

NOVA DOBA

(NEW ERA)

URADNO GLASILO JUGOSLOVANSKE KATOLIŠKE JEDNOTE — OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE SOUTH SLAVONIC CATHOLIC UNION

Leto 1935 je posvećeno napredku mladinskega oddelka J. S. K. Jednote. Svoje agilitnost bo pokazala naša mladina!

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DRUŠTVENE IN DRUGE SLOVENSKE VESTI

Konvencija bratskega kongresa države Ohio se bo vršila četrtak 14. novembra v Columbusu, O. Zborovanja Narodnega bratskega kongresa in drugih bratskih kongresov so vse bratske podporne organizacije velikega pomena, pomeni vedno bolj pogostih posredovanj raznih državnih legislativnih organizacij, kar bi za članstvo nezogibno pomenilo zvišanje aasementov.

Konvencija ohijskega bratskega kongresa v Columbusu bo 21. novembra zastopal 1. gl. tajnik, sobrat Janko N. Roman iz Clevelanda. Konvencija minnesotskega kongresa se bo vršila 21. novembra v St. Paulu, Minn. Tam bo J. S. K. Jednota zastopal glavni tajnik, sobrat Anton Zbašnik.

Plesno veselico priredi anglo-slovensko društvo št. 221 v Centru, Pa., v soboto 17. novembra. Veselica se bo vršila v tamkajšnji Slovenski dvorani.

Konvencija JSKJ društev v Ohio bo zborovala v nedeljo 24. novembra v Sloveni dvorani v Girardu, O.

Konvencija JSKJ društev v Pennsylvania, Pa., se bo vršila 30. novembra v Sloveni dvorani v Girardu, O. Tam bo J. S. K. Jednota zastopal glavni tajnik, sobrat Anton Zbašnik.

Konvencija JSKJ društev v Pennsylvania, Pa., se bo vršila 30. novembra v Sloveni dvorani v Girardu, O. Tam bo J. S. K. Jednota zastopal glavni tajnik, sobrat Anton Zbašnik.

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RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN INOZEMSTVA

FEDERALNI SODNIK Coleman na distriktnem sodišču v Baltimoru je izdal odločbo, da je neustavna postava, sprejeta v zadnjem zasedanju kongresa, katere namen je regulacija takozvanih utilitetnih družb. Končno besedo o ustavnosti ali neustavnosti omenjene postave bo vedela imelo vrhovno sodišče Zedinjenih držav.

V WASHINGTON je pretekli teden dospel kanadski ministrski predsednik W. L. Mackenzie King, da se s predsednikom Rooseveltom in državnim tajnikom Hullom posvetuje o možnih boljše trgovine med Zedinjenimi državami in Canado. Ako bo mogoče znižati carinske meje na obeh straneh, bo v korist obeh dežel. Canada je že bila in še lahko postane najboljši izvojni trg za Zedinjene države.

V DRŽAVI KENTUCKY so volilci pretekli teden glasovali za odpravo prohibicije z znatno večino. Z veliko večino je bil sprejet tudi amendment za vpeljavo stare tne penzije.

UPTON SINCLAIR, znani ameriški pisatelj, ki je organiziral takozvano "Epic" gibanje za odpravo revščine in pravičnejšo razdelitev bogastva in ki bil lani skoro na tej platformi izvoljen za gubernerja v Californiji, potuje sedaj po deželi in obdržuje predavanja. Pretekli teden se je za kratek čas ustavi v Clevelandu, O., in je pri tisti priložnosti izjavil, da ne bo več kandidiral za kak politični urad. Omenil je dalje, da "Epic" organizacija še vedno obstoji in da bo nadaljevala z bojem proti reakcionarnim silam.

V CLEVELANDU, O., ki veča za drugo največje slovensko mesto na svetu, je dne 11. novembra prevzel županske posele novoizvoljeni župan Harold H. Burton, neodvisen republikanec Clevelandski me tni čerbar do oča, da novi župan zavzame svoje mesto šest dni po izvolitvi.

V CHICAGU je v starosti 73 let umrl William A. Sunday, znani ameriški reformator, bivši baseball igralec in poznejši "evangelist." Pred leti je bil eden izmed najbolj glasnih in slikovitih reformatorjev in boriteljev za prohibicijo. Zadnja leta pa se ni več dosti slišalo o njem. Zapušča soprogo in dva sina.

ZA REDNO ZRAČNO zvezo med Evropo in Ameriko se delajo te dni načrti v Washingtonu in New Yorku. Lastniki podjetja naj bi bili v enakih proporcijah Američani in Angleži.

TOVARNA žitnih izdelkov v Battle Creeku, Mich., katere lastnik je W. K. Kellog, je naznanila, da je vsem delavcem zvišala plače za 12 in pol odstotka in da se je delovni dan znižal na šest ur. Mr. Kellog je izjavil, da krajše delovne ure tako zvišajo uspešnost delavcev in zmanjšajo izgube radi boleznih, da družba lahko plačuje iste mezde za šest ur dela kakor jih je prej za osem ur. Po njegovem mnenju bi se brezposelnost v tej deželi takoj znižala za 20 odstotkov, če bi vsa ameriška industrija znižala delavnik na šest ur.

(Dalje na 4. strani)

SEZONA ZAŠTRUPLJENJ S PLINOM

Bližajoča se zima bo poleg drugih neprijetnosti prinesla povečano nevarnost zastrupljenja z ogljikovim plinom, ki je v tej deželi znan pod imenom "carbon monoxide." Temu zastrupljenju so najbolj izpostavljeni avtomobilisti, kajti izpuh motorja producira obilico tega strupenega plina. Na prostem se ta plin izgubi v ozračje in ne predstavlja posebne nevarnosti, drugače pa je v zaprti garaži.

Marsikateri avtomobilist, ki je v mrzlem zimskem jutru v zaprti garaži pognal motor v obrat, da ga razgreje, je za to ne previdnost plačal z življenjem. V par minutah se garaža napolni s strupenim plinom in se dobesedno spremeni v mrtvaško celico.

Poleti za te vrste zastrupljenja ni take nevarnosti, kar nihče ne bo sedel v zaprtem avtomobilu ali v zaprti garaži. Pozimi pa ljudje, boječi se mraza, radi pozabijo na take nevarnosti.

Strupeni plin, imenovan carbon monoxide, je posebno nevaren vsled tega, ker je brez barve, brez duha ali okusa. Predno oseba, ki ta plin vdihava, začuti posledice, je navadno že prepozno. Zastrupljenje s tem plinom se ne pokaže pri vseh ljudeh enako. Nekateri postanejo zaspani in tej zaspanosti kmalu sledi nezavest; ako ni hitre pomoči od zunaj, so izgubljeni. Nekateri ljudje pa začutijo glavobol pred dremavo tjo. Ako so dosti pri sebi, da hitro odidejo na sveži zrak, se kmalu iznebijo slabih posledic.

Osebo, ki je padla v nezavest vsled zastrupljenja z omejenim ogljikovim plinom, je treba seveda najprej prenesti na sveži zrak, kjer se jo skuša spraviti k zavesti z umetnim dihanjem. V usta nezavestne osebe je dobro vltiti nekaj kapljic žganja. Važno je seveda, da se v vseh slučajih takoj pokliče zdravnik. Oseba, katero je zastrupil carbon monoxide, ima po navadi črno rdeč obraz in sluznice; koža je potna in žila utripajo počasi.

Nepravilno urejene ali pokvarjene peči na plin ali premog tudi producirajo carbon monoxide in zahtevajo vsako zimsko številne žrtve. Vsekakor največja nevarnost za te vrste zastrupljenja pa je pri avtomobilih.

Važno je torej, da so vrata garaže vedno na stečaj odprta, kadar je motor avtomobila v obratu, bodisi pri kakih popravilih ali pri razgrevanju mrzlega motorja. Važno je dalje, da je avtomobil v dobrem stanju in da odvajata strupene pline po cevi za izpuh, da isti ne prihajajo skozi razne špranje v prostor za voznika in potnike; iz tega vzroka je tudi važno, da je pod avtomobila brez špranj in lukenj. Za vse slučaje je priporočljivo, da je tudi v najhujši zimi vsaj eno okno avtomobila zgoraj nekoliko odprto, da strupeni plini, ki morda najdejo pot v prostor za voznika in potnike, lahko odhajajo na prosto.

Po navadi pri vozečem avtomobilu ne pride toliko strupenega plina v prostor za voznika in potnike, da bi bil direktno življenju nevaren. Toda že mala količina tega strupa zadostuje, da postane voznik nekako dremav, kar v mnogih slučajih povzroči

(Dalje na 4. strani)

VARNOST PRED DAVICO

P. S. DR. JOHN L. RICE, zdravstveni komisar mesta New Yorka Difterija (davica) je bo kmalu pojavila, kajti ta bolezen se najbolj pogosto pojavlja v mrzlem vremenu. Ako imate doma otroke v starosti manj kot šestih let oziroma ga imate kje drugje, je vaša dolžnost skrbeti za to, da je ta otrok takoj zavaran proti difteriji. Novi način vbrizganja (toxoid treatment) potrebuje le eno injekcijo za otroke do starosti šestih let in razvije imunizacijo (varnost pred boleznijo) v roku šestih do osmih tednov. Otrok, ki je sedaj imuniziran, bo od novega leta naprej varen pred napadom difterije.

Vsled imunizacije pred difterijo število boleznih in smrti vsled davice pada široim Zdruzenim držav. V mestu New York je število smrti v led tega vzroka padlo od povprečnih 750 na leto na povprečnih 95. Ker se občinstvo že več kot sedem let stalno dokazuje važnost imunizacije, starši v čim dalje večjem številu poskrbujejo za imunizacijo svojih otrok, vendarle imamo še vedno preveč mladih otrok brez imunizacije.

Ze vsak dojenček, čim je šest mesecev star, bi moral biti zavaran potem te imunizacije in ko to postane splošna navada, bo difterija postala jako redka bolezen. Zdravstvena oblast mesta New York je je borila več kot štirideset let, predno je prepričala starše o potrebi cepljenja, ki sedaj, ko mora vsak otrok biti cepljen pred vstopom v šole, nimamo več koz, katere bolezen je svoje čase ubijala na tisoče Newyorčanov vsako leto.

Novi način toksoid imunizacije je popolnoma neškodljiv in nima nikakih zlih posledic. Vsak zdravnik je pripravljen vcepiti ga takoj. Ako imate mladega otroka doma, pokličite takoj svojega zdravnika in poskrbite za njegovo imunizacijo.

Le imuniziran otrok je zavaran proti davici.

VOJNA V ETIOPIJI

Severna italijanska armada je okupirala mestce Makale, ki prav za prav ni dosti več kot kupina koč zgrajenih iz blata. Pri zavzetju mesteca ni padel niti en strel, ker etiopski vojniki mesta sploh niso branili. Italijani so zdaj zaposleni z utrjevanjem svojih novih pozicij in z gradnjo cest iz zaledja. Južna italijanska armada je brez boja zavzela Sassaabaneh, neko križišče in tržišče za karavane. Etiopski general Afework je podlegel rani, katero mu je prizadel drobec italijanske bombe.

Poročila s fronte se bavijo več z ubijanjem kakor z dejstvi. Večina jih je od poročevalcev, ki so z italijanskimi armadami, zato so poročila pač precej po barvana v prilog Italijanom. Iz vseh poročil pa je možno razbrati, da se Etiopci večinoma brez posebnih odporov umikajo. To najbrž delajo po preračunani taktiki, ker je težko verjeti, da bi bili taki strahopetci. Verjetno je, da bodo pokazali zobe, ko bodo sovražnika izvabili dovolj daleč v deželo.

Ekonomski bojkot Italije, za katerega so se izjavili malone vsi narodi, zastopani v Ligi narodov, se prične 18. novembra. Nemčija, ki ni članica Lige narodov, je prepovedala izvoz orožja in vojnega materiala tako v Italijo kakor v Etiopijo.

(Dalje na 4. strani)

JESENSKO SAJENJE DREVES

Obilica drevja spada med izrazita bogastva vsakega naroda, pa naj bo to drevje gozdno, sadno ali lepotično. O veliki vrednosti sadnega drevja skoro ni vredno izgubljati besed, saj je znana vsakemu. Praktični Američani znajo to upoštevati, kar najbolj dokazujejo velikanski sadni vrtovi po vseh državah, ki imajo primerno klimo. Američani tudi vedo, da se izplača gojiti najboljše sadne vrste, kakršne v različnih krajih uspevajo. Ameriško sadje vsled tega uživa svetovni sloves.

Gozdovi so velike vrednosti ne le zato, ker nam dajejo les za različno porabo, pač pa tudi vsled tega, ker preprečujejo poplave, zadržujejo silo viharjev, manjšajo poletno vročino in nekoliko pomagajo, da se ozračje pozimi preveč ne ohladi. Pred desetletji so se gozdovi v tej deželi neusmiljeno uničevali, toda zadnje čase se je mnogo storilo za ohranitev gozdov in ohranitev starejših gozdov. Posebno hvalevredno je, da se je pogozdilo mnogo slabega sveta, ki ni dosti vreden za drugo porabo. V različnih državah so tudi začeli saditi drevje ob novozgrajenih cestah, ki bodo po nekaj letih na način izpremenjene v krasne in prijetne devorede.

V mestih, malih in velikih, se velikega pomena lepotična drevesa. Mnoga mesta so tekom letnih mesecev takorekoč vsa poplajena v zelenje. To napravljajo mesta lepa in prijetna in polet zelo zmanjšuje vročino. V tem oziru lahko služi za lep vzor na še glavno mesto Washington. Tam je nešteto malih in velikih parkov s senčnatim drevjem in skoro vse ceste so ob straneh obsajene z drevjem. Za lepotična oziroma senčna drevesa po mestih se izbirajo drevesne vrste, ki se odlikujejo s primerno rasto in senco in ki v posameznih krajih najbolj uspevajo. V mestih, kjer ni veliko industrije, uspevajo različne drevesa, k zadimljenih industrijskih mestih ne uspevajo. To je pri saji tju drevce treba upoštevati.

Precej industrijskega dima prenesejo platane ali sikamore, evkalipti, katalpe, javori, brest niti en topoli. Evkalipti (eucalyptus) domače ameriške vrste, katerim listje na jesen odpade, so menda najodpornjša drevesa proti dimu in prahu in uspevajo v večini krajev našega srednjega zapada in vzhoda, z izjemo severnih krajev. (Teh evkaliptov ne smemo zamenjati z vedno zelenim kalifornijskim evkalipti, ki so bili importirani iz Avstralije). Topoli hitro rastejo in uspevajo skoro v vsakem podnebnju, imajo pa to napako, da v mestih silijo s koreninami v kanalizacije ter jo poskodujejo in zamasiijo. Na prostorih blizu kanalizacije torej ne kaže saditi teh drevcev in v nekaterih mestih je sajenje istih celo postavno zabranjeno. Ameriški brest (elm) so zelo cenjena in lepa drevesa, toda zadnje čase jih napada neka iz Evrope zanešana bolezen, in je nevarnost, da jih docela uniči.

