pass which is 12,000 feet in elevation.

Aspen is a silver mining town. It once boasted the population of 15,000. When the price of silver dropped and most of the ore had been mined, Aspen's population decreased to over 700.

Aspen is entirely surrounded by mountains. The names of them are: East and West Aspen mountains, Smuggler mountain, Red Mountain and Red Butte. Aspen is located in the midst of the Elk Mountain range. In this range there are seven of the fifty-one 14,000 foot peaks in Colorado. They are Castle Peak, 14,259; Maroon Peak, 14,126 feet; Grizzly mountain, 14,020 feet; North Maroon Peak, 14,000; Pyramid, 14,000 feet; Capitol Peak, 14,000 feet, and Snowmass, 14,000. The two Maroon peaks are locally known as the Maroon Bells because of their resemblance of two bells.

Aspen has excellent fishing in all of the surrounding lakes and streams. Our nearest river is the Roaring Fork which is about a block and a half from my home. During summer vacation I have done much fishing. I have caught most of my fish on flies, using Coachman and Grey Hackle. With my older brother I have gone on several trips to the lakes. I have been to Willow Lake, American Lake, Snowmass Lake, Cathedral Lake, Linkins Lake and Maroon Lake. All of the lakes have very good fishing. However, they are a long walk averaging from three to nine miles one way. I have only begun to mention the lakes around here. Next time I will tell more about them.

There are so many interesting things about Aspen I cannot tell you all about them at one time. Next time I will tell you about other things I have done during the summer and about hunting, fishing and skiing.

Louis Oblock (Age: 13 years)  
Lodge No. 47, AFU  
Aspen, Colo.

Canon City, Colo.—Dear Juveniles: I'm sure sorry I didn't write sooner, but I was busy helping my mother picking cherries and apples as we had a very big crop of them. First I want to thank Aunt Mary for the wonderful picture she sent me. The puppy is sure cute. I would like to have one like it. Tomorrow school starts here in Canon City. I will be in the second grade and I like to go to school very much.

I am sure glad the war is over. Now maybe my two brothers and four cousins will come home soon. I sure would like to see them again.

Well I better close for now. So long until next time. I want to play a little more before I go back to school. Your junior friend,  
Mary Jean Zupan,  
(Age: 7 years)  
Lodge No. 147, AFU  
Canon City, Colo.

Cleveland, Ohio—Dear Juveniles: First of all I wish to thank the AFU for the dollar award I got for my letter to our Page. I also want to thank you, Aunt Mary, for the letter and the pretty picture you sent me. My pet cat, Chee-Chee, is doing fine, Aunt Mary.

I was eight years old on Sept. 2nd. My Aunt Jo-Jo gave me a big bike for my birthday. I also received many other very nice gifts. I went fishing one day with my Aunt and I caught two fish, one real big one and one small one. My parents were so surprised, they thought I bought it in a fish market. My mother promised me a big fishing pole for next year.

This is all for now. I'll write again next month.  
Bobby Erzen,  
(Age: 8 years)  
Lodge No. 103, AFU  
Cleveland, Ohio

