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DRŽAVAH
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PRVI SLOVENSKI LIST V AMERIKI

Geslo: Za vero in narod — za pravico in resnico — od boja do zmage!

GLASILO SLOV. KATOL. DELAVSTVA V AMERIKI IN URADNO GLASILO DRUŽBE SV. DRUŽINE V JOLIETU; P. S. DRUŽBE SV. MOHORJA V CHICAGI; ZAPADNE SLOV. ZVEZE V DENVER, COLO., IN SLOVENSKE ŽENSKE ZVEZE V ZEDINJENIH DRŽAVAH.

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Moskva čaka na končni napad - Boj v senatu o nevtralnosti

Nemci poročajo, da jih ovira vreme

Ruska prestolnica vodi do obupnosti skrajne obrambne priprave, ako naziji prodro do nje. — Namci pravijo, da jim vreme nagaja bolj kakor pa ruski odpor.

London, Anglija. — Med tem, ko nemška vojna poročila trdijo, da neugodno vreme zelo ovira nazijske vojne operacije na vzhodnem bojišču, kar se lahko smatra za nekako opravičilo, da njih sile ne morejo zadnje čase pokazati nikakih vidnih uspehov pred Moskvo, pa nasprotno vesti iz Rusije povdarjajo, da se niso tamkaj vdali optimističnemu mnenju, da so nazijske čete končnoveljavno ustavljene; z gotovostjo se namreč tamkaj pričakuje, da bodo zdaj, ko vreme še kolikor toliko dopušča, napravili Nemci svoj končni poskus, da zavzamejo Moskvo.

Za tak slučaj se vršijo v Moskvi priprave do skrajnosti in se namerava, ako prodro Nemci do mesta, voditi boj za vsako posamezno ulico. Neki poročevalec pravi od tamkaj sledeče:

"Zavedati se moramo dejstva, da utegnejo postati ulice v Moskvi pozorišče resnih bojov in spopadov moža proti možu. Vsaka cesta si mora nadeti vojno zunanost. Vsaka hiša mora postati trdnjava; vsako okno obrambna postojanka in vsak meščan vojak. Iz za vsakih vrat mora ploha granat in vžigalnih snovi nastati nemške tanke. Moskva mora postati mesnica, v kateri bo mase nemških čet in materijala zadel njih konec."

V svojem pritoževanju nad slabim vremenom povdarja nemško poročilo, da je ravno to vreme, bolj kakor ruski odpor, povzročilo, da je postala največja nemška ofenziva počasna. Posebej se omenja, da se na južni fronti, pri Donecu, bojujejo tudi italijanske čete in, da so te odbile vse ruske protinapade.

NAZIJI UTEGNEJO POMILOSTITI FRANCOSKE TALCE

Vichy, Francija. — Iz poročil, ki prihajajo iz Pariza, se more sklepati, da naziji vendar ne bodo izpolnili svoje grožnje, da bi postrelili sto ali več francoskih talcev, katere so odbrali vrta namen, da maščujejo umor nad dvema nemškima višjima častnikoma.

Vesti namreč govore, da so naziji odložili eksekucijo, češ da se utegnejo najti dejanski morilci obeh lastnikov, in ta pogoj so naziji tudi stavili za pomilostitev. Kakor se trdi, niso tisti, ki so dali nazijskim oblastem informacije, zahtevali razpisane nagrade.

Navaja se tudi možnost, da so nemške oblasti pričele bolj temeljito presojati celo situacijo, ko so videle, kak val ogorčenosti je zajel vso Francijo zaradi nameravanega masnega umora nad talci; in Nemci bi si želeli vse prej kakor pa poostriiti napetost v Franciji, ko potrebujejo vojaštvo, ki bi ga morali v takem slučaju poslati tja, na ruski fronti. Tudi ni nobenega dvoma, da bi Petain s svojim apelom, ko je baje samega sebe ponudil za talca, ne napravil mogočnega vtisa na Nemce.

STO TISOČ DOLARJEV

Nujen apel na člane društev za pomoč domovini

To je velika številka! To je že precej denarja. Sto tisoč dolarjev rabimo za prvo pomoč. Kje jih bomo dobili? V Ameriki! Kdo jih bo dal? Dobro in usmiljena srca naših Slovencev in Slovenk. Ali je to mogoče? Menda ja!