V mestu Clevelandu, O., dobro uspevajo javori, bresti, evkalipti, platane, akacije, katalpe in ponekod tudi lile. Med najbolj priporočljiva drevesa pa spadajo platane (sycamore), katerim ne škodujejo niti mrčsi niti prah in dim, ki lepo raste. Tajejo obilno senco in ostanejo

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ODMEVI IZ RODNIH KRAJEV

Na nenavaden način je poneprečala žena posestnika Zgonca, po domače Škaleta iz Krvave peči pri Velikih Laščah. Zgončeva, ki je bila stara 65 let, je že dalje bolehal na očeh. V zgodnjem jutru 18. oktobra, še predno se je zdanilo, je je v spremstvu svoje mlajše sosedice napotila proti Ljubljani iskat pomoči v bolnišnico. Pot vodi skozi gozd in v temi sta ženski zašli kakšnih 150 metrov od steze. Naenkrat je Zgončeva spodrsnilo, padla je in zavpila, nakar je njena spremljevalka slišala samo še šum listja, pokanje vej in nato zamolko bobnenje. Spremljevalka je vsa prestrašena obsedela na mestu in šele ko se je zdanilo, je opazila, da sedi poleg globokega prepada. Klicala je v prepad, pa ni bilo odgovora. Ženska je nato odhitela v vas, da je sporočila o nesreči. Po priadevanju župana iz Velikih Lašč in banovinskega zdravnika je odpravila dobro opremljena reševalna ekspedicija k prepadu, ki je 120 metrov globok. Reševalec Dolar se je po močni trvi na škripcu spustil v prepad, kjer je našel silno razbito trulo ponesrečenke. Reševalci so najprej potegnili na dan ponesrečenko, nato pa še drznega reševalca. V prepadu, ki se imenuje Ertičnik, je Dolar videl mnogo kosti različne divjačine in se je tam ponesrečila.

V Zagrebu je umrl upokojen zavajatelj zavoda za lepe Vinko Bek, ki je bil ustanovitelj zavoda za slepe in sploh velik dobrotnik slepcev. Kot voditelj zavoda je imel velike uspehe, zaslužki pa je bilo tudi njegovo strokovno pisateljsko delovanje.

Požar je uničil podstrešje hiše trgovca in gostilničarja Franca Pečarja na Črnučah. Gasilci so ogenj kmalu zadušili, toda koda znaša kljub temu okrog 00.000 dinarjev; deloma jo je povzročil požar, deloma pa voda; na blagu v trgovini.

V Bočni pri Gornjem gradu ta pogorela dva velika kozolca posestnice Jožefe Zagoženove gorelo je mnogo poljskih prielkov, 6 vozov in razno gospolarsko orodje. Ga ilci so rešili nišo in druga sosedna posopja.

V Sušaku, jugoslovanskega kristianišču poleg italijanske Reče, je v priročni dogodki, ki se odvijarajo pri sosedah, zelo veliki promet. Vsa ogromna carinska skladišča so mnogo premajhna. Okrog 400 Fordovih avtomobilov je moralo biti poslanih v Carigrad, ker jih Sušak ni mogel spraviti pod streho. Trgovci in izvozniki tožijo, da počasno likvidiranje terjatev precej ovira promet čez mejo. Na Reki so cene znatno poskočile kljub preventivnim odredbam italijanske vlade. Prvo blago, ki ga je začelo tam primanjkovati, je milo.

Nedavno je izšla knjiga "Narodne šumarske knjižnice," ki vsebuje zanimiv pregled gozdnega bogastva Jugoslavije. Po gozdnem bogastvu je Jugoslavija med evropskimi državami na sedmem mestu. Večje gozdno bogastvo imajo: Rusija, Finska, švedska, Avstrija, češkoslovaška in Luksemburg. Gozdovi pokrivajo nad 31 odstotkov površine Jugo lavije; prednjačijo bukovi gozdovi, katerih je 24

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VSAK PO SVOJE

V Clevelandu smo imeli pretekli teden županske volitve in volilci so se z veliko večino izrazili, da ne marajo na županski stol posaditi moža, ki je bil že enkrat prej župan in že enkrat prej odslavljen. Grki na Balkanu pa so drugačnih nazorov. Poklicali so nazaj na prestol kralja Jurija, katerega so bili pred enajstimi leti spodili. Vsak po svoje!

Potresi so pojenjali, komarji so izginili, volitve so končane in Amerika je še vedno nevtralna. Tako imamo vendar nekaj, za kar bomo lahko hvaležni na Zahvalni dan.

Pred dobrim stoletjem, ko je Napoleon s svojimi armadami vdrl v Rusijo, so se Rusi le malo branili in ustavljali, da so izvabili sovražnika globoko v deželo. Ruska zima, boleznih in glad so polagoma med francosko armado opravili svoje in s pomočjo teh zaveznikov so Rusi primeroma lahko zlomili moč do takrat nepremagljivega Napoleona. Zdi se, kakor da bi bili tudi Etiopci zavzeli to staro rusko taktiko. Umikajo se brez bojev in izvabljajo Italijane dalje in dalje v divjo deželo. Tako se zna zgoditi, da bo Mussolinijeva vojska v Etiopiji taka ali še hušja, kakor je bila Napoleonova v Rusiji.

Predsednik Roosevelt je jasno povedal ameriškim vojnim dobičkarjem, da vsaka trgovina, ki bi jo vodil z vojskujočimi se državami, pojde na odgovornost in riziko njih samih. Amerika se je iz zadnje svetovne vojne vendar naučila nekaj, posebno to, da bi bilo nove vojne dolgove prav tako nemogoče izterjati, kakor je nemogoče izterjati stare.

Mussolini je odredil, da Italijani en dan v tednu ne smejo uživati mesa. To za Italijo ne bo posebna novost in pokora, kajti večina tamkajšnjega prebilstva ima že od prej po sedem brezmesnih dni na teden. Dokler o kaj polente, ne bo revolucije.

Italijan-ke potniške parnike kaže nameravajo opremiti s tovevi. Na italijanskih parnikih, ki vozijo preko Atlantika, bo za o dekoracijo dovolj prostora, ker potniki na njih so bele vrane.

Nemška vlada je pošpionirala vse brivce in jim ukazala, da morajo redno poročati oblastim, kaj se ljudje pogovarjajo v brivnicah. Prav mnogo informacij o judskem razpoloženju vlada ne bo dobila na ta način, saj je splošno znano, da v priročni zgovornih brivcev le malokateri njihova žrtev pride do besede.

Jugoslovanski listi poročajo, da je vsled vojne začelo v raznih italijanskih mestih primanjkovati mila. Pa ne, da bi skušali Italijani etiopske črnce zajfati in prati!

Vsa Evropa se mrzlično pripravljala na vojno in živi v neprestanem strahu, da ista lahko vsak čas izbruhne. Mi tukaj smo pa vsak dan bolj hvaležni tisti pametni naravni sili, ki je postavila Atlantski ocean na pravo mesto, to je med Ameriko in Evropo.

Avstrijski monarhi ti zbirajo rispevke, da postavijo spomenik (Dalje na 4. strani)

MLADINSKI ODDELEK -- JUVENILE DEPARTMENT

RIBICA IN NEUMNEŽ

(Ruska pravljica)
Nekoč so živeli trije bratje, dva sta bila pametna, tretji pa neumen. Pametna dva sta se namenila na se-
menj in sta naročila neumnežu:

"Postojata, kaj ti praviva? Vse, kar ti bosta naročila najini ženi, moraš lepo storiti in jima biti pokoren, kakor pravi materi. Zato ti hočeva kupiti rdeče čevlje, rdečo suknjo in rdečo srajco."

Neumni jima odgovori:
"Ze prav, v vsem jima bom pokoren."

Nato sta brata odšla na semenj, neumni pa je šel na peč ležat. Bratovi ženi pa su mu rečeta:

"Kakšna šema si ti? Ali ti nista brata ukazala, da moraš naju poslušati, in sta ti obljubila zato lepo darilo? Bodi vsaj po vodol!"

"Tisti, ki jo bil neumen, vzame vedro in gre po vodo. Zajame globoko, gloj, pa ujame ščuko v vedro. In pravi:
"Hvala Bogu, ščuko, ki sem jo ujel, hočem skuhati in sam pojedeti, bratovljena ženama pa ne dam nič, ker jih ne morem trpeti."

Kar se oglasi ščuka in mu reče s človeškim glasom:

"Neumnež, spusti me v vodo! Nikar me ne pojel, to ti bo v srečo!"

Neumni ji reče:
"Kakšna sreča pa bo?"

"Postujaj! Kar boš rekel, to se bo zgodilo. Reci: Na ribičin ukaz in kar hočem jaz! Vedro, teči samo domov zvesto in se postavi na svoje mesto!"

Komaj neumni to izgovori, steče vedro proti domu in se postavi na svoje mesto, v kuhinjo pred pokrov.

Ko bratovi ženi to vidita, se silno začudita. Kar v zrak jih je vrglo in rečeta:

"Kaj pa je to? Ali je to napravil neumnež? O, to mora biti poseben prebrisaneec, da je vedro kar samo priteklo domov."

Neumnež pride domov in gre zopet na peč ležat. Bratovi ženi pa godrnjata nad njim:

"Kaj se to pravi, neumnež! Zakaj ležiš na peči, v kuhinji pa ni nobene-
ga polena! Pojdi vendar v les po drva!"

Neumnež vzame dve sekiri, sede na sani in ne vpreže nič konj, temveč samo zakličče:

"Na ribičin ukaz in kar hočem jaz: Sani, peljite me v les!"

Sani poskočijo neutegoma in tečejo urno kot bi jih kdo priganjal, po cesti naprej. Sani teko skozi vas in povozijo več ljudi, ki so prišli gledat. Bila je zmešnjava, da nikoli teža, ko je vse kričalo:

"Prinite ga, prinite ga!"

Alli nihče ga ni mogel obdržati. Neumnež se pelje v gozd, tam stopi s sani, sede na štop in ukáže:

"Na ribičin ukaz in kar hočem jaz: Sekira, ti sekaj drevesa, in ti, druga sekira, jih razkolji v polena!"

Pa začeta delati sekiri sami od sebe, da je bilo veselje. Prva je podirala velike hraste in mogočnje bukve, druga pa jih je cepila v polena in polena so se sama od sebe naklajala na sani. Potem ukáže neumnež:

"Sekira, odsekaj mi gorjaco!"

Prva sekira mu odseka gorjaco, ki prileti sama od sebe k njemu v sani, in neumnež se odpelje domov; pelje se zopet skozi vas, kjer so se zbrali vaščani in ga pričakovali s palicami in metlami. Ko zagledajo neumneža, mu gredo nasproti in kriče in groze.

Neumnež pa reče:

"Na ribičin ukaz in kar hočem jaz: Gorjaca, le po njih!"

Gorjaca skoči s sani in začne udrihati po vaščanih, da so obeležali kopicke smopja. Neumnež pa se je peljal mimo njih in prišel lepo domov, kjer je zložil polena pred hišo in zlezel na peč. Vaščani pa so šli k carju ter mu zatožili neumnega brata in pristavili:

"Pa ga moraš z zvijačo zvabiti k sebi, drugače ne bo prišel. Najboljše je, da mu obljubiš rdeče čevlje, rdečo srajco in rdečo suknjo."

Carjevi biriči so torej šli k neumnežu in so rekli:

"Pojdi k carju, da ti bo dal rdeče čevlje, rdečo suknjo in rdečo srajco."

Neumni jih poslušal in reče, ne da bi zlezel s peči:

"Na ribičin ukaz in kar hočem jaz: Peč, pelji me k carju!"

In kakor je ležal, je ostal na peči, ki se je vzdignila, se odmajala skozi duri, potem pa zletela z vetrom po cesti naprej. Tako je prišel neumni k carju, ki ga je hotel ostro kaznovati, ker mu je skoraj pobil toliko podanikov.

"Zakaj si mi to storil?" je zagrmel nad njim.

"Ali ne veš, da imam samo jaz pravico kaznovati svoje ljudi?"

"Saj mi je ribica ukazala," je dejal neumni.

"Pa naj te ribica reči, kadar boš visel na visokih dvorih, ha ha!"

In car je ukazal, naj ga nemudoma peljejo na mraziče, ali takrat pada carjeva hči pred očetom na kolena in prosí za njegovo življenje. Zelo ji je namreč neumni živjal, ker je bil hraber in je ribico više cenil od vsega na svetu.

"Izpusti ga oče, nedolžen je! Le to je storil, kar mu je ukazala ribica."

In car se ga v resnici usmili.

"Naj ti bo odpušeno, ali glej, da ne boš pobijal mojih podanikov!"

Carčina pa si misli: Kakšen krasen junak je to! Gotovo mu ni v njen drzavi enakega! In poprosi carja:

"Oče, daj mi ga za moža!"

Car se je silno razsrdil in ju je dal v naglici in skrivaj poročiti. Potem je pa ukazal, naj ju skupaj denejo v sod, ga s smolo zaljejejo in spuste v morje.

Kot je velel, tako se je zgodilo. Dolgo časa je plaval sod po morju, dokler ni carčina rekla neumnežu:

"Reci vendar, naj naju vrže na"

Care of Winter Birds

If you have never fed the winter birds, you have missed a very delightful and interesting occupation. Now is the time to get the outdoor "dining room" ready, and to accustom the birds to certain feeding places. By encouraging the birds to visit your dining room, you will not only be repaid in the protection of your crops and in the satisfaction of knowing you have helped them through the winter, but you will find that you have acquired a new interest—one that will often banish loneliness, as birds will become tame and companionable if you are quiet, gentle and patient in your manner toward them. This new interest may open other doors. The ways of the birds afford entertainment and are well worth observation and study. They are quite human in many of their characteristics: Love of display, fondness for teasing, fighting, or quarreling. Some are dainty eaters; others are gluttons. You will soon discover that they love their kind, for they will bring other birds to share the bounty of food.

You may choose from various styles of dining rooms, and quite likely you will want more than one.

There are a number of simple ones. Among these are the shelf extension to a window sill; the table or board fastened on a post; the tree and a hollow coconut filled with chopped seed or other food mixture, the nut suspended by a wire from a limb of a tree.

But the bird lover may decide upon a more elaborate apparatus. A food hopper, such as is used for domestic fowls, may be made to serve as a dining room. This should be provided with a detachable roof and may rest upon a platform, or be suspended from the limb of a tree.

Enclosed structures with glass sides permit observation, and at the same time protect the birds from the weather. Such a house has a solid roof and is open at the bottom. To the post on which this house or feeding station is mounted, there should be fastened a square or circular shelf which is placed even with the length of the sides. A sheet-metal guard, either a cylinder about eighteen inches long tacked closely to the pole or a cone, should be placed high enough to prevent cats from springing from the ground and securing a hold on the pole.

Feeding stations or houses may be inexpensive, home-made affairs; or they may be purchased from dealers, as manufacturers are placing various forms the market.

These feathered guests will like various kinds of foods. A favorite is suet which may be placed between crevices in the bark of a tree, or may be hung from its branches. A lump may be fastened on the shelf or table or suspended from either of them. Other foods are corn (whole or cracked), bread crumbs, sunflower seeds, wheat, oats, broken squash and watermelon seeds, scraps of raw or cooked meat, fat pork, nuts, and chaff.

Winter is a hard season for many of our bird friends which have served us so nobly during the warm months by destroying harmful worms, grasshoppers, moths, bugs and insects which prey upon trees, grass, orchards, fields, and flower and vegetable gardens. We should not neglect to give these delightful little songsters our care and attention, for without them successful growing of crops and gardens would be impossible.

—Flower Grower.

STOP

"Good gracious me," cried Polly Pratt, A cat will fly, if you say "Scat." I wish the mice in our house, Would fly, whenever I say "Smouse!" Perhaps they will—next time I'll see If I can keep my wits with me.

In neumni reče:
"Na ribičin ukaz in kar hočem jaz: Morje, vrzi sod na suho in ga razbij!"

Morje vrže sod na obalo, sod so razbije, in ona dva sta odšla po poti proti mestu. Carjeva hči pa zaprosi neumneža, naj jima postavi kočlo.

Neumni pravi:
"Na ribičin ukaz in kar hočem jaz! Sezidaj se, palača iz marmorja, lepša kakor je carjeva!"

