

Naša narodna in verska
zavednost se kaže
v tem, da damo svoje
otroke zavarovati pri
K. S. K. Jednoti!

GLASILO K.S.K. JEDNOTE

DELO OFFICIAL ORGAN IZOBRAZBA
OF THE GRAND CARNIOLIAN SLOVENIAN CATHOLIC UNION

Kranjsko - Slovenska
Katoliška Jednota
je prva in najstarejša
slovenska bratska pod-
porna organizacija
v Ameriki

Čuvajmo K. S. K. Jed-
noto, mater vse skup-
nosti ameriških
Slovencev!

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Molotova izjava glede Trsta

Pariz. — Sovjetski komisar Molotov je izjavil in pariški konferenci, da mora biti nova tržaška država avtonomna, demokratična in popolnoma brez vojaštva, da ne smejo ostati v Trstu niti čete koncila združenih narodov.

Dalje je Molotov predlagal, da postavijo veliki štirje mednarodno komisijo, ki bo sestavila za tržaško državo začasno vlado, za katero se po svetovanju z lokalnimi demokratičnimi strankami in organizacijami.

Italiji in Jugoslaviji naj se da proste zone v pristanišču in druge trgovske ugodnosti; postavi naj se tam tržaško-jugoslovansko carinarno in železniško zvezo, volitve v legislaturo naj bodo potom splošne enakovoljne pravice ter da se postavi guvernerja, ki bo gledal na to, da se statuti tržaške države točno izpolnjujejo.

Dalje je predlagal, da se da oblast v roke izvršnemu odboru, ki bo izvoljen od skupščine ter da se podeli državljanstvo vsem prebivalcem te okolice, ki so bili tam ob času, ko je stopila Italija v vojno, razen fašistom.

Začasna vlada, ki jo naj postavijo veliki štirje bo razpisala volitve v narodno skupščino, ki naj se vrši v teku 3 mesecev.

Molotov je izjavil, da mirovni pogoji, ki so jih določile Amerika, Anglija in Francija Italiji, ne vsebujejo zahteve, da se tržaška okolica popolnoma izprazni vsakega vojaštva ter vprašal: "Ali naj to pomeni, da bodo ostale v Trstu tujezemski čete, dokler bo pod oblastjo varnostnega koncila združenih narodov? Mi ne smemo dovoliti, da bi bil Trst vojaška baza za to ali ono tujo državo."

Dalje je Molotov izjavil, da je poskus odpraviti pravico vetiranja pri koncilu združenih narodov samo priprava za novo vojno. Molotov je to izjavil na obtožbo avstralske delegacije, da varnostni koncil ne bi bil sposoben upravljati svobodne tržaške države, dokler je v veljavi pravica vetiranja. Ker je bil to naravnost udarec na Sovjetsko Unijo, je Molotov izjavil: "Ako hočejo združeni narodi narekovati mir brez Sovjetske Unije, se jim ne bo obneslo."

Lausche bo pomilostil 100 bivših kaznjencev, ki so bili v vojni

Columbus, O. — Ohijski guverner Frank J. Lausche bo pardoniral 100 bivših kaznjencev, ki so častno služili v zadnji vojni in ki so bili takrat na paroli. S tem jim bo odvzeto vsako nadzorstvo od strani državnih oblasti in bodo zopet svobodni državljani.

Guverner je rekel, da se bo pregledalo vsak slučaj posebej in pardonirani bodo le tisti, ki imajo dober rekord in ki so bili častno odpusteni od armade.

Rusija nastopila proti pomoči za begunce

Lake Success, N. Y. — Sovjetska Rusija je izjavila pred ekonomskim koncilom združenih narodov, da ne sprejme nadržta, po katerem bi se z denarjem pomagalo beguncem, da bi se jih naselilo kje drugje kot v njih rojstni deželi.

V koncilu je bila namreč debata, da naj se ustanovi mednarodna organizacija, ki bi prevzela skrb za begunce, ko preneha delovati UNRRA. Vsaka dežela bi morala k temu denarno prispevati.

Ruski delegat Feonov je rekel, da UNRRA ni izpolnila svoje naloge, da bi poslala begunce domov v njih države. Rekel je, da je po raznih taboriščih v Evropi 830.000 beguncem, ki se nečejo vrniti domov radi propagande proti domačim vladam ali radi zločinov proti njih državam. Mnogo Rusov, je rekel, se neče vrniti domov, ker so sodelovali s sovražnikom ali pa so v inozemstvu vodili kampanjo proti njih domači vladi.

Indski delegat je izjavil, da bi Indija tudi pomisljala prispevati denar, ker je dozdaj že plačala v UNRRA \$32.000.000, dočim na sto tisoče Indcev trpi pomanjkanje brez vsake pomoči od UNRRA.

Wallace in Byrnes

Washington. — Hud boj je v delu med državnim tajnikom Byrnesom in med tajnikom trgovskega oddelka, Henryem Wallace zagovarja milejšo politiko napram Rusiji, zlasti da se ji da proste roke v vzhodni Evropi ter da se Zed. države ne zamešajo preveč v angleški imperij. Wallace zagovarja ravno nasprotno onemu, kar zagovarja tajnik Byrnes, ki govori v imenu ameriške vlade.

Cirkus se je pričel zadnji četrtek, ko je imel trgovinski tajnik Wallace tozadevni govor v New Yorku ter tam izjavil, da je predsednik Truman njegov govor že vnaprej odobril. Tedaj je vstal velik vihar v naših volilnih krogih, ker so bila s tem nekako spodnešana tla tajniku Byrnesu. Predsednik Truman je bil prisiljen nekaj napraviti in zato je izjavil v soboto, da je pač dovolil tajniku Wallace-u govoriti, da pa ni odobril njegovih besed, ki jih je spregovoril v New Yorku.

Jugoslavija zahteva 167 ladij nazaj

Lake Success, N. Y. — Jugoslovanski delegat Stane Krašovec je predložil ekonomskemu koncilu združenih narodov zahtevo, da se Jugoslaviji takoj vrne 167 ladij, ki jih države zavezniki na gornji Donavi v zasledbenem pasu ameriške armade.

Naše iskrene čestitke zlatoporočencema Mr. in Mrs. Michael Hochevar, Joliet, Illinois

Tiste dni, ko smo bili na konvenciji v Pueblu, sta naša Mr. in Mrs. Michael Hochevar v Jolietu praznovala zelo pomemben dan, kakršnega ne dočaka mnogo zakonskih parov; praznovala sta 50 letnico svoje poroke, oba vesela, čila in zdrava.

Sobrat M. Hochevar je naš stalni in vestni poročevalec iz Jolietu. Ne naraščajoča leta ne utrudljivo vsakdanje delo ga ne ovirajo, da ne bi vsak teden poslal domače novice iz Jolietu, pogosto pa še dodaten dopis. Kaže nam najlepši zgled, kaj premore odločna volja in zanimanje za našo skupno stvar. Da bi se le čimprej v vsaki slovenski naselbini, kjer so naša društva in naše cerkve, pojavil tak Mr. M. Hochevar! Tedaj bi naše Glasilo postalo še vse drugačno, kakor je.

Ker je spreten s peresom in sam najboljši ve, kako je bilo, smo ga naprosili, naj kar sam popiše svoje življenje za objavo v Glasilu o priliki zlatega jubileja svoje poroke. Par tednov se je izgovarjal, končno nam je pa le ustregel in poslal naslednje vrstice, ki so mu zanje v imenu uredništva kakor tudi v imenu vseh čitateljev Glasila najlepše zahvaljujemo.

Rojen sem bil 14. septembra leta 1873 v Cegelnici, fara Žužemberk na Dolenjskem, p. d. Cesarjev. Zena Josipina je bila rojena Gregorčič, p. d. Pezderčeva, dne 22. febr. 1877 v Dvoru pri Žužemberku. V Ameriko sva oba prišla leta 1893 in sicer v Bridgeport, Ohio. Tam sem začel delati v ondnotnem premogokopu Wheeling Creek, kjer so že delali moji oče in brat Jože. Leta 1896 sem se preselil v Irwin, Pa. Tam sem delal dva meseca. Ko ni bilo več stalnega dela, sem se preselil v Finleyville, Pa. Tja je prišla iz Bridgeport, O., tudi Josipina Gergorčič in sva se dne 24. avgusta leta 1896 poročila. Blagopokojni gospod Josip Zalokar, tedajni župnik pri sv. Barbari v Federal, Pa., je naju poročil v neki majhni cerkvi, ki se je nahajala v



Gastonville blizu Finleyville, ker v tem kraju ni bilo tedaj katoliške cerkve. Leta 1897 spomladi sva se preselila zopet nazaj v Bridgeport, O., kjer sem potem delal v tamošnjem premogokopu, razen nekaj let, ko sem bil zaposlen pri bratu Antonu v trgovini, skozi ves čas do leta 1929. Med tem sva si napravila svoj dom v Boyds-ville blizu mesta Bridgeport, kjer je bila slovenska naselbina. Tukaj so imeli svoje domove tudi moji starši, bratje in sestre, tako tudi bratje moje žene.

Na društvenem polju sem poskušal ves čas po svoji moči delati za korist našega naroda. Leta 1895 sem s 13 rojaki ustanovil v Bridgeportu prvo društvo KSKJ v državi Ohio pod imenom društvo sv. Barbare št. 23, ki še danes lepo napreduje. Bil sem ves čas mojega bivanja v odboru in 28 let tajnik. Leta 1906 smo si postavili svojo društveno dvorano skupno s tedajnjim društvom sv. Barbare sv. 19, spadajočim v Forest City, Pa., za kar sem dal prostor na mojem zemljišču brezplačno. Pozneje so kupili več prostora in sedaj stoji tam lepa moderna dvorana, dom vseh ondnotnih Slovencev. Leta 1908 smo ustanovili iz članice društva sv. Barbare novo žensko društvo sv. Ane št. 123 KSKJ, ki je danes največje društvo v Bridgeportu, O. Imeli smo tudi dramatično društvo Orel in smo mnogo lepih slovenskih iger predstavili v tisti lepi dobi, ko smo bili mladi in je še naš slo-

venski duh vse naše gibanje prevladoval.

Leta 1908 sem bil na konvenciji KSKJ v Pittsburghu prvičkrat. Takrat je bil izvoljen za gl. tajnika brat Zalar. Leta 1926 sem bil zopet v Pittsburghu na konvenciji in izvoljen za gl. nadzornika in sem bil v gl. odboru do leta 1931; na konvenciji v Waukeganu nisem radi preselitve več hotel biti kandidat. Leta 1929 sva se z ženo preselila iz Bridgeport, O., kjer sva živela 34 let, v Joliet, Ill. Dne 1. febr. leta 1932 sem dobil službo hišnika v gl. uradu KSKJ ali Jednotnem domu, katero opravljam še sedaj. Odkar sem v Jolietu, spadam k društvu Vitezov sv. Jurija št. 3 KSKJ in sem v odboru podpredsednik. Pri društvu Presv. Imena pa tajnik. Žena je bila pri društvu sv. Ane v Bridgeportu več let tajnica, sedaj pa spada k društvu sv. Genovefe št. 108 KSKJ.

V prejšnjih letih v Bridgeportu sem bil tudi zastopnik listov Am. Slovenec in Ave Maria. Splošno naju so imeli radi rojaki v Bridgeportu, kakor naju imajo radi tudi v Jolietu, kar naju prav veseli.

V Clevelandu živijo moji bratje Anton, Joseph in Frank, ki je pismonoša, in dve sestri: Mary Hoge in Josephine Avsec. Rev. Benedict Hoge, komisar slovenskih frančiškanov v Lemontu, in Rev. Thomas Hoge ter Bro. Robert Hochevar so moji nečaki. Brat Andrej pa živi tukaj v Jolietu. Dva brata od žene: Frank in Mihael Gregorčič, živita v Bridgeportu, Ohio.

Naj povem še, da sva bila z ženo krstna botra 39 otrokom in da sem hodil v šolo cela štiri leta v enorazrednico, ki smo jo imeli na Dvoru pri Žužemberku, in da ko sem bil 12 let star, sem šel že delat v tovarno, ki je bila v tistih časih na Dvoru, da sem nekoliko pomagal očetu, ker nas je bilo devet otrok v družini in jaz sem bil najstarejši.

Z bratskim pozdravom,
Michael Hochevar.

OPA POLAGOMA ZVIŠUJE CENE

Washington. — OPA je naznanila, da bo od srede 18. sept. sladkor za dva centa dražji pri funtu. To bo prizadelo ameriške odjemalce za \$200.000.000 na leto.

OPA je tudi podražila moko, tako za domačo uporabo kot za pekarije in sicer za 20 centov pri 100 funtov. Zavitek 5 funtov bo od 1 do 2 centa dražji. Moka za pekarije bo zdaj \$4.72 za 100 funtov. Ako bo to podražilo tudi kruh se zaenkrat še ne ve.

OPA pravi, da so te cene časne in da urad še naprej študira cene moki z ozirom na cenoposnemci in bo morda treba ceno moki še dvigniti, ako se bo to pokazalo potrebno.

Washington. — OPA je te dni ukazala restavracijam, da morajo nastaviti cene od 30. ju-

nija za jedila, kjer je meso glavna jed. To pomeni nekako 10% znižanje v cenah.

Od 9. sept. naprej so bile cene jedilom v restavracijah zamrznjene na one, ki so bile v veljavni koncem tedna 31 avgusta. To je bilo prej, predno so stopile v veljavo nove cene za meso.

Ford avtomobili bodo za 6 odstotkov dražji

Washington. — OPA je te dni dovolila Ford Motor Co., da zviša ceno novim avtom za 6% in sicer za modele Ford, Mercury in Lincoln. Odredba je stopila takoj v veljavo. Te cene bodo v veljavi samo do 15. marca 1947, potem bodo pa zvišane, ali pa znižane, kakor bo položaj v deželi.

S tem je dobila Ford Motor Co. že peto zvišanje od leta 1942.

Zed. države in Italija

Pariz. — Zed. države so se odrekle vsaki vojni odškodnini od Italije v dobrobit mednarodne stabilnosti. Toda istočasno pa izjavljajo, da ne bodo dale Italiji nobenega denarja, s katerim bi ta potem plačevala vojno odškodnino drugim deželam.

Za Zed. države je to izjavil Willard Thorp, ki je rekel, da bodo Zed. države darovale s tem Italiji najmanj \$20.000.000, če se računa, da so znašali vojni izdatki Zed. držav nad \$335.000.000.000.

Od konca vojne so poslale Zed. države Italiji blaga že za več kot \$1.000.000.000, obenem so pa plačale Italiji nad \$100.000.000 za stroške okupacije, kar bi morala sicer plačati Italija sama.

Jednota brez mladine bi bila kakor jablana brez jabolka!

Vesti iz slovenskih naselbin

Joliet:

—Mr. in Mrs. Frank in Mary Hochevar in hčerke iz Euclid, O., so obiskali svoje sorodnike v Jolietu, med časom ko so se nahajali na počitnicah na Ameriških Brezjah v Lemontu, kjer so se udeležili slavnosti zlate maše Father Johna in medenega piknika, v nedeljo 1. sept. so pa bili navzoči pri slovesnosti, ko je njih sin Frank, sedaj Bro. Robert, napravil zadnjo redovno obljubo in tako postal pravi redovni brat reda sv. Frančiška.

—Irene Korevec, hčerka družine Mr. in Mrs. Louis Korevec iz 162 Ruby St., se je podala v Ottawa, Ill., v šolo za bolničarke, kjer se bo posvetila temu hvalevrednemu stanu.

—Dorothy Klepec, hčerka družine Mr. in Mrs. Joseph Klepec iz 903 Woodruff Rd., je 4. sept. stopila v kolegij sv. Frančiška, ker se je odločila za redovni stan. Dorothy je graduirala lani na mestni višji šoli JTHS kot najboljša učenka, ter prejela mnogo odlikovanj kakor tudi prosto šolnino v Junior College, kar je pa odklonila, ker je že prej sklenila, da bo postala redovnica.

—Člani društva Presv. Imena so jako lepo praznovali svojo nedeljo 8. sept. Pri sv. maši zjutraj jih je nad 150 skupno prejele sv. obhajilo, popoldne so se pa mnogoštevilno udeležili društvenega piknika. Lepa udeležba je bila tudi od ostalih faranov. Tako je vladalo med vsemi prav veselo domače razpoloženje, ki je prineslo društvu lep moralen in finančen uspeh.