Deset slovenskih podpornih in bratskih organizacij v Ameriki, ki so članice slovenske sekcije Jugoslovanskega pomožnega odbora imajo danes 160 TISOČ članov in članic v obeh oddelkih. Okoli 42 tisoč članov in članic štejejo mladinski oddelki. Ako bi te izpuštili, ostane, še 118 tisoč članov in članic odrastlega oddelka. Ako odštejemo še 18 tisoč članov, ki pripadajo k večim organizacijam, ostane nam še 100 tisoč članov in članic, kateri bi dali SAMO PO EN DOLAR za bedne in nesrečne brate in sestre v domovini. Nekateri so dali že več, nekateri bodo še dali, pa bi prišlo povprečno na vsakega člana po en dolar.

To se prav lahko stori, ako hočejo naša podporna društva z dobro voljo in večjim zanimanjem to delo storiti. Sedaj je prilika za to akcijo, ko se vršijo letne seje v mesecu decembru.

Vsota ni velika. V sedanjih časih je lahko naš povprečni človek pogreši en dolar. Če bi nekateri ne mogli dati, bi to nadomestili drugi, ki bi dali par dolarjev več, da bi prišlo povprečno na vsakega člana (Dalje na 4. strani)

SVETLE DELE NA AVTOMOBILIH ODPRAVIJO

Washington, D. C. — Iz urada, ki ima v upravi obrambna dela, je bil izdan zadnje nedelje avtomobilski industriji ukaz, da od 15. decembra dalje ne sme uporabljati na avtomobilih nobenih kovin več, ki so se do zdaj rabile za razne svetle dele na vozilih. Med te spadajo kromij, nikel in aluminij. Dovoljeni bodo okraski iz teh kovin le za avtomobile, ki bodo izdalani pred 14. decembrom. Kakor pa se trdi, ne bo industrija preveč prizadeta, ker je že pričela uporabljati za svetle dele posebno izčiščeno jeklo, ki v prepoved ni vključeno.

\$1.50 ZA EN ZAVOJ CIGARET!

Rim, Italija. — V Italiji so se pojavili nove vrste tihotarij; pod roko so se namreč pričele prodajati ameriške cigarete. Kakor je bilo objavljeno zadnje nedelje, so oblasti aretirale 28 takih tihotapev. Na kak način pridejo do teh cigaret, se ni razodelo, toda posebno pozornost je vzbudila pretirana cena, ki jo zanje zahtevajo. Za navaden zavoj cigaret slabše vrste so namreč računali po \$1.50 do \$2. Denarja pa je menda v Italiji zdaj toliko, da se te cigarete kljub pretiranim cenam zlahka našle kupce.

SVOJE VRSTE GOBA

Naša soseda Mrs. Julija Gottlieb je prinesla ta v ponedeljek pokazat v naš urad čudne vrste "pridelek," ki mu nismo vedeli dati imena. Zunanaj je imel obliko velike zelenate glave, znotraj, prerezan, pa je bil podoben parmezanskemu siru. Šele Mrs. Gottlieb sama nam je dala pojasnilo, da je to neke vrste goba in, da so jih par našli na posestvu njene hčere Mary v Warrenville; Ill. Ta stvar tehta cele tri funte in je zelo okusna, tako pravi Mrs. Gottlieb in dostavlja, da nas bo povabila na "pojedino", da nam to dokaže. Hvala lepa že vnaprej!

STROGA VOJAŠKA KONTROLA V MOSKVI

Kuibisev, Rusija. — Kakor prihajajo poročila v tukajšnje mesto, ki je novi sedež sovjetske vlade, je v Moskvi uvedena stroga vojaška disciplina in za vsak pregrešek so določene ostre kazni. Tako trdi vest, da sta bila dva upravitelja neke vladne trgovine z živili obsojena na smrt zaradi tatvine živil in, ker sta svoje mesto zapustila. O neki skupini, ki je skušala napadati avtomobile, ki so vozili iz mesta, pa se poroča, da je bila "likvidirana." V spločnem pa je, tako govori vest, v Moskvi dokaj normalno življenje, kljub temu, da se vrše pogosti zračni napadi na mesto.

GRČIJA DOBILA ŽIVILA

Istanbul, Turčija. — Od tukaj je odplula v ponedeljek neka turška ladja, naložena z živili za Grčijo. Ta živila so bila nakupljena z religinim de-

Predlog za izpremembe v nevtralnostnem zakonu

Opozicija v senatu pripravlja vročo borbo, da pobije predloge, o katerih trdi, da bojo spravili Ameriko v vojno. — Napoveduje se njih gotov sprejem.

KRATKE VESTI

— Cambridge, Anglija. — C. Davies, član liberalne stranke v parlamentu, je zadnje nedelje zahteval, da se izreče kazen nad tistimi ministri, ki so krivi, da so bile britanske čete v Franciji in v Belgiji nezadostno opremljene.