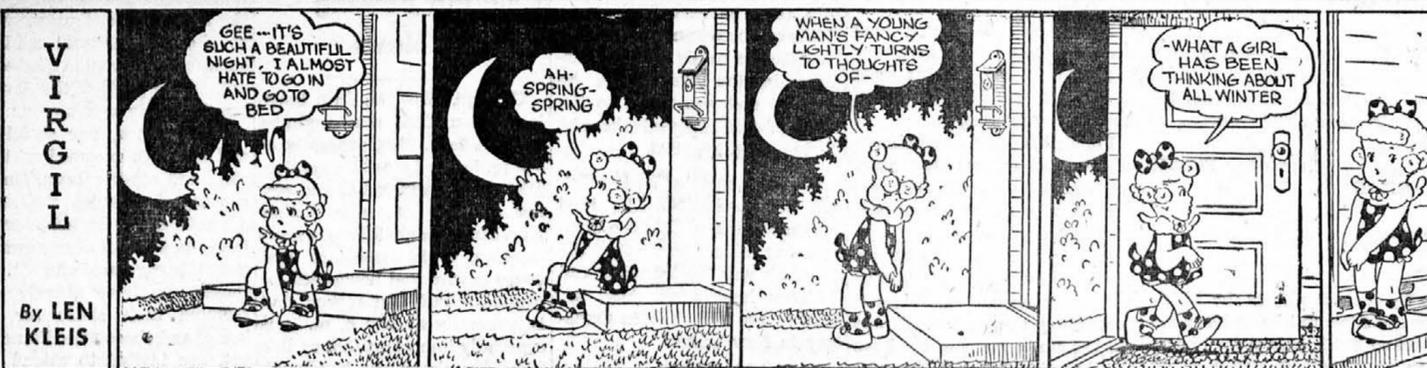
## GOOD NEIGHBORS

Mr. Brown—I thought I was completely disguised. I've let my beard grow and I'm wearing blue spectacles. How did you recognize me?  
Neighbor—By my umbrella!

## BABY TALK

May—Last night I dreamed I was on a trip. And then in my dream I saw a whole train load of chewing gum.

June—Oh, a chew-chew train, eh?



## REG'LAR FELLERS—Junior Blitzkrieg.



## AMERICAN FRATERNAL UNION

Founded July 18, 1898

HOME OFFICE: ELY, MINNESOTA

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## SANS Sends Appeal to Byrnes Regarding Lands East of Socha River

The following cablegram was sent to Hon. James F. Byrnes, Secretary of State, appealing to the American delegation for a just solution of the Julian March question. The cablegram was sent by the secretary of the Slovenian American National Council, Mirko G. Kuhel.

September 13, 1945.

Hon. James F. Byrnes,  
Secretary of State,  
American Embassy,  
London, England.

The injustice caused to the Slovenian people by the London Pact of 1915 must be undone. The 650,000 Yugoslavs under Italy must be reunited with their mother country together with the lands they are occupying for the past 1,000 years. These Yugoslavs—our first and bravest Allies—cannot be left under the domination of the Italian minority which inhumanly persecuted them and contrary to the principles of democracy and justice denied them the right to use their own language, own schools and the privileges of a free people. America never subscribed to the unjust Treaty of Versailles, nor to the London Pact. She cannot subscribe to it now. The territory east of Socha River should be ceded to Yugoslavia as a unit, to its liberators—the Yugoslavs—eight thousand of whom layed down their lives to free this part of their homeland from the German and Italian invaders.

Our great President Roosevelt promised all freedom-loving peoples through the Atlantic Charter their right to liberty, self-determination, and the four freedoms. America cannot at this late hour retract these promises to Yugoslavs under Italy without ignoring the great cause for which our President died.

In behalf of one quarter of a million of the Slovenian Americans we fervently request that the justice be upheld and that the unfortunate victims of the Fascist imperialism be granted their right to join their motherland Yugoslavia.

One million seven hundred thousand Yugoslavs perished in their struggle for freedom. No greater tragedy could occur than if their sacrifice were in vain. Italy violated all the laws of humanity by its inhuman treatment of the Yugoslav majority in Venetia Giulia and Tri-

est. She lost the war and must pay the price of the vanquished. Therefore Venetia Giulia, Trieste and the territory east of Socha River must be returned, where it rightly belong—to Yugoslavia.

This is the wish of the democratic forces in the territory involved and this is the wish of the Americans of Yugoslav descent. America must uphold the principle of justice and democracy, and remain the champion of the four freedoms.

Slovenian American National Council,  
Mirko G. Kuhel, Secretary.

## Films From Yugoslavia to be Shown in Cleveland

Cleveland, Ohio—The United Committee of Cleveland Yugoslavs is extending an invitation to all Yugoslavs, young and old alike, to attend the showing of the Yugoslav liberation film entitled "Fighting Yugoslavia and the Battle for Belgrade" on Sunday, Sept. 23rd at 2:30 p. m. at the Slovenian National Home on St. Clair Ave. and E. 65th St. in Cleveland, Ohio.