—V nedeljo 22. sept. bo v Chicagi Molitvena ura društev Presv. Imena. Kateri člani se žele ali zamorejo udeležiti ter izredno lepe slovesnosti, naj se priglasijo v župnišču; če se jih bo zadostno število priglasilo, se bo naročil poseben bus ali več, če treba, da se popeljejo prav do prostora, kjer se bo molitvena ura vršila.

—Ne vemo dneva ne ure, kdaj pride smrt. Rojak Frank Papeš iz 606 N. Bluff St., je delal zadnjih 16 let v tukajšnji topilnici železa American Steel and Wire Co. Tako je bil na delu tudi dne 5. sept., ko se okoli tretje ure popoldne iz neznanega vzroka odprejo vrata pri topilni peči in 2700 stopinj vročine je planilo proti rojaku in njegovemu tovarišu, nekemu Poljaku. Kot bi trenil sta bila kakor goreči baklji in ožgana do kosti. Prihiteli sodelavci so oba hitro prepeljeli v bolnišnico sv. Jožefa, kjer je po štirih urah neznošnih muk rojak Frank Papeš umrl, njegov tovariš pa nekaj ur pozneje. Pokojni Frank je bil star 59 let, doma iz Žužemberka na Dolenjskem, p. d. Peričin. V Jolietu je bival nad 34 let. Tukaj zapuša globoko potrto soprogo Josipino, tri sine: Franka in Edwarda, ki se nahaja v vojni službi v Nemčiji, dalje štiri hčere: Mrs. Edward Butler, Mrs. Joseph Fang, Mrs. Vincent Likovich in Mrs. Walter Miller, dalje brata Johna in Ely, Minn., ter 10 vnukov in

Cleveland:

—Mr. in Mrs. Joseph Perusek iz 14814 Hale Ave., sta začnjo nedeljo praznovala 40 letnico srečnega zakonskega življenja.

—V soboto 14. septembra so se poročili naslenji pari: Carl Feme in Mildred Josephine Stopar, v cerkvi Marije Vnebovzete na Holmes Ave.; ravno tam tudi Raymond A. Svetek in Mary Lou Kapudija; v cerkvi sv. Vida pa Frank Godic Jr., in Josie Ann Cimperman.

—Po dva tedna mučne bolezni je umrl v soboto zjutraj znani rojak in eden najstarejših naseljencev v Newburghu, Anton Tomažin v starosti 81 let. Doma je bil iz Podlukovja, fara Krka, odkoder je prišel sem pred 60 leti. Bil je eden izmed ustanovnikov fare sv. Lovrenca in bil je vedno aktiven na društvenem polju. Bil je mirnega značaja, priljubljen in spoštovan.

Imel je v tej naselbini prvo slovensko gostilno in znano Tomažinovo dvorano na Marble Ave., kjer je bilo takrat zbirališče Slovencev. V tej dvorani so bila ustanovljena večina vsa slovenska društva v Newburghu.

Bil je član dr. sv. Lovrenca št. 63 KSKJ, sv. Alojzija samostojno ter Najsvetejšega Imena. Zadnja leta je delal za mesto v Garfield parku. Poleg zalujoče soproge Marie roj. Emery zapuša več sinov, v Lorain, O. pa brata Franka.

—Umrl je Anton Oven, 65, doma iz Osredka, fara Rob, odkoder je prišel v Cleveland pred 46 leti.

—Umrl je Joseph Miklavčič, 40, rojen v Burdine, Pa., v Clevelandu pa je bival zadnjih 21 let. Igral je banjo in Jankovičevem orkestru.

—V North Braddock, Pa., je 15. sept. umrla Mrs. Mary Anžlovar. Zapuša sina, štiri poročene hčere in 10 vnukov in vnukinj.

Obvezna registracija za 18 letne fante

Uradniki za obvezno vojaško službo opozarjajo mladence, da se morajo registrirati pri svoji naborni komisiji na isti dan, ko dosežejo 18. leto starosti. Nekateri mislijo, da se jim ni treba registrirati, ker je kongres sprejel postavbo, da se ne kliče v armado nikogar do 19. leta. Toda vsak se mora registrirati, čim doseže 18. leto, sicer zapade občutni kazni.

NAZNANILO

Cleveland, Ohio. — Prirediteljev za sklad Lige Katoliških Slovencev, ki bi se bila prvotno imela vršiti pri Sv. Vidu na Delavski dan 2. septembra, bo po sklepu odbora seje 5. septembra, predstavljena na drugo nedeljo v novembru, to je 10. novembra. Nadaljne poudarnosti bodo objavljene v tem listu. Toliko v vednost tistim prijateljem Lige, ki niso bili na seji.

Odbor.

DRUSTVENA NAZANILA

53: SV. JOŽEF

Waukegan, Ill. — Na zadnji seji društva je bilo prebrano prijazno vabilo našega domačega slovenskega društva Vitezi sv. Jurija, v katerem nas vabilo na prireditev dne 29. septembra ob priložnosti 40 letnice tega slavnega društva. Vsakemu članu je znano to društvo. Skozi mnogo let je sodelovalo z vsemi našimi lokalnimi društvi in tudi z nami. Ob taki redki priložnosti je torej naša dolžnost, in kakor sklenjeno na seji, se bo naše društvo korporativno udeležilo te slavnosti 29. septembra.

Vse člane vabimoin prosimo, da se udeležijo sv. maše ob 8 uri. Pridite v šolske prostore ob 7:45 zjutraj na to nedeljo in od tam bomo skupno odkorakali v cerkev Matere Božje.

Nadalje nam sporočajo v vabilu da se bo program nadaljeval popoldne ob 1. uri, z balinanjem in prosto zabavo na šolskih prostorih. Zvečer ob 6 uri bo večerja, program in potem ples in prosta zabava.

Naši sobratje Vitezi sv. Jurija nas vabijo. Pridite torej k sv. maši in na program, da pozdravimo te bratske pionirje v naši naselbini ob njihovi 40 letnici.

S sobratskim pozdravom,
Joseph Zorc, tajnik.

Kegljaška liga

81: MARIJA SEDEM ZALOSTI

Pittsburgh, Pa. — Pričeli smo kegljati — možje in žene — v nedeljo zvečer 8. septembra ob 7 uri. Bilo nas je zelo veliko število, tako da nas je bilo 7 v vsaki skupini in kar 12 "alleys" ali ulic smo prevzeli. . . . To je zelo dobro za prvi večer in pričakujemo še več v prihodnjih tednih. Vsi navzoči so se zelo dobro zabavali, ali ko bomo prišli do reda, da bodo vse skupine pravilno določene, bo še bolj prijetno kegljati. Vsako nedeljo zvečer ob 7 uri bomo kegljali od zdaj naprej, torej pridite tudi Vi! Če nas bo preveč za kegljanje zvečer, bomo nekako uredili, da bomo lahko morebiti tudi ob določenem času popoldan v nedeljo kegljali; torej za Vas bo zmerom prostor. Zelo radi bi videli, če bi se več naših starejših članov in prijateljev odzvalo in se zanimalo za ta šport. To ni samo za mladino, pač pa za ljudi vseh starosti, in je dobro in zdravo razvedrilo.

Torej pridite v nedeljo zvečer ob 7 uri v Lawrence Recreation Alleys na 53 in Butler cesti, v prostor, ker imamo zmerom kegljaško tekmo.

Frances Lokar.

Hvala in hvala, Pueblo!

163: SV. MIHAEL

Pittsburgh, Pa. — Bračo i sestre, delegati i delegatice, ostali gosti: Vreme odlazi brzo, otkako smo bili u Pueblo, ali ne smemo zaboraviti mesto Pueblo, Colo., posebno naše brate i sestre, koji su nas onako dočekali na postaji Pueblo kasno u večer i naše prtljage sve uporedali i dopeljali sve u halu bez naše brige, da nje nikome niš zginito, potom nas sve onako gladne nahraniili i napojili več kasno u noć, a isto sve na naše štane odpremili. Bračo i sestre, veliki broj je 100, a nas je bilo mođe 400. Znate i priznajte, da je tu bilo neumorne ga dela. Ti muži, žene, fanti i djevojke su delali i nas očekivali od januara 1946 pak do avgusta 17, pa još ni danas nisu prosti svojega dela i računov.

Svi smo vidili, kaj su nam naši Puebelčani pripravili: frutiške, obede, večere, piknik med onim brdima, indijansku predstavu, pak još naš glavni predsednik i glavni tajnik su med Indijanci na konjih jašili, a isto smo imali izvrstni banke na Country Club, gdje se nala-

zilo preko 475 osoba, med kojima je bilo več svećenika a i puebelški škof i njegov namesnik.

Sada bum prestal pak bum rekao u ime sviju nas: Hvala i hvala nebrojeno puta za lepi doček u Pueblu i odpravak iz Puebla va Denver, Colo., neumornom našem glavnom predsedniku John Germ, predsedniku konvenčnega dočeka i premijena naših stanova sobratu J. F. Starr, hvala celokupnome društenim članom i članicam dr. sv. Josipa br. 7 i dr. Marije Čistega Spočestva br. 104, Pueblo, Colo.

Dragi brati i sestre, Bog vas živi, a mi vas ne bomo zaboravili.

Vam odani

Matt Brozović, tajnik.

169: SV. JOŽEF

Cleveland, Ohio. — Minulo je že skoraj mesec dni, odkar smo prišli iz lepe Kolorade, kjer se je vršila naša konvencija. V Glasilu ste imeli že do sedaj priliko prečitati ves uradni konvenčni zapisnik. Danes zvečer (19. sept.) pa bo seja našega društva v navadnih prostorih. Prosim naše članstvo, da se udeležite v obilnem številu, ker vam bom pri tej priliki lahko ustmeno še več in po domače povedal, kako je bilo na konvenciji. Tudi vam bom lahko povedal marsikaj o krasni Koloradi in prijaznem mestu Pueblu, kjer prebiva naš glavni predsednik in mnogo naših sobratov in sester. Torej vsi na sejo nočaj, da bomo napolnili našo dvorano.

Z bratskim pozdravom

Joseph Ferrá, tajnik.

170: SV. ANA

Chicago, Ill. — Naša prihodna seja bo v nedeljo 22. septembra, v navadnem prostoru. Prosim, da se udeležite v velikem številu, gotovo pa vse tiste, ki ste zaostale z asesmentom, ker ga bo treba takoj poravnati. Na tej seji boste slišale poročilo svoje konvenčne delegatince, pa tudi več drugih točk pride na dnevni red.

Ne smem pa izpustiti tega, da se ne bi javno zahvalila vsem članicam, ker so me izvolile za delegatinko 21. konvencije, ki je bila v Pueblo, Colo. Bila sem prvokrat delegatinka in sem bila res vesela, da sem bila izvoljena. Bilo je zame nekaj poučljivega. Zagotavljala sem si, da bom za naprej s celo močjo delala, da bomo na prihodnjo konvencijo lahko poslale dve ali več delegatink.

Veselo je bilo potovanje na konvencijo, že ko sem prišla na La Salle postajo. Tam sem že našla prijateljico Mrs. Antolin, ki se je odločila, da bo imela počitnice z nami v Pueblo, Colo., in je res bila jako zadovoljna tam. Nato pa slišim, da je že posebni KSKJ vlak pripravljen za nas. To je res nekaj izrednega in veselega za nas Slovence. Ko smo odhajali, stopi k nama hčerka od Mrs. Antolin in nama izroči cvetlice za srečno pot. Najlepša hvala, Frances! Ko pa pridemo na vlak, zagledamo Rev. Edwarda, našega dobrega bivšega župnika. Prav veselili smo bili vsi, da smo ga zopet videli. Na vlaku smo se spoznali drug z drugim iz vseh mogocih krajev. Srečno smo dospeli v Pueblo, kjer smo začeli svoje delo, pa tudi srečno in zadovoljno končali 21. redno konvencijo. Pozdrav glavnim uradnikom, delegatom in delegatinkam in vsem gostom!

Po dokončani konvenciji nas je bilo precej, ki smo ostali tam še nadalje nekaj dni, da smo si razgledali tiste lepe kraje. Zahvaliti se moramo glavnemu predsedniku Mr. Germu, ker nas je vzel s svojim avtom na visoke krasne gore in nam razkazal veliko zanimivega, kar nam bo vedno ostalo v spominu. Najlepša hvala Mr. Germu. Zahvaljujemo se tudi Mrs. Raspet in družini; povabila nas je

na kosilo in nam pripravila izvrstne jabolčni štrudel. Prav lepa hvala Vam, Mrs. Raspet. Torej naše Ančke, na svidenje na seji v nedeljo 22. septembra in bodite lepo pozdravljene.

Cecilia Horwath, preds.

Razna sporočila

179: SV. ALOJZIJ

Elmhurst, Ill. — Članom in članicam, ki niso bili na zadnji seji, naznanjam, da bo prihodnja seja drugo nedeljo v mesecu, to je 13. oktobra, in ne v četrtek, kakor je bilo v poletnem času.

Ob tej priliki, ako tudi je malo pozno, naznanjam žalostno vest, da je nemila smrt zopet pobrala eno naših rojakinj. Prišla je tako nepričakovano, da je vse pretresla. Vzela nam je Cirilo Kerkoch, mater članice našega društva Mrs. Marthe Humka. Tukaj zapuščaa žalujočega soproga, sina in tri poročene hčere, v starem kraju pa več sorodnikov. Tebi, Cirila, želimo, da počivaš v miru v ameriški zemlji, ki nam je zdaj vsem domovina; tvojim sorodnikom in prijateljem izrekamo naše sožalje.

Sedaj je ravno dve leti, odkar se je preselil v večnost nepozabljeni prijatelj in član našega društva James Widmar. V spomin mu posvečujemo naslednje vrstice:

Hladna te zemlja
Dve leti že krije,
V tih gomili
Pokojno zdaj spiš.
Sonce jesensko
Na grob ti zdaj sije,
V duhu pa vedno
Med nami živiš.

Frances Lozar, tajnica.

Hvala gostoljubnim Puebelčanom

Ely, Minn. — Kot delegat 21. redne konvencije v Pueblu, Colo., hočem malo omeniti, kako je bilo tam, v prvi vrsti pa se moram zahvaliti naštetim družinam za njihovo gostoljubnost in postrežbo, ki smo je bili deležni v Pueblu.

Najprej moram omeniti Mr. in Mrs. Louis Raspet, sorodnike našega delegata Franka Golob. Mr. Raspet nas je vozil na razgled po mestu Pueblo, njegova žena pa je tudi preskrbela nekaj dobrega za popotnico v obliki pohanih piščancev. Tudi je pisaloc teh vrstic izkalkala obledo. Nadalje se zahvaljujem prijazni rojakinji Mrs. Kogovšek, njeni hčeri in zetu, ki me je popeljal okrog. Omenim naj tudi, da nam je Mrs. Kogovšek postregla s svojo domačo kapljico. Vsem skupaj torej najlepša hvala. Prav tako se najlepše zahvaljujem tudi Miss Mary Babnik, kjer sva s sobratom Jenkom stanovala in smo bili tudi z Mr. in Mrs. Anton Sternina iz Clevelanda skupaj na stanovanju. Bili smo kar sami svoji gospodarji; dala nam je namreč kar celo hišo na razpolago. Nadalje ne smem pozabiti Mrs. John Jeršhin in njeno sestro, ki sta nam odpeljali naše kovčke na kolodvor. Tako moram tudi omeniti Frank Prince gostilno in restavracijo. On je skrbel, da ni smo bili lačni in žejni; pripočamo ga tudi drugim.

Pueblo nam je vsem ugajalo, samo da nismo imeli zadosti časa, da bi si mesto malo bolj podrobno ogledali. Meni so se najbolj dopadle breskve, ki jih imajo skoraj pri vsaki hiši. Tukaj v Ely, Minn., jih ni, ker je predolga zima.

Zatorej hvala vam vsem skupaj. Ravno tako tudi konvenčnemu odboru v Pueblu, ki zasluži vse priznanje.

Kar se tiče potovanja, se ne morem dosti pohvaliti, četudi smo imeli posebni vlak. Bil je namreč bolj polževe narave. Zato nas je pa kratkočasil delegat Ignatz Gorenc s svojo hardniko; prav tako tudi častni gost John Boles.