— Stockholm, Švedska. — Iz uvodnega članka v nekem finskiem listu se sklepa, da mora na Finskem vladati nezadovoljstvo, ako že ne upor nad nadaljevanjem vojne. List namreč trdi, da je iz vojaškega ozira potrebno, da je finska armada še v vojni, dasi je prekorajčila finske meje.

— Berlin, Nemčija. — V nekem krakovskem listu se trdi, da niso Čehi nikoli zadovoljivo rešili židovskega problema. Iz teh vrstic se sklepa, da utegnejo naziji izseliti Jude iz čeških dežel.

— Budapesta, Ogrska. — V bodoče bodo morale biti vse višje osebe v privatnih podjetjih odobrene od vlade, kakor se je objavilo v nedeljo. Obenem se bojo smele osebe, stare nad 60 let, obdržati v službi le z dovoljenjem vlade.

Predstavite vašim prijateljem "Amer. Slovenca" in jim ga priporočite, da se nanj naroče!

Washington, D. C. — Ta ponedeljek se je otvorila v senatu debata o nekem predlogu, o katerem se trdi, da bo večje važnosti, kakor vsi drugi predlogi, kar jih je bilo v razpravi pred to zbornico tekom zadnjih 25 let. V predlogu gre namreč za ameriško nevtralnost.

Ni sicer predlagano, da se celokupni nevtralnostni zakon prekliche, vendar pa trdi opozicija, da bo sprejem vseh predlaganih točk pomenilo skoraj isto, in obenem dostavlja, da bo to pomenilo povrhu, da bo Amerika takorekoč dejansko v vojni.

Del predloga, ki je zdaj pred senatom, je poslanska zbornica že odobrila. Doznanje pa so bile poslanskemu predlogu še nove točke, da bodo senatorji imeli odločevati o sledečem: Da se dovoli ameriškim ladjam voziti tovor v dežele, ki so v vojni; da se dovoli Amerikancem in ameriškim ladjam vstop v vojne pasonve in, da se dovoli oborožitvi ameriških trgovskih ladij.

Opozicija se sicer pripravlja na ljuto borbo, vendar se pričakuje, da bo predlog končno prošri, in vladna administracija pritiska na to, da se sprejme že tekom dveh tednov.

Katoličani so tako močni, kakor je močno njihovo katoliško časopisje.



Po nemškem pojasnilu kaže gornja slika, ki je prispela iz Berlina, kako nazijski "Stuka" aeroplani razstijajo z bombami neki ruski vlak, katerega so zaglali, kakor kažejo oblaki dima.

Iz zaslužnjene domovine

Naziji slepijo svet, da se v zasedeni Jugoslaviji bori petindvajset tisoč hrvatskih in deset tisoč nazijem prijaznih srbskih vojakov. — Še druge vesti iz zaslužnjene domovine.

Nemške vesti s prikritimi nameni

Berlin 18. oktobra. — (U.) — Po zanesljivih vesteh iz Balkana vodijo četniki pravo "državljansko vojno" v Jugoslaviji. Od začetka rusko-nemške vojne je bilo v Jugoslaviji — slepi črteg Beograda, Zagreba in Sarajeva — ustreljenih ali obešenih najmanj sto ujetih četnikov.

V krvavi borbi pri Tuzli je padlo 300 četnikov in 20 vstavev. V času te borbe so nemški "Stuka" letala obstreljevala Užice. V bližini Kragujevca se je nekaj ur bila ostra bitka. Število mrtvih ni bilo objavljeno. General Nedić je izjavil, "da je v tej "državljanski vojni" bilo v nekaj dnevih prelite več srbske krvi kot angleške v vsej vojni". Pred dvema tednoma je obljubil pomilostitev vsakomur, ki se bo prostovoljno vrnil k svojemu mirnemu opravljanju in objavil, da "skupine razbojnikov rušijo železnice, predore in mostove". Na ta poziv so četniki odgovorili z novimi napadi. Nemškim častnikom in vojakom se dogajajo čisto skrivnostne nesreče. Napadajo kmete na potu in živeže in potrebščine nosijo v četniška taborišča v planinah. Poroča se, da je nemška zasedna oblast dovolila generalu Nediću, da zbere posebno vojsko za borbo proti srbskim upornikom. V istem času Nemci in Italijani pomnožujejo svoje posadke na Balkanu.

Kakor se vidi iz tega poročila, je jasno, da Nemci izmišljajo nova imena za svoje in Paveličeve vstaške zločine, ki jih počenjajo po Jugoslaviji, ko navajajo, da se v Bosni bori proti četnikom "25.000 hrvatskih in 10.000 nacijem prijaznih srbskih vojakov."