It has been said that it is one of the most outstanding and informative films to come from Yugoslavia. We know all Yugoslavs will want to see it. The admission is only 50 cents and all proceeds are to be sent to the United Committee of South-Slavic Americans.

For the United Committee of Cleveland Yugoslavs:  
Josephine Zakrajsek.

### SPOSNI TEDENSKI PREGLED

(Nadaljevanje s 11 strani)

larjev. To poleg tega, da je Anbiljev od Amerike dobila po "lend-lease" sistemu več kot vse druge zavezniške države skupaj, namreč za 29 tisoč milijonov dolarjev vrednosti. Skromni pa res niso ti Angleži! Prihodnjič bodo morali priti še zahtevo, da jim Američani pomagajo vzdrževati njihovega kralja!

JUGOSLOVANSKE ZAHEVE  
Po londonskem poročilu United Pressa bo Jugoslavija predložila konferenci zunanjih ministrov peterih veselih v Londonu,

ki bo sestavila mirovno pogodbo za Italijo, štiri glavne zahteve napram Italiji.

Jugoslavija bo zahtevala zase Istro in Primorsko s Trstom vred na podlagi argumenta, da je večina tamkajšnjega prebivalstva slovenska. Beograd priznava, da v Trstu samem je večina prebivalstva italijanska, zato naj bi Trst dobil avtonomijo pod jugoslovansko nadvlado. Baje bi Jugoslavija eventualno tudi pristala, da postane tržaško pristanišče mednarodno.

Dalje bo Jugoslavija zahtevala reparacije od Italije, ki da ji je povzročila za 61 tisoč milijonov dolarjev škode. Za eno tretjino 1,700,000 vojnih žrtev Jugoslavije so odgovorni Italijani.

Jugoslavija dalje zahteva povrnitev materialnih bogastev, ki so jih Italijani odnesli, vključno velik del narodne zlate rezerve in mnogo industrijske opreme. Iz Dalmacije so Italijani odpredili vse ribiške industrije s stroji v pred.

Končno bo Jugoslavija zahtevala, da ji Italija izroči vojne kriminalce, ki so odgovorni za grozodejstva, izvršena tekoma italijanske okupacije delov Jugoslavije. Te zločince naj bi sodila jugoslovanska sodišča. Do sedaj Italija ni izročila Jugoslaviji niti enega teh velikih zločincev; mnogo se jih giblje prosti in nekateri zavzemajo celo urade v sedanji italijanski vladi.

### WAINWRIGHT DOMA

Ameriški general Wainwright, ki je bil od leta 1942 v japonskem ujetništvu, je bil sijajno sprejet v San Franciscu, Washingtonu in New Yorku. Predsednik Truman mu je izročil kongresno častno medaljo, ki je najvišje odlikovanje, katero more dati naša država. Nastopil je pred obema zbornicama kongresa in izrazil upanje, da Amerika ne bo nikdar več zanemarila vojne pripravljenosti. Wainwright se je moral spomladi leta 1942 na Bataanu podati premočni japonski sili, nakar je bil z ostankom svojih borcev odveden v ujetništvo. Doživel pa je zadoščanje, da je 2. septembra na vojni ladji Missouri prisostvoval brezpogojni podaji Japonske.

### IZGUBLJENI KAMEN

Del Bele hiše v Washingtonu te čase nekaj popravljajo in preurejajo in so morali v to svrhu porušiti tudi nekaj zidovja. Pri tem so delavci prišli do ožganega dela zidovja, ki predstavlja temelj prvotne Bele hiše, ki so jo bili Angleži leta 1814 požgali. Z nasledovalcem min bodo skušali najti prvotni vogelni kamen, položen po Georgu Washingtonu, upajoči, da je v istem kovinska škata z zanimivimi dokumenti.

### ČASTNI PREDSEDNIKI

Bolgarska Domovinska fronta je izvolila štiri častne predsednike: ameriškega predsednika Trumana, ruskega maršala Stalina, angleškega premierja Attleea in jugoslovanskega maršala Tita.