In kot bi trenil, se je zgodilo. Zjutraj zagleda car pred svojimi okni novo palačo, vso bleščečo in zlato. Hitro pošlje svoje služabnike, naj povzvedo, kdo v njej stanuje. Ko izvede, kdo v njej stanuje, sta morala neutegoma k njemu.

"Ha, lep pič si mi ti! Kdo te je pa naučil po morju plavati in palačo zidati," ga je vprašal car.

"Ti si mi že mislil dobro podkuriti, pa ti ni uspelo! Jaz pa sem imel ribico na svoji strani, in na njen ukaz sem razbil sod, v katerem pa si naju ti dal zabiti."

In carčina se je zasmejala, da so zavzvenela okna in je izpregovorila:
"Pa tudi palačo je sezidal na ribičin ukaz."

"In kakor hočem jaz," je pristavil neumni, ki je bil zdaj carjev naslednik in bolj pameten od svojih bratov.

Modro je vladal, dolgo živel v miru in zvestobi s carično. Delil je do-
brote in podpiral sirote.

WHY KANGAROOS HAVE LONG TAILS

Sammy and Nurse were seated under the big oak tree at the Zoo. Nurse was waiting for the big, blonde Keeper to come along and chat with her. Sammy was waiting, curled up on a small blanket upon the ground, for his eyelids to grow heavy with sleep for his afternoon nap.

Not that he liked to sleep—oh, no! But then, you recall, he very often encountered his queer little friend, the

"don't try to remember, Sammy, for you never did even hear of a Sweetumbite, much less see one."

"After a while Kangaroo stopped by the side of some very tall bushes and pointed upward with one of his short, stubby little forelegs.

"There," he cried triumphantly, "there it is, Mr. Gnome! Look—isn't it luscious? And, oh, I do so want to eat it! My mouth is fairly watering



Jolly Gnome and went with him on pleasant jaunts among the animals—when he was asleep and only when asleep!

Presently Sammy dozed off into the Land of Nod and then—out of nowhere—sprang up the Jolly Gnome.

Such a queer old man he was, too, with his humming bird feather coat, fur trousers and wrinkled smiling face.

"Good afternoon, my boy," he said, "Come, sit on this magic leaf and we'll sail away to the cage of the kangaroo in the far corner of the Zoo. I have a most interesting story to tell you about kangaroos. Come—quick—we're off!"

And in less time than it takes you to open and close your eyes the leaf had carried them through the air and deposited them gently on the ground by the side of the enclosure in which the kangaroo was disporting himself.

"Once upon a time, long before there was any such creature as man on the earth," said Sammy's strange companion, "the Kangaroo came to me weeping and wailing and begged me to help him. As you will recall, Sammy, I was the king of all living things then, and they all came to me to settle their disputes and bind up their wounds."

"Well, the Kangaroo then did not look like kangaroos do now, Sammy. No, indeed. Now, you see, they have little, short, weak forelegs and big, long, powerful hind legs—strong enough to kick out with and knock a man senseless. Besides, there is that thick, tremendous tail, tapering out to such a small point.

"But at that time, Sammy, the Kangaroo's hind legs were no longer than his front ones; and his tail was about the size of that rabbit. Even then he was a swift runner, though he did not hop along, in great, bounding leaps, as he does now.

"Oh, oh, oh, Mr. Gnome," wailed the Kangaroo—I can remember even now how silly he sounded—"please, please help me to get that Sweetumbite!"

"What?" I exclaimed. "Sweetumbite? What in the world is that?"

"The Kangaroo stopped wailing, dried his eyes and put his absurd little pocket handkerchief back in his pouch—yes, in those days all kangaroos had them—and looked at me in surprise.

"Sweetumbite!" he exclaimed. "Don't you know a sweetumbite when you see one, Mr. Gnome?"

"No! I do not!" I replied somewhat testily. "I'm afraid, and I don't believe you do, either!"

"Come with me, please—and I'll show it to you," he declared.

"I was so amazed I could scarcely scramble to my feet to follow him. A Sweetumbite! Could it be that there was something new in the forest, something that I knew nothing about? Well, hardly. Of course, you know what a Sweetumbite is, Sammy?"

And the Jolly Gnome's eyes twinkled roughly for a moment or two as he chuckled over the blank, puzzled expression that had settled upon little Sammy's face.

"There, there," he continued presently,

look came into his eyes. Then I simply couldn't hold out any longer and I rolled over and over on the ground, laughing until I thought my sides would split.

"That Sweetumbite—that beautiful, luscious Sweetumbite—mind you, was nothing but a sour old gourd that the Laughing Hyena and the mischievous Monkey had painted and hung up in the bushes for the express purpose of playing a practical joke on poor Kangaroo!"

"Well, to make a long story short, Kangaroo flew into a rage and then wept bitter tears of disappointment. But the worst of it was that when he started to walk sadly away, the rear end of him was sticking so high up in the air and the front so close to the ground that at every move he would turn a complete somersault. He couldn't even hop along on his hind legs, as Kangaroos do nowadays, for he had no long tail with which to balance himself when he hopped!

"Poor fellow! I almost felt sorry for him. He begged and begged me to make his legs short again. But I reminded him that he had agreed not to object to them and impressed upon him the fact that his own greedy appetite was responsible for his predicament—just as little boys and girls often get into trouble, you know, Sammy, when they insist upon having something that isn't good for them. So I refused.

"Then he pleaded with me to make his front legs long, so they would balance with his hind legs. But again I refused; and I did so because I wanted him to be reminded thereafter of his foolishness every time he looked at those stubby little front legs. But finally, when I simply couldn't stand his weeping any longer, I relented and waved my Magic Wand so that his tail grew long enough and big enough to balance him when he hopped along.

"He was overjoyed and promised never to be greedy again. And that, Sammy, is why kangaroos have such long tails. It is true they have learned to make excellent use of them, and would—whew! Sammy, there's Nurse calling you. Goodbye! I must be off!"

"Sammy! Sammy!" it was Nurse's voice. "Wake up—it's time to be going home!"

"Um-m-m-m," mumbled Sammy, sitting up and rubbing his eyes. There were Nurse and the blonde Keeper bending over him and smiling at him.

"Um-m-m-m," said Sammy again.

"My, I thought you never would wake up!" exclaimed Nurse.

By now Sammy was wide awake.

"Mr. Keeper," he asked presently, "do your kangaroos at the Zoo eat Sweetumbite?"

"Sweet—what? Sweetumbites?" exclaimed the Keeper. "Why, I never heard of such a thing! Where in the world did you get the idea, Sammy, that—"

"Pshaw! Don't mind him," said Nurse, "he's just been having another one of those foolish dreams of his. Sweetumbite—sounds like something good to eat, doesn't it?"

"Oh, I thought I would simply burst with laughter, Sammy, at that silly Kangaroo; but I managed to keep a straight face. The idea! Poor Kangaroo! And that mischievous Monkey! Then the thought occurred to me that, after all, the Laughing Hyena has to have something to laugh about now and then—and at that I very nearly laughed right out loud. But I understood it all. But I made up my mind to teach that foolish Kangaroo a lesson.

"So I let him beg and plead for a while and then I agreed.

"Kangaroo," I said, "you shall have your wish—if you will stand the consequences. I'll wave my Magic Wand and your legs will grow longer. But I can't make them shorter again, after you have eaten that Sweetumbite. They'll have to stay that way."

"I don't care! I don't care!" he cried, his mouth watering and a greedy look coming into his eyes. "Please, please hurry!"

"So I waved my Wand and his legs began to stretch and stretch. There he stood, trying to balance himself and reach up, with mouth open and his little forelegs pawing the air. Longer and longer grew his hind legs, and bigger and stronger and thicker, until he certainly was a queer, ungainly looking animal.

"Faster! Make them grow faster, please, please!" he would cry out every now and then.

"At last, with a cry of joy, his legs took a sudden final sprout and his greedy jaws closed over the Sweetumbite. Down to earth he came, all excited and eager to begin his feast. But even as he bit into the luscious fruit his

Setting the River on Fire

In England many, many years ago before the millers had the wonderful machinery they have now for sifting flour, each family was obliged to sift its own flour before it could bake bread. A sieve was necessary, and the sieve they used was called a "temse". This temse was so fixed at the top of a barrel that it could be turned round and round.

Now you all know that if you turn anything around very fast the thing will get very hot, and when the temse was used very hard the friction would sometimes cause it to catch fire.

The smart, or the hard-working, boys who sifted flour could make it go so fast that people got into the way of pointing out a lazy boy and saying: "He will never set the temse on fire."

By and by when machinery took the place of the boys who turned the sieves, there were still plenty of stupid boys left in the world, and good folk kept on saying that they would never set the temse on fire.

You might rightly say: "I thought the expression was 'Setting the river on fire.'"

The river Thames is pronounced exactly like the word "temse," and so after many years, the persons who had never seen or heard of the old-fashioned sieve, called temse, thought that "setting the temse on fire" meant setting the river Thames on fire.

This expression was not confined to England, as it traveled far and wide, and very soon people living near other waters began to apply it to lazy boys by changing the word "Thames" to the word "River."

Now when they want to say that a boy is stupid they say: "He will never set the river on fire."

—

Danilo Gorinšek: **CEBELA**

Punčka naša kot čebela do večera se nadela: zjutraj ji je treba vsati, s postelje se skobacati, potlej mora glasno vpiti, ker se treba je umiti, a potem kar brez odmora sukati jeziček mora.

Nikdar nima časa šteti, saj stoji še mora jesti, a popoldne kar od kraja treba je, da ponagaja. Je li čudež, če čebela do večera se nadela, če tedaj nič več ne more, kakor—spati le do zore?!

—

Danilo Gorinšek: **STOIMENA**

Stoimena je naš punček: Ko ves dan otresal kljunček, takrat "Raglja ji ime je. Kadar glasno se nasmeje, naša "Luna" se ji reče. Ko se s svojim avtom meče, se ji pravi "Afrikant meče, se se dere brez prestanka, pa se nič ne sme več reči, stoimeno treba sleči, treba jo po zadnji plati z oljem leskovim mazati.

—

Danilo Gorinšek: **VOL, PAV IN PETELINA**

Na njivi za hišo je oral Enoš volom. Sredi dopoldneva je orel vil delo, vrgel pred utrajeno, naročaj mrve, sam pa je stopil da použije kos kruha.

V tem se približata volu petelina. Oba silno ohoti dvigneta glavi.

"Ali si, ubogi volec, že videl jem življenju kar lepšega, kot bleščeči rep?" reče pav in se prevzetno razčepri. "Pač skrbim gi sivec, da je tvoja dlaka masna!"

Nato zakurkiva petelina: "Moje rep sicer ni tako lep, paup, ampak moj glas, moje nekaj velja! Smilsi se mi, moj, da ne znaš kar nič peti!"

"Vesta kaj," odgovori volec, vrline le kar obdržita zase. Petelina vama pravi iz srca. Jaz utegnem misliti niti na pisanje, niti na kakršno koli petje, ker trdo delati, drugače vidva bosta imela kaj zobati!"

Zdajci pav in petelina upogobita osabni glavi ter vsa ostrančita odkurita.

LEV IN ČLOVEK

(Ruska)
Lev se pogovarja na bregu reke ne daleč stran pa stoji človek v sušča. Komaj začeta sčuka od zgine v vodi. Drugi dan je v vodah.

"Zakaj pa si tako hitro izšel? Videla sem človeka."

"I, kaj pa je to takega?"

"O, ta je zvit!"

"Kaj pa je to človek? Počuj, pa ga požrem."

In lev gre iskati človeka. Prvi nasprotni otrok in lev ga vpraša: "Ali si ti človek?"

"Ne, sem šele otrok, človek bom!"

Lev gre naprej. Pride po petelini. "Ali si ti človek?"

"Ne, nisem, ljublj lev. Bil sem proč človek."

Lev gre naprej in si misli: "Čudno, nikjer ne najdem človeka. Lev ga vpraša: "Ali si ti človek?"

"Da, človek sem!"

"Potem te požrem!"

Vojak pravi: "Stoj, stopi dva koraka nazaj, pri črelo, bom skočil vanj."

Lev stopi dva koraka nazaj, črelo, vojak pa pomehi in ustne. Potem potepne sabljo in vstane čez uho. Lev pobegne.

Pride zopet k reki. Priplava "Kaj je novega?"

"Lev odgovori: "I, kaj! Zares je človek prejel ga nisem našel, potem se odced, da je že bil človek, da se le bo. In pravi človek, ga nazadnje vendar srečal, mi prav nič vseh. Najprej mi je raj stopim dva koraka nazaj, prem črelo, potem mi je pa vni, da me še zdaj peče kot bi zažgano. Potem pa je iztagnil in me udaril čez uho."

"Poglej, ali ti nisem rekla, da ka pokimala z glavo in vodil.

—

Danilo Gorinšek: **ON THE FARM**

Up on the hill where the chestnut stand, Full as the vines can hold, Pumpkins shine on the sunlit leas, Yellow and bright as gold.

Over the meadows the bob whites call, With whistle that's hard to beat; Down in the orchard the apples fall, Juicy and ripe and sweet.

And I think that these are the best, Of all of the things I prize, For I know that plenty I soon, Of Grandma's pumpkin pies.



O POLŽJI HIŠICI

Tega je mnogo tisoč let, kar pesmica ta riše, tedaj drugačen bil je svet, bil polž je se brez hiše.

Popotniki tedaj trije so lezli prav počasi po cesti, kajti stáva je, kdo zadnji bo na vasi.

Bili so polž, rogač in jež, ki romali po cesti, — čeprav z neba pretel je dež so proti vasi lezli.

So lezli gluhi in slepi, kot ne bilo bi burje, a ko odprli so oči, divjalo je — neurje ...

Grom, blisk, na zemljo lije dež — brz v bližnji gozd nožice rogača nesle so. A jež je zlezel pod bodice.

Ko ni zavetja naokrog, Kam polž naj jo pobriše? Zastokal milo je: "Boj Bog, zakaj nič nimam hiše?"

Zastokal je besedo to — že hišica mu zraste in od tedaj jo nosil bo na hrbtu večne čase!

In kadar se odštistihmal na zemljo ploha vljije, brez stréhe vsaka je žival, je polž se v hišo skrjije ...

MLADINSKI DOPISI Contributions From Our Junior Members

CLEVELAND, O. Next year, but pretty soon Thanksgiving Day will be popping around the corner.

A BOY'S SONG Where the pools are bright and deep, Where the gray trout lies asleep,

Where the blackbird sings the latest, Where the hawthorne blooms the sweetest,

Where the nestlings chirp and flee, That's the way for Billy and me.

MORRISVILLE, N. Y. DEAR EDITOR: I certainly did appreciate the one-dollar check which I received for my last article that appeared in the Nova Doba, and I want to give a big, hearty thanks to you!

THE OWL I was in my first letter to the Nova Doba, and I want to give a big, hearty thanks to you!

MORLEY, COLO. DEAR EDITOR: I am writing you my first letter to the Nova Doba. I enjoy reading of letters and poems that are sent to your members.

JOLIET, ILL. DEAR EDITOR: I am writing you my first letter to the Nova Doba. I enjoy reading of letters and poems that are sent to your members.

UNIONTOWN, PA. DEAR EDITOR: I am writing you my first letter to the Nova Doba. I enjoy reading of letters and poems that are sent to your members.

WASTING OF HER AGE I should like to know our teacher's name. She is always boasting how young she is.

PITTSBURGH, PA. DEAR EDITOR: I am writing you my first letter to the Nova Doba. I enjoy reading of letters and poems that are sent to your members.

are then hatched and brought to places where there is a shortage of fish or to mix breeds. This was very educational to see.

JUVENILES MEET Export, Pa.—Juvenile members of Lodge No. 116, S.S.C.U. of Delmont, Pa., will hold a meeting on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 17, at the White Valley Slovene Hall.