Vsemu svetu je jasno, da ni srbskih ne hrvatskih nacijem prijaznih vojakov. To je najnavadnejša laž nemške propagande. Hrvatski narod se bori proti nemški in italijanski zasedbi skupaj s svojimi brati Srbi in Slovinci. Srbski vojak po zasedbi, če je le mogel najti kakšno orožje, je sedaj v borbenih vrstah četnikov in se bje s fašisti in naciji, kjer je le to mogoče.

V resnici se v Bosni bore proti četnikom Nemci, Italijani in Paveličevi vstaši, a s četniki je ves srbski, hrvatski in slovenski narod.

Vesti iz nepokorjene Jugoslavije

(JČO.) — V zadnjih času so se pojavili v zagrebških vstaških listih divjaški napadi na predstavnika hrvatskega naroda v jugoslovanski vladi, g. dr. Juraja Krnjeviča. Te napade vodi v "Novem Listu" Vladimir Radič, nevredni sin

velikega Stjepana Radiča. V nekem od teh člankov Vladimir Radič imenuje delo dr. Krnjeviča v jugoslovanski vladi "izdajalsko". Hrvatski narod, ki pozna svojega predstavnika v vladi, dr. Krnjeviča in se dobro spominja njegove izjave, da on hoče svobodno Hrvatsko v svobodni Jugoslaviji, se zaveda, da je delo dr. Krnjeviča v skladu z idejami velikega Hrvata Stjepana Radiča, ki je dejal, da je obatanek svobodnega hrvatskega naroda mogoče samo v zmagi demokratske in svobodne Jugoslavije, ta hrvatski narod odločno obsoja pisanje nevrednega sinu svojega očeta.

Zagrebski židje so bili že prvega dne po prihodu Nemcev iz vstašev njihove žrtve. Nekateri so zaprli in mučili, druge odpeljali "neznano kam" in spet druge pobili. Poznaje so jih več kot tisoč zaprti v eno samo veliko dvorano. Tam so bili nekaj dni brez hrane. Potem so morali v vrste in čakati nanjo. Ko so pa prišli posamezniki na vrsto, so jim "gestapovci" brenili posodo s hrano iz rok, da je šlo vse po tleh. To se je ponavljalo tako dolgo, da so nekateri znoreli, ko so vedeli, da do jedi nikdar ne bodo prišli. Mnogih jih je napravilo samoumor. Prostor, kamor so jih stlačili so morali uporabljati tudi kot stranišče in z rokami čistiti za seboj. Končno so jih izpustili in pognali peš proti Karlovcu in naprej. Veliko število jih je na potu pomrlo.

Največje število židov po taboriških prisilnega dela na Hrvatskem dela ceste. Židovske zdravnike pa so poslali nekam v Bosno, kjer je zdravnikov premalo.

Iz Splita so žide pognali na otok Korčulo, kjer je sedaj velika stiska za hrano.

Vojaška oblast v Zagrebu je napravila popis vseh zagrebških zdravnikov. Menda jih bodo poslali v Nemčijo.

Ker so italijanske oblasti zasedle vse kraje "neodvisne Hrvatske" zahodni od črte Ogulin — Mostar, je vlada v Zagrebu odredila, naj se zapre taborišče prisilnega dela na otoku Pagu in naj se ujetniki preselijo v druga prisilna taborišča. Moške so poslali v Jasenovac, žene pa v Jastrebarsko, kjer morajo delati na njivah. Preseili so jih v živinskih vozovih. Pri prevozu in med potjo jih je mnogo pomrlo.

SEE PAGE 3
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Dopisi važnega pomena za hitro objavo morajo biti poslani na uredništvo vsaj dan in pol pred dnem, ko izide list. — Za zadnje številke v tednu je čas do četrtke dopoldne. — Na dopise brez podpisa se ne ozira. — Rokopisov uredništvo ne vrača.

Entered as second class matter, November 10, 1925 at the post office at Chicago, Illinois, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Načrtno uničevanje slovenskega življa

Pod zgorajšnjim naslovom objavlja Jugoslovanski časnikarski odsek sledečo vest:

“Ženeva, 18. okt. (JČO). — Po zadnjih podatkih iz dobro obveščenih in nepristranskih krogov je bilo do sedaj iz Slovenije pregnanih pol milijona duš, največji del v Srbijo. Samo do konca junija so Nemci pregnali petdeset tisoč rodbin, oziroma sto petdeset tisoč duš. Zapustiti so morali v najtežjih okolščinah svoje domove in svojo rodno grudo in poglani so jih v kraje, ki zanje niti ne vemo. Tisoče slovenskih mladeničev in mož pa so odvedli v prisilna delavska taborišča v Nemčijo, kjer morajo zdaj pod bičem nemškega valpeta opravljati najtežja dela.