## DOPISI

Barberton, O. — Slovenski dan, ki se je vršil v avgustu v prid stare domovine, je bil popoln uspeh v vseh ozirih. V imenu odbora SANSove podružnice št. 51 se iskreno lepo zahvalim povabljenim gostom in vsemu dobremu ljudstvu, ki se je udeležilo tega piknika. Hvaležni smo govornikom dr. F. Keranu in advokatu L. Kuslanu za iskrene in resnične besede, zahvalimo se vsem zunanjim poselnikom iz Clevelanda, iz Sharona, Pa., iz New Philadelphija, O., in vsem iz barbertonske okolice. Čisti dobiček od te pri-

reditve je bil \$402.00. Posebni darovi na pikniku so bili \$37.00. Darovali so: Mr. in Mrs. Anton Osaben: \$10.00; Mr. J. Okoren iz Clevelanda, \$5.00; Mr. J. Pollock, \$5.00, tudi iz Clevelanda. Mr. in Mrs. Frank Steiner, \$5.00; Mrs. Lovrenc Frank \$5.00; Mr. in Mrs. Andrej Zelencnik, \$5.00; Mr. J. Vadnal, \$2.00. Od prireditve Slovenskega dne je skupnega dobička \$439.00. Že prej so dobri ljudje dali za SANSovo pomožno akcijo in za članarino \$163.00, tako smo poslali na SANSov urad v Chicago julija in avgusta skupaj \$602.00. Za ta denar, že, kar se bo kupilo, za stari kraj, bodo naši ljudje doma zelo hvaležni. V imenu ljudi v domovini, se zahvaljuje odbor vsem delavcem na pikniku, in vsem, ki so prispevali jestvine, pižajo in drugo, vsem, ki so se potrudili, da so ljudi pripekljali na prostor in domov. Vsi skupaj smo se zavedali, da smo prispevali delo in denar za naše lačne in preganjane borce v naši lepi stari domovini, katero je hotel popolnoma uničiti Nemeec, Italijan in Madžar. Zraven teh pa še domači izdajalci, ki so se imenovali domobranci; seveda, svoj dom so branili, sosedovega so pa izdajali. Sedaj pa, ko je prišla pravična sodba nanje, pa ječe in beže kot podgane. Jugoslovanski patriotje so jih imenovali "švabobranci". Švabe so branili, namesto svojih. Torej Nemci in Italijani so prišli k nam požigat, krast, morit in zastrupljat nedolžne ljudi. Pa to ni nič, za ene sorte ljudi v Ameriki, kjer so jim drugi preskrbeli varno zavetje, polne sklade, in pri tem pozabljajo, kaj je njih sveta dolžnost. Pošten, resnico-ljuben človek, ki vse to vidi in sliši, se mu žalodec obrača vled nejevolje in jeze, nad tako sebičnim in hudobnim narodom, kakor se eni izkazujejo po Ameriki. Ljudje, ki bi morali učiti in izkazovati usmiljenje, so slabši od zveri. Najbrž taki ljudje malo pomislijo, ako sploh kaj mislijo, kdo je prav za prav začel že dve svetovni vojni. Prvo odločno katoliška Avstro-Ogrska v družbi delno katoliške in delno luteranske Nemčije, drugo spet tista Nemčija z odločno katoliško Italijo v kompaniji. In pobijali so po vsej Evrpi katoličane in protestante in žide in brezverce z večjo brutalnostjo kot se pobijajo podgane. Mi vemo, da kaj takega ne uč nobena krščanska vera in ne pripisujemo krivde za to nobeni veri. Toda, kako jo izvajajo in razlagajo predstavniki iste? Kaj je narobe s tistimi, ki se nazivajo kristjane? Kje je ljubezen do bližnjega, ki je ena temeljnih zapovedi krščanske vere? Ali ni naš bližnji vsak človek? Kje je gniloba? Ali ni na vodilnih mestih, tam, kjer bi se morala propagirati ljubezen do bližnjega, ne s frazami, ampak dejansko!

in sebični ljudje požirajo to sovraštvo in ne pomagajo nikomur.