Domov grede smo se ustavili

v Denverju, Colo.; tam nam je bil za vodnika John Perme iz Denverja, ki je tam dolgoletni naseljenec. Imeli smo priliko med drugim videti tudi novčarno (Mint), kar je bilo zanimivo. Tam sem tudi srečal dobro poznane rojaka in gl. uradnika ABZ Franka Okorna iz Denverja, Colo. Marsikaj sem videl, kar mi bo celo življenje ostalo v spominu. Tudi deško mesto Boys Town v Nebraski smo obiskali in tudi dosti zanimivega tam videli.

Ob zaključku teh vrstic bratski pozdrav Antonu Kozlevčarju iz Milwaukee, Franku Zakrajšku, Johnu Petrichu, Ignacu Gorencu, Johnu Oblaku, posebno pa še Michaelu Semeji iz Gilberta, Minn., ki je bil za zdravnika in je ordiniral pod novim imenom "Dr. Helpover." Bil je specialista za srčno napako ter je imel tudi dosti "arcanij," če je katerega kaj po železcu ščipalo.

Bratski pozdrav vsem delegatom in delegatinkam in vsemu članstvu naše KSKJ.

John Mehle,
konvenčni delegat.

Slike na Willardu

Cleveland, Ohio. — Po več letih bodo imeli slovenski farmarji na Willardu in okolici spet lepo priliko, da vidijo premikajoče se slike—domače, iz Clevelanda in iz stare domovine. V ta namen sta določena dva večera in sicer v sredo in četrtek 25. in 26. septembra. Najmanj dva večera bo vzelo, da bo mogoče videti vsaj najvažnejše. Naj nihče ne zamudi te prilike. Naše domače slike pa bodo zanimale tudi drugorodce, ker bodo zbirke posebne vsebine in vse zanimive. Zupljani Sv. Družine, le povabite svoje sosede na imenovane večere; ne bo jim žal, če se udeležijo.

Odpotovali bomo v nedeljo 22. t. m. in spamo, da se bomo v terek že srečali na zelenem Willardu. Do tedaj pa iskreni pozdrav.

Anton Grdina in družba.

Čestitke novoporočenecema

Cleveland (Newburgh), O. — Dne 2. sept. sta si v cerkvi Matije Dobrege Sveta, 4423 Pearl Rd., obljubila zakonsko zvesto ženin Anthony F. Kordan Jr. in nevesta Rose Martignoleski. Srečni ženin je iz spoštovane družine Anton in Josephine Kordan, 9005 Union Ave. Mr. Kordan je že blizu 30 let tajnik dr. sv. Lovrenca št. 63 KSKJ. Pod njegovim vodstvom se je društvo že mnogokrat podvojilo, tako da je sedaj eno izmed velikih društev pri Jednoti. Koliko korakov je že on storil za društvo, ve le Bog, ki mu bo nekoč obilni plačnik. Nekateri pravijo: Saj je za svoje delo plačan! Ali kdor je skušal, koliko posla, potov in skrbi ima skrbi tajnik pri društvu, tisti ve, da se njegovo delo ne more nikdar zadosti plačati.

Tudi sin Anthony Jr. je bil dolgo let uradnik pri društvu. Stric Sam pa ga je hotel imeti za obrambo domovine. Odsel je k vojakom. Tudi v službi pod zvezdnato zastavo je izvrstno delal in letos spomladl prišel čil in zdrav s častnim odpustom domov. Zavedal se je, da človeku ni dobro samemu biti, zato si je izbral tovarišico za celo življenje. Upamo, da se v bližini bodočnosti nastani v bližini hišice očetove, da nekoč prevzame po očetu društvene posle, ker vemo, da bi bil on vreden naslednik svojega dobrega očeta.

Vama, novoporočenca, pa polagam na srce dejstvo, da je zakon božji dar. Kar svet stoji, tako je star. Imejta vedno v mislih ta božji dar in spoštujta ga. Potrpljenje naj bo med Vama in ljubezen pri nikdar ne neha. Ako pa pridejo težave, ki jih tudi v zakonskem stanu ne manjka, obrnita se na

sv. razpelo. On, ki visi na križu, je imel tudi trpljenje na zemlji. Imel je sovražnike od rojstva do smrti in še po smrti jih ima do današnjih dni. Je umrl za nas in še živi za nas. V vsaki potrebi se zaupno obrnita do Boga, in vsi križi človeški Vama bodo lahki. Poleg vsakdanjih potreb, za katere moramo vsi skrbeti, pa nikdar ne pozabita na svojo neumrjočo dušo. Kaj pomaga, ako celi svet pridobiš, pa svojo dušo pogubiš? Dober in pošten fant bo tudi hišni gospodar, dober družabnik, dober društveni član.

Tudi Ti Tone, moj dobri mladi prijatelj in društveni sobrat, si bil dober in vljuden do nas starejših. Upamo, da bo dober in skrben mož svoji soprogi, in prijatelj vsem, ki Te poznamo.

Bog živi oba novporočenca. Da bi le čez 50 let oba zdrava in vesela nas vse, tudi zdrave in vesele, povabila na svojo zlato poroko!

Jacob Resnik.

VAŽNO PISMO

iz starega kraja ima pri meni Janez Kočevar, doma iz Starega trga pri Ložu. Zglasi naj se pri Frank Shepec, 14015 Hale Av., Cleveland 10, Ohio.

Pismo za Kmetelj Ludvika

iz Brinja, občina St. Rupert na Dolenjskem, imamo v uredništvu Glasila. Piše mu sorodnik Benjamin Červenka, pa ne ve naslova.

Očeta išče

Prosim, naj se mi javi oče Martin Plamenc, doma iz Kozjega (Podsreda). Bil je rudar in se je preselil v Ameriko pred kakimi 30 leti. Do vojne smo si dopisovali, med vojno pa sem' bežala iz Jugoslavije in zgubila njegov naslov. Ako bi kdo vedel, kje je moj oče, ga lepo prosim, naj mi sporoči njegov naslov, oziroma moje ga očeta opozori na te vrstice.

Mary Plamenc,
poročena Opačić,
UNRRA Camp, El Shatt
Egypt, Africa.

Naj se zglasti

Podpisana bi rada zvedela, kje se nahaja Jurij Zupančič, po domače Samčev Jurč, doma iz vasi Cesta, Dobropolje. Dobil sem pismo iz starega kraja od otrok njegovega brata Toneta (Ivan Zupančič, Cesta št. 1, pošta Videm, Dobropolje, Slovenija, Jugoslavija). Moj naslov pa je

Angeline Kochevar,
6428 Morse St.
Detroit, Mich.

Dvoje obvestil

iz generalnega konzulata
Federativne Narodne Republike
JUGOSLAVIJE

745 5th Ave., New York 22, NY

Pri Ministrstvu rada FNRJ osnovana je Uprava za iseljenike. U nadležnost Uprave za iseljenike spadaju poslovni otko pripremanja i organizovanja povratka iseljenika; pravna zaštita interesa iseljenika, iseljenika-povratnika, njihovih porodica i sorodnika; održavanje kulturno-prosvetnih veza sa iseljenicima; vodjenje centralne migracione statistike, katastra naselja i muzeja; i informativno posredovna služba.

Skrée se pažnja našim iseljenicima kao i iseljeničkim organizacijama da se za sva ova pitanja obraćaju direktno Upravi za iseljenike — Zagreb, Palmotičeva ulica, jer će tako najbržim i najkraćim putem dobiti potrebna dokumenta i obavještenja.

Iseljenici koji žele ulagati svoj novac na štednju, mogu i isti slati Poštanskoj štedionici FNRJ u Beogradu. Novac se može slati na vrlo jednostavan način sa minimalnim troškovima preko ovdasnje pošte putem međunarodnih uputnica. Na uputnici pored ostalog treba još staviti "Poštanska štedionica FNRJ Beograd — ulog na štednju." Novac se također

Združeni Slovenci

1. Bukovinski, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Več ko leto dni nas danes razdaljuje, Kar končalo se je bratomorno klanje, Ali mir med narodi še ne kraljuje, Naše nade bile so le prazne sanje.

Milijoni padlih, ki jih zdaj grobovi
Krijejo, bi v njih se obrnili,
Da vedo, kaj borbe so sadovi,
In da žrtve krute so prevare bili.

V deželi Kristusovi Palestini
Kri človeška dan za dnevom se preliva,
Zidje se bore z Arabci, Beduini,
Narod znova spet drug drugega izziva.

Na planotah nepreglednega Kitaja
Kajšek trajno si v laseh je s komunisti,
Stranka stranki venomer proti, nagaja,
Med seboj pa zmerjajo se s teroristi.

In pogledi v našo lastno očetnjavo
Razodevajo nemir nam in poboje;
Naše ljudstvo se bori za staro pravdo,
Da spet gospodar postane zemlje svoje.

Na mirovni konferenci tam v Parizi
So zastopniki se mnogih ljudstev zbrali,
Da probleme težke pri zeleni mizi
V zadovoljnost vseh kako bi razvozljali.

Italijanska delegacija zahteva
Zdaj za sebe Trst, Gorico, vse Primorje,
Kjer slovenski narod dela in prepeva
In od pamtiveka rodno grudo orje.

Mi pa upamo, da slednjic le Pravica
Bo odnesla venec zmage s konference,
Da spet naše bo Primorje, Trst, Gorica,
In država ena le za vse Slovence.

može slati i preko banke. Za sve uloge kod poštanske štedionice jamči država.

Primljenu stranu valutu Poštanska štedionica obračunava po zvaničnom kursu u dinare DFJ (sadašnji kurs za dolar je 50 dinara za jedan dolar) i odobrava štednom računu pošiljaoca. Ujedno Poštanska štedionica šalje ulagaču štednu knjižicu ili je zadržava na čuvanju da bi je docnije predala ulagaču na njegov zahtev prilikom povratka u zemlju ili čim to zatraži.

Po štednim knjižicama kod Poštanske štedionice mogu se ulagati neograničeni iznosi. Kamati po štednim ulozima iznose godišnje:

- 2% na uloge plative po vidjenju;
- 3% na redovne štedne uloge,
- 4% na uloge sa otkaznim rokom na godinu dana.

Ulozima koji nose 2% kamata po ovim ulozima odobrava se na iznose uloga do 100,000 dinara.

Po redovnim štednim ulozima može se raspolagati do 10,000 dinara mesečno bez otkaznog roka. Iznosi preko 10,000 do 20,000 dinara isplacuju se po isteku otkaznog roka od jednog meseca; preko 20,000 do 50,000 dinara uz otkaz od dva meseca, a preko 50,000 dinara uz otkaz od tri meseca. U opravdanim slučajevima može Poštanska štedionica izvršiti isplatu i pre isteka otkaznog roka, ali u takvim slučajevima odbija se eskontna kamata od 1% godišnje na otkazni iznos, za vreme dok bi trajao otkazni rok.

Pri likom polaganja prvog uloga ulagač treba da naznači na pristupnici koju vrstu uloga želi.

Ulagáč iseljenik može raspolagati ulogom po svojoj knjižici na taj način što izdaje nalog Poštanskoj štedionici da se izvesna suma sa imovine njegove štedne knjižice pošalje bilo njemu u inostranstvo ili nekom drugom licu u zemlji. S obzirom na devizne propise potrebno je da se u svakom nalogu za isplatu napiše kratko obrazloženje.

Iz Generalnog konzulata Federativne Narodne Republike Jugoslavije u New Yorku.
Za Generalnog konsula,
Hinko Samec.

Zavzemimo se z vsemi moćmi za mladinski naračaj pri K. S. K. Jednoti!

Jolietске novice

(Nadaljevanje z 1. strani)

več drugih sorodnikov. Bil je član društva Vitezov sv. Jurija št. 3 KSKJ. Dne 9. sept. je bil žalostni sprevod iz cerkve sv. Jožefa na farno pokopališče. Vsa naselbina sočustvuje z nesrečno družino.

—Dne 6. sept. zvečer je pa nenadoma umrl splošno znani pionir naše naselbine Anton Korevec v svojem domu na 407 Indiana St. Pokojni je bil star blizu 81 let in doma iz vasi Vrh pri Gambicah, fara St. Vid pri Stični na Dolenjskem.

V Ameriko je prišel pred 56 leti. Razen nekaj mesecev v Clevelandu, je ves čas živel v Jolietu; bil je med ustanovitelji fare sv. Jožefa in se je vedno zanimal za slovensko naselbino in delal za njen napredek. Prvih 16 let je delal v tukajšnji jeklarni, potem je pa delal v mestni službi, zadnjih 20 let je pa živel v pokoju. Žena mu je umrla pred šestimi leti, zadeta od avtomobila. Pokojni je bil član društva sv. Jožefa št. 2 KSKJ od leta 1897 in društva Presv. Imena fare sv. Jožefa, katerega soustanovitelj je bil in do zadnjega zvest član. Pokojni je bil blaga, mirna duša, veren katoliški Slovenec, zato je bil splošno spoštovan med rojaki in drugorodci. Za njim žaluje pet sinov: Fred, Joseph, Frank, Louis in Anton, —slednji živi v Chicagu—in tri hčere: Mrs. Mary Muhich, Mrs. Catherine Vidmar in Mrs. Gertrude Felix, ter brat Frank Korevec in 24 vnukov in devet pravnukov, vsi v Jolietu. Pogreb je bil 10. sept. iz cerkve sv. Jožefa na farno pokopališče kjer je bil položen k večnemu počitku med že tam počivajoče pionirje slovenske jolietске naselbine — M. H.

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Iz Generalnog konzulata Federativne Narodne Republike Jugoslavije u New Yorku.
Za Generalnog konsula,
Hinko Samec.

Zavzemimo se z vsemi moćmi za mladinski naračaj pri K. S. K. Jednoti!

Fight Polio



Keep clean. Wash hands before eating. Keep flies and other insects away from food.

LIGA KATOLISKIH SLOVENCEV V AMERIKI

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ZA PUBLICITETO

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STO ZLATIH IMEN

Ze parkrat sem omenil na tem mestu, kako se je zavzela podružnica naše LIGE v Clevelandu, da bi zbrala lepo svoto \$10,000 za begunce in druge brezdomce. Poziviljal sem še druge naselbine, da bi se pridružile kampanji v Clevelandu. Dal sem posebno priznanje Mr. Jakobu Resniku od sv. Lovrenca, ki je napisal nekaj v srce segajočih apelov za pomoč nesrečnim beguncem.

Te dni je pa AMERIŠKA DOMOVINA prinesla iz vsake clelandskve župnije po 25 imen dobrih ljudi, ki so na delu za doseg zelene svote. Ne bom na tem mestu ponavljal tistih imen, toliko pa rečem: Če bi jih mogel napisati v tej LIGI, bi to prav gotovo storil.

Da, nič nisem pretiraval, ko sem zapisal tu zgoraj: STO ZLATIH IMEN!

Bog Vam povrni, dobri Clevelandci in Clevelandčanke! Razumete, zakaj Vas jaz ne morem zapisati z zlatimi črkami. Toda nič ne marajte! Ko bodo Vaša imena prišla pred oči tistih Vaših rojakov in rojakinj, ki se zanje tako zelo irtvujete, boste deležni njihove ZLATE hvaležnosti, to Vam garantiram.

Kar je pa še vredno: Vaših STO IMEN je že zapisanih z ZLATIMI ČRKAMI v knjigi Vašega življenja pri BOGU! Vsa čast Vam, ZLATI rojaki in rojakinje!

S svojim prekrasnim ZGLEDOM še druge slovenske naselbine — POZLATITE.

Slovenska bogoslovna v begunstvu se preseli

Samo eno leto je trajalo, da smo vedeli za kraj PRAGLIA, ki je blizu Padove in se je tam nahajalo slovensko begunsko bogoslovje. Komaj smo si to ime dobro zapomnili, pa ga že spet lahko — pozabimo. Seveda ga pa ne bodo pozabili tisti med nami, ki so dobivali od tam tekoma zadnjih mesecev trdna pisma — zlasti "duhovni očetje in matere" ondotnih bogoslovcev.

Zdaj nam poročajo, da se slovensko bogoslovje seli iz Praglie v BRIXEN na italijansko TIROLSKO. Po laško se pravi temu mestu: BRESSA-WONE in leži v provinciji BOLLANO, Italija.