Na izpraznjena posestva Nemci naseljujejo Nemce iz Hrvatske, in ker teh za vsa izpraznjena posestva ni dovolj, tudi Nemce iz “rajha”.

Kdo le bo ostal? Pred nami je uničenje slovenskega naroda.”

Uredništvo našega lista dobiva številna pisma, v katerih naši rojaki iz vsega krajev Amerike zaskrbljeno vprašujejo o tem in onem v domovini. Med tem tudi, kje je ta ali ona vas, pod Italijo ali Nemčijo, itd. In premojgi poprašuje, bogve, kako je z našimi?

Zgorajšnje poročilo nam da vsem odgovor. Pravi jasno: “Pol milijona duš” je bilo dosedaj iz Slovenije pregnanih. Predstavite si v duhu, da je Slovence komaj 1 milijon in pol in to v številni one pod Italijo. Če vzamete vse Slovence skupaj kolikor jih je, in kakor pravi poročilo, da jih je pol milijona pregnanih, bi bil že vsak tretji Slovenec pregnan iz lastne grude. Ker pa vemo, da je preganjanje v onem delu Slovenije, ki je pod Nemčijo najhujše, je to znamenje, da je na Stajerskem več kakor vsak drugi Slovenec pregnan. Evo tragično sliko!

Ko je bilo na Ogerskem za časa Bela Kuna neko preganjanje, je neki madžarski pregnani pisatelj zapisal, da se zdi, da v peklu ne more biti nobenega hudiča več, da so se vsi na Ogersko priselili. Kaj bi lahko zdaj šele ubogi Slovinci v primeru zapisali? Ne samo hudiči, ker ti so napram nazijem pravi gentlemani, ampak še nekaj vse hujšega je prišlo na slovenska tla z naziji. Saj to kar delajo naziji na Slovenskem se mora še hudiču gnusiti!

Najbolj tragično je, da se proti vsemu temu satanskemu počenjanju trenutno ne da ničesar storiti. Nazij, vzgojen v satanskem Hitlerjevem duhu je satan brez srca. Nekdanji Turki so bili vzgojeni v fanatizmu, ki je bil poznan: čim več kristjanov pomorim, tem večje zaslužnje pri Alahu. Hitlerjevi naziji pa so še slabši, ti pa uživajo, kadar trpinčijo uboge ljudi. To je neki satanski sadizem, ki ga ni mogoče dovolj primerno označiti. In sadizem se izvršuje zlasti s posebnimi veseljem pri nazijih nad slovanskimi narodi. Tem želijo naziji uničenje. Zakaj? Zato, da bi ošabni Nemci dobili rodovitna slovanska polja, lepe slovanske dežele in njih zemlje. To je pa hujše kar so delali Turki v svojih časih. Turki so prišli in oropali deželo, bodiši blaga, živine in tudi mlade ljudi so odvajali v sužnost. Niso pa preganjali celih družin, in na njih posestva naseljevali svojih družin, niso uganjali takega sadizma, kakor ga uganjajo zdaj naziji.

Za nazije bo prišel dan plačila in sicer strašan dan plačila. Ta dan mora priti, ker krivica, ki jo uganjajo je tako velika, da ne more ostati nekaznovana. Za nemške potomce bo sicer že to strašna velika kazen, ker jih bo ves kulturni svet označeval kot potomce najbolj barbarskega naroda pod soncem v dvajsetem veku.

Kar ameriški Slovinci moremo je, da gremo z podvojeno močjo na delo za pomoč ubogi križani domovini. Postanimo bolj aktivni, kakor smo bili dosedaj. Zbirajmo darove, zbirajmo vse kar se da za reveže v domovini, da jih, ko pride do kakih mogočih zvez, zopet obledimo in jim damo vsaj neko pomoč, vsaj malo skorjico kruha v tej strašni tiski. Mislite si uboge bogunce in teh je pol mi-