SPRING GLEN, UTAH. DEAR MEMBERS: I have been reading your articles in the paper and have enjoyed them all very much.

ST. MICHAEL, PA. DEAR EDITOR: I am a freshman in high school this season. My subjects are English, Latin, Civics, Science, Home Economics and Physical Education.

HELLO, EVERYBODY! I am, for my first article, going to introduce myself and my surroundings. I live out in a beautiful country sometimes called the Wild West.

SPRING GLEN, UTAH. DEAR EDITOR: I am writing you my first letter to the Nova Doba. I enjoy reading of letters and poems that are sent to your members.

HOOVERVILLE, PA. DEAR EDITOR: This is my second letter to the Nova Doba. When the paper comes I am so happy.

GILBERT, MINN. DEAR EDITOR: This is my first letter to the Nova Doba. I belong to Lodge No. 133, S.S.C.U. and have been a member for 12 years.

SMOKESTACKS All along the shores of the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers stand rows of smokestacks, which a few years ago worked unceasingly, stand quiet and idle today.

destroyed any beauty that was found in the surroundings, turning grass into a withered brown; flowers of the vicinity soon lost their bloom and color and became old prematurely.

AGNES LUBICH, No. 26, S.S.C.U. ELY, MINN. Here is our juvenile issue again, as he editor, Mr. Terbovec, says.

A FRIEND The waves were rising high, A storm was rising, and A ship was out at sea.

A FOOTBALL GAME Here they come out on the field; Rah! rah! it looks like nobody's going to yield.

HOOPERVILLE, PA. DEAR EDITOR: This is my second letter to the Nova Doba. When the paper comes I am so happy.

GILBERT, MINN. DEAR EDITOR: This is my first letter to the Nova Doba. I belong to Lodge No. 133, S.S.C.U. and have been a member for 12 years.

SMOKESTACKS All along the shores of the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers stand rows of smokestacks, which a few years ago worked unceasingly, stand quiet and idle today.

Iz urada gl. tajnika

FROM THE OFFICE OF SUPREME SECRETARY

Posojila na članske certifikate meseca septembra 1935.

Loans on Membership Certificates for September 1935.

Table with columns: Dr. St., Lodge No., Cert. No., Amount. Lists membership fees for various lodges and certificates for September 1935.

Prva posojila na članske certifikate meseca septembra 1935.

First Loans on Membership Certificates for September 1935.

Table with columns: Dr. St., Lodge No., Cert. No., Amount. Lists membership fees for various lodges and certificates for September 1935.

Skupaj-Total \$7,732.89

Prva posojila na članske certifikate meseca septembra 1935.

TUDI POMOČ

Nemški pisatelj Seume (1763-1810) je bil tudi med onimi žrtvami, ki jih je hešenški volilni knez — obenem s tuji — lovil po deželi in pošiljal kot vojake na pomoč Angležem, ki so bili takrat v vojni z Ameriko.

— To je bilo leta 1781. Torej takrat, ko sem jaz pomagal Angležem izgnati Ameriko!

"Nova Doba"

GLASILO JUGOSLOVANSKE KATOLISKE JEDNOTE

Lastnina Jugoslovanske Katoliške Jednote

IZHAJA VSAKO SREDO

Cene oglasov po dogovoru.

Naročnina za člane 72c letno; za nečlane \$1.50; za inozemstvo \$2.

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NOVA DOBA, 6117 St. Clair Ave. Cleveland, O.

VOL. XI 83 NO.45

Mladina v ospredju

Mladina je bila vedno važen problem človeške družbe in je seveda tudi dandanes. Sploh se zdi, da se zadnja desetletja polaga podvojena važnost na vzgojo in pravice mladine, posebno v Ameriki. To je vsakakor razveseljiv pojav, kajti vsi se zavedamo, da je od mladine odvisna bodočnost dežele, naroda in njegovih ustanov.

Ameriški Slovenci posvečamo večjo pozornost mladini šele v zadnjih desetih ali petnajstih letih. To je lahko umljivo, kajti mi smo se priselili v to deželo večinoma že odrasli, za mladino drugorodcev se nismo zanimali, naše lastne mladine pa je bilo v tistih časih še malo in, kar jo je bilo, je bila nedorasla. Malokomu je takrat prišlo na misel, da se bo ta mladina v nekaj letih pomnožila in da bo polagoma odrasla ter bo kot taka začela aktivno posegati v naše družabno in gospodarsko življenje.

Pa se je zgodilo neizogibno. Mladina je dorasla ali doraščala in predstavlja problem, kateremu moramo radi ali neradi posvečati vedno večjo pozornost. Prav za prav je to sreča za nas in naše ustanove.

Mi smo se bolj približali tej ameriški vzgojni mladini in nam bo v njeni družbi lažji prehod v neizogibno popolno amerikanizacijo našega življa. Menda si nihče ne dela iluzij, da bomo naš jezik in našo narodno posebnost v tej deželi ohranili več generacij, če bi se tako želeli. Tega niso mogli drugi, številnejši naselenci močnejših narodov, pa ne bomo mogli niti mi. Končno pa je tako pravilno in logično. Amerika je zmes različnih priseljencev, ki so se zlihi v eno. Kakšna pa bi tudi bila ta dežela, če bi priseljenici stoterih narodnosti hoteli za stalno obdržati jezike ter tipične šege in navade svoje prvotne domovine! Bil bi pravi Babilon. V dveh ali treh generacijah te posebnosti izginejo in ljudstvo se čuti en narod. Ni treba, da bi to asimilacijo preveč pospeševali, prišla bo sama od sebe. Prav pa je, da računamo z neizogibnimi dejstvi.

Doraščajoča mladina pa bo za dogleden čas pomagala vzdrževati naše kulturne in gospodarske ustanove. Naša pevska, dramska in telovadna društva že dobivajo znaten pritek od mladine. Posebno velik pritek pa dobivajo naše najvažnejše gospodarske ustanove, naše podporne organizacije.

To zadnje je za nas največjega pomena. Stari člani, brez pritoka mladine, ne bi mogli več dolgo vzdrževati teh organizacij, priseljencev iz Evrope pa ni več. Pritek mladine v naše organizacije je tako koristen na obe strani. Na ta način bomo mogli vzdržati te organizacije za nedogleden čas, kar bo seveda v našo lastno korist, potem pa jih bomo kot najlepšo dediščino polagoma prepustili tistim, ki so nam najbližji, namreč našim otrokom.

Zavedajoči se tega dejstva, smo začeli odpirati vedno več vrat za vstopanje mladine v naše organizacije.

Naša J. S. K. Jednota je v tem oziru izvršila precej dobrega dela. Mladini smo omogočili angleško poslušajoča društva, dali smo ji prostor v našem uradnem glasilu, ustanovili smo ji športni sklad in zgradili smo močan mladinski oddelek za naraščaj. Temu naraščaju smo bili letos dali celo mladinsko konvencijo kot nagrado za zelo uspešno izvedeno kampanjo pridobivanja novih članov v mladinski oddelek.

Posamezna društva JSKJ, posebno ona z močnimi mladinskimi oddelki, pa so od svoje strani prišla še na drugo, zelo dobro idejo. Od časa do časa sklicujejo to mladino k posebnim sejam, kjer se uči društvenega poslovanja. Poleg tega ji prirejuje zabave, ki so za mladino primerne. Otrokom se tako na lep način vcepi zavest, da pripadajo naši organizaciji, zato jih, ko dorastejo, ne bo težko pridobiti za prestop v odrasli oddelek. In to je glavni namen mladinskega oddelka.

Take prireditve mladinskih oddelkov oziroma za mladinske člane so tudi zelo dobra reklama za pristopanje novih članov v mladinski oddelek. Otroci bodo o teh mladinskih sejah in zabavah pripovedovali v šoli ali pri igrah svojim vrstnikom, ki še niso člani. Ti mladi nečlani bodo logično zaželeli vstopiti v te naše mladinske skupine in starši jim bodo ustregli. Saj je pristop tako lahak, asesment tako nizek in vsaki starši radi napravijo veselje svojim otrokom, če le morejo.

Društva, ki skušajo na gori omenjeni način zainteresirati mladino za našo organizacijo, zaslužijo iskreno zahvalo in priznanje. Njihovo delo za napredek J. S. K. Jednote je tako dobro zamišljeno, da bo gotovo zelo uspešno.

To pa naj bi bilo tudi v izpodbudo ostalim društvom JSKJ, da jih posnemajo v njihovem agitacijskem delu za Jednoto. Uspehi prav gotovo ne bodo izostali, kar bo pomnilo, da bo naša JSKJ vedno rasla na članstvu in ugledu. Da bi ne bilo več pogojev za rast organizacije, mislijo le črnogledi pesimisti. Pogojev je še dovolj, samo najti in izrabiti jih je treba in pravo taktiko je treba zavzeti!

VSAK PO SVOJE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)
nik cesarju Francu Jožefu, in baje celo v Slovenijo pošiljajo slovenske letake s prošnjami za tozadnevne prispevke. Morda bi bilo priporočljivo, da bi se s temi prošnjami obrnili v prvi vrsti na tiste, ki so Franca Jožefa služili tekom svetovne vojne. Tisti so mu gotovo najbolj hvaležni za krvavi piknik!

Neka znamenita filmska igralka se je izrazila, da so razne neprilike dobre za človeštvo. To je morda res, toda tudi najboljša reč postane slaba, če jo je preveč.

Do božiča je samo še 41 dni. Do your Christmas shopping early — tudi z ozirom na pridobivanje novih članov za J. S. K. Jednoto!

Sueški prekop lastuje privatna korporacija in je treba lastnikom od vsakega tovora plačati visoko prevoznino. Italija mora plačati od vsakega vojaka, ki ga pošlje preko Sueškega prekopa v Afriko, okrog tri dolarje prevoznine. Enako vsoto prevoznine bo treba plačati tudi za nazaj. To bodo precej visoki izdatki, pa morda se Mussolini tolaži z zavestjo da nazaj ne bo treba prepeljati toliko vojakov.

V mlekarški industriji te dežele so neprestani boji, štrajki, izprtja, prepiri in pritožbe. Zdi se, da edini zadovoljni člani v mlekarški skupini so krave.

Ljubljanski listi pišejo, da bo treba pešce naučiti in vzgojiti, da se bodo znali ogibati avtomobilov na cestah. V Ameriki se ne brigajo za take malenkosti. Takaj neprevidevne pešce enostavno povozijo.

Prijatelj Cahej ima težave z izgovarjanjem etiopskih krajevnih imen. Oni dan so listi prinesli poročilo o hudih bojih na Ogaden fronti. Cahej pa je čital: Hudi boji na O-gad-dem fronti.

Sicer pa, če bi italijanski in etiopski vojaki znali angleško, bi se morda slično izrazili!

RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN INOZEMSTVA

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)
NEKATERI PREMOGOVNIKI v Illinoisu in Indiani se poslužujejo novih strojev, s katerimi "razstreljujejo" sklade premoga v rovih. Ti stroji opravijo s stisnjenim zrakom tisto, kar je prej opravil smodnik ali dinamit. Zračni pritisk izvajajo silo 15,000 funtov na kvadratni palec. Baje je ta način lomljenja premoga mnogo boljše od streljanja z dinamitom, ker se sila pritiska lahko kontrolira ter je omejena le na sklade premoga, torej se ne pretrese strop in ne zbijejo podpore. Tudi plinov, ki spremljajo dinamitne razstrelbe, tako pridobivanje premoga ne napravlja. Edini zadržek za hitro širjenje teh strojev je njihova cena; vsak tak stroj namreč stane okrog 10,000 dolarjev.

V ITALIJI je vlada ostro nastopila proti vojnim dobičkarjem, spekulantom in onim, ki širijo porazne govornice o vojni. Šest spekulantov je bilo obsojenih na pet let ječe na kazenskih otokih in mnogim trgovcem so začasno zaprli trgovine.

V NEMČIJI je državni vodja Hitler razpustil nekaj mogočno vojaško organizacijo Stahlhelm. Po Hitlerjevi izjavi omenjena vojaška organizacija ni več potrebna, odkar ima Nemčija vpleljano redno in obvezno vojaško službo.

SLOVEČIM canadskim petorkam zakoncev Dionne je že zagotovljeno mesto v filmih. Njihovi varuhi so že podpisali pogodbo s Fox filmsko družbo za "nastop" petorč v nekem filmu.

JESENSKO SAJENJE DREVES

(Nadaljevanje s prve strani)
zelene pozno v jesen, ko je že odpadlo listje vseh drugih drevov. Tu in tam po mestu je videti spomladni okoli stanovanjskih hiš tudi cveteče jabolke, hruške in črešnje. S pridelkom sadja po navadi ni dosti uspeha, toda drevesa cveto in dajejo prilično senco; izmed sadnih drevov še najbolj prenesajo mestni dim kisle črešnje ali višnje. Po izkušnjah soditi so najprimernejša senčna drevesa za Cleveland platane ali sikamore; mnogo tega drevja raste v divjem stanju v clevelandski okolici, kar dokazuje, da mu klima ugaja.

Drevesa je priporočljivo saditi ali presajati v jeseni, vse do časa, ko začne zemlja zmrzovati. V jeseni posajena drevesa se do spomladi dobro primejo in boljše rastejo od onih, ki so posajena spomladi. Drevce se ne sme saditi preplitvo ne pregloboko; drevo mora priti tako globoko v zemljo, kakor je raslo prej. Korenine je treba v izkopani jami lepo razpeljati, ne pa zaviti. Debele korenine, če so predolge, naj se gladko prirežejo, toda drobnih korenin se ne sme rezati, razen ako so poškodovane. Drobne korenine so tiste, ki so drevesu potrebne za rast. Zasu je naj se jih z drobnimi prstjo, da med koreninami ne ostanejo praznine. Ko je drevo posajeno, naj se zemlja dobro potlači in, če je vreme suho in ne zmrzuje, naj se drevesu dobro prilije. Svežega gnoja se ne sme nasipati neposredno na korenine, ker to povzroča gnitje. Posajeno drevo je priporočljivo privezati h kolu, katerega pa se naj zabije v zemljo prej, predno se drevo posadi, da se ne rani korenin. Vsako drevo izgubi pri presajanju nekaj korenin, zato je treba tudi veje primerno zredčiti in jih prirezati. Zemlja okoli posajenega drevesa naj se naravnava v obliki plitve sklade, da se moča steka k drevesu, ne pa proč.

SEZONA ZASTRUPLENJA S PLIŃOM

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)
avtomobilske kolizije in druge nesreče.
Kdor ima avtomobil, naj se ne izpostavlja nevarnosti zastrupljenja v zaprti garaži, pa tudi med vožnjo naj skrbi vsaj za delno izmenjavo zraka v zaprtem avtomobilu. Preveč previdnosti še ni nikdar škodovalo, premalo pa že dostikrat.

VOJNA V ETIOPIJI

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)
S tem je zavzela slično nevtralnost stališče kakor Zedinjene države. V krogu Lige narodov je ta korak Nemčije napravil zelo dober vtis.

NARODNI GOZDOVI

Površina narodnih gozdov ali rezervacij vzhodno od Rocky Mountains se je tekoma zadnjih dveh let podvojila. Vse gozdne rezervacije Zedinjenih držav, vključivši Alasko in Puerto Rico, obsegajo nad 170 milijonov akrov.

jati, ker se nerada primejo, in če se primejo, slabo rasto. Mladno drevo, četudi je šibko, bo v kratkem času v rasti prekosilo staro rogovilo. To velja za vseh vrst drevesa, bodisi sadna ali lepotična.

ODMEVI IZ RODNIH KRAJEV

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)
procentov, nato pa pridejo hrastovi, katerih je 17 procentov. V dravski banovini ali Sloveniji pokrivajo gozdovi 42 odstotkov površine.