Pravijo, da se bodo bogoslovci in profesorji v novem kraju bolj počutili, ker so tam razmere bolj urejene. Tudi smo že prejeli poročilo, da se je za prvi letnik oglasilo najmanj OSEM novih bogoslovcev. Kmalu bomo zvedeli več in dobili tudi njihova imena. Morebiti se bo kdo tudi za te nove oglasil, da enega ali drugega izmed njih vzame za svojega "duhovnega sina."

Dosedanji naj pa še nadalje pošiljajo svoje prispevke prav tako kakor doslej. Naj Vam vsem še nadalje ostane slovensko bogoslovje v begunstvu prav blizu Vašega srca!

Govor dr. Cirila Sirceljna na Baragovem dnevu

(Nadaljevanje)
 Francija je pa samo en zgled iz zgodovine, ki nam kaže, kako se katoličanstvo v narodnih spet iz zopet prenavlja. Tudi v drugih deželah se je pogosto original val brezboštva, ki je skušal uničiti cvetoče delo Cerkev za narodno kulturo, pa je Kristusov evangelij končno le amerom zopet prodr. Toda ko smo že pri našem Baragu, pojdemo za njim v mislih čez ši-

Župnik iz Bele Krajine prosi

Radovica, 9. avg. 1946.—Dragi Slovenci iz župnije Radovica pri Metliki!—Vaša ljubezen do starega kraja vkljub razdalji in več let pretrgnani zvezi ne pojema. O tem govorijo Vaša pisma Vašim dragim, polna ljubezni do njih. O tem pričajo številni paketi rojakom v domovini. Nekateri iz Crested Butte, Colo., so se spomnili novega župnika. Res, blaga srca! Odkar je bila zveza z Vami pretrgana, smo preživeli grozne čase kakor jih Slovenija od divjanja Turkov še ni doživela. Ni kraja v Sloveniji, ki ne bi nič trpel. A tako grozno kot župnija Radovica, jih je trpelo malo. Najžalostnejše spomine je zapustil Italijan, ki je bival med nami 2½ leta. Italijani so prihajali med nas iz Metlike in Ostrca, kradli, pretepali ljudi in požigali domove, kar cele vasi. 7. avgusta 1942. so požgali vso Bojanjo vas. Ostalo je le 5 hiš, ki jih je uspelo ljudem pogasiti: Ostala je le obleka, ki so jo imeli ljudje na sebi. Kar so našli moskih po župnji doma, so jih odpeljali v internacijo na Rab, kjer so v trumah od gladi umirali.

Ljudje so v trumah begali sem in tja. Skrivali so sebe, otroke in imetje pred tatinskimi Lah. Italijani pa so zadnje leto in pol svojega bivanja tod obstreljevali vas s topovi in avijoni. Ljudje so iskali zavetja po kleteh in skalnih jamah. Obe ofenzivi Nemcev in njih zaveznikov sta prinesli preganjanje prebivalstva, ropanje in smrt par starih možem.

Kakšna je Radovica danes? Šteje 170 števk, a ima požganih 66 hiš, 118 zidanic in hlevov, življenje je izgubilo 86 ljudi in borbi ali na Rabu ali doma ob ofenzivah. Mlade vdove ali starši brez otrok, to je najžalostnejša posledica te vojne.

Celo cerkvam in župnišču ni prizaneseno. Italijanski avijon je vrgel na župno cerkev bombe, ki je predrla streho, eksplozirala na stropu prezbiterija in ga pokvarila, 4 mesece spomladni nismo imeli dežja. Zemlja je bila razpokana od suše. Edino steno in strop nad oltarjem in okrog so ostale še mokerke. Cerkev vpije po popravilu. Če se ga ne lotimo še pred zimo, nam bo cerkev razpadla, ker je tudi sicer vasa strela preluknjana od puškinih krogel, južno steno cerkve pa je pretreslo dvoje topovskih granat in omajalo zvonik.

V napol razrušeni Radovici je mogoče župniku delati le v posebnih prostorih. Predno so ljudje začeli obnavljati lastne domove in šole, so sklenili zgraditi novo župnišče. Prejšnjega z vao opremo je tudi vzela vojna. Ostal ni tudi ne stol ali ena miza ali ena zavesa. A tudi sam sem prišel sem kot popoln siromak.

Za neodložljiva popravila pri cerkvi in za župnišče potrebujemo 2,000 dolarjev. Ljudje so začeli zlagati. Spravili smo skupaj 620 dolarjev. Darovali so celo nekateri Bojančani, ki že štiri leta živijo v zidanicah, hlevih, župah, ki nikdar niso ne drže.

Nastopila je denarna kriza. Naprej ne moremo. Ali nam bi, Nobenega dvoma ni, da Baraga zdaj v nebesih posreduje za svoje Slovence, kakor je nekoč na zemlji neprenehoma posređeval za svoje Indijance pri Bogu in pri ljudeh. Naši rojaki v stari odmovini tudi res čestijo Baragovo priprošnjo, kakor tudi priprošnjo drugih svojih vzornikov, zato se sliši o Slovencih iz domovine, da je ogromna večina naroda kljub vsem težavam in bridkostim ostala globoko verni in "je svoje versko življenje celo močno poglobila.

(Konec prihodnjic)
 Rev. Alojz Madic OFM, taj.
 Box 608
 Lemont, Ill.

Poljedelski taj. Anderson je pred nedavnim podal živo sliko položaja agrikulturne, ko postane živež vojno orodje. Njegov opis je zanimiv, ne samo ker prikljče v spomin presnetljivo — ter še nedovršeno — poglavje ameriške zgodovine, pač pa tudi iz razloga, ker zadeva dalekosežne probleme, katerim stoji sedaj nasproti Živežna in poljedelska organizacija Zdr. narodov (Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations.) Poglavitni cilj FAO, kot je večini znano, je, da se pomaga deželam in narodom zvišati oboje, pridelek živeža in zahtevo po njem, s ciljem, da bo dve milijardi prebivalstva naše zemlje imelo boljše življenje ozir. boljši način življenja.

Podajajoč najprej pregled položaja farmerjev v letih pred drugo svetovno vojno, je poljedelski tajnik Anderson tekom svojega govora to poletje opozoril na dejstvo, da so ameriški kot tudi drugi farmerji v onih letih pridelovali preveč. "Velike zaloge odvišnega žita so polnile žitnice Zd. držav, Avstrije in Kanade. Farmerji so žgali preobilni pridelek koruze v ameriškem koruznem pasu na severu. V Južni Ameriki so istočasno goreli ogromno kapi kavinega zroja. Mi smo omejili poljedelsko produkcijo — da je bilo mogoče izenačiti ali uravnovesiti pridelka z zahtevo — posledica tega pa je bila brezposelnost ter nezadostna zaposlenost v deželi.

"Vojna pa je sliko znatno spremenila, kajti naenkrat je postal živežni pridelek, govedo, prašiči, perutnina, ter krave mlekarice nekaj kar je tvorilo temeljni vir ekonomske in vojaške moči. Namah je bilo dela za vse — in vse je delalo. Zahteva po živežu in drugih produktih se je povišala v toliko, da je presegala produkcijo.

"Naučili smo se v času padanja bomb in gorečih mest kaj pomeni zaposlenost za poljedelstvo," je dejal tajnik Anderson. "Naučili pa smo se tudi kakšno direktno kooperacijo morejo narodi in dežele doseči. In pri tem smo uvideli, da tako medsebojno sodelovanje prinese vsem blagostanje in korist. Tu ni bilo več vprašanja, kam hočemo zapeljati odvišen pridelek, ki ga ni mogoče spraviti v denar? Namesto tega je nastalo vprašanje, 'Kako pridelek boljše uporabiti v splošno korist?' Skupno smo uporabljali pridelke, surov materialji, morski promet, živež. Najpotrebnejšim stvarim smo dajali prednost.

"V kratkem, agrikulturna je dosegla višek svoje produktivne kapacitete baš v času, ko je svoboda sveta bila odvisna od tega. Tekom 5 vojnih let, od leta 1939 do 1944 je ameriško poljedelstvo povišalo svojo produkcijo v dvakrat večjem obsegu nego v 20 letih, od leta 1919 do 1939.

"Pa v tem še ni zapopadeno vse, kar se je dogodilo v tem pogledu in poljedelstvu v vojni dobi. Višek produkcije je namreč omogočilo moderno kmetovanje potom poljedelskih strojev ter s pomočjo raznih izboljšav, ki omogočajo obsežnejšo rejo živine, prašičev, kuretin, itd. na povprečen obseg produktivne zemlje posamezne

lil bi z bratom brat s prav srčnimi čutili."

Prosimo, da bi, kjer je Vas več skupaj, založili denar in ga skupaj poslali preko Slovenic Publishing Co., potniški oddelek, 216 West 18th St., New York 11, N. Y. Prosimo, da bi denar pošiljali po kablju ali vsaj po zračni pošti in naslavljali na Župni urad Radovica, p. Metlika, Jugoslavija. — Že vnaprej se Vam zahvali

Tekavc Martin, župnik.

Tajnik Anderson o poljedelstvu v miru in vojni

farme. Odprava mul in konj kot vozne in tovrne živine nam je omogočila več žita za človeško uporabo. Tekom 25 predvojnih let se je posejalo 50 milijonov akrov zemlje z žitom in drugo krmo za tovrno živino, toda tekem vse te dobe je bila

Inozemske vojne neveste

Že več mesecev dajejo naši časopisi precej prostora zanimivim zgodbam o vojnih nevestah, ki jih dobivajo sem naši vojaki, ki so se borili ali so bili v vojaški službi preko morja. Ker v največ slučajih pripeljejo te neveste s seboj tudi otročke, je naravno, da je v večini slučajev poskrbljeno za zavarovalnino teh mladih nevest in otrok. Zavarovalniška družba Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., ki je izdala tem novodošlim našim prebivalcem mnogo poic, je zaeno in s sodelovanjem vojaških oblasti, ki imajo v področju to stvar, podvezela sestavo nekakšne statistike o številu nevest in njihovih malčkov, ki prihajajo v Zdr. države. Statistika krije čas do konca letošnjega julija. Številke sicer niso popolne, toda nudijo približno dobro sliko te najnovejše imigracije. Smatra se po dognanih številkah, da je prišlo v naša skupaj v Ameriko 70,000 nevest in njihovih otrok. Nevest okrog 52,500, otrok 17,500.

Te vojne neveste in njihovi otroci prihajajo takorekoč iz vseh krajev sveta koderkoli so bili naši vojaki. Metropolitan, pravi, da jih je prišlo 60,000 iz evropskih dežel, a 10,000 pa iz predelja Tihega morja (Pacifika). Približno 75 odst. nevest in otrok prihaja kot se čeni, iz Anglije, v kolikor se tiče onih, ki pridejo iz Evrope, Italija nam je dala skupno s Francijo 15% vojnih nevest, Irska in Belgija vsaka 3%, in 4% jih je prišlo iz ostalih dežel Evrope in Severne Afrike. Kakih 30 narodnosti je zastopanih v tem našem novem prebivalstvu ozir. naseljenstvu. Kar se pa tiče nevest in njih otrok iz predelja Tihega morja, jih je 85% iz Avstralije, 10% iz Nove Zelandije in 5% iz Filipinov in drugih krajev v tem predelju.

Tukaj v Zdr. državah so novodošle tujerodne neveste raztrešene po vseh državah Unije, kakor so naši vojaki bili pomešani v armadni službi in raztreseni po vseh krajih preko morja tekem vojne. Ker pa predstavljajo naše srednje-atlantske države več kot 20% našega skupnega prebivalstva, je razumljivo prišlo v te kraje največje število tujerodnih nevest. V naših bolj goratih predelih oz. državah jih imajo razmeroma malo. — Starost teh tujih nevest je približno ista kakor naših domačih deklet ob času možitve. Po večini so stare po nekaj nad dvajset let in precej jih je pod dvajsetimi. Z ozirom na poroke naših vojakov v prekomorskih deželah tekem prve svetovne vojne je videti, da razlika v številu ni posebno velika ako se upošteva, da je bilo tedaj manj naših fantov preko morja ter da so bili tam manj časa. Sorazmerno si torej številke sličejo. Uradno je bilo sicer zaznamovanih samo kakih 8000 ne-

v teku upeljava modernega kmetovanja in zemlja prej uporabljena v svrhu krmiljenja živine, je bila na razpolgo za produkcijo živeža za ljudstvo. Na farmah je tekem vojne delalo manj ljudi nego v mirni dobi, navzlic temu smo pridelovali večje količine živeža.

"Kar v resnici želimo doseči za svet potom organizacije FAO," je podčrtal tajnik Anderson, je torej povišanje živne in farmske produkcije sploh po vzoru našega medvojnega pridelovanja. Na ta način bo mogoče organizaciji Zdr. narodov uravnovesiti naraščajočo produktivno industrijo s potrebami in zahtevami, da bo mogoče porazdeliti živež in druge potrebščine prilično sorazmerno med vse dežele in ljudi sveta. — Common Council.

Čaj in čajevec

Na Kitajskem je kar čajeva pokrajina in sicer so to hribovite dežele obrežnih pokrajin, posebno province Hupe ob Jangstekiangu, Kwangsi, Kwantung, Fukien in Cekiang. Izrazito čajeveva mesta so Fučon, Ningpo in Šauhing; v njih okolica so neizmerni nasadi čajeveca. Razen na Kitajskem pridelujejo čaj tudi na Japonskem, na otoku Ceylonu, v Indiji, na predgorju Himalaje. Na otoku Java so ga začeli saditi šele leta 1828. Skušali so čajevec nasaditi tudi v Braziliji in Kaliforniji, vendar ni uspeval. Za bodočo čajevo deželo velja južna stran Kavkaza, kjer je podnebnje vprav primerno za rast čajeveca.

Za odgojo čajevega grmičja — čajeveca uporabljajo lepa, zrela semena, ki jih spomladaj posejejo. Zemljo pognoje s tekočim gnojem. Tretje leto, v marcu in aprilu, dobijo prvo letino, drugo že istega leta v maju in juniju. A že julija se grmičje tako obraste, da v tretje obrodí; časih pa še v četrto, konec avgusta in v začetku septembra. Dober grmič daje po pol kilograma zelenih lističev. Potrgajo lističe in konce vejic, a treba je pri obiranju velike paznje in zlasti — snage, saj vprav od snage zavis kakovost čaja. Najfinejši čaj je tisti, ki je iz lističev, ki so se pravkar razvili iz popkov.

Obrano čajevo listje sušijo na razne načine, pri čemur je važno to, ali bodi čaj — črni čaj ali zeleni čaj. Za črni čaj lističe po predpisanih strogo določenih navodilih prazijo in svaljkajo na ognju, kar je silno oprežno delo, ker se listje ne sme pripaliti, niti premoalo posušiti. Sušijo ga tudi na soncu v posebnih stavkih. — Pri proizvajanju

zelenega čaja pa odpade sušenje in praženje. Liste takoj po biranju v veliki vročini pariyo. Da pa se zelena barva ne izgubi, mora biti vse ravnanje v listjem čim bolj urno. Časih pa lističev ne pariyo, ampak jih z rokami mešajo in nato prazijo in svaljkajo ko črni čaj.

Da ima čaj čim lepši vonj, mu dodajo raznega dišečega cvetja (jasminovega, magnolijskega). Namesto cvetja pomešajo med lističe tudi korenine vijolic. Na Kitajskem poznajo 12 načinov za te mešanice, v Indiji pa le pet.

Razen črnega in zelenega čaja, ki ima spet številne razvrsti, imajo na Kitajskem še opekarski čaj, v obliki opeke, ki tehta poldrugi kilogram. Tu je čaj tako stlačen, da ga je treba žagati. Po okusu je ta čaj dober, a ni za naš okus in ne prihaja na evropski trg. V Evropi največ kupujejo čaj znamk: Pecco, Souhang, Capper in slične.

Japonski čaj ima jako prijeten okus (aroma), vendar je kitajski boljši. Tudi indijski čaj se glede na aroma ne more meriti s kitajskim. Toda v Indiji traja čajev grmič po 6 in 7 let in obrodí 14 do 16krat, česar kitajski ne premore.