lijona, kakor omenja poročilo, ki so izgnani v opustošeno revno Srbijo, kjer niso našli drugega, kakor ruševine in kamenje. Kaka siromaščina in koliko gorje. Doma pa so morali pustiti toplo hišo, lepo ljubljeno slovensko zemljo, ki je rodila njihov rod sto in stoletja, samo zato, da so naredili prostor ošabnemu in prevzetnemu Nemcu, ki se je vsedel v njihovo toplo hišo kot ropar. Bog pomagaj tem ubogim sirotam in če jim Bog ne bo pomagal, kdo jim naj pomaga? Med temi je najbrže kak tvoj lastni brat, ali sestra, oče ali mati. Saj je najmanj vsak drugi Slovenec izgnan. To imejmo pred očmi in pomagajmo velikodušno. Mi smo tu v svobodni zemlji, prosti, ali nismo dolžni pomagati, kar največ moremo? Nobena žrtev ni prevelika. Vsaj enodnevno plačo naj bi vsak daroval in to če le moč večkrat. Žrtve? Yes, žrtve so potrebne za uboge pregnane ljudi. Zbira naj se pa tudi stara obleka in vse kar moč, ko bo vojske konec, bo revežem doma prišlo vse prav in pomoč vsestranska bo nadvse potrebna.



NEKOLIKO SPOMINOV NA KONVENCIJO ZSZ IN CLEVELANDSKE ROJAKE

Koncem meseca avgusta sem se mudil s svojo hčerjo na konvenciji Zapadne Slovanske Zveze. — Kar se tiče konvencije ZSZ v Chicagu, je vladala tam prava složnost. Menim, da je delegacija napravila kar koli je bilo mogoče za korist članstva, društve in Zveze. Ker je bilo že poročano v zapisniku, mi ni treba, da bi še kaj več o tem poročal, ker vem, da je vsak to že v zapisniku čital od časa do časa, kakor je bil zapisnik priobčen.

Dolžnost me pa veže, da se vsem Chicaganom zahvalimo za njih gostoljubnost in prijaznost za časa, ko smo se nahajali tam. Posebno smo se čutili domače pri Mr. in Mrs. Tomažinih, ker sva bila s hčerjo tam na stanovanju. Hvala za vso vljudnost! — Tudi hvala Mr. Jerichu, ki nas je vozil s postaje in Mr. Primožiču za vožnjo k jezeru, ko smo šli na takozvani “Moon Light Trip”, kar je bilo nekaj krasnega. — Hvala Mr. Popovichu, za dobro večerjo, na katero je povabil vse delegate in delegatkinje in prav tako Mr. Jerichu, tudi za okusno večerjo. — Tako je bilo zares vse dobro pripravljeno in udobno. Zato hvala lepa vsem, za vaše sodelovanje in prijaznost.

Po konvenciji sem se tudi odločil, da bi šel pogledat slovenski “Rim” ali Joliet. In res sem se takoj drugi dan, to je v petek zjutraj, podal na pot. Ker sta se tudi delegat in delegatkinja Mr. in Mrs. Joe Ponikvar zmenili da bi šli radi v Joliet, smo rekli, da gremo skupno. Seveda, vprašanje je bilo, kako priti na postajo. Pa ni bilo posebno pereče to vprašanje, kajti Mr. Tomažin, ki nas je poslušal, je rekel: Kar tu na moj avto se vsedite in jaz vas odpeljem. Res, odpeljal nas je in zato mu najlepša hvala za njegovo dobrotljivost.

Okoli poldne smo privzili v Joliet in zopet smo gledali, kako priti do slovanske naselbine, ali bi vzeli tekso ali kaj, kajti še delegat Mr. Turk in

pa Mr. Brajda iz Pueble, kateri se je nahajal ravno na obisku v Chicagu in so se nam pridružili, da gredo še Joliet obiskat, ker niso bili še nikoli tam. Pa smo jo kor peš mahnil s postaje skozi mesto, ker sem že vedel, da ni daleč do slovanske naselbine. — Najprej smo si ogledali novi dom KSKJ in urad, kar nam je glavni tajnik Mr. Zalar vse razkazal. Zares, lepa stavba. — Ker je bilo že malo pozno, se je ogledal Mr. Brajda, da bi že rad kaj za njegov želedec dobil. Jaz sem tudi potrdil, da bi kozarec pive prav prišel, toda Mr. Brajda pripomni, da bi bilo čas kaj pojesti. Tu se pa ogledal Mrs. Ponikvar, da bi poklicala Mrs. Erjavce, ker ji je obljubila, da jo bo obiskala, kar je tudi storila. Ko smo sedeli v gostilni, menda pri Mr. Hrvatu, je že prišla Mrs. Erjavce in bila huda, zakaj nismo takoj prišli k njej, ker da nas je že čakala dolgo časa. Očpravili smo se k njej in ko pridemo tje, je bilo že vse pripravljeno. Kar z vsem smo se pokrepčali, z jedjo in pijačo.