S tem in takim ravnanjem že pripravljajo tla tretji svetovni vojni, zopet sami nerazodni katoličani s prevaranti vred. Tako se dela po Ameriki. Nekaterim so taki ljudje, ki so še ostali dobri in ki radi pomagajo svojemu bližnjemu, ki je v potrebi, največji trn v peti. Hvala Bogu, da je nekaj duhovnikov tukaj po Ameriki in v stari domovini, ki se trudijo, in mi z njimi vred, za dobrobit človeštva. Ne pozabite, ljudje, da so nam pripravili dobro, varno in ugodno življenje Washingtonovi borci, ravno taki, kakor so sedaj partizani in Rusi. Takrat so Washingtonovo vojsko imenovali ravno tako z gradimi priimki, kakor imenujejo sedaj partizane in Ruse. Vse so jim rekli Angleži in slabi domačini. Ni se lahko upirali veliki premoči, ampak zelo potrebno za obstanek življenja. Neprijatelj Rusov in partizanov hočejo sedaj, da naj Rusi in partizani odpuste vsem, da ne bo več klanja in morije, sedaj, ko je vojna končana. Tako sebično mislijo vsi zapeljanci. Takim ljudem se niso smilili milijoni drugih, ki so v groznih mukah umirali za svobodo vseh narodov. Torej, 21 milijonov Rusov, tisoče Poljakov, tisoče in tisoče Jugoslovancev, Čehov, Francozov, Norvežanov, Belgijcev, Slovkov, skoro pol milijona Američanov, pa vse te množice ljudi niso ganile te, po Ameriki zapeljane ljudi. Samo in samo domobranci in ubežniki se jim smilijo, ki, tako pravijo, jih je 2 tisoč, ki so prav za prav še živi, pa bodo šli, po svoje zasluženo plačilo s preganjalci vred. Torej, po glavah ne spametnih ljudi se vrta želja, da da bi morali Rusi in partizani odpustiti. Jaz sem pa takih misli: kadar jim bo odpustila Amerika, pa naj še Rus in partizan. Ampak, Stric Sam nima tega v glavi. On je zelo dober, pa bo ravno tako dobro plačal za svoje mrtve in pohabljenе vojske. To jasno kaže, ker še vedno lovi po kruzih deželah morilce in preganjalce vseh ljudi. Kar se pa vrta po nekaterih slovenskih sebičnih glavah, pa nima nobene veljave. To so po največ koristolovci in grdi sebičniki. Ti vsi so krivi vojne, ker enako delajo kot njih vredni bratje Nemeec, Italijan in Madžar. To je, zgdovinska resnica, ki je ne more ovreči noben psovač.

Jennie Okolish, blagajničarka podružnice št. 51 SANS, Barberton, Ohio.

Chicago, Ill.—Kakšna je "Baragova pratika" za leto 1946? V par dnevih bo na svetlem "Baragova pratika" za leto 1946. Citatelja gotovo zanima kakšna je. Naj torej o njej povemo par besedi.

Koledarji in pratike so navadno letne knjige, ki navadno vsebujejo časovni koledar, to je dneve, mesece, praznike itd. Dalje navedbe letnih časov, lune in druge spremembe. Za tem pa vse razne informacije, ki so potrebne ljudem, da jih vedo. Ameriški koledarji so v tem oziru natrpani s samimi takimi informacijami, raznimi tabelami o gospodarskih zadevah, športih in sploh z vsem, kar ameriško publiko zanima.

Ameriški koledarji niso posvečeni leposlovju. Med nami ameriški Slovenci sicer v obsežnejših koledarjih objavljamo tudi leposlovne spise, kar je tudi na mestu, ker knjig za to nam manjka in je edino kar imamo za tako namene prostora je v listih in pa v letnih koledarjih. "Baragova pratika" smo letos v veliki meri posvetili raznim informacijam. Smatramo, da je to važno za naše ljudi. Tako informacije naši ljudje čestokrat potrebujejo, bodisi kadar iščejo zaviljanstvo, ali kadar imajo opravka s kakimi zadevami, ki

zahtevajo takih informacij. Za take slučaje bo letošnja Pratika kakor nalašč, bo nekaj vodič v vsaki hiši, v katerega bodo lahko vsak čas pogledali za to ali ono.