Najdragocenejša snov čaja je tein. V dobrem čaju ga je od 2 desetink odstotka do 3 celih in 5 desetink odstotka; slabše vrste ga vsebujejo več. Kitajski čaj ima manj teina in je torej manj škodljiv. —

Koliko teina vsebuje kaka vrsta čaja, zavis največ od starosti čajevih lističev. Mlado listje prve "žetve" vsebuje manj teina ko poznejše. Spomladni nabrani lističi čaja vsebujejo največ teina, jesenski pa najmanj, ker se množina teina s sleherno "žetvijo" zmanjša. Seveda se tudi pripeti, da se spomladanski lističi pomešajo s jesenskimi in tako ni moč dobiti izbranih vrst čaja. Zato pa Kitajci, kot najboljši poznavalci čaja, posebno pazijo na to, da spravljajo poedine "žetve" zase. — Važno je tudi, iz katerih delov čajeveca pripravijo kako vrsto čaja. — V vejicah je le 75 stotink odstotka teina, v svežih zrnih in luščinah pa je 2 odstotka, v koreninah pa le 12 do 24 stotink odstotka, a cvetovi ga sploh nimajo. — Lističi imajo toliko teina ko vejice.

Vendar ne zavis aroma in kakovost čaja le od količine teina, marveč tudi drugih snovi, zlasti eteričnih olj in predvsem čreslovinastih kislin. Vprav čreslovinasta kislina je ena izmed najvažnejših snovi za kakovost čajevih razrsti. Kak dober čaj ima poldrugi odstotek teina in 11 odstotkov čreslovinaste kisline!

Čaj ponarejejo že na Kitajskem, a tudi v Evropi. Predvsem ga umetno barvajo, kar je najlažje dognati. Ponarejajo pa čaj tudi s te, da ga mešajo s čajevimi lističi, ki so bili že uporabljeni in to se na videz kar nič ne pozna in je moč le kemično dognati, da je bil čaj tako ponarejen. Tretji način ponarejanja je ta, da primešajo listje drugih rastlin. Na ta način zlasti v Rusiji ponarejajo čaj, kjer raste posebnarastlina, ki je slična čajevim lističem. V Leningradu so preiskali zdravniki 100 vrst čaja in — so bile skoraj vse te vrste ponarejene. To ponarejanje je sicer lahko spoznati, že z navadnim povečalnim steklom moreš to opaziti, vendar je naša brezskrbnost in zaupnost do trgovcev navadno večja ko spretnost ponarejevalcev.

Ljubezni znak
 "Po čem si prav za prav spoznala, draga, da me ljubiš?"
 "Veš po čem? Po tem, da sem se vsakokrat grozno razjezila, kadar je kdo trdil, da si pravi tepec."

Kjer je moja žena, je tudi moja domovina.

GLASILO K. S. K. JEDNOTE

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Odgovori na konvenčne brzojavke

Naš glavni tajnik Mr. Joseph Zalar je prejel do sedaj naslednje odgovore na brzojavke, ki so bile odposlane s konvencije raznim odličnim osebam.

BELA HISA Washington

Dragi g. Zalar: Telegram z dne dvaindvajsetega avgusta poslan predsedniku smo prejeli. Zelim se Vam zahvaliti v njegovem imenu za Vaše prijazne besede.

Vdani Vam William D. Hassett, predsednikov tajnik.

GOVERNERJEV URAD DRZAVE OHIO Columbus

Dragi g. Zalar: Prejel sem Vašo zelo prijazno brzojavko z dne 22. avgusta, ki mi v njej pošiljate pozdrave in izražate najlepša voščila v imenu 21. bratske konvencije Kranjsko-Slovenske Katoliške Jednote.

Vdani Vam Frank J. Lausche, governor.

VATIKANSKO MESTO (Brzojavka)

Apostolski delegaciji v Washingtonu: Sveti oče, hvaležen za sinovski izraz udanosti in zvestobe, ljubeče podeljuje delegatom in delegatijam Kranjsko-Slovenske Katoliške Jednote, zbranim na konvenciji v Pueblu, svoj apostolski blagoslov in moli, da bi jim Bog naklonil obilno pomoč pri njihovem delu.

Montani.

CHICASKA NADSKOFIJA Chicago, Illinois

Dragi g. Zalar: Hočem se zahvaliti Vam in Kranjsko-Slovenski Katoliški Jednoti v Ameriki, ker ste mi poslali izvod resolucije proti komunizmu, ki ste jo odobrili na svoji konvenciji te dni. Celemu svetu je znano trpljenje ljudstva v Sloveniji, in vsakdo, ki ima le iskrico ljubezni do svobode, upa in prosí Boga, da bi kmalu prenehalo tiranstvo v omenjeni deželi ter bi ljudstvo postalo varno pri svojem uživanju pravic, ki mu jih je dal Bog.

Vaš v Kristusu, Samuel kardinal Stritch, nadškof čičaški.

P. S.—Temu pismu prilagam radiogram poslan velečastnemu apostolskemu delegatu. Papež v njem podeljuje blagoslov Vaši organizaciji in se Vam zahvaljuje za Vaš izraz sinovske udanosti. Radiogram sem prejel danes po pošti.

SKOFLJSKI URAD Pueblo, Colorado

Dragi g. Zalar: Dovolite mi, da izrazim Vam, ostalim uradnikom, kakor tudi delegatom na ravnomer končni splošni konvenciji, kako visoko cenim Vašo vljudnost, ko se mi v brzojavki in pismu zahvaljujete za vse, kar sem na Vaše povabilo storil pri važnih dogodkih te konvencije. Tudi jaz se Vam želim prav tako zahvaliti za izvod resolucije priznalne zahvale kakor tudi resolucije proti komunizmu, ki ste jih enoglasno sprejeli na konvenciji. Gotovo se zavedate prav tako kot jaz, da je ta zadnja resolucija zelo odločilen in pomenljiv nastop, ki bo imel dalečsegajoče posledice in politično življenje našega naroda. Zelim izraziti kar najvišje priznanje odboru za resolucije, ker je sestavil tako vseobsegajočo in nepobitno izjavo, zbornici pa, ker jo je enoglasno odobrila.

Pri tej priliki ponovno izrekam svoje globoko zadovoljstvo zaradi velike dobrega, ki ga je vaša konvencija prinesla našem okrožju. Ne samo da nam je bilo prijetno, ker smo vas imeli med nami te dni, temveč to zborovanje nas je tudi preželo s spoznanjem, kako plemenit in resen cilj ima vaša organizacija, in priznati moramo, da ste nam dali pobudo za še večje prizadevanje.

Naj Bog še nadalje bogato blagoslavlja KSKJ in naj jo napravi celo v še bolj učinkovito silo za dobro njenemu članstvu in deželi sploh. Moja osebna najprisrčnejša voščila Vam in vsem Vašim sodelavcem.

Vdani Vam Joseph C. Willging, škof puebelski.

DRZAVA COLORADO John C. Vivian, governer

Dragi g. Zalar: Governer Vivian mi je naročil, naj Vam naznanim prejem Vaših brzojavnih pozdravov iz narodne konvencije Kranjsko-Slovenske Katoliške Jednote v Ameriki, vršče se v Pueblu. Governerju se je zelo dobro zdelo, ko je prejel Vašo brzojavko. Zahvaljujem se Vam in želim vaši Katoliški Jednoti v Ameriki veliko uspeha.

Vdani Vam N. F. Handy, osebni tajnik.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

(Brzojavka) Joseph Zalar, gl. tajnik KSKJ: Medtem ko Vas obveščam, da sem prejel pozdrave delegatov Kranjsko-Slovenske Katoliške Jednote zbranih v Pueblu, Colo., se Vam želim zahvaliti v imenu sv. očeta in Vam zagotoviti, da bom molil za uspeh vaših ukrepov in za uresničenje vašega programa pri bodočem delovanju za Kristusa. Nadškof Cicognani, apostolski delegat.

ZAVAROVALNINSKI ODDELEK DRZAVE ILLINOIS Springfield

Dragi g. Zalar: Lepo se mi vidi, ko ste mi poslali telegram, ki mi je prinesel Vaše prisrčne pozdrave in najlepša voščila z narodne konvencije Kranjsko-Slovenske Katoliške Jednote v Pueblu, Colorado. Prišel je, ko sem bil vsled uradnih poslov odsoten iz urada in nisem mogel poslati odgovora konvenciji.

Prosim pa, da za celo Vašo organizacijo sprejmete moj izraz zahvale za sporočilo, pa tudi moja iskrena voščila.

Vdani Vam N. P. Parkinson, zavarovalninski ravnatelj.

Državlanske prednosti za tujerodne člane naših vojnih sil

Državni pravdnik Zed. držav. Tom C. Clark, je 15. julija izdal opozorilo tikajoče se vseh tujerodnih moških in žensk (več kot 112,000 po številu) ki so služili ali še služijo v naših vojnih silah, pa se niso poslužili prilike in prednosti, da postanejo ameriški državljani na hiter in lahek način, kot to predvideva tozadevni zakon sprejet tekem druge svetovne vojne. Zapomniti si je treba, da ta posebna vojna odredba poteče z 28. decembrom 1946.

Generalni pravdnik Clark je dejal: "Zelo želim, da bi častno odpuščeni tujerodni veterani naših vojnih sil, med katerimi je mnogo odlikovanih in od vojne pohabljenih in poškodovanih, vedeli kako visoko cenimo njihovo zvesto službovanje ter da smo poskrbeli, da morejo radi tega postavno dobiti ameriško državljanstvo na hiter in enostaven način. Ti naši pogumni veterani zadnje vojne tvorijo ogromno častno legijo. Naši zapiski izkazujejo, da se je posebnih prednosti z ozirom na dobitve državljanstva poslužilo do zdaj le 10,000 in to od časa V-J dneva sem, ko je bilo 122,000 tujerodnih članov naših vojnih sil, ki bi bili lahko zaposlili za državljanstvo na podlagi svojega vojaškega službovanja."

Kot je razvidno iz izjave gen. pravdnika Clarka, je bilo pred V-J dnevom naturaliziranih več kot 100,000 tujerodnih članov naših vojnih sil. Državljanstvo so dobili na najrazličnejših krajih sveta, koder so pač bile raztrešene naše vojaške sile. V izjavi so tudi navedene naslednje informacije: "Posebna zakonska odredba, po kateri so mogli tujerodni vojniki naše armade, mornarice, itd., postati državljani že v teku svojega službovanja, ako so zaposlili za državljanstvo, bo potekla 28. dec. 1946.

"Po tem zakonu so bili vsi tujerodci, legalno pripuščeni v to deželo, in službojuči v naših oboroženih silah, upravičeni do sledečih prednosti: "Ni jim treba vlagati prošnje za državljanstvo; ni jim treba izpričati vstopa za trajno bivanje; oni, ki so služili v naših bojnih silah preko morja in izven naših continentalnih meja, ne potrebujejo izkazila legalnega vstopa; za veterane ni potrebna določena doba bivanja v Zed. državah in ni jim

slučaju, da je kvota njegove ali njene dežele napolnjena za dolgo časa naprej.

Common Council pozna več veteranov, ki imajo baš ta problem pred seboj. Med temi sta dva mlada Grka, ki sta prišla nepostavno v to deželo pred več leti in sta bila nedavno častno odpuščena iz naše armade. Služila pa sta le v tej deželi, kar pomeni, da nista upravičena do prednosti navedenih v izrednem zakonu za državljanstvo, iz leta 1917, člen 19 (c) (2). In ker je grška kvota napolnjena za več let naprej, nikakor ne moreta legalizirati svojega bivanja pred 28. dec. 1946.

Nobenega dvoma ni, da jih je med 112,000 tujerodci, ki so služili v naši vojski, še precej, ki bi radi postali ameriški državljani na podlagi svojega vojnega službovanja, toda niso služili preko morja in ne morejo dokazati postavnega vstopa, radi česar je cela stvar zanje počasna in komplicirana. V splošnem rečeno, samo zelo mladi so pri volji riskirati poskus postavnega vstopa, ki je zvezan z raznimi zamotnostmi. Tako n. a. v. a. J. Interpreter Release, ki ga je izdal Common Council.

Kdo je izumil žepno uro?

Leta 1500, torej pred dobrimi 400 leti, je živel v mestu Neurnberg na Nemškem neki mož, ki se je pisal Peter Henlein in ki je bil velik čudak. Nekega dne se je zaprl v svojo delavnico in ni hotel ničesar slišati o svetu. Vse dni je samotno preživel v delavnici in delal od jutra do večera. Kaj dela, tega ni zaupal nikomur, niti svoji ženi ne. Žena je bila prepričana, da ga je obsedel sam hudohec in je zastoj ugibala, kakšne skrivnostne stvari ugajna ...

Nekega dne je sosed naprosil mojstra, da bi prišel k njemu na dom in mu nekaj popravil. To priliko je izkoristila radovedna žena in šla stikat po moževi delavnici. Ko je tako hodila sem in tja, in vtikala nos v vsako stvar, je nenadoma zaslislala iz velike omare skrivnostno brenčanje in tiktakanje. To je gotovo ona čarovnja! je pomislila žena. Odprla je omaro in zagledala v njej majhno, bobnu podobno napravo, iz katere je odmevalo tisto brenčanje in tiktakanje kakor da je živo bitje. V sveti jezi je žena zgrabila to predčudno stvar in jo vrgla na tla, da se le razbila na tisoč kosov. Bila je pripravljena, da je s tem za vedno prepregala iz moža čarovno moč ...

Ko se je mojster Henlein vrnil domov in videl, kaj se je zgodilo, bi bil kmalu znorel, tako se je razjezil in razžalostil. Ko se je nekoliko potolažil, je odšel k mestnemu županu s tako čudno in nenavadno prošnjo, da je bil tudi župan prepričan, da v mojstrovni glavi ni vse v redu. Mojster ga je namreč prosil, naj ga zapre z orodjem vred v mestno ječo in ga pusti tam toliko časa, dokler sam ne bi prosil, naj ga izpusti. Župan mu je ustrel tem rajši, ker je bil prepričan, da je ubogi mož nevaren svoji okolici. Saj veste, kako se ljudje norih ljudi bojijo!

Peter Henlein je več dni marljivo delal v zaporu, nekega dne pa je prosil župana, naj ga izpusti na svobodo.

Ko je župan z mestnimi svetovalci stopil v samotno celico, mu je mojster izročil prvo neurnbersko uro. Tako je torej Peter Henlein izumil žepno uro. Ta prva žepna ura je imela takrat, kot smo že omenili, obliko malega bobna, čez nekaj let pa so uro izpopolnili in ji dali obliko, kakršno ima še dandanes.

Storimo svoj del za utrjenje naše narodnosti in naše vere v Ameriki: Delujmo za našo K. S. K. Jednoto!