Mrs. Erjavce je zares postrežljiva in prav tako nje hčerka in Mr. Erjavce. Ko smo se dobro pokrepčali, nas je Mrs. Erjavce popeljala po Jolietu in okolici. Tudi pri Mrs. Mustar smo se ogledali, kjer smo se tudi pokrepčali, je tudi ona postrežljiva. Ogledali smo si tudi krasno slovensko cerkev sv. Jožefa, ki je bila ravno okrašana za proslavo 50 letnice. Je bila zares lepo in okusno okrašana. — Kaj hitro je minilo tisto popoldne in za zvečer nas zopet povabi Mrs. Erjavce na večerjo. Zopet nam je postregla, po večerji nam je pa nje soprog kazal premikajoče slike, ki so bile vzete v starem kraju za časa, ko so imele članice Slov. ženske zveze izlet v domovino. — Hvala Mr. in Mrs. Erjavce za vaše gostoljubje. Upam, da vam bomo mogli o priliki po svojih močeh povrniti.

Kaj pa sedaj? Kar otožni smo postali, ker nismo imeli več časa, da bi bili ostali še tukaj, ker so nas prosili, da bi bili tam vsaj do nedelje. Toda

čas beži in mi smo se morali po njem ravnati. Odšli smo na postajo in tam se razšli. Mr. Brajda se je odpeljal proti zapadu, jaz in moja hči pa proti vzhodu.

Že večkrat sem želel iti pogledat slovensko Metropolo Cleveland, pa nisem imel prilike. Sedaj pa, se mi je nudilo prav lepa priložnost, da bi šel obiskat moje prijatelje v Clevelandu. Ker sta se odpravljala domov v Cleveland Mr. in Mrs. Ponikvar, smo šli kar skupaj. V tako prijetni družbi, se človek nikoli ne naveliča, prav nič dolgočasno ni bilo. Ko smo se odpeljali iz Chicage o polnoči, so mi bile misli ves čas v Clevelandu in kljub prijazni družbi, sem le vedno želel, da bi bil že enkrat v Clevelandu ter sem vedno povpraševal, če bomo že kmalu tam. Dobil sem odgovor, da bomo tam ob osmi uri zjutraj. Ko se je pričelo daniti, sem zopet vprašal, če še ne bomo v Clevelandu in dobil sem odgovor, da samo še par ur, pa bomo tam. Ob pol osmih se že pripeljemo na krasno postajo.

Tukaj je Mrs. Ponikvar po telefonu poklicala svojega sina, ki je kmalu prišel in nas odpeljal vse skupaj proti njihovega domu. Sedaj me je pričelo malo skrbeti, kako se bom sešel s svojimi znanci, toda, ker sem bil v prijazni družbi, kakor sta Mr. in Mrs. Ponikvar, mi res ni bilo treba preveč skrbeti. Vedel sem, da imata oba številne znance in prijatelje v Clevelandu in z njih pomočjo mi bo omogočeno najti moje znance in prijatelje. Komaj smo se ustavili pri Ponikvarju, so mi že rekli, da bom kmalu našel te, katere že imo obiskati. Najprej smo se morali seveda malo pokrepčati, nakar me je Mr. Ponikvar popeljal po St. Clair ulici, o kateri sem že velikokrat bral, kaj vse imaše tam naši rojaki in zato me je vse silo zanimivo. Najprej smo šli v Narodni dom, ki mi ga je razkazal, kakor tudi mi je razkazal urad glavnega predsednika SDZ in potem uredništvo “A.D”, kjer sem videl, kako tiskajo različne liste. Popeljal me je tudi v park, kjer imajo razni narodi svoje kulturne vrtove in med temi je tudi Jugoslovanski kulturni vrt. To je zares nekaj pomembnega. Še več reči mi je razkazal in že takoj prvi dan se mi je vse jako dopadlo. Šel sem tudi k mojemu nekdanjemu prijatelju in bratrancu moje žene John Pelc, ki je pred kakimi 20 leti bival v Pueblu, Colo. Jaz sem bil veseli in tudi on se nas je razveselil. Ko je tako izvedel, da smo v Clevelandu, je prišel vsaki dan k nam s svojo karo in nas je vozil okolu po Clevelandu ter nam razkazoval razne znamenitosti mesta in okolice in vse se mi je zdelo prav lepo in zelo zanimivo. Zdelo se mi je, kakor da sem v stari domovini. On mi je tudi veliko pomagal, da sem se sešel z velikimi znanci in prijatelji. — Drugi dan, v nedeljo je bilo mnogo bolj, ker je bilo več rojakov doma in tako smo laglje našli enega ali drugega. — V Clevelandu imajo več-