Dne 22. oktobra, je preteklo 75 let, kar je bila prvič peta Davorina Jenka himna 'Naprej zastava Slave' pod osebnim vodstvom skladiteljev in Besedi, ki jo je priredilo Slovensko pevsko društvo v restavraciji pri Sperlu na Dunaju dne 22. oktobra 1860. Polnoštevilno zbrani Slovani, ki so živeli takrat na Dunaju, (Slovenci, Hrvati, Srbi, Bolgari in Čehi) so z nepopisnim navdušenjem sprejeli budnico, polno živega ognja, prelepe melodije in zvočnih akordov. Od takrat dalje se je razširila naša himna po vsem slovanskem svetu. Peli so jo na vseh naših taborih, na najrazličnejših velikih slovanskih prireditvah; igrane so jo vojaške godbe vseh slovanskih narodov; z njo so vkorakali Rusi za čas osvobodilnih bojev v bolgarsko Plevno in Sofijo, posluževali so se je pa tudi Prusi, ki so leta 1866 napadli Avstrijo in korakali na Češko. Danes zavzema del naše himne najodličnejše mesto kot del himne kraljevine Jugoslavije—v znani zvezi "Bože pravde," "Lepa naša domovina," "Naprej zastava Slave." O postanku "Naprej zastava Slave" je dal svoječasno Davorin Jenko sam naslednje podatke:

Bilo je 16. maja 1860. leta in Jenko je sedel tistega jutra v mali kavarni pri Baderju na Dunaju ter čital dunajske jutrnje časopise. Vzel je med drugimi v roke tudi časnik "Die Presse." Ko lista po njem zapazi članek, ki se je bavil s Slovenci, smehljaj njihovo malostilnost predvsem pa njihovo govorico, češ, da to ni jezik, ampak le nerazvito bebljanje. Globoko je užalilo našega Jenka, ves njegov narodni ponos se je uprl poniževanju, ki ga je prizadejal Slovencev časnika v boju za nadvlado Nemcev. Ogorčen je zapustil kavarno in namesto, da bi bil šel na univerzo, kamor je bil prvotno zjutraj namenjen, ga je zanesla noga daleč tja v dunajski Prater. Med potom mu pride nenadoma na misel Simona Jenka pesem "Naprej zastava Slave," za katero je on prav za prav dal pobudo in za katero je že dolgo časa iskalk primerne napeva. Tega dne mu pride napev kar sam od sebe, in začel je peti v mislih napev od začetka do konca. Da ne pozabi dobljene melodije, je šel v Prater v gostilno "Zum Hirschen" ter jo napisal na košček papirja, ki si ga je načrtal s prosto roko. Tako je je nastala naša budnica.

Jenko je bil takrat star ravno 25 let, poln lepih načrtov. Pripravil se je za pravniški poklic, a ljubezen do glasbe ga je osvojila popolnoma in postal je popolnoma pionir slovanske predvsem pa pionir srbske glasbe, kateri je služil od leta 1863 dalje, ko je nastopil svoje mesto v Pančevem, več kot 40 let.

Letos, dne 9. novembra je minilo ravno 100 let odkar je bil rojen v Dvorah pri Cerkljah skladatelj Davorin Jenko.

Zadnje čase so razširili avstrijski legitimisti tudi preko jugoslovanske meje črnožolte letake, v katerih prosi neko "Društvo za postavitev spomenika arja Francu Jožefu" prispevkov tudi med Slovenci. Gospodje so se pri tem ponižali celo tako

Jugoslovanska Katoliška Jednota v Ameriki

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Jednota je zastopana skoro v vsaki večji slovanski naselbini v Ameriki in boče postati njen član, naj se zgleda pri tajniku lokalnega društva ali pri pisarju na glavni uradi. Nova društva se lahko ustanovi z 5 člani, beloga ali črnega, neoziraje se na njih vero, politično pripadnost ali narodnost. Jednota tudi otroke v starosti od dneva rojstva do 16. leta in ostanje lahko vsakem oddelku do 18. leta. Pristopnina za oba oddelka je, prost.
Premeženje znaša nad \$2,000,000.00. Odrasli oddelci je nad 1000 členov, mladinski pa 478%.

NAGRADE V GOTOVINI

ZA NOVOPRIDOBLJENE ČLANE ODRAŠLEGA DINSKEGA ODDELKA DAJE J. S. K. JEDNOTA NAGRADE V GOTOVINI.

Za vsakega novopridobljenega člana mladinskega oddelka predlagatelj deležen 50 centov nagrade.

Za novopridobljene člane odraslega oddelka pa se podeljuje sledečih nagrad:

- za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$ 250.00 smrtnine, \$1.00
za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$ 500.00 smrtnine, \$1.50
za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$1000.00 smrtnine, \$3.00
za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$1500.00 smrtnine, \$3.50
za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$2000.00 smrtnine, \$4.00

daleč, da ima letak poleg nemškega, rumunskega, češkega in hrvatskega tudi slovensko besedilo. Časi se pač spreminjajo, samo Slovenci so danes že daleč od tega, da bi se še lovili na take limanice in gospodje okoli tega črnožoltega društva bodo morali psočiti pač v svoje žepe, če bodo hoteli postavljati spomenik rajnkemu cesarju Francu Jožefu.

Avstrijski lovci kupujejo v Jugoslaviji žive zajce. Avstrijska lovška zveza je stavila organizaciji lovecev v Vojvodini zanimivo ponudbo. Zahteva namreč večje število živih zajcev, da bi mogla obnoviti svoje revirje. Izvoznik, ki bi prevzel nabavo in izvoz zajcev, ponuja za zajčji par — živega samca in samico po 100 Din.

Najmanjše letalo na zemunskem aerodromu. Iz Českoslovaške je priletel na zemunski aerodrom avion "Nebeška us," ki uživa sloves najmanjšega in najlažjega letala na svetu. Pred strokovnjaško komisijo je to letalo izvedlo nekaj letov, potem pa je odletelo v Novi Sad. Letalo stane okrog 100,000 Din in je tako lahko, da ga dva človeka z lahkoto nosita. Motor ima 65 konjskih sil, doseže pa brzino do 150 km na uro. Rekord tega najlažjega in najmanjšega letala je tudi v tem, da porabi samo 10 litrov bencina v eni uri.

Prva dobra dela po oporoki velikega rodoljuba iz Amerike. V Zedinjenih državah je umrl letos naš rojak Vaso Čuković, ki je večino svojega premoženja zapustil za dobrodelne in kulturne ustanove v Boki Kotorski, od koder je bil doma. Izvršilci njegove oporoke so že končali svoje delo ter stopili v stike z oblastimi. Vse občine v Boki Kotorski bodo dobile iz Čukovičeve zapuščine kupaj okrog 800.000 Din in po določilih oporoke se

VSE NA KOLESA
V Zedinjenih državah približno 130 milijonov avtomobilov. Povprečno avtomobil na 5.07 osebe in avtomobil na 3.05 osebe v Californiji na 3.02 osebe.

New Era

ENGLISH SECTION OF
Official Organ
of the
South Slavonic Catholic Union.

Nova Doba



AMPLIFYING THE VOICE OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING MEMBERS

CURRENT THOUGHT Is It Worthwhile?

Approximately ten months have elapsed since the sports fund has been reinstated into the original purpose for which it was created: To assist lodges in the organization and maintenance of athletic teams.

Although the 14th quadrennial convention held at Indianapolis, Ind., in the summer of 1932, decreed that each lodge should continue to contribute two cents a month to the sports fund, the money available for this purpose was used to cover the deficit in the disability fund during 1933 and 1934.

At the January 1935 session of the supreme board it was decided to revive the sports fund for the purpose of requesting financial aid to lodge athletic teams. A number of requests for financial aid were received during this year, especially during the months preceding the baseball season.

A particular emphasis has been stressed on all locals which, after all, is the basic reason for providing funds for lodge athletic teams. To interest outsiders in the fraternal benefit work carried on by our South Slavonic Catholic Union is the underlying purpose in placing lodge basketball, bowling and baseball teams.

With this thought in mind it is apparent that local branches have received sufficient advice that the sports fund is not maintained for the sake of sports alone, but to build up our Union.

Have the English-speaking members responded to the purpose of the sports fund during the last ten months?

Have a sufficient number of new members been secured to warrant the expenditure of money appropriated for the sports fund?

Majority of lodges who have received financial awards from our Union have assumed the responsibility of increasing the numbers in the local branch. Of course, there are some who failed to meet anticipated results, but credit must be given them for at least trying, and in the future they are bound to meet with success, if they but continue to do their part.

The sports fund can be considered to a certain degree a means of advertising our SSCU on a national scale. The motive is to keep the local active and alive, particularly among the younger set who expect to see their Union represented elsewhere than just at the lodge meeting hall.

With all the high pressure salesmanship employed by the old line insurance companies, with billboards carrying signs depicting the good qualities of that and this policy, with radio melodramatizing the woes of the uninsured followed by the name of the old line company, the fraternalists have taken a back seat in placing before the public their good points.

In order to meet such competition the fraternalists, which includes our SSCU, must seek ways and means to attract the attention of the outsiders other, than just the meeting hall. After all, the prospective member must be induced to attend the lodge meeting, in order to find out exactly how the local branch functions.

Lodge athletic teams tend to arouse the curiosity of the prospective members, which in the case of our SSCU, is the first step to sell itself.

Hence the sports fund resolves itself as an agent who draws attention to the fact that our SSCU exists, and that it is very much alive and conscious of the demands made by the younger set.

Is it worthwhile that each member contribute two cents a month for this purpose?

We have still another important angle to consider in the sports fund. What about the young members who are already enrolled? Are they entitled to derive benefit from a particular fund contributed in the greater part by the senior members?

It is within the power of our English-speaking members to place the sports fund on a high plane which will convince the seniors that they were justified in appropriating this expense.

There is an old saying that "the proof of the pudding is in the eating." The best and most conclusive argument that our younger set has at its disposal is the results to be obtained through local membership drives.

Facts speak for themselves, and an appreciable number of new members will more than offset the expense of maintaining the sports fund for the future.

Therefore, let us get behind the athletic movement with a view of fulfilling the idea behind it—increased enrollments.

Waukegan, Joliet Lodges in Bowling Match

Joliet, Ill.—Our last meeting held Oct. 20 was a huge success as both men and women turned out strong. Sister Anna Kriesche and Bro. Frank A. Russ provided the lunch and entertainment following the order of business. At this time we want to thank Professors Anton Rozman and John Trezynski for their rendition of numbers on the piano. This was Prof. Anton Rozman's first appearance before our group. Peter Metesh was the recipient of the special attendance prize.

Lodges on the lookout for an idea on how to get the girls and ladies interested in the local, and really make them feel that they have equal rights, might adopt the idea of organizing a ladies' auxiliary. Since the Ladies of the SSCU was founded there is an entirely new life evident in our branch. The ladies go about promoting affairs that interest them. They have had their outings during the summer, parties, nights of sewing, and regular meeting nights with refreshments and program of entertainment. Recently they had a theater party topped off with a chicken supper. What's next? Well, we will leave it to the ladies. What is most important, they are always prepared to do more than their part in general lodge events. Truly, they are SS. Peter and Paul, No. 66, SSCU, boosters, and we are exceedingly proud of them.

On Sunday, Nov. 3, members of our lodge and friends journeyed to Waukegan to return the cold, rainy day visit paid to us last Labor Day. Instead of a lawn bowling match we had regular tenpin bowling which was held at Mozina Park alleys. The big game resulted in a victory for Joliet, but the 40-year men match was dropped to Waukegan. Joliet delegation was headed by Supreme Trustee Frank E. Vranichar and President John Jevitz Sr., with team No. 1 captained by Bro. Frank Ramutta and team No. 2 by Bro. Frank J. Wedic. The Waukegan committee in charge of preparations was headed by Supreme President Paul Bartel, who is also a good singer, and Bro. Matt Kirm, who is one of Waukegan's city councilmen. In addition to the courtesies extended by the committee was that extended us by Bro. Joseph Nemanich, Waukegan undertaker, who was formerly of Joliet. Bro. Nemanich's pleasing personality and accommodation should win him a host of admirers in his present location. Also formerly of Joliet and with their usual warm reception and courtesies to offer were Mr. and Mrs. George W. Biederman. Mr. Biederman, an employe of the Public Service Co. of Northern Illinois, was transferred to North Chicago-Waukegan district about six months ago.

Therefore, regardless of the inclement weather, it was just as near as could be expected to what Bro. Bartel assured us in his correspondence: "A real Joliet-Waukegan day."

John L. Jevitz Jr., Sec'y.

Research in commercial laboratories proves that even in a uniformly rising temperature metals expand in spurts.

BRIEFS

Ohio Fraternal Congress will meet Thursday, Nov. 14, at Columbus, O. Janko N. Rogelj, first supreme trustee, SSCU, will represent our Union. Minnesota Fraternal Congress will convene Thursday, Nov. 21, at St. Paul, Minn., and Anton Zbašnik, supreme secretary of our Union, will represent the SSCU. On Oct. 17 Illinois Fraternal Congress held a meeting and Paul Bartel, supreme president of our SSCU, represented our organization.

On Saturday, Nov. 16, a dance will be held in Room No. 1 of the new Slovene National Home of Cleveland located on St. Clair Ave. for the benefit of the students of the Yugoslav School of Modern Art.

Four Slovenes and one Croat were elected to the Cleveland (O.) City Council in last week's elections. John Novak of the 23d Ward; Anton Vehovec, 32d Ward; Edward Pucel, 10th Ward; George Travnikar, 2d Ward, and Emil Crown, 31st Ward. Thirty-three elected representatives comprise the City Council.

Adrija Singing Society of Euclid, O., will hold its annual concert Sunday, Nov. 17, at the Lodges' Hall on Reher Ave. The singers consist chiefly of the American-born Slovenes who have presented laudible concerts in the past.

GW, SSCU-Bukovnik Studio basketball team will play the Serbians on Wednesday, Nov. 20, in the St. Clair Bathhouse. Game will start at 9 p. m. Eight teams comprise the Cleveland Interlodge League that schedules games every Wednesday.

Ohio Federation of SSCU Lodges will meet Sunday, Nov. 24, at the Slovene Hall in Girard, O.

George Washington Lodge will hold a social following its regular annual meeting scheduled for Friday, Dec. 13, in the lower spacious hall of the Slovene National Home. Admission is 10 cents. A large crowd is anticipated.

Lodge Zvon, No. 70

Chicago, Ill.—Members of Lodge Zvon, No. 70, SSCU, are hereby notified that at the next meeting, scheduled for Saturday, Nov. 16, we are certain to have moving pictures shown of the old country. Be sure to attend our meeting, which will start promptly at 6 p. m. This arrangement is made in order to have the order of business completed by 7:30 p. m., with the moving pictures to follow. Invite your friends and acquaintances and ask them to come to the church hall, located on 22d Pl. and Lincoln St., at 7:30 p. m.

John Gottlieb, Pres.

It has been discovered by photographic means that some of the hottest electric welding arcs have temperatures 4,000 degrees above that of the sun. This was the first knowledge that man had surpassed solar heat (about 9,000 degrees).

Center Ramblers

Center, Pa.—On Nov. 23 all roads will lead to Center, where the Ramblers will hold a Feather Dance at the Slovene Hall. The Polish Cadets will furnish the music for that evening. Admission will be only 25 cents. All members on the committee are working hard to make this dance a success.

I will take this opportunity to congratulate Mr. and Mrs. Frank Previc, who are the proud parents of a baby boy.

Theresa Shanta and Joseph Kalik are on the sick list. We all wish them a speedy recovery.

Don't forget, folks, we'll be seeing you Nov. 23 at our first Feather Dance. Are you with us, neighboring lodges?

Josephine Oblock,
Secretary, No. 221, SSCU.