K. S. K. JEDNOTA logo and title

Ustanovljena v Jolietu, Ill., dne 2. aprila, 1894. Inkorporirana v Jolietu, državi Illinois, dne 12. januarja, 1898. GLAVNI URAD: 351-353 N. CHICAGO ST., JOLIET, ILL. Telefon v glavnem uradu: Joliet 5448; stanovanja glavnega tajnika 0448. Od ustanovitve do 30. aprila 1946, znaša skupna izplačana podpora \$10,020,575. Solventnost 129,02%

- GLAVNI ODBORNIKI: Glavni predsednik: JOHN GERM, 817 East "C" St., Pueblo, Colo. Prvi podpredsednik: JOHN ZEFMAN, 2723 W. 15th St., Chicago, Ill. Drugi podpredsednik: MATH PAVLAKOVICH, 4715 Hatfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa. Trejni podpredsednik: JOSEPH LEKSNAN, 196—2nd St., N.W., Barberton, Ohio. Četrta podpredsednik: JOHANA MOHAR, 1138 Dillingham Ave., Eschboygan, Pa. Peta podpredsednik: JOHANA MOHAR, 1138 Dillingham Ave., Eschboygan, Pa. Šesti podpredsednik: GEORGE PAVLAKOVICH, 4573 Pearl St., Denver 16, Co. Glavni tajnik: JOSIP ZALAR, 351 N. Chicago St., Joliet, Ill. Pomožni tajnik: LOUIS ŽELEZNIKAR, 351 N. Chicago St., Joliet, Ill. Glavni blagajnik: MATT P. SLANA, 351 N. Chicago St., Joliet, Ill. Duhovni vodja: REV. MATH BUTALA, 416 N. Chicago St., Joliet, Ill. Vrhovni zdravnik: DR. JOS. E. URSICH, 1901 W. Cermak Rd., Chicago 8, Ill. NADZORNI ODBOR: Predsednik: GEORGE J. BRINCE, 512 Adams Ave., Eveleth, Minn. Prva nadzornica: MARY E. POLUTNIK, 1711 E. 39 St., Lorain, Ohio. Drugi nadzornik: FRANK LOKAR, 1352 Hawthorne St., Pittsburgh, Pa. Trejni nadzornik: JOHN PEZDIRTZ, 14504 Pepper Ave., Cleveland, Ohio. Četrta nadzornica: MARY HOCHVAR, 21241 Miller Ave., Cleveland, Ohio. FINANČNI ODBOR: Predsednik: JOHN GERM, 817 East "C" St., Pueblo, Colo. Tajnik: JOSIP ZALAR, 351 N. Chicago St., Joliet, Ill. Prvi odbornik: FRANK J. GOSPODARIK, 300 Ruby St., Joliet, Ill. Drugi odbornik: MARTIN SHUKLE, 811 Avenue "A", Eveleth, Minn. Trejni odbornik: RUDOLPH G. RUDMAN, 400 Burlington Rd., Wilkinsburg, Pa. Četrta odbornik: GEORGE J. BRINCE, 512 Adams Ave., Eveleth, Minn. POROTNI ODBOR: Predsednik: JOHN DECHMAN, 1102 Jancey St., Pittsburgh, Pa. Prva porotnica: MARY KOSMERL, 117—5th St., S. W., Chisholm, Minn. Drugi porotnik: JOSEPH RUSS, 1101 E. 8th St., Pueblo, Colo. Trejni porotnik: JOHN OBLAK, 215 W. Walker St., Milwaukee, Wis. Četrta porotnik: JOHN TERSELECH, 1847 W. Cermak Rd., Chicago, Ill. Peti porotnik: JOHN BEVEC, Alexander Ave., Strabane, Pa. Šesti porotnik: LUKA MATANICH, 2524 East 109th St., South Chicago, Ill. UREDNIK IN UPRAVNIK GLASILA (VAN RACIČ), 6117 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland 3, Ohio. VODJA ATLETIKE: JOSEPH ZORC, 1045 Wadsworth Ave., North Chicago, Ill. NAČELNICA MLADINSKE IN ŽENSKIE AKTIVNOSTI: JEAN M. TEZAK, 457 Indiana St., Joliet, Ill. Vsa pisma in denarne zadeve, tikajoče se Jednote, naj se pošiljajo na glavnega tajnika JOSIPA ZALARA, 351 N. Chicago St., Joliet, Ill.; dopis društvene vesti, razna naznanila, oglase in naročnino pa na GLASILO K. S. K. JEDNOTE, 6117 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland 3, Ohio.

IZPLAČANA CENTRALNA BOLNISKA PODPORA ZA MESECE AVUGUST, 1946

Table with columns: Dr. Cert., Ime, Vstop, Vrednost. Lists names and amounts for August 1946.

MAKE "OUR PAGE"
YOUR LODGE'S PAGE!

OUR PAGE

"The Spirit of a Rejuvenated KSKJ"

KEEP US POSTED ON
YOUR KSKJ ACTIVITIES!

Minutes

of the

Semi-Annual Meeting of the Supreme Board of the Grand Carniolian Slovenian Catholic Union (KSKJ) held August 12 to 14, 1946, in the Home Office, Joliet, Illinois

On Monday, August 12th, at 9 A. M. the Auditing Committee comprised of Brother George Brince, Sister Mary Polutnik, Brother Frank Lokar, Brother John Pezdirtz, and Sister Mary Hochevar met to examine the accounts and records of the Union's business from January 1 to June 30, 1946. Examination of the accounts of the Director of Juvenile and Women's activities, of the Athletic Director, and the Editor-Manager of Glasilo were completed. The examination convinced them that the KSKJ bonds and securities were in order, as were the bank accounts. A thorough search of the records of the Union's business had been completed Tuesday evening, Aug. 13th.

FIRST SESSION, AUGUST 14, A. M.

The meeting was called to order by Supreme President Brother John Germ. Rev. M. J. Butala, Spiritual Director, led the committee in prayer.

Roll call by Supreme Secretary Brother Joseph Zalar disclosed the following members in attendance: Brother John Germ, Supreme President; Brother John Zefran, First Vice President; Brother Math Pavlakovich, Second Vice President; Brother Joseph Leksan, Third Vice President; Brother Michael Cerkovnik, Fourth Vice President; Brother Joseph Zalar, Supreme Secretary; Brother Louis Zeleznikar, Assistant Supreme Secretary; Rev. M. J. Butala, Spiritual Director; Brother George J. Brince, Chairman of the Auditing Committee; Sister Mary Polutnik, Brother Frank Lokar, Brother John Pezdirtz, Sister Mary Hochevar, members of the Auditing Committee; Brother Frank J. Gospodaric, Brother Martin Shukle, Brother R. G. Rudman, members of the Finance Committee; Brother John Decman, Chairman of the Board of Jurors, Sister Mary Kosmerl, Brother John Oblak, Brother John Terselich, Brother John Bevec, Brother Luka Matanich, members of the Board of Jurors; Brother Ivan Racic, Editor-Manager of Glasilo; Sister Jean M. Tezak, Director of Juvenile and Women's Activities.

Excuse was granted for the absence of Dr. J. E. Ursich, Supreme Medical Director, and Brother Joseph Zorc, Director of Athletics, who will attend the afternoon session.

The Supreme Committee also accepted the excuses of Brothers George Pavlakovich, Sixth Vice President, and Joseph Russ, member of the Board of Jurors, who were not present.

Brother Ivan Racic was appointed as recording secretary for the meeting.

Reports of the Supreme Officers follow.

Brother George J. Brince, Chairman of the Auditing Committee reports that the Committee had made a thorough examination of all records and found them in excellent order and all accounts perfectly balanced. He thanks all members of the Auditing Committee as well as the entire Supreme Board for their fraternal cooperation during the past six months. Report accepted. Similar reports were made by Sister Mary Polutnik, Brother Frank Lokar, Brother John Pezdirtz and Sister Mary Hochevar, members of the Auditing Committee. Reports accepted.

Report of the Supreme President

Rev. Spiritual Director, Brothers and Sisters of the Supreme Board. My hearty greetings to all.

We have gathered today to complete the final plans for the 21st General Convention which will open next Monday, August 19th, 1946, at Pueblo, Colorado.

At the January session, the Supreme Committee accepted my recommendation to launch a pre-convention campaign for new members and new insurance. The prize, for all who reach the required quota of insurance in the campaign in addition to the cash award, was the opportunity to attend the 21st General Convention as an honorary guest. The campaign was opened April 1 and closed June 30, 1946.

This campaign was one of the most successful. A substantial amount of new insurance was secured. A more detailed account will be given by the Supreme Secretary. No less than 29 diligent members have by their ambition earned the title of Honorary Guests to the 21st General Convention in Pueblo, Colorado.

Honorary Guests are:

Soc. No.	Name and Location:
1	John Prah, Chicago, Illinois
2	John Vidmar, Joliet, Illinois
2	Miss Elizabeth Vidmar, Joliet, Illinois
7	Henry Jesick, Pueblo, Colorado
29	Michael Setina, Joliet, Illinois
29	John Umek, Joliet, Illinois
50	Edward Adlesic, Pittsburgh, Pa.
53	Joseph Zorc, North Chicago, Illinois
59	John Habyan, Eveleth, Minnesota
72	Michael Cerkovnik, Ely, Minnesota
78	Caroline Pichman, Chicago, Illinois
78	Pauline Kobal, Chicago, Illinois
81	Sida Jevnikar, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
87	Math Krall, Joliet, Illinois
108	Mary Cohil, Joliet, Illinois
108	Miss Agnes Govednik, Joliet, Illinois
127	Miss Mary Cepon, North Chicago, Illinois
127	Jennie Petrovic, North Chicago, Illinois
128	Barbara Perkovich, Etna (Pittsburgh), Pa.
143	Louis Zeleznikar Jr., Joliet, Illinois
153	John Boles, Strabane, Pennsylvania
153	Frances Bevec, Strabane, Pennsylvania
157	Miss Frances Ribich, Sheboygan, Wisconsin

(Continued on Page 2)

OPEN LETTER TO K. S. K. J. MEN CLASSIC BOWLERS

Dear K. S. K. J. Bowlers:

As participants in past K. S. K. J. Midwestern and Ohio Bowling Tournaments, we quite often heard discussions and suggestions relative to holding a National KSKJ Men's Classic Bowling Tournament, in which the bowlers of the different lodges could participate and in which the prizes offered would serve as an inducement to attract the many high average bowlers.

We have studied the matter quite thoroughly and thought that it would be advisable to address an Open Letter to the Bowlers in "OUR PAGE" to see what the reaction and response would be from the bowlers—so that such a tournament would be started and held annually in the different K. S. K. J. communities during the month of January.

Bowlers, this is your opportunity to express your approval or rejection of the suggestion, and if you are interested, kindly write to either of the undersigned and advise how many five-man teams, doubles and singles your lodge would send to the Classic Tournament.

To guarantee the winning team a cash purse of \$125 or more, we would have to have an entry of at least SIXTEEN TEAMS, with the entry fees tentatively set at: \$25 per team, \$10 per doubles, and \$5 per singles events. The entry fee would include the bowling fees. If you think the above entry fees would be too high, then it would be best to set them at: \$20 per team, \$8 per doubles, and \$4 per singles events.

If we get favorable responses from at least sixteen teams, then we will set the opening K. S. K. J. Men's Classic Bowling Tournament for Joliet, Illinois, on Saturday and Sunday, January 25 and 26, 1947.

If you are interested in this suggestion, kindly write to either of the undersigned by October 15th, so that we may know whether the tournament will be held and that we can start making the necessary arrangements and preparations for it.

Fraternally yours,

MATT F. SLANA,
351 N. Chicago St.,
Joliet, Illinois.

JOHN BLUTH,
1025 N. Center St.,
Joliet, Illinois.

Pitt St. Mary's Bowling League Draws Twelve Teams of Seven Members Each at Opening

Pittsburgh, Pa. — The St. Mary's KSKJ Bowling League, comprised of men and women, started its season Sunday, Sept. 8th, at 7 P. M. at the Lawrence Recreation Alleys. It was a record-breaking crowd — 12 alleys with seven on each team bowling. This was just the opening night and we are expecting to have even a larger crowd by next week. The group seemed like a very happy one, and we are hoping that the spirit of goodfellowship will continue to prevail during the entire season. We will continue to bowl Sunday nights and if the number gets too large and all cannot be accommodated in the evening, we will try to engage the alleys also for part of Sunday afternoon. So, just because we had this record-breaking crowd on opening night, don't feel that we do not have room for you. We are always glad to take care of all who care to join us. Try to join us as soon as possible, however, so that we can arrange teams in a very short time. The teams are composed of the younger element as well as the older ones, so that each of you can be taken care of in such a way that you will enjoy your evening of bowling very much. Here's hoping that we see you next Sunday at 7 P. M. Frances Lokar.

They said . . .

U. S. Attorney General Tom C. Clark, speaking in Cambridge, Ohio:

"I am a devout believer in community government. That is the best government because it is close to the people. It is most satisfactory in this country. It is truly American. Recently, events have taken place which we all deplore and which indicate that in certain communities law enforcement is either unable or unwilling to cope with those who try to place themselves above the law. As Attorney General, I have caused to be investigated all cases which might possibly

imply violations of the civil liberties statutes. But Federal action in most of these cases hangs upon a very thin thread of law. It is like trying to fight a modern atomic war with a Civil War musket. . . . When the Congress returns, I shall file a report pointing out the facts and outlining our experience in these cases, and, in addition, pointing out the weaknesses of the present Federal statutes in the light of these incidents and the need for legislation to protect every citizen in his civil rights."

Joliet Men Pinslers Roll Off Sept. 18

Joliet, Ill. — The 1946-1947 bowling season of the Joliet K. S. K. J. Men's Bowling League will be formally opened on Wednesday, Sept. 18th with eight teams eager to get the jump on each other with a banging start.

Last year's sponsors are again represented by teams in the league this year, with one changing the team name — Tony Golobitsh's entry will be known as the Roehl Coals instead of Slovenic Coals. The team names and captains are:

- 1 Peerless Printers, George Vertin, Capt.
- 2 Eagle Store, Andy Kludovich, Capt.
- 3 Avsec Printers, Matt Slana, Capt.
- 4 White Front Liquors, Joe (Chick) Kuzma, Capt.
- 5 Woodruff Hotel, Will Kuhar, Capt.
- 6 Roehl Coals, Tony Golobitsh, Capt.
- 7 Zema Drugs, George Karl, Capt.
- 8 Gregory Builders, John Culik, Capt.

The league will bowl four full rounds, with the season closing on April 9th; and the year-end individual handicap sweepstakes will be held on April 16th as a warm-up for the Midwest KSKJ Bowling Tournament in Indianapolis. Individual handicap sweepstakes will also be held for Thanksgiving and Christmas.

The league officers for the season are: John (Good Old 679) Bluth, President; Will Kuhar, Secretary, and Matt Slana, Treasurer and Reporter.

Ohio Kay Jay Boosters To Meet Sept. 22

Cleveland, O. — On Sunday, Sept. 22nd, the Ohio K. S. K. J. Boosters will resume their monthly meeting. At this meeting the time and place for our Annual Eastern Bowling Tournament will take place. So please be present if you want the tournament in your town.

We Boosters would also like to form a Saturday night traveling league of women and men, so get your team lined up for a grand time with the Ohio KSKJ Boosters.

There will be mixed doubles bowling Sunday, so bring your bowling shoes and balls. We hope the men will outnumber the ladies this time when it comes for mixed doubles.

So don't forget the time — 2:30 p. m. and the place — Slovenian Nat'l Home on Holmes Ave., and the date — Sunday, Sept. 22 1946.

Louis Shuster, president.

Secretary of State James F. Byrnes, at the Paris Peace Conference:

"The United States has sought no territorial or other exclusive advantages for itself from the war. But it does attach the greatest importance to the establishment of the conditions of a stable peace and of prosperity throughout the world. It cannot remain indifferent to arrangements, under the treaties or outside them, which tend to restrict and divert trade or distort international economic relations to the prejudice of the great majority of the United Nations and of world peace and prosperity."

From the Office of KSKJ Athletic Director

Bowling, one of our major KSKJ sports activities for members, both men and women, is scheduled for a big season with all sports-minded people. This game offers one of the finest means of recreation and friendly association with one's acquaintances and is exceptionally suitable for our KSKJ lodges in their efforts to promote goodfellowship and sportsmanship among the members.

During the past week a number of our KSKJ bowling leagues have begun their 1946-47 seasons and it was my privilege to be on hand to witness the opening night of the well-known St. Stephen's No. 1 League at Chicago, Illinois. This league and many of our other active KSKJ societies have in the past carried the sports colors of our younger and middle-aged members.

As a further encouragement to our many societies who do not sponsor bowling leagues of their own, or bowling teams, either men's or women's, to bowl in other sponsored leagues under the KSKJ banner, an appeal is hereby made to these groups to take advantage of this special form of recreation by organizing for such activity. A team requires only five men or women, and can compete in any other league under the K. S. K. J. name, however, many of our lodges find it very convenient for their members to organize their own lodge league of four, six, or more teams in a bowling league. The KSKJ Athletic Board members will co-operate in every way possible to assist in the organization of this activity. Contact the KSKJ Athletic Director regarding financial assistance that can be given to your group and he will advise you on this matter and other necessary information.

Your lodge can carry on this activity wherever facilities are available. Let's revive some of that good old KSKJ spirit and carry on the work for which our KSKJ sports have been noted and envied in the past.

In this appeal for bowling league and team organization, let us not forget the many other activities that can be carried on by our lodges and make every effort to organize these for the welfare and goodfellowship of our young members.

Yours fraternally,

JOSEPH J. ZORC,
KSKJ Athletic Director.

CONVENTION HIGHLIGHTS

Koshare Indian Dances

We would be amiss, if we did not dwell a bit in our weekly revelation of KSKJ Convention activities, to comment about the perfectly exhilarating entertainment our delegation witnessed Wednesday, Aug. 21st, at the Pueblo County Baseball Park. Thru the good graces of the local convention committee we were treated to the sight of the Koshare Indian troupe go thru their amazing routine of tribal dances.