Druge posebnosti so v letošnji Pratici. Meseci in dnevi so tiskani v bolj velikem tisku, kar bo dobrodošlo zlasti starejšim pri branju. Koledarski del je tiskan v dveh barvah in mnogo obsežnejši od prejšnjih. Potem imate seznam vsem premakljivih praznikov vse skozi do leta 1960. Za tem sledi cerkvena zgodovina. Seznam vseh dežel na svetu z navedbo števil prebivalstva in koliko je v vsaki deželi po svetu katoličanov. To je vrlo zanimivo. Za tem sledijo informacije o vladi Zedinjenih držav, kako posluše itd. Seznam governerjev vseh zveznih držav in teritorijev. Zbirka narodnih zastavic (ugank).

Potem sledi del raznih kratkih zgodovinskih spisov iz davne zgodovine, kar je zelo poučno in informativno o marsičem. O ponarejenem denarju. Potem sledi izvrsten svetovni pregled, ki ga je sestavil pisatelj č. g. J. M. Trunk. Zanimiva povest in mnogo drugega. "Baragova pratika" za leto 1946 je taka, da bo služila vsakemu za razne informacije še dolgo let. Zato je v interesu vsakega, da si jo preskrbi, dokler je na raki.

"Baragova pratika" za leto 1946 je tudi zelo primerno darilo za božične praznike za vaše domače v sfarem kraju. Nič ne de, če nimate še zdaj njih naslovov. Gotovo se bodo vam javili prej ali slej. Kupite en ali dva izdoda Pratique v ta namen in jih shranite. Ko se bodo vaši domači iz starega kraja javili in vam bodo poslali pravi naslov, pa jim boste poslali potem pratiko. Vse, kar bo treba je, da boste pratiko dobro zavili v papir, napisali naslov za stari kraj in pa dali na isto 6 centov znamko, pa jo boste lahko poslali kar sami iz vašega kraja v stari kraj. To je naš nasvet. V starem kraju bodo vam hvaležni za to lepo knjižico. Zelo jim boste ustregli. Le poskusite.

"Baragove pratike" za leto 1946 smo sicer tiskali nekaj več letos, a imamo že veliko naročil v naprej, zato svetujemo vsakemu, da se z naročilom požuri. Pratika stane s poštnino za Ameriko 40 centov. Za Jugoslavijo in Evropo pa 45 centov. Za inozemstvo prosimo pravilne naslove. Za morebitno zgubo knjižice mod potjo v teh razmerah ne moremo sprejemati odgovornosti. Zato pa pazite, da boste dali v takem slučaju pravilni in zanesljiv naslov, ali pa jim sami pošljite, kakor smo že zgoraj svetovali.

Za uredništvo "Baragove pratike":  
John Jerich.

Ely, Minn.—Članstvo društva št. 2 ABZ obveščam, da sem prejel nova pravila in člani jih lahko dobijo, ako se oglašijo pri meni na domu.

Vsi člani-vojaki, ki so odpustili iz vojaške službe, imajo 30 dni časa, da se brez zdravniške preiskave vzpostavijo v zavarovanje za bolniško podporo. Takoj po odpustu iz vojaške službe naj bi se vsak član oglašil pri meni.

Pri našem društvu imamo še vedno nekaj članov, ki imajo še stare certifikate načrta "A," kateri nimajo nikake gotovinskih rezerve. Tem članom se priporoča, da svoje certifikate izpremenijo v certifikate načrta "A," "B" ali "C." Za podrobnosti glede ugodnosti teh zavarovalnin naj vprašajo tajnika. Prilika za izpremenbo starih certifikatov v katerega gori omenjenih načrtov je samo še do konca tega leta. Kdor bo po 1. januarju 1946 skušal spremeniti stari certifikat načrta "A" v katerega novih načrtov, se bo mogel poslužiti le načrtov "D," "E" ali "F," kateri načrti pa zahtevajo znatno višje assesmente.