Waukegan Visitors

Joliet, Ill.—In behalf of the Joliet ladies who witnessed the match games between Waukegan and Joliet, I am taking this opportunity of telling about the interesting trip to Waukegan on Nov. 3.

Despite the downpour of rain we enjoyed the trip immensely. Of course, the roads were fine with the exception of some water puddles that for a while we thought we were in Venice.

Arriving in Waukegan we stopped at Joseph Nemanich's Funeral Home. Mr. Nemanich, a former Joliet resident, had already left for the Mozina Park, where we bowled in the match game between Waukegan and Joliet. Mrs. Nemanich asked us to step inside out of the terrible dampness; she was very hospitable, indeed, but we couldn't stay long, for we were due at the park then.

We then went to the park and soon the men were rolling the balls and bowling was in progress.

During a brief intermission we went to the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Beiterman, 1706 Park Ave., North Chicago. The courtesy we received there is very unusual, such a courtesy that makes one feel that you want to go back again if you should ever have the opportunity of visiting in Waukegan again.

Back to the park again, the bowling was progressing nicely; everyone was having a grand time. Then the Waukegan ladies served a delicious supper, goulash being the main dish.

The remainder of the evening was spent informally, such as dancing, eating, drinking and making acquaintances. Among many others we had the honor of meeting Mr. Paul Bartel, president of the SSCU.

Although we would liked to have stayed longer, we had to get ready for home, for the weather was still bad outdoors. After the usual "Goodbye" and "I am glad to have met you" we were homeward bound.

If we should have the opportunity of having anyone from Waukegan and North Chicago down here we will try to be as hospitable and courteous to them as they have been to us.

So once more we say to you all: "We thank you."

Elizabeth Jevitz,
No. 66, SSCU.

Rangers Start Rangin'

Ely, Minn.—Vim, a little vigor and a dash of vitality—three little words which describe the initial fall meeting of the Rangers scheduled for the National Home next Wednesday evening.

The past two weeks have been occupied in busy activity as committees have been rounding up members to prepare for the gigantic meet; even the publicity committee has shaken loose the shackles, and this is to be the result.

Many little things, and many more important things have been prepared by the committees to make the first meeting of the fall season a huge success. What with all the fall craze in football occupying the limelight. The Ranger committee on publicity is using a lot of high-powered press words to point out the best qualities which will be featured.

Among them, Peppy Lou Kotzian and his accordion have been booked by the committee to headline the dance entertainment. Peppy Lou has been recently featured over radio station WMFG, Hibbing-Virginia, with the Shepel Sisters, and he promises an excellent

dance program, and that means only one thing: bring your girl friends along!

Then, between times, Joe Mantel, using a real high-powered line, has secured a popular brand of non-intoxicating liquor. Beer (Oh, yeah) for the meet. Then with that giving a little prodding, the fellows will not be what we all call bashful when the time comes to ask his best gal or other fair damsels to dance the night away!

After you all have danced until beads of perspiration accumulate on your forehead, you will all be treated to a delicious lunch which right now is being prepared by the entertainment committee.

Yes, everyone is busily engaged in seeing that you all have a wonderful time . . . not only for the first meeting but for all the meetings to come.

We hope that our committee, the publicity of course, has conveyed to you all that will transpire at the meeting. And to see that everything turns out all right, you have to be there yourself.

Angela Skala,
Margaret Musich,
Josephine Pucel,
No. 1, SSCU.

G. W.'s Score Initial Victory

Cleveland, O.—After trailing for three periods the G. W., SSCU-Bukovnik's Studio basketball team blazed into a rally during the last four minutes of the game to snatch a victory from the Clairwoods by a score of 22 to 20. The game was played in the St. Clair Bathhouse last Wednesday, Nov. 6, before an estimated crowd of 500 spectators, and was second on the schedule of the Interlodge League that evening.

Happy-Go-Lucky Fall Dance

Barberton, O.—Hello, everybody! Here's greetings and salutations from Barberton. It is very seldom that anyone of our members writes, but, as this is a special invitation, I have decided to try and write a paragraph or two.

Members of the Happy-Go-Lucky Lodge, No. 195, SSCU, have decided to hold their annual Fall Dance on Saturday, Nov. 30, at the Domovina Hall. Music will be by the Jolly Five Orchestra.

We have sent out special invitations to all the lodges in the surrounding towns and kindly asked them to co-operate with us and attend this dance. We are doing our best to make this a gala affair, and can assure everyone that attends a good time.

Come on, Betsy Ross, George Washingtons, Collinwood Boosters, and Cardinals, keep the date of Nov. 30 open and attend the Happy-Go-Lucky dance in Barberton.

Mary Platner, Sec'y.

The United States Department of Agriculture is attempting to develop a bee with a longer tongue which will enable it to produce more honey.

License has been granted for the installation of a cable between New York and Philadelphia for an experimental television service.

With the letters SSCU and GW prominently displayed on the back of the jerseys and Bukovnik's Studio in the front, the team made a very impressive appearance. The color scheme is carried in blue and white.

Al Flaisman easily was the outstanding star of the George Washington Lodge, No. 180, aggregation with three field goals and two free throws to his credit plus a good defensive play. Eddie Zgonc also sparkled with two field goals, and shared the glory with "Lefty" Golobic, who seemed to be all over the floor at all times. The team as a whole played a bear of a defensive game, what with the towering Louis Skoda taking the ball away from the offensive time and again. Eddie Zaletel, diminutive GW player, literally streaked through the defense, and together with Frank Cimperman, Al Golobic, Sammy Richter and Tony Zakrajsek indicated that this team is just as strong with its substitutes as it is with the starting lineup.

During the remaining minutes of the last quarter Clairwoods were playing with but four men, one of the players being taken out because of the limit on personal fouls and no substitute available. This factor does not detract from the victory as the GW's were well started on their rally when the fifth man was taken from the Clairwoods' lineup.

Kubilus, veteran referee of the Cleveland Interlodge basketball games, can rightly be termed the iron man of the circuit, for in all the games played last Wednesday his decisions were accepted without excessive bickering. Kubilus knows his rules and also all the tricks of the game. His eyes are everywhere and hardly a foul is committed that is not penalized immediately. Yes, he is truly the I. L. "czar" of basketball.

With the Pathfinders

Gowanda, N. Y.—Pathfinders wish to take this opportunity to congratulate Mr. and Mrs. Louisa Sternisha who were Cupid's recent victims in the ranks of our members. We hope that the rest of the Pathfinders soon get acquainted with the proud mother, and may we see her around to some of our meeting socials.

We note the Pathfinders are on the slides in the Cleveland SSCU Bowling League. Come on, Kolmans, Koren, Drobnic and Laurich, give us that extra something that it takes to get the Pathfinders back on top. Joe Krall and Frank Unetich of the National Stars say that their team cannot be on the bottom of the league as long as "Ham" and "Samson" bring up the rear with the Pathfinders. What about it, Cleveland?

Our dance on Nov. 2, as mentioned previously, was a huge success as a fall dance. Mrs. Mary Voncina, recording secretary, was the lucky recipient of the 13-pound turkey given away. Everybody in Gowanda is coming for the Thanksgiving dinner at Mary's house. It is being fattened at Vic and Inez Crozier's turkey farm, and if the turkey isn't big enough to go around, it looks like we will all have to go calling on Vic and Inez instead.

Pathfinders wish to express their sincere sympathy to Lyle Spillman, whose father died recently. Lyle Spillman will be remembered by the Clevelanders as one of the bowlers at the SSCU tournament held in May. Lyle also was chosen village clerk by a big majority in the recent elections.

Do you know that? Recently a Cleveland SSCU member took a Pathfinder girl home from our dance one night, and she liked his company so much that she almost froze her feet standing out in the cold in front of the house. Her feet still bother her.

One of Gowanda's prominent men asked Phil if he could join the Slovene lodge. When Phil asked him what lodge, he said: "The one that everyone belongs to—the Pathfinders."

Betsy Ross Lodge in Cleveland has a member by the name of Johnny Winters who is a lady killer. Ask Joe "Patsy" Krall about him.

Fannie Kolar sure can cook, and it is no wonder that the Claridge, Pa., group was so willing to wash dishes on their recent trip to Cleveland.

Frank Sodnikar, English editor of Enakopravnost, has been expected in Gowanda quite a few times, but always finds some excuse for not coming.

Louis Kolar smokes a pipe about a foot long. (Editor's note: The pipe is a genuine cherry stem, clay bowl, imported from Austria and picked up at a bargain counter for \$1.25. Smoked only by married men in their dens.)

George Washington Lodge basketball team is made up of some good material and should be at the top of the Cleveland Interlodge League.

I slept with a piece of Frank J. Progar's wedding cake under my pillow, but no results so far. Frank, one of our most prominent writers, has not been heard from since the wedding. How about it, Little Stan?

Paul Stanko, brother of Louise Palcic and Mary Batchen, is the captain and star player of St. Vincent's College eleven.

We had a pretty blond all set for "Ham" Laurich at our dance on Nov. 2, but he failed to show up. Perhaps his better half heard about it.

Like Frank Progar, we

haven't heard anything from Joseph Jaklich since his marriage.

When you have a flat tire call on "Bub" Kardell, vice president of George Washington Lodge. Joe Krall said he wished that he knew about it when he took Frank Drobnic to Gowanda.

Louis Andolsek has decided to present his rifle to Anckner's Museum. Although Louis goes hunting every Sunday he can only tell you of the game he saw.

Anthony and Teddy Palcic went fishing in Lake Erie quite regularly all summer with no luck. They decided to try just once more. The fish jumped out of the water and all around their poles, but they got no bites. The water was so clear that they could see the fish and put the bait right in front of the fish. As even that did not work they gave up fishing and are now trying their hands on hunting.

"Hank" Zuzek is going to try to get A. J. Terbovec to come out from Cleveland to milk the cows on his farm. When he does come, "Hank" had better tie the cows' legs.

The Pathfinders should have another membership drive. How about it?

Ernest Palcic Jr., No. 222, SSCU.

Gowanda Pathfinders

Gowanda, N. Y.—St. Joseph-Pathfinders dance is over, but without taking too much space we want to say that the crowd was one of the largest in attendance, and the two lodges spent an enjoyable evening. To their credit it must be said that they were responsible for a large turnout of out-of-town visitors. From Cleveland, O., came Frank Unetich, Joe "Patsy" Krall, Louis Brezec and Frank "Samson" Drobnic. (I still have the cigar given me by Joe at the Slovene Hall; I am afraid to smoke it since it might turn out to be one of those explosive cigars.)

We also had with us Mrs. and Miss Benedict from Collinwood (Cleveland, O.) as well as all the leading local politicians.

On Saturday, Nov. 16, Slovenski Dom is holding a dance in the hall. The Slovene Hall is yours, and unquestionably you are aware that without your cooperation we cannot do much. On this occasion the directors decided to charge 25 cents admission, which will also entitle you to refreshments in that amount. In other words, admission is free. The only reason we are charging 25 cents is to keep the youngsters out who may chance to drift in without the company of their parents.

On the menu for that evening will be "kranjske klobase" and "kislo zelje." Yes, we all will have a good time on Nov. 16. George Samson and Harry Hlager will furnish the music for you.

Joseph Zummer.

TWO ROADS

Two roads stretch out, and only two, to where the pathway ends; the one lies charted, broad and clear, across the hills that make the year; the other twists and bends. Two voices whisper—two alone, to every human heart; the one says, "Wait; the hills are high; a cloud hangs down the sky!" The other whispers, "Start!" Two roads—two hearts—a goal to cross before the year is done; step out upon the beaten way; beyond the hill a brighter day; behind the cloud, the sun!

Vesna Club

Lorain, O.—On the eve of Hallowe'en, masked individuals were seen entering the rendezvous of the Slovene Hall. They were members of the Vesna Club, all out in unique costumes to celebrate Hallowe'en. As they approached the gathering place, which was decorated with lighted pumpkins, cornstalks, and orange and black streamers, a weird, horrifying ghost (Eddie) stood in the doorway of the hall. That ghost act he put on certainly gave everyone the creeps.

They entered by one's and two's, and we all tried to figure out who was who.

Everyone wondered who the person attired in an outfit of the Gay Nineties was. She held the attention of the young men all evening. Then there were the witch and the pirate, who stuck together, looking for the chest full of money. The jester came tumbling in (with bells on). In her past time she used a tickler on everyone she could get hold of. No one would have guessed that it was our president. Next came two good looking working men—their names were Jenny and Katherine. I certainly was surprised to see that a tramp escorted the beautiful Japanese girl to the party.

During the course of the evening, games and contests were played, prizes were awarded to Louis Balant and Joseph Udovic. The Grand March was held and all the masqueraders participated. Those chosen by the acting judges were Angela Kotnik, Olga Virant, and Mary Tomazine.

Later in the evening refreshments were served at long tables lighted with pumpkins. Here, at last everyone was enjoying the rest and quiet of the evening, after all the entertainment before. But Joe Bresak soon put an end to that—he put on a toastmaster's act, imitating radio and screen stars. Everyone was catching the contagious laugh. As he made his final debut and was ready to be seated, his chair was deposed of and down he went, and after he knew what it was all about he exclaimed, "I never knew that the floor was so hard." Well, Joe, I hope that the next time a pillow will be down there. Dancing was also a diversion of the evening, music being furnished by George Detillio and Edward Mantin.

Those on the committee arranging the party were: Olga Virant, Mary Tomsic, Jenny Kumse, Frank Ambrozic, Frank Jacopine.

Vesna Club will hold a Harvest Dance on Thursday, Nov. 21, at the Slovene Hall. Russ Mollison's Band will furnish the music. Admission is 25 cents. Door prizes will be given away.

The annual semi-formal dance is set for Dec. 28 at Spring Valley. Those who plan to attend are urged to make reservations with me now, as both time and the number of guests are limited.

Martha Kumse.

16,000 Miles for Boats

The Amazon river, largest river in the world, has a watershed comprising about one-third of the entire area of South America. The main river and 350 tributaries offer navigation to boats for a total distance of more than 16,000 miles, while the main river for 750 miles has a depth of not less than 175 feet. Altogether 2,500,000 square miles of land are drained by this mighty river.

Cardinal Highlights

Struthers, O.—The Cardinals' dance is over. A great success that it was, we were sorry not to see many out-of-town visitors. Thanks to the Stever family from East Palestine for attending. Orange and black streamers, confetti, dim lights, a smooth floor and Joe Umbeck's Orchestra. What a combination! Now, aren't you sorry you failed to attend?

Congratulations
We are a little late, but our congratulations and best wishes go to Donnie and Frank Progar in Springdale. Also to Mary and Rudy Kopach of Bridgeville. Cupid seemed to have shot his arrow out toward Ohio, for our Cardinal member, Mary Slabe, and Tony Brincic will join hands on Nov. 28. May all your troubles be small ones, Mary and Tony.

Visiting
Mr. and Mrs. Louis of Niles, Rudy Cikulin of Youngstown and the writer were visitors in West Aliquippa last Tuesday.

Invitation to Dance
Members, are you going to the Happy-Go-Lucky dance to be held in Barberton, O., on Nov. 30? The Jolly Five, WJW radio artists, will furnish the syncope. Who could ask for more, I ask you? So, come on, members, let's show our Cardinal spirit, and remember, every good turn deserves another. Let's go places and forget our hometown dances for one evening. What do you say, are you all for it?

Election of New Officers
Don't forget the Cardinals' next meeting Dec. 6, at the home of Rose Serich on Center St. This will be the last meeting for 1935, so we urgently request the presence of every member. If you think that any officer is not doing his or her duty, here is your chance to vote for whom you think is more suitable. Let's make our next meeting a perfect attendance. Maybe you will be the fortunate one to win the prize offered at each meeting.

Jennie Glavic, No. 229, SSCU.