Prior to the exhibition, our Kay Jay delegates gathered at St. Joseph's Lodge Hall and then were led to the Ball Park, some three blocks away, by Cowboys Joseph Zalar and John Germ. They were astride real Colorado ponies, and were decked out in Western Cowboy regalia. Earlier in the day, while the Convention body was in session, Mr. Zalar was formally inducted into the organization of Colorado Cowboys, by Chief Cowboys Al Godec and Nick Mikatic, and was presented with a genuine 10 gallon Stetson hat. At the Ball Park, our Supreme Officers were photographed astride their horses and surrounded by a group of ferocious looking Indians.

The program opened with the stands filled with more than 1500 delegates, guests and local citizens. A colorful and eye-filling group of Cowgirls, representing the Junior Chamber of Commerce of Pueblo entertained with several vocal and instrumental selections. Then finally, the Koshare Indians were presented to a breathless assemblage. The background for their dances were three large and colorful Indian tepees, a huge brilliantly lighted drum, 6 feet in diameter, which was being beaten in staccato rhythm. The Chieftain, a tall imposing figure, chanted an impressive rite.

tual to the great god, Waconda Agua. Their first presentation was a War Dance which included a solemn dedication in memory of three of their comrades who were killed in the War, and also to our 126 KSKJ members who sacrificed their lives.

Some 40 vividly clad and ferocious looking Indians went through their breath-taking interpretations of ancient tribal dances and Indian lore. Savage locking, their faces slashed with vivid streaks of color, their feather headdresses weaving in the fast tempo of the buffalo-hide drum. Their sometimes slow and stalking, steps were brisk and graceful, other times fast and maniacal as they danced to the great god Waconda Agua. On through the Humming Bird dance, the Ghost dance, with its fearsome and eerie interpretation of the great White Spirit, the Hoop dance with its humorous gyrations and intricate steps performed by a nimble youngster, the Sun Dance of the Ute Indians, the Chippewa Feather dance, revealing the agility of the performers to pick up a feather with their teeth from a stooping position, the Chiefs Dance of the Ojibway Indians, gracefully and symmetrically performed as a chorus, the Horsetail dance of the Taos Tribe, vicious and unrelenting as they whipped at each other, and finally the Thunder Bird or Eagle Dance of the Sioux, interpretative of a floundering bird struggling for life, performed on top of the massive drum, thru all this our Kay Jay assemblage sat in awe. When the performance was concluded, many of us could hardly realize that the entrancing spectacle unreeled before us was enacted by a talented group of Boy Scouts from La Junta, Colorado.

These Boy Scouts, representing (Continued on Page 2)

Minutes

(Continued from Page 6)

- 160 Josephine Toplikar, Kansas City, Kansas
- 163 Matt Brozenich, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
- 165 Mary Petrich, West Allis, Wisconsin
- 169 Joseph Ferra, Cleveland, Ohio
- 181 Dorothy Dermes, Steelton, Pennsylvania
- 249 Josephine Prazen, Detroit, Michigan

The above-named have written over \$850,000 new insurance, therefore, let credit be given where it is due! In behalf of the Union, I extend most sincere thanks for their effort.

In addition, a number of other members had cooperated in the campaign. In spite of the fact that they had not reached their quota they assisted materially in the success of the pre-convention campaign. My gratitude to all of them as well as to the local societies and their officers for their work in this campaign.

Last April, St. Jerome Society, No. 163, Strabane, Pa., invited me to attend the home-coming celebration in honor of the returning soldier-members. In the company of Brother Zalar and Supreme Officers of Pennsylvania, I gladly responded and attended the celebration. It was a very unusual affair in which the society honored the returned soldier-members. To St. Jerome's Society and its officers I extend a most sincere thank you in the name of the KSKJ.

On my way home I attended the KSKJ Midwest Bowling Tournament at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, which was well attended by the societies.

All business of the Union is progressing orderly and normally. A fine spirit of cooperation exists between myself and all the members of the Supreme Board. I thank you and hope that we will continue in this harmonious manner at the convention and all through to the end of our present term which will end with the current year.

This concludes my meager report and I beg you to be alert at the sessions so that our task will be speedily completed.

JOHN GERM, Supreme President.

Report of the Supreme President unanimously accepted.

Report of the First Vice-President

Brother John Zefran, 1st vice president states that he will not repeat his report which is published in Glasilo this week as his report and recommendation to the Convention. He adds that he has, during the past campaign, personally urged certain societies and their secretaries to participate in the campaign and specifically recommended changing of old certificates for a newer type of insurance. He recommends to the convention the spirit of cooperation evident during the past four years among the Supreme Board members.—Report accepted.

Report of the 2nd Vice-President

Brother Math Pavlakovich, 2nd vice-president, reports that his principal duty during the past six months was to cooperate in the campaign and assist in the Bowling Tournament in Pittsburgh. In both events his Society No. 50 responded satisfactorily. He recommends that we continue with all our power, to urge our members to exchange their straight life certificates for new types of certificates. He concludes with the remark that the harmony which existed in the Supreme Committee during the past four years was ideal. He expresses his wish that it may continue in the future.—Accepted.

Report of the 3rd Vice-President

Brother Joseph Leksan, 3rd vice-president, states that he has no special report to make. He responded to all invitations as a representative of the KSKJ whenever it was physically possible. During the past campaign his community had assisted to the best of its ability.—Accepted.

Report of the 4th Vice-President

Brother Michael Cerkovnik, 4th vice-president, states: Since there is no more that I can do for the KSKJ than to secure new members and new insurance, I went to work with determination and succeeded in reaching the prescribed quota in the pre-convention campaign.—Accepted.

Report of the 5th Vice-President

Sister Johanna Mohar, 5th vice-president, reports that she has actively participated in every campaign as well as in the recently concluded pre-convention campaign. "The Society No. 157, where I serve as secretary, has for the past 19 years been first among the ladies' societies of the KSKJ and has in the recent campaign secured the greatest number of new members. At the Bowling Tournament in Milwaukee this year we were represented by ten teams."—Accepted.

Report of the 6th Vice-President

Brother George Pavlakovich, 6th vice-president, is absent because he cannot secure leave from his work. The Supreme Board excuses his absence. His letter is read which states that he had worked earnestly and urged cooperation in the campaign at the society meetings. He especially recommended exchanging of certificates. The four-month strike in his city (Denver, Colo.) had balked success. He extended wishes for a pleasant journey to the convention.—Accepted.

Report of the Supreme Secretary

Brother Supreme President, Reverend Spiritual Director, Brothers and Sisters:

It is an honor to be able to report on the business of our Union for the first half of the current year. I ask your attention to the report and invite your questions for further explanation.

FINANCE—ADULT DEPARTMENT

Income:	
Received from societies	\$ 342,508.68
Interest	83,465.21
Rent	5,494.00
Profit on bonds sold and matured	14,140.11
Profit on Real Estate sold	3,315.77
Miscellaneous income	13,021.78
Total income	\$ 461,945.55
Disbursements:	
Benefits paid	\$ 212,713.61
Miscellaneous disbursements	71,588.77

Total disbursements	\$ 284,302.38
Increase in six months	\$ 177,643.17
Balance January 1, 1946	\$5,915,251.61
Balance June 30, 1946	\$6,092,894.78

Recapitulation of Assets:	
Book Value of Bonds	\$4,845,376.98
Mortgage Loans	188,682.19
Home Office	112,700.00
Other Real Estate	33,349.27
Loan on Certificates	132,559.68
Bank Savings Accounts	25,000.00
Saving Loan Deposits	300,000.00
Scholarship Fund	3,218.56
Preferred Stocks	252,565.50
Checking Account—First National Bank of Joliet	199,442.60
Total	\$6,092,894.78

Accounts Receivable June 30, 1946:	
Unpaid assessments	\$ 13,931.38
Interest and dividends	41,124.27
Unpaid mortuary claims	30,941.69
Miscellaneous accounts	2,201.76
Inventory	11,336.65
Total	\$ 98,395.39

Accounts Payable June 30, 1946:	
Unpaid benefits	\$ 15,041.60
Awards	7,864.00
Unpaid mortuary claims	30,047.70
Miscellaneous accounts	2,535.02
Total	\$ 55,488.32

Net assets June 30, 1946 \$6,135,801.85
 Note: Under the heading "Recapitulation of assets" I stated \$33,349.27, as the book value of various "KSKJ properties." By way of explanation, actually the KSKJ does not own any property other than the Home Office. All property has been sold. The above stated amount represents the amount entered in the books as the value of the property sold and which is being paid off in monthly installments. State law requires that all such properties be carried on the books of the Union until such time as the purchaser has made the final payment.

Membership—Adult Department	
Membership December 31, 1945	28,896
Newly admitted and reinstated	664
Total	29,560
Number of deaths	160
Withdrawn and suspended	299
Total	459

Membership June 30, 1946 29,101
 An increase of 205 members.

Deaths
 During the past six months, 160 deaths were reported representing \$131,500.00 insurance.

Disability and Operations
 Three hundred fifty-eight disability and operation claims amounting to \$31,075.00 were paid in the first six months of the current year.

Sick Benefits Paid
 There were 1,601 sick benefit claims paid. The amount of sick benefit was \$41,559.98.

Assessment for age 70 members
 Assessment for members past 70 years of age amounted to \$7,841.23. This department had 755 members at the beginning of the year. During the first half of the year 38 members died leaving 717 members who are eligible.

Members in the Armed Forces
 Our records show that 1,068 members are still engaged in the service of their country.

Patriotic Fund
 There is a total of \$94,658.40 in the Patriotic Fund.

JUVENILE DEPARTMENT—FINANCE	
Income:	
Received from societies	\$ 24,596.95
Interest	4,779.73
Profit on bonds sold and matured	4,575.44
Received on written off bonds	80.00
Total income	\$ 34,032.12

Disbursements:	
Claims paid	\$ 867.50
Transferred to adult department	8,042.71
Reserve paid to the members	1,300.80
Total disbursements	\$ 10,211.01

Increase in six months	\$ 23,821.11
Balance January 1, 1946	\$ 346,354.15
Balance June 30, 1946	\$ 370,175.26

Recapitulation of Assets:	
Book Value of Bonds	\$ 277,787.28
Savings Accounts	85,000.00
Checking Account—First National Bank of Joliet	7,387.98
Total	\$ 370,175.26

Accounts Receivable June 30, 1946:	
Unpaid assessments	\$ 1,040.52
Matured interest	2,870.34
Inventory	80.00
Total	\$ 3,990.86

Accounts Payable June 30, 1946:	
Due to adult department	\$ 1,506.22
Reserve to members transferred to adult department	187.54
Credit to societies	5.94
Total	\$ 1,699.70

Net assets June 30, 1946	\$ 372,466.42
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(Continued on Page 8)

East Meets West



A scene from the recent KSKJ Convention in Pueblo, Colorado

Left: Jack J. Zagar, delegate from St. Joseph's Lodge, No. 57, Brooklyn, N. Y. Right: Henry J. Yerman, delegate from St. Francis Lodge, No. 236, San Francisco, Calif.

Professor at Cleveland Case School of Applied Science Fires at High School English

The following article appeared recently in the "Cleveland Plain Dealer" and was written by George J. Barman.

It makes an interesting and thought-stimulating reading on a subject of highest importance to us all, not only to prospective college freshmen. So here it goes:

The average high school graduate today is poorly trained in the correct use of the English language.

This criticism of the teaching of English, long voiced privately by many educators, was brought into the open by Dr. L. Shurter, new head of the department of English at Case School of Applied Science.

Dr. Shurter, distressed over the alleged failure of students to have been properly grounded in the fundamentals of the language by the time they reach college, announced he had ordered the teaching of English at Case revised to attempt to remedy deficiency.

Beginning Sept. 23, when classes start, every freshman will be required to take an objective examination in English. Those who do well will advance to reading and writing courses; those who do badly will have to study grammar and composition an entire semester.

Lists Criticisms

Shurter explained that every freshman and sophomore at Case must take a year of English. Juniors and seniors are permitted to select a year and a half's work in the subject. The professor listed these criticisms of the teaching of English in the high schools.

TOO LITTLE EMPHASIS is given to the fundamentals of the language.

TOO MUCH TIME is spent on work unimportant or too difficult for pupils of that age. "Because boys and girls are not properly grounded in the fundamentals of English," said Dr. Shurter, "we at Case, and professors in colleges throughout the country are forced to do a job which should have been done in the first year of high school."

"You would be surprised at the average college freshman's ignorance of proper English. Students simply have been poorly prepared to use the tools of a language which they must use to make a living and get along in every pursuit in life."

Textbooks Criticized

Dr. Shurter said he would insist that in high school a pupil be taught what correct English was "before anything else." He also criticized textbooks of English as "confusing and throwing a maze of rules and their exceptions at the unhappy pupil."

"I'd like to see in use a little book of perhaps 75 to 100 pages just presenting the minimum essentials of the correct

use of English," he said.

"It seems to me that in high school pupils are being made to try to do many things of which they are incapable. For instance, they are made to read Shakespeare's 'Hamlet,' a far too complex psychological study for the average youth in school to understand."

As a professor of English in an engineering school, Dr. Shurter said he saw how necessary it was for students to know the proper use of the language in writing reports and findings of a scientific and technical nature. This kind of writing, he said, must be concise and to the point.

"Engineering students," he added, "have to write laboratory and research reports. They have to go on practice terms (visiting plants) and must assemble their ideas and present their findings in good, clear English. There is no room for poor English."

He said some engineering schools offered what they termed "engineering English," and added: "There is no such thing. There is only good or bad English."

In the revised English program this fell at Case, Dr. Shurter said emphasis would be placed on short, concise writing, and asserted: "We will be interested in boiling down long works. I don't believe in saying: 'You write 350 words on this or that, because it might be worth only 50.'"

Stresses American Authors

"We also plan to stress American authors in our reading, things like the late Stephen Vincent Benet's 'John Brown's Body,'" he explained. "It's not that we are going nationalistic. We merely want to give our students a good background of American culture."

He said letters had been sent to the 250 members of Case's freshman class, listing 12 books, six fiction and six non-fiction. The students were told they would be expected to read at least two works of fiction and two of non-fiction "before you enter Case."

Among the fiction were Sinclair Lewis' "Arrowsmith," Kenneth Roberts' "Northwest Passage," Marcia Davenport's "Valley of Decision," and James Norman Hall's and C. B. Nordhoff's "Mutiny on the Bounty."

Included in the non-fiction list were Catherine D. Bowen's "Yankee From Olympus," Jas. T. Adams' "The Epic of America," Frederick Lewis Allen's "Only Yesterday" and Eve Curie's "Madame Curie."

In the second semester of the freshman year, he said, emphasis would be placed on speaking, "not to make public speakers of the students but to train them to express themselves clearly." The year of sophomore English will consist

(Continued on Page 8)

CONVENTION HIGHLIGHTS

(Continued from Page 6)

ing Troop No. 230 of La Junta, some 60 miles east of Pueblo, have carried on this project since 1930. The name Koshare is taken from the language of the Pueblo Indians, and it means "Playmakers." These lads have made all their own costumes, some of them are more elaborate than real Indian manufacture. When they are on tour during the summer months, they visit and live with various Indian tribes and study their dances and lore. The Chieftain who so capably announced the presentations over the loud-speaking system was their Scoutmaster, Buck Burshears; he has led and trained them in all these years.

As an aftermath to the Indian dances, our Kay Jayers returned to St. Joseph's Hall where some of the delegates who became so imbued with the evening's entertainment, decided to give their own versions of the dances. No need to say that with a little Slovenian accordion music and enthusiasm, we developed our own "snake dance."

(To be continued.)

Emma Urbancic Stars In Newburgh Anns Second Pin Session

Cleveland (Newburgh), O. We turn the spotlight on Emma Urbancic this week for having such wonderful games: 196, 163 and 197 for a 556 series. Nice going, Emma! Her high scores helped her team take three games from the Peskar team. For the losers Mary Homer was high with 176 followed by Rose Krall, 173.

The Par A. C. team took three games from the Zupancic team, with the help of Fanny Globokar's 185, and Ann Peskar's 170. Since some of these girls haven't bowled for three or four years, they are really picking up nicely. Good luck, girls!

Last week we mentioned that we have five new bowlers. This was my error, for we actually have nine. The other girls are Alice Arko, Angela Arko, Fanny Globokar and Jean Zmarzly.