Vsem je znano, da je v teku kampanja za vpisovanje članov v mladinski oddelek in da so vsaki mesec razdeljene štiri nagrade tistim štirim društvom, ki vpišejo največja števila novih mladinskih članov. Dobro bi bilo, da se tudi pri našem društvu potrudimo za pridobitev ene teh nagrad. Naše društvo je bilo že v preteklosti večkrat uspešno v kampanjskih tekmah, torej ni vzroka, da bi se tozadevno ne moglo izkazati tudi v letošnji kampanji. Časa je še tri mesece. Bratski pozdrav! — Za društvo št. 2 ABZ:

Anton Knapp, tajnik.

Pittsburgh, Pa. — Vabilo na koncert za relief.—Zopet se nam nudi izredna prilika, da slišimo jugoslovanske umetnike na koncertu, katerega prireja Ameriški odbor za pomoč revčem v Jugoslaviji. Koncert se vrši v petek zvečer 28. septembra v veliki Carnegie Music dvorani na 4400 Forbes St., Oakland.

Zlatko Baloković, svetovno sloveči violinist, nastopi kot glavni umetnik. Njemu bo sledila splošno znana "Duquesne Tamburica," potem pa domači talenti, katerih imena bomo objavili pozneje.

Svrha koncerta je, da skupno doprinesemo svoj delež v reliefni zbirki za jugoslovanske reveže. Pri koncertu sodelujejo ugledni Amerikanci, ki čutijo svoje obligacije napram našim rojakom, ki so rešili nešteto ameriških vojakov gotove smrti.

Brez ozira kako misli kdo pomagati, dejstvo je, da moramo vsi celiti rane naših krvnih bratov in sester ter njihovih otrok. Oni niso povzročili vojne in bede, ampak naši stari sovražniki, Nemci in Italijani, v katerih načrtih je bilo uničiti in razdvojit južne Slovence v sovražne tabore, kar se jim pa ni posrežilo. Zbiranje reliefne pomoči je danes najbolj pereče vprašanje, humanitarno delo, okrog katerega se moramo združiti vsi Slovenci. Od složnega delovanja je odvisna naša čast in ponos, zavest, da smo dorasli in da znamo soditi in poplačati dobro delo, katerega je doprinesel naš narod v borbi za svetlejšo bodočnost vsega sveta.

Velika udeležba bo najmočnejši argument in dokaz političnim krogom, da so Trst, Primorje in Koroška naše opravičene zahteve. Ker bo na koncertu veliko Amerikancev, ki bodo prvič slišali glas naših zastopnikov iz Jugoslavije, bo tudi za nas zanimivo, kaj bo povedal ambasador Simič ali Slavko Zore ob tej svečani priliki.

Kupite vstopnice takoj! Te dobite pri Mrs. Skerlong, Klun in Jurgel. Pomagajte jim, da bodo Slovenci dobro reprezentirani. Pridimo vsi na koncert. Izpolnimo svojo sveto dolžnost napram onim, ki nimajo sorcev v Ameriki, da bi jim poslali kak zabojček!

Frank Oblak.

Chicago, Ill.—Redna seja podružnice št. 2 SANS se vrši prihodnje soboto, 22. septembra, ob 8. uri zvečer v navadnih prostorih: 1638 N. Halsted St. V dveh letih in pol, odkar podružnica obstoji, smo imeli 30 rednih sej. Zanimanje za to delo in udeležba na sejah je bila prilično zadovoljiva za to malo slovensko naselbino, izvzemši zadnje poletne mesece, ko se je udeležilo naših sej komaj osem do 14 članov. Tudi na svoje prostovoljne prispevke je veliko članov "pozabilo." Lahko bi človek sodil, da je slabe udeležbe na sejah vzrok poletna vročina, ali žal, morda to ni glavni vzrok. Saj je bilo lansko poletje tudi vroče, pa je bilo zanimanje vseeno precej gorko. Par članov, ali boljše rečeno bivših članov, mi je povedalo osebno: "Vojne je konec in organizacija kot SANS ni več potrebna; Jugoslavija je osvobodjena" itd. Drugi

(Dalje na 6. strani)