ENGLISH MONEY

Those Americans who find it hard to understand British money values will find it much easier if they do not try to think of it in terms of American currency. Remember, John Bull probably finds it just as hard to become accustomed to nickels, dimes and quarters as we do to his farthings, shillings and crowns. And no doubt such slang terms as "two-bits" are as puzzling to the Englishman as "two-bob" is to the average American. A farthing is one-quarter of a penny and four pennies make one groat; 12 pennies make a shilling; five shillings make a crown; and four crowns (or 20 shillings) make a pound.

Often when cleaning the leaves and other debris from thickly planted shrubs you abandon the rake after finding the long handle makes its use next to impossible and go to work with your bare hands. This wear and tear on the hands and in many cases on the temper can be saved by fixing a rake so it can be used. Instead of discarding the old rake with the broken handle saw off all but about a foot of the remaining portion. If the handle is completely gone an old file will find this simple little device will remedy that old trouble and make the job easy.

Short-Handled Rake Handy

Kicks proved to be the downfall of Pitt, who had the Irish rocking on their heels. Shakespeare kicked from his goal line to the Panther's eleven. This was one of those kicks that happen once in a season. It just had to happen in this game. Once again a kick featured in the breaks. Ninety seconds before the final gun, the Irish lined up for a field goal. Fromhart and Peters were sleeping when the center passed the ball, and awoke just in time to complete the play and make good the field goal that defeated Pitt. Breaks—a powerful foe when against you. It will make or break the best of us.

Cleveland SSCU Bowling News

Cleveland, O.—Team standings in the Cleveland SSCU Bowling League remained unchanged after last Sunday's rolling. High spots of the kegling was the pace set by F. Sluga and Walter Guzik, who garnered 601 and 600 series, respectively. F. Sluga rolled games of 199, 247 and 155, and Walter Guzik 175, 199 and 226; this places them in second and third high in the three-game event. F. Drobnic remains on top with 621. The same standing holds good for the single high games.

Sport Flashbacks

By Stan Progar, No. 228, SSCU
Springdale, Pa.—Name your bet. Three to one on Detroit over Chicago. Six to five that Baer takes Louis. Three to two that St. Louis wins the National pennant. Two to one in favor of Pitt over Notre Dame. Five to one Louis K. O.'s Baer before the fifth. Six to four Ohio State edges out Notre Dame.

Odds. Upsets. Surprises. The 1935 sport season will be remembered. Favorites have toppled and the underdogs have made history. Pre-game dope proved to be just idle talk. In most cases the favorites were lost in the fog when the battle clouds cleared. This year anything can happen; anybody can win. It has been shown, and before leap year rolls around, many more sport battles will show that 1935 is the year for underdogs. So, name your bets. But remember, the impossibles have happened this year.

Panther's Setback
Notre Dame must be given credit for its 9 to 6 victory over Pitt. By all laws and rights of football, the Panthers should have returned to Pittsburgh victorious, but as it were they returned victims of the 1935 upsets. Coach Layden's boys were recipients of breaks and when lady luck smiled at them they seized her with a strangle hold. This was what they needed and got it.

Irish Breaks
The first of the series of breaks came when Frank Patrick, Panther fullback, missed his try for a field goal. This was his first miss of the season. Things would have been different had his toe upheld the previous record. Had Randour's mates followed up the play where he galloped 62 yards, they would have permitted him to score, which would have put the game in an entirely new light. Unseasoned players were at fault. Again lack of experience favored the Irish. When Johnny Michelosen, the Pitt quarterback, punted in the last quarter, four of his teammates watched the ball bounce back from the 40-yard line to the 20. An experienced player would never let this happen. This put the Irish in scoring position which proved to be the turning point of the game.

Kicks proved to be the downfall of Pitt, who had the Irish rocking on their heels. Shakespeare kicked from his goal line to the Panther's eleven. This was one of those kicks that happen once in a season. It just had to happen in this game. Once again a kick featured in the breaks. Ninety seconds before the final gun, the Irish lined up for a field goal. Fromhart and Peters were sleeping when the center passed the ball, and awoke just in time to complete the play and make good the field goal that defeated Pitt. Breaks—a powerful foe when against you. It will make or break the best of us.

Rules and Regulations of Cleveland I. L. League

In the past our SSCU has been represented in the Cleveland Interlodge League. This year the George Washington Lodge, No. 180, SSCU has a team entered in the local loop, and is going under the name of GW, SSCU - Bukovnik's Studios.

- Each team upon entering the league must contribute one (1) dollar towards defraying of league expenses.
- Each team cannot have more than ten (10) players on its roster.
- No additional players will be permitted to join a roster after the roster has been accepted regardless if accepted roster does not contain the maximum of ten (10) players.
- Any player submitted in the team's roster on October 7 is eligible to compete in the league provided that his name is included in the final roster of ten or less players which must be submitted on or before the opening date, Wednesday, November 6.
- Every roster must contain the correct names, aliases, addresses and policy numbers of its players and accompanied by the lodge secretary's signature attesting to their memberships.
- The players comprising a team's roster must have become bona fide members of the lodge they represent on or before Thursday, October 17.
- Should a suspended player participate in games during the month of his suspension those games shall be forfeited. After a player repays his back dues and is no longer on the suspended list he can resume playing. However, he must notify league officials before resuming play.
- League players who are prevented from playing their team's entire schedule because of night work or attendance at night school must participate in at least two (2) regular scheduled games in order to be eligible for the championship play-offs. High school, college and Muny league luminaries must participate in at least six (6) regular scheduled games in order to be eligible for the championship play-offs.
- The game shall be played in four (4) quarters lasting eight (8) minutes each.
- In the event of a tie in the regulation time an overtime period of three minutes duration shall be played. Any succeeding overtime periods shall also be of three (3) minutes duration.
- The Muny Basketball Rules in relation to technicalities etc., where I. L. rules do not cover will prevail during the games.
- A forfeit shall be declared if a team does not make an appearance fifteen (15) minutes after its opponent takes the floor.
- At least four (4) men must comprise a team in order that it be permitted to play.
- Should a player strike a referee during a contest, the player shall be barred from further participation for the rest of the season.
- The season schedule shall be made up of two complete rounds.
- A ten day notice must be given in order to have a game postponed.
- The championship of the league shall be decided among the first three highest teams by percentage after the completion of the two rounds. The second place team shall meet the third place team in a semi-final game with the winner to play the first place team in a two out of three game series for the title.

18. All protests (preferably in writing) must be submitted before 8 p. m. of the following evening to league officials and must be accompanied by two dollar protest fee. Arbitration Board will then be called to assemble and to view and decide on the protest.

19. Should but two of the three members comprising the Arbitration Board be present at the hearing and should the individual decisions agree the decision will hold.

20. The Arbitration Board interpretations will be from the Inter-Lodge regulations.

21. The decisions of the Arbitration Board shall be final.

22. (To go into effect next season). Anyone desiring to be a participant in the Inter-Lodge basketball league during the season of 1936-37 must absolutely be a bona fide member of the fraternal lodge he represents as a player on or before June 1, 1936.

Iz urada glavnega tajnika

From the Office of Supreme Secretary

Prva posojila na članske

tifikate meseca oktobra 1935.

First Loans on Membership

Certificates for October 1935.

Dr. St. Lodge No.	Cert. No.	Amount
6	Oct. 15	3739
37		3751
55		3425
58		3770
70		3771
71		3775
197		3770
198		B-115
209		3760
Oct. 31		
53		3752
55		3752
81		3757
184		3506

Skupaj-Total

Posojila na članske certifikate meseca oktobra 1935.

Loans on Membership Certificates for October 1935.

Dr. St. Lodge No.	Cert. No.	Amount
200		34914
200		34907
2		34961
6		33552
6		33458
6		34109
9		35833
9		35832
12		36548
21		33957
21		33294
21		35670
31		33538
31		35168
31		35174
35		33998
36		34506
36		35968
37		36951
37		36042
70		35007
70		33494
70		33871
99		36373
104		35065
123		33963
123		39966
129		33980
138		33987
139		34065
152		33018
174		33013
200		34100
4		33315
41		34231
42		34805
47		34241
47		33334
47		33542
47		37174
47		34247
49		34279
70		33405
94		33591
103		34605
103		34878
128		34879
128		36287
128		35700
141		35229
158		36288
158		34083
175		34012
190		
Skupaj-Total		

ANTON ZBARSKI
glavni tajnik - Supreme Secretary

Knut Hamsun:

BLAGOSLOV ZEMLJE

(Prevedel Rudolf Kresal)

(Nadaljevanje)

Ker je bila Oline premočna, da bi se dala užgati, hudičevo močra, je morala Inger s svojimi udarci odnehati; kaj bi se človek izčrpaval, ko vse vkup nič ne pomaga. Toda grozila je — o, grozila je Olini s kuhaličico tik pred očmi, o še jih bo dobila, doblila jih bo za vse večne čase dovolj! Imam tudi kuhinjski nož, boš takoj videla!

Vstala je, ko da bi hotela seči po nož, po veliki kuhinjski nož; toda zdaj: e je njeno prvo razburjenje že poleglo in rabila je samo še jezik. Oline vstane in sede na klop, modra in rumena v obraz, vsa bulasta in krvava. Uredi si lase, popravi si ruto, izpljuje; usta ima zatekla! Živina! reče.

Ti si bila v gozdu in si iztikala tam okrog! vzklikne Inger; zato si trosila ure in si našla mali grob. Toda rajši bi si bila takoj zase izkopala luknjo! — Boš že videla! odgovori Oline in njene oči se blešče od maščevalnosti. Nič več ne rečem, toda poslej ne boš imela čimnate z izbo in orglami. — Tega ne boš ti odločevala! — O, to bova sklepali Oline in jaz!

Obe ženski sta se prepirali naprej. Oline ni bila tako sirova in glasna, v svoji odurni zlobi je bila naravnost miroljubna, toda zagrizena in nevarna. Jaz grem — po culo, žal mi je, da sem jo pustila v gozdu. Vrnem ti volno, še ne maram je ne. — Tako, ti seveda misliš, da sem jo ukradla. — Toda sama veš, kaj si storila.

In sta se spet pričkali o tem. Inger je rekla, da ji pokaže ovce, s katere je bila volno ostrigla. Oline je odgovorila mirno in popustljivo: Kajpada, toda kdo ve, odkod je bila tvoja ovca. — Inger je imenovala kraj, kjer so se pasle prve ovce in jagnjeta. In to ti rečem, pazi enkrat za vselej na svoja usta! je grozila. — Haha, se je smejala Oline zaničljivo. Vedno je imela odgovor pripravljen in se ni udala. Moja usta! In tvoja usta! Pokazala je na Ingrino zajčjo razpoko in ji rekla, da je to gnus pred Bogom in ljudmi. Inger je vsa razkačena odgovarjala, in ker je bila Oline debela, jo je zmerjala s tolstorito — tako ničvredna tol. toritnica, kakor si ti! Zahvaljum se ti tudi za zajca, ki si mi ga poslala. — Zajca? Ko bi le bila pri vsem tako nedolžna kakor pri tem zajcu! Kakšen pa je bil? — Kakšen da je zajec? — Kot ti! Prav tak kakor ti! In tebi bi ne bilo prav nič treba gledati zajca — zdaj glej, da izgineš! je vpila Inger. Ti si Os-Andersa poslala z zajcem sem! Kaznovati te dam. — Kaznovati me daš! Ali si rekla, da me daš kaznovati? — Ti si polna nevoščljivosti, od vsega, kar imam, ni ničesar ne privoščiš in izgorela boš od same nevoščljivosti, je nadaljevala Inger. Ker sem poročena in sem dobila Izaka in vse, kar je tu, od same zaviti si skoro nisi mogla očesa več zatisniti. Veliki Bog in Oče v nebesih, kaj pa hočeš od mene? Ali je moja krivda, da tvoji otroci niso mogli priti do česa otroci in bi iz njih kaj bilo? Ti ne moreš prenesti, da so moji otroci tako čedne postavine in da imajo lepša imena kakor tvoji, toda morem jaz kaj za to, če so iz boljšega mesa in krvi, kakor so bili tvoji!

Če je Oline kaj moglo napraviti besno, je bilo to. Toliko otrok je rodila in ni imela ničesar drugega kakor te otroke, kakršni so pač bili; dejala je, da so dobri in: e je bahala z njimi, lagala je o njihovih zaslugah, ki jih niso imeli, in zakrivala njihove napake. — Kaj si rekla? je odgovorila Ingr. Da se od sramu ne pogreznem v zemljo! Moji otroci, ki so bili pred tvojimi kakor krdece nebeskih angelov! Ali se upaš moje otroke le v misel vzeti? Vseh sedem je bilo, ko so bili majhni, kakor prave božje stvarce, in zdaj, ko so odrasli, so vsi brez razlike velikih in lepih postav. Paži se, ti! — In Liza, ali ni prišla v ječo, kako pa je bilo to? je vprašala Inger. — Niče ar ni storila, tako nedolžna je bila kakor cvetka, je dejala Oline. In zdaj je poročena v gorah in hodi v klobuku. Kaj pa ti delaš? — In kako je bilo z Nilson? — Ne zdi se mi truda vredno, odgovarjati tebi! Ali ti imaš enega, ki leži tam v gozdu, kaj si s tem napravila? Umorila si ga. — Poberi se in glej, da izgineš! je spet vpila Inger in silila v Oline.

Toda Oline se ni umaknila, niti vstala ni. Ta neustrašenost, ki se je zdela kakor zakrknjenost, je Ingr spet zaprla sapo in je samo rekla: Zdaj pa grem takej po sekačo! — Pusti rajši, je vetovala Oline, grem že sama od sebe. Ali kar se tega tiče, da svoje lastne sorodnike mečeš čez prag, si živina. — Da, samo glej, da izgineš.

Toda Oline ni šla. Obe ženski sta se pričkali še precej časa, in kolikorkrat je urala bila pod ure ali cele ure, vselej je Oline planila v porogljiv smeh in podžigala Ingrino besnost. Nazadnje sta se pa obe le malo pomirili in Oline se je pripravila na odhod. Dolgo pot imam in noč pred seboj, je dejala. In bilo je dosti neumno, da nisem doma vrela kaj za pod zob s seboj, je dejala.

Inger na to ne da odgovora, zdaj se je spet spametovala; v latvo toči vode in reče: Na, če se misliš odrgniti. Oline uvidi, da se mora umiti, preden gre, toda, ker ne ve, kje je krvava, se umiva na napačnih mestih. Inger jo nekaj časa gleda, potem ji začne kazati. Tu — umij si tudi sence, ne ono sence, saj ti vendar kažem. — Sem mar mogla vedeti, na katero stran si kazala ti, je odvrnila Oline. — Na ustih imaš tudi še nekaj. Ali se morda vode bojiš? vpraša Inger.

Nazadnje je morala Inger ranjenko sama umiti in ji vreči brisačo.

Kaj sem hotela reči, začne Oline ta čas ko se briše in je zopet povsem miroljubna, kako naj prenese to Izak in otroci? — Ali ve? vpraša Inger. — Če ve! Prišel je zraven in je videl. — Kaj je dejal? — Kaj naj bi dejal! Onemel je, kakor tudi jaz.

Molk.

Ti, ti si vsemu kriva! toži Inger in solze jo zalijo. — Če bi le povsod bila tako brez greha! — Jaz ga bom vprašala Os-Andersa, na to se lahko zaneses! — Le stori to!

V miru se pogovarjata dalje in Oline se zdi manj maščevalna. O, ona je politikus prve vrste in zna najti izhoda, zdaj izraža celo sočutje, ko pravi, če bi se razvedelo, da bi ji potem bilo Izaka in otrok od srca žal. — Da, pravi Inger in še bolj joka. Noč in dan sem tuhtala in tuhtala. Za izhod se Oline nenadoma domisli, da bi ona mogla pomagati, morda lahko pride semkaj in ostane na naselbini, če bi Inger morala v ječo.