Tona Turk took time out from bowling this Sunday and went to Youngstown to watch the Rosenblums play for the national amateur baseball championship. Her brother-in-law Billy Turk plays third base for the Rosies and helped win the championship, when, with the bases loaded in the final game, he smashed a tremendous home run.

We had a nice rooting crowd at the alleys. Mary Zmarzly, our former bowler, was one of them. Mary is expecting a blessed event. We hope it's a boy, Mary.

We wish to congratulate Mr. Frank Znidar, our new Athletic Director. Loads of luck to you, Frank! And we mean it. The same goes to Mr. Joseph Kovach of Newburgh, who was also elected to the Supreme Board.

We wish a speedy recovery to Mrs. Joseph Kozar who had the misfortune to be involved in an automobile accident enroute to the Colorado convention. She is the wife of Joseph Kozar, secretary of the Ohio Kay Jay Boosters.

Rose Shuster, sec'y.

We don't see much future for that Minnesota duckling with two left feet. If it weren't for the feathers, however, he might grow up to be a bureaucrat.

Minutes

(Continued from Page 7)

Membership	
Newly admitted and reinstated	696
Number of deaths	7
Transferred to adult department	363
Withdrawn and suspended	127— 497
Increase	199
Membership January 1, 1946	11,332

Membership June 30, 1946	11,531
Total membership of both departments	40,632
Increase in membership—404.	
Total assets of both departments—\$6,508,268.27.	

Campaign

The pre-convention campaign opened March 1, was very successfully concluded on June 30th. During the campaign a total of \$1,281,500 new insurance was written. This campaign can be credited also with a substantial increase of new members in both departments.

During this campaign 595 members exchanged "A" and "B" certificates for more modern plans of insurance.

The final report of the campaign published in Glasilo stated that \$1,277,000 insurance was written and that 27 members had reached the prescribed quota. Following this publication a final checkup revealed that Sisters Dorothy Dermes, secretary of society No. 181, Steelton, Pa., and Barbara Perkovich, member of society No. 128, Etna, Pa., were also winners. Sister Perkovic wrote \$26,250 insurance and Sister Dermes secured \$26,000.

On this basis we have 29 winners or honorary guests. The correct amount of insurance written during the pre-convention campaign should read \$1,281,500.

Honorary guests, as well as all members who assisted in the success of the campaign are well deserving of praise and recognition.

You are all aware that this session immediately precedes the convention. We have learned from the many reports in Glasilo that a special train for the delegates will run from Chicago to Pueblo, Colorado. The Rock Island Railroad will make the trip west and the Burlington will make the return trip.

Since we are scheduled to leave at noon on August 16th, I would recommend that we bear this in mind to facilitate a speedy and successful session.

This concludes my report for the present. Other matters on hand will be presented later.

JOSEPH ZALAR, Supreme Secretary.

Report of the Supreme Secretary accepted.

Brother Louis Zeleznikar, Assistant Supreme Secretary, reports that he did not prepare a special report for this session, since his work is closely related to that of the Supreme Secretary. He further states that his report was published in the last issue of Glasilo.—Accepted.

Report of the Supreme Treasurer

Rev. Spiritual Director and Members of the Supreme Board: The reports submitted to you by Supreme Secretary Bro. Zalar show that we have made Ledger Assets gains of \$177,643.17 in the Adult Department and \$23,821.11 in the Juvenile Department for the first half of 1946, or a total gain of \$201,464.28 in both departments, and that the total Ledger Assets as of June 30, 1946, amounted to \$6,463,070.04. The reports also show an increase in total membership, so that on June 30, 1946, we had 29,101 Adult and 11,531 Juvenile members, or a total of 40,632 members.

The recent "Fly to Pueblo Campaign" came to a successful conclusion on June 30, 1946, with the writing up of a large number of new members, the surprising number of individual member insurance increases, and the conversion and exchange of the old A and B certificates for the newer forms of insurance. At this time I wish to extend my congratulations and thanks not only to the winners (the Convention Honorary Guests) but also to the other members who thru their excellent efforts made the campaign so successful.

For the regular order of business of this meeting, I would like to present a recommendation for your consideration, and that is the question of the local Secretaries Juvenile Membership Compensation, which we now pay during the month of January or February for the membership of the preceding year. I think that it would be advisable to pay the compensation in the month of December for the membership attained as of November 30th of each year.

In concluding my report, I wish to thank the Supreme Officers, the local lodge Officers and Members, and the Office Force for the splendid cooperation given me in the performance of my duties.

MATT F. SLANA, Supreme Treasurer.

Report accepted.

(To be continued.)

Girard Pats to Dance Saturday, Oct. 12

Girard, O. — Well, well! nisa be bartender. How about Here we are all set for that it, Tony?

great day. Yes, St. Pats are up How about you Kay Jays to their tricks again. We hope from Down Pennsy way, is you it goes off with a bang. Why, all com'ng? Mark my words, haven't you heard? Pats' date, you're going to miss a wonderful time and orchestra have been scheduled for the dance on Oct. 12th. The dance will be held at the Slovenian Hall and Joe Umeck and his Rhythm Kings will do the playing.

Our chairman and co-chairlady are none other than Ray Juvancic and Dorothy Gorenc. At our meeting Wednesday, Sept. 10, all Boosters came to the conclusion that Tony Str-

Well, bowlerettes, Ensign

HIGH SCHOOL ENGLISH

(Continued from Page 7)

of American and English literature.

Shurtler praised the quality of the writing done by veterans in the English classes as "much better than that of the 18-year-olds coming from the high schools." He said it perhaps could be attributed to the fact that "they have had more to write about."

The professor said he realized what high school teachers faced in trying to get English across — crowded classrooms, large numbers of papers to be graded and inadequate salaries.

Vinc Nowak Rolls 611 Series, 230 Single in Chi Steve League

Chicago, Ill. — St. Stephen No. 1 KSKJ Bowling League of 10 teams began their season Sept. 10, at the Southwest Bowling Alleys. Mr. Louis Zefran, president of the league, spoke a few words of greetings to the bowlers, and introduced Mr. Joseph Zorc, KSKJ Athletic Director. Mr. Zorc praised the society as well as the bowlers on their KSKJ spirit and rolled the first ball. The count was — say, Joe, what was the count?!

Results:

	W.	L.
Monarch	3	0
Kosmach	2	1
Tomazin	2	1
Fidelity	2	1
Parkview	2	1
Gottlieb	1	2
Zeleznikar	1	2
Darovic	1	2
Dr. Grill	1	2
Jerin	0	3

Individual High 3 and High 1 Games

	Hi-3	Hi-1
Dolmovich	546	193
Zefran	548	213
Burth	513	189
Jeray	458	164
Michalski	504	201
Kaiser	491	175
Sluga	488	175
Nowak	611	230
L. Rabetz	487	166
J. Bogolin	489	200

Monarch Beer hit 2459 and 835 to lead in the high series and team game. Vinc Nowak bowled 611 and a 230 game to take over the individual honors.

Buddy Mladic was the winner of the "Joseph Zorc Prize" (a bottle of cough medicine) with his 123 count over the average . . . Mr. Arbanas did a good job with the paint brush and the alleys, well, some of the bowlers had a little trouble keeping the ball on the alleys . . . What happened to the jackpot? How about those dimes, boys? . . . Nowak is in form . . . The league extends a welcome to the sponsors as well as to the fans to come up and root for their favorites and also encourage the many new bowlers who have enrolled in the league. They are the future of KSKJ.

Victor J. Kremesec, sec'y.

A scientist says there isn't such a thing as completely empty space. That seems to be true in regard to parking space.—Tulsa World.

High school seniors have encountered certain shortages but none in the advice department.

David Rostan has been discharged from the Naval Air Corps after three years of service. David walked away with the last prizes at the mixed bowling meets, which were held after the Boosters meetings, remember now?

Reporter.

National Concert Series in Cleveland to Bring Radio, Opera and Stage Stars

Cleveland, O. — Popular with Cleveland audiences since her successful season in radio and many appearances with the Metropolitan here, Patrice Munsel will make her concert debut in the Music Hall on Thursday evening, Oct. 3, inaugurating the National Concert Series at Public Hall. Sponsored by the Cleveland Opera Association, this series will present seven top-flight attractions of stage, radio, opera and ballet fame during the coming fall and winter season.

The San Carlo Opera Company will return to Cleveland to present "Lucia" as the second event in the series, with great stars, orchestras, chorus and ballet, on Oct. 18. The internationally-acclaimed "Ballet Theatre," now playing its summer season in London, will present three varied programs on Dec. 6 as the third series attraction.

Two "musts" of entertainment to enliven 1946-47 holiday season will occur in December and January. On Dec. 13, the Chicago Civic Opera will present an English version of the delightful "Hansel and Gretel." Paul Draper and Larry Adler, America's favorite dance and harmonica combination will appear on Jan. 25.

The currently popular tenor of opera and radio, Jan Peerce, will be featured in the sixth event of the series. Ohions will have their first opportunity to hear Lucia Albanese, golden-voiced prima donna of the Met, and Charles Kullman, leading Met tenor, appearing in concert together as the closing event of the series.

The San Carlo will also present "Carmen" on Saturday afternoon, Oct. 19; "Rigoletto" on Saturday evening; "Madama Butterfly" on Sunday afternoon, Oct. 20; "Aida" on Sunday evening. "Ballet Theatre" will also present extra performances on Saturday evening, Dec. 7 and Sunday matinee, Dec. 8.

Patrons are advised to order their series tickets now to insure a choice of seats for the entire list of engagements at a substantial reduction. The prices for series tickets are as follows: Balconies, \$10.50 and \$12.60; Parquet and Mezzanine \$15.55; Orchestra \$18.90; Box seats, \$25.20.

A deposit of half the series price sent to National Concert Series headquarters at 2816 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio, before the Munsel Concert will insure reservations for the series, according to the Opera Association. Balance must be in the mail before midnight, Nov. 1, 1946.

Announced prices of single tickets range from \$1.20 to \$3.60 with boxes at \$4.20.

It requires hundreds of nuts to hold an automobile together—and only one to knock it apart.—Columbus Dispatch.

When a girl says, "Darling, tell me you love me," she expects you to lie like a gentleman.—Atlanta Journal.

Fight Polio



Don't get overtired. Extreme fatigue makes you an easier victim.

Hoe to End of the Row

By Walter C. Belov, President, National Fraternal Congress Before Second Quarterly Meeting, Michigan Fraternal Congress

MAN'S age old struggle for existence continues through war and postwar periods, through booms and depressions, through every wild swing of the economic pendulum. Uppermost in the minds of nearly every responsible person, is continuity of income. Two major threats to this continuity of income are death and old age. Through the years, life insurance has quite definitely proved itself to be the answer to both problems. Yet it is surprising that many men and women place their faith only in so called "tangible" investments.

Along with rising prices, we see increasing interest in speculation. Many usually conservative persons feel that now is the time to beat the stock market. For their benefit, I would like to repeat Bernard Baruch's "Formula for Successful Speculation."

"If you are ready to give up everything else—to study the whole history and background of the market and all the principal companies whose stocks are on the board as carefully as a medical student studies anatomy — if you can do all that, and, in addition, you have the cool nerves of a great gambler, the sixth sense of a clairvoyant, and the courage of a lion, you have a ghost of a chance."

To some of us comes a reminder that there was a time in American history when it was not too unusual for an average investor, through various forms of investment, to be able to build up an estate large enough to be in a position to live off the interest. But with present high taxes and low interest returns, such an accomplishment is almost impossible. So we are faced with the alternative of providing for the future out of income rather than capital.

Life insurance, we know, is the only investment which saves for tomorrow, income that taxes would take today. Leroy Lincoln has pointed out, "Life insurance is the most perfect mechanism mankind has been able to devise for the accumulation and distribution of the reserve of financial forethought."

We can look upon insurance as a marvelous invention devised to offset the financial

hazards of death and old age, and having greater social significance than any other business in the world.

Pride and Sense of Ownership

Federal social security was designed to provide a subsistence income for old age or a small payment in the event of death, and as such, cannot begin to approach life insurance in scope of service or protection. To those millions who own and purchase life insurance, come a feeling of pride and satisfaction and a sense of ownership unknown under any socialized plan.

Furthermore, life insurance offers great flexibility—a flexibility still unproved to any great extent. The life insurance industry is, even now, entering new, broader horizons in settlement options and other branches of life insurance service.

However, with all its limitations, we can admit that social security has been a stimulant to life insurance sales if for no other reason than that those men and women who begin to draw their social security benefits at age of 65 must cease working if earning more than a pittance. Naturally, this is a great hardship to many. If earlier, these same men and women, had supplemented their social security with a modest amount of life insurance maturing at age 65, they would have been in a much better position to work or stop working as they saw fit.

The fraternal system in America, through its vast scope of service is well equipped to stimulate individual initiative, the very type of endeavor which has made this nation the foremost in the world. We should encourage our members and prospects to rely on their own foresight and initiative rather than to lean on government aid. Dependency on the federal government for financial aid, encourages higher taxes, additional bureaus, more government control, more straight jacketing of personal initiative. Couldn't we say that life in America has grown complex enough without our leaning on devices which tend to further weaken us as individuals?

Time To Look Ahead

As fraternalists, we have been given credit for educating the masses on the merits of life insurance. The commercial companies were quick to commercialize on our program. They followed through. Isn't

it time for us fraternalists to once more conduct a great educational campaign and to resume a certain amount of the evangelistic spirit which fired our energies in the early days of our history?

Perhaps we haven't been able to see the forest because of the trees. Perhaps we have stressed too much the selling of members, certificates, our own societies. Isn't it time to place more emphasis on the selling of the philosophy of life insurance—the basic fundamentals? We should do a better job of selling the benefits, of correlating insurance programs with our life ambitions.

If through fraternal life insurance, we enrich a man's life, are we not negligent when we fail to bring our services to his attention repeatedly, forcefully? Many in the life insurance field believe that the wage earning class will be a preferred life insurance market for years to come. To these men and women we can go with a concept of living of which they have heard little. We can explain to them how they can create an immediate estate. We can plot their financial lives years and years ahead, pointing out just exactly, without guesswork, where they can be financially five—ten—twenty years from now.

The gospel of life insurance is the gospel of sane financial living. It is up to us to preach it now as we have never preached it before. The fraternal societies started the job of educating the masses on the merits of life insurance. Let's complete the job. Let's "hoe to the end of the row."

A FOX HINT



This cute little fellow is a three-months old red fox cub. Though he was orphaned at birth, he is in good hands at the Delaware Park Zoo, Buffalo. He is being very foxy by showing us that scraps and fat from his food are added to the fat salvage container to help make soap and other products.

Let's Explore

Ohio



There's fish in these waters

COURTESY—THE STANDARD OIL CO. (OHIO) NO. 9

Named in memory of a Polish count, Zaleski State Park is one of the spots which will attract the outdoor enthusiast. Here Ohio has been conducting an experiment which has proven successful beyond any expectation.

Deep in the woods around jewel-like Lake Hope, the state has built 14 vacation cabins. Each has a living room, bedrooms, kitchen and bath. They are equipped with running water, shower, modern plumbing, bedding and linen, electricity, oil cook-stove, hot water tank, ice-box, dishes and cooking utensils.

So popular have these cabins become that they are spoken for months in advance. Plans are now being made to triple their number.

Information can be secured by writing State Forest Ranger, Zaleski State Forest, Zaleski, Ohio.

For those who wish to carry their own tents, cook out of doors, and live a more primitive life, the state has developed camping sites. These can be obtained by checking with the State Forest Ranger. Water and sanitary facilities are conveniently located.

In addition there are two large shelter houses for visitors and picnickers.

Lake Hope itself provides fishing, boating and swimming. Over the nearby hills twist trails that lead deep into the forest and furnish eye-filling views of the surrounding terrain. There are miles of truck trails through the 23,000-acre forest, which motorists can follow with caution.

In addition to fishing—state fishing laws apply—hunting is permitted except as posted. Squirrels and grouse are found in good numbers.

Zaleski Park has become a mecca for photographers who find its wild beauty ample opportunity to exercise their photographic skill.

Zaleski's 23,000 acres is only a part of the 300 square miles of Ohio's public park and recreation areas. One acre in every 137, or more than 194 thousand acres, are devoted to parks in which visitor can relax and enjoy the out-of-doors.

North and west of Zaleski State Forest are the wonders of Hocking County which travelers have proclaimed as among the finest of the world's scenic spots.