(Dalje prihodnjič)

JOHN PEZDIRC, READING, PA.

Moj obisk v Jugoslaviji

(Nadaljevanje.)

Ko sem prevozil Jesenice, sta stopila carinska stražnika na vlak ter mi zabičala, da ko pridem v kraj, kamor sem namenjen, da se moram takoj prvi dan javiti na občino in na srez. Ker pa nisem vedel kaj pomeni srez, sem vprašal kaj ta reč pomeni, in odgovoril mi je, da je to se izgovarjalo prej okrajno glavarstvo, sedaj pa se imenuje srez. Kot je bilo razvidno, nista stražnika bila nič kaj zadovoljna, ko sta opazila, da sem ameriški državljan in da sem namenjen na povratek.

Takoj, ko se prestopi avstrijska meja v Jugoslavijo, potniku molijo pod nos jugoslovanski denar, ter začnejo "gihati," koliko bodo plačali za ameriški dolar. Nekateri go menjali večjo vsoto, jaz sem pa menjal le toliko, kolikor sem potreboval, kajti na vlaku se je plačalo po 45 dinarjev za ameriški dolar, v Ljubljani na banki pa 46 dinarjev in 40 para za dolar. To s posredovanjem Leo Zakrajška, kateri se je isti čas nahajal v Ljubljani in nas je na glavnem kolodvoru v Ljubljani pričakoval. Kar se tiče ameriških dolarjev jih vsak lahko odda v Jugoslaviji, ker povsod, kamor prideš in pokažeš dolar, vsak se mu smeje, ter ga z veseljem menja. Ako pa greš čez mejo Jugoslavije in ako pomoliš oni denar, ga ne boš zlepa oddal; v nobeni deželi si ne more potnik nobene stvari kupiti za ta denar. Jaz in moja dva sopotnika nismo poznali nobenega denarja, ko smo obedovali v Ljubljani, nego smo se obnašali tako kot taktar, ko smo šli v Ameriko. Vzeli smo po pest drobiža ter pomolili krčmarju pod nos, da si je isti sam naštel, kolikor mu je pripadalo. Denar v Jugoslaviji ima razna imena. Bankovec za 1000 dinarjev imenujejo "Jurij" ali pa "Marko," 10 dinarjev imenujejo "kovač," 50 para imenujejo pol dinarja, 25 para pa krono. Pa naj bode, kakor hoče, po par dneh sem se navadil tudi one "zmisi" tako da ni bilo več nobene sitnosti z denarjem.

Ko smo se doobra okrepčali in pošteno umili v Ljubljani, sem vprašal na postaji, kedaj da odpelje vlak v Gradac v Belo Krajino, ker do tiste postaje sem vzel vozni listek in tam sem izstopil. Povedano mi je bilo, da vlak odrine ob 14. uri in 15 minut. Šel sem na vlak ter se vseled zraven okna, da sem opazoval one kraje in mesta, katerih nisem videl že dolgih trideset let. Toda od Ljubljane do Novoga mesta nisem opazil mnogo sprememb. Ljudje nosijo ravno tako nošo kot so jo prej, ženske imajo naglavne rute kot prej, kratka, nisem opazil spremembe. V Novem mestu pa sploh nisem opazil najmanjše spremembe zelo oni stari kolodvor je še, katera je sem pred svojim odhodom pustil.

Ko sva se z našim vlakom prevesila preko Gorjancev, opazil je bilo vse nekako bolj veselo in živahno, ker vlak je po polzevc vozil mimo belih vinskih zidanic in lepih vinskih nasadov. Ne šteto belih cerkvic se je belilo ob progi. Iz Ljubljane do Gradaca sem naštel nič manj kot 29 postaj in na vsaki postaji se je vlak nekaj minut ustavil. In to so postaje različne, ene so majhne, druge večje, toda na vseh postajah so na straži carinski stražniki, da vsakemu potniku prebrskaje, če nosi kak jerbasa ali kaj sličnega, predno ima vhod na vlak ali stopa iz vlaka.

Dospelvi v Gradac ravno ob 6. uri zvečer, sem izstopil na kolodvoru ter svojo prtljago pustil tam do drugega dne. Podal sem se do bližnjega gostilničarja, katterega sem poznal še pred svojim odhodom iz domovine, ter ga poprosil, ako ima kako "šajtergo," da me popelje v Griblje.

Obljubil mi je takoj, da me ne bo peljal v "šajtergi," pač pa na boljšem koleseju. Plačal sem mu celih 50 dinarjev za vožnjo, katera traja eno uro in 15 minut. Povpraševal me je odkod grem in čegav sem, in ko sem mu pojasnil, je bil zadovoljen ter me povprašal to in o to o Ameriki, kar sem mu na kratko obrazložil.

Še pred odpotovanjem na obisk v staro domovino sem izvedel, da ni nobene gostilne v moji rojstni vasi, čeravno šteje vas okoli 106 števil. Torej sem svojemu vozniku velel, da se lahko vrne nazaj, ker v vasi ni gostilne in kot vozniku mu ne morem postreči. Dal sem mu nekaj napitnine ter se poslovil z obljubo, da se vidiva naslednjega dne, ko pridem po svojo prtljago v Gradac. Svoje pot sem ubral kar peš do svoje rojstne hiše. Med potjo se nisem ozrl na nobenega človeka, čeravno sem jih srečal mnogo, kateri so se vračali s polja domov, ker je bilo ravno okoli sedme ure zvečer.

Prišedši domov sem našel le brata, kateri šteje že 68 let. Opazil sem ga na dvorišču, kjer je nekaj pospravljaj okoli hleva. Že med potjo sem bil naredil program, kako se bodem pojavil in sem tako storil. Začel sem ogledavati hišo in, ko me je brat zagledal, je takoj prišel meni naproti ter me vprašal, da kaj si rad? Odgovoril sem mu, da sem agent zavarovalne družbe proti ognju, in da sem ravno prav prišel, češ če se bo dal zavarovati. Tedaj se je brat izgovarjal, da nima denarja in da je že zavarovan, jaz sem pa trdil, da ne vidim nikjer nobene tablice na hiši ter da ne verujem, da si bil zavarovan. (Brat me je seveda nazivljaval vedno z gospodom.) Nato mi je šel pokazat tablico, katero je imel v resnici na drugem koncu hiše. Jaz sem pa še trdil, da ni nikoli zadosti zavarovan in da se naj še za večjo vsoto zavaruje. Ker se je pa e obotavljal in izgovarjal, da ni denarja in me z gospodom nazivljaj, mi je smeh ušel, podal sem mu roko s pripombo, če me je pozna? Ko sem trdil, da sem v resnici njegov brat, mi ni hotel verjeti, in še dva na lednja hleva je trdil, da me ne more opoznati, da bi bil njegov brat. Kot že gori imenjeno, ni bilo nobene gostilne v vasi, ko sem prišel domov, za teden dni sta bili pa kar dve nastavljeni. Ali sta bili nastavljeni zaradi menclit za koga drugega, mi ni znano. Takoj prvo noč mi je bilo jako žal, da sem se podal v staro domovino, ker po tridesetih letih bivanja v Ameriki sem se odvil vdihavati oni živinski rnoj okoli hiše. Posebno pa tekom poletnih vročih dnevov, ko se ta gnoj razpeče in razpari. Par noči nisem mogel spat rad rnojnega smradu, potem sem privadil, kajti nos se tudi tega privadi časoma.

Toda muhe! Te so pa na kmetih mnogo bolj nadležne, kot so po mestih. Ponoči so sicer dale pokoj, dokler se ni delal dan, ko se je pa začelo svitati, takrat pa ni bilo za počivat. Z rjuho se je pokrtil čez glavo, pa vse ni nič pomagalo, one so našle vhod počdejo, tako da na vse zadnje sem moral pokoncu, pa če sem bil zadovoljen ali ne.

Kar se pa tiče zraka, je pa mnogo o trejši in boljši od ameriškega. Prve dni, ako je pihala kaka sapa proti meni, so bila moja pljuča preslaba za oni zrak; moral sem se obrniti vstran od, sape dokler se nisem privadil. Jutranja rosa in pa sveži zrak na polju sta vse tako zdravega in čilega naredila, da sem se čutil vsega prerojenega.

Hrana na kmetih, kolikor je meni znano, je mnogo boljša kot je bila pred mojim prvim odhodom v Ameriko. V času mojega bivanja v domovini nisem nikjer opazil žgancev in kruha iz proa; povt od sem opazil, da so jedli pšeničen kruh. Kratko re-

čeno se kmet mnogo boljše hranil kot se je prej. Kmet se je toliko zmordil, da noče več sejati prosa, seje ga le toliko, da ga ima za kake druge potrebsčine, a ne za kruh. Pa tudi z mesom ni kmet zadnji. V času mojega bivanja v domovini, so si štiri kmeti zlomile noge, tako da so jih potem ubili in meso so takoj varščani raznosili po štiri dinarje kilogram. Kmet se je toliko zmordil, da noče mesarju živine prodati, ker mu mesar malo plača od vage, rajše ima kmet kak boljši obed. Mislim, da si bo še mnogo krav polomilo noge, ako e cena na kmetovi živini ne popravi. Kmet brez licence ne sme prodajati mesa, če si pa živina polomi noge, jo sme zaklati in prodajati meso.

Uhogi kmet se muči in krmi živino, ta pa nima skoro nobene cene. Ako jo hoče prodati, jo mora prodati napol zastojni. Tele proda mesarju za 100, ali v izrednem slučaju za 125 dinarjev. To je toliko, da si potem kmet kupi za izkupiček 100 škatljic vžigalic, ker za vsako škatljico vžigalic se mora plačati v Jugoslaviji po eden dinar. Zato se ljudje bolj tresejo za eno vžigalico, kot smo se prej za celo škatljico. Mesarji in go tilničarji, kateri lastujejo oboje, imajo velik dobiček od teleta. Telečja pečenka stane od 6 do 10 dinarjev, v Ljubljani sem jo plačal celo po 14 dinarjev kilogram.

Ako je večjo mesto, je vse dražje, pa najsi bopija ali pa jestvine. Ako je manjše mesto, ali na kmetih, je vsaka stvar bolj poceni. Vino ima vsake vrste ceno, po Hrvaškem ga dobiš za 4 dinarje liter, in je mnogo boljše kot pa po Kranjskem po gostilnah. Kot sem že omenil, je različno, dobiš ga po 8; 10, in po 12 dinarjev. Le čudno navajajo imajo, da vino, posebno belo, žvepljajo. Vprašal sem, zakaj to delajo, pa so povedali, da ako ga žvepljajo, se ni bati, da jim zavre, če ga pa ne žvepljajo, da se jim posebno belo vino rado spridi. Jaz sem ga takoj drugi dan počutil v svojih prsah, ker so mi prsa hotela počit, tako sem bil napihnen. Vino svobodno vsak prodaja, brez vsake carine ali licence, ne sme ga pa manj prolati, kot pet litrov. Vsak, kdor cupi vino, ga mora odnesti izred njegovega stanovanja.

Ako zaprosiš za jančjo pečenko, jo ne dobiš zlepa kjer bi hotel. Skoro povsod ti ponujajo le telečje. V redkih gostilnah in pa ob redkih priložnostih boš naštel, da imajo jančjo pečenko. Kaj je vzrok, mi ni znano. Vendar pa niso jagnjeta tako na visoki ceni, ker sem sam izkusil, ker sem plačal 75 dinarjev za jagnje, da ga smo neke nedelje na ražnju spekli.

Bolj male gostilne so bolj udarjene, ker kmetje si sami pridelajo vina, le malo ali pa nič je takih, da ne bi imeli dva do tri vinograde. Tako si vsak za sebe pridelal in še lahko ga nekaj proda. Povsod, kjer sem obiskal gostilne, sem našel prazne, vse tiho, vse mrtvo. Mislim sem si: kje so oni časi, ki so bili pred mojim odhodom! Takrat je bilo v vsaki gostilni petje in vriskanje, pa naj si prišel karkoli. Pa ne samo na kmetih, tudi v velikih mestih so gostilne večinoma prazne. Črnomelj, Metlika, Ljubljana, Karlovac, Zagreb in Sarajevo, so večja mesta, in tudi prometna, ali ko prideš v gostilno, najdeš malo gostov. Ako prideš v večje hotele, tam se najde kaj več gostov, a teh se pa vsak rad izogiblje, ker vsaka stvar je še bolj pretirana. Takih hotelov se oprijemljejo le bogati potniki, katere čakajo na postajah hotelski avtobusi ter jih potem popeljejo na hotele in zopet nazaj na železniške postaje.

Cene za prenočišča so različne kot povsod. Meni so računali v Črnomlju za prenočišče 16 dinarjev, v Ljubljani v hotelu Miklich sem plačal 37 dinarjev, v Karlovcu sem imel prenočišče

zastoj, v Zagrebu sem plačal 30 dinarjev. Prenočišča se seveda razlikujejo, potnik pa, če je na potovanju, se najbolje počuti, ako ima sobo sam.

Ko se človek povrne na obisk v staro domovino po tolikih letih, se gotovo počuti nekaj tujec med ljudmi, kojih ne pozna več. Zastoj se človek ozira po vaščanih, ki mu roke podajajo, ker ne pozna nobenega. Vsi drugačni obrazi, vse drugačne postave.

(Dalje prihodnjič)

DOPISI

(Nadaljevanje s 7. stran)

66 JSKJ sobrat John Jevitz Sr. Kapitan prve skupine je bil sobrat Frank Ramuta, kapitan druge pa sobrat Frank J. Weddie. Pripravljalnemu odboru v Waukeganu sta načelovala glavni predsednik JSKJ, sobrat Paul Bartel, ki je tudi dober pevec, in sobrat Matt Kirn, ki je član mestnega councila v Waukeganu. Od strani sobratov Bartela in Kirna ter drugih članov in članic pripravljalnega odbora smo bili dobro sprejeti in dobro postreženi. Poleg tega smo bili deležni prijazne naklonjenosti od sobrata Josepha Nemanicha, tamkajšnjega pogrebnika, ki je bival svoječasn v Jolietu. Njegov prijazen in postrežljivi nastop mi bo gotovo povsod pridobil mnogo prijateljev. Prijaznega sprejema smo bili deležni tudi od Mr. in Mrs. Geo. W. Biederman, ki sta svoječasn bivala v Jolietu. Omenjeni je v službi Public Service Co., in je bil nekako pred šestimi meseci premeščen iz Jolietu v Waukegan - North Chicago okrožje. Omenjeni se je izrazil, da zelo ceni prijaznost in sočelovanje Slovencev na svojem novem mestu.

Bil je pravi "jolietski - waukeganski dan," kakor nas je bil sobrat Paul Bartel v svojem pismu zagotovil, to kljub slabemu in neprijaznemu vremenu.

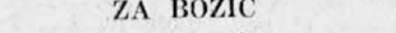
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Joseph A. ...
tajnik društva št. 200

Aurora

V SPOMIN prve smrti nepozabnega smrti ta Franka Putzela, ki je no ponesrečil dne 10. 1934.

Čeravno Te krije hlača lja že eno leto, se nam osušile solze; z v. akim nam oživi spomin nato, ni sin in brat!

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Odšel si telesno od duševno: i ostal v naših v naših molitvah, v naših minih in naši ljubezni ostal, dokler ne pridemo za Teboj tja, kjer ne bo tisti, ločitve in trpljenja. Mesec november je dežel: lepe jeseni rasiš kras. Mi pa ne moremo seli, ker to je najžalost sec za nas!

Zalujoči ostali: Josephine Putzel, stariš; Josephine, brat in sestri

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