krat kake prireditve, ob sobotah ali nedeljah zvečer in sva se tudi jaz in moja hči več udeležiti in tako sem imel še več prilike sestati se z znanci in prijatelji. Prvo nedeljo večer so naju peljali na cerkveni bazar. Kar presenečen sem bil, ko sem se tam sestel s tolikim številom prijateljev, največ Dobropoljcev. Kar cela skupina nas je bilo iz vseh vasi okrog Dobropolja. Kakor povsod, kjer so Dobropoljci, tako je bilo tudi tuka veselo petje, kajti naše lepe slovanske pesmi so nam najbolj priljubljene. Začeli smo prepevati, da je kar odmevalo, kakor pred 35 leti v stari domovini. Tudi Mr. Grdina se nam je pridružil in pomagal, kakor tudi še več drugih, katerim pa ne vem imena. Zares, lepo snidenje!

Drugi dan je bil delavski praznik in sem zopet imel lepo priliko seznaniti se z mnogimi znanci. Ta dan sem se sešel z Mr. in Mrs. Hočevar in družino, ki mi povejo, da smo si v sorodstvu, kar pa seveda nisem verjel, ker nisem vedel, da imam v Clevelandu še kake sorodnike, razun Mr. Joe Lekana, v Newburgu, katerega sem tudi obiskal. Tedaj mi je Mr. Hočevar razložil, da je njegova sestra omožena na mojem rojstnem domu z bratom Tonetom in mi je rekel, da morava kar pri njih ostati, dokler bova v Clevelandu. Takoj smo postali domači. Zelo so postrežljivi in prijazni, kot pravi Dobropoljci. Nikoli ne bom pozabil njih dobrotljivosti, prijaznosti in postrežljivosti. Potem sem povedal, da bi rad našel svojega znanca in sosedo iz starega kraja, Tonečka Zelnika (Biderhov Tone), s katerim se nisva videla celih 35 let. Kmalu me je Mr. Hočevar odpeljal na njegov dom in ko smo bili tam, ga vprašam, če me še pozna, pa je rekel, da ne. Njegova žena je pa iz kuhinje opazovala in ugibala, kdo bi neki bil. Ko sem mu povedal kdo sem, je bil silno presenečen, kakor tudi njegova žena. Moral sem se tam dolgo časa zamuditi ker si nismo mogli vsega povedati v par besedah. Postali smo takoj domači in morali smo priti k njim na večerjo. Mr. Zelnik, njegova soproga in njih trije sinovi, ki so že odrasli, so zelo prijazni. Drugi večer smo bili pri njih na večerji, ki je bila prava gostija. Zabavali smo se in prepevali, kajti bili smo tam Mr. in Mrs. Ponikvar, Mr. in Mrs. Hočevar in Mr. in Mrs. Mlakar. Mlakarjevi so naju zopet povabili, da moram naslednji večer k njim na večerjo. Tam je zopet bilo prav domače prijazno, kajti Mr. in Mrs. Mlakar in njih hčere, so silno prijazni in vljudni. Mr. Mlakar je doma iz Zagorice, po domače Koparjev Jože in smo se poznali že tudi v stari domovini.

Ne smem pozabiti na Collinwood, kjer sem obiskal Mr. in Mrs. John Pezdirtz in Mrs. Kogovšek ki so sila prijazni. Mr. Pezdirtz mi je zopet veliko razkazal po Collinwoodu in okolici, kar je bilo prav zanimivo. — Hvala vam vsem za vsa postrežbo. Obiskal sem tu-

Dogodki

med Slovenci po Ameriki

Nov grob
Cleveland, O. — Zadnji tednen je tukaj umrla Mrs. Terrezija Prijatelj, rojena Terhelen, iz East 68th Street, stara 53 let. Doma je bila iz vasi Podklaneec, fara Sodražica pri Ribnici na Dolenjskem. Zapuščica moža Antona, doma iz Hojčice, fara Sv. Gregor, dalje pet sinov, katerih eden je zdravnik v Lorainu, O., eden pa vodi lekarno na St. Clair Ave., v Clevelandu. Poleg teh zapuščica še eno hčer, sestro v Maynard, O. in brata v Bridgeport, O. V starem kraju zapuščica sestro in več sorodnikov. V Ameriki je bila 36 let. Pokopana je bila zadnjo soboto iz cerkve sv. Vida na Calvary pokopališče.

Bela žena v Montani
Red Lodge, Mont. — Po dolgih treh letih težke bolezni je tukaj umrla rojakinja Ana Sapec, v starosti 48 let. Pokojna je bila doma v vasi Golje pri Čatežu pod Zaplalom na Dolenjskem. Zapuščica moža, sina in hčer, v starem kraju pa dva brata in sestro.

Še en grob
Cleveland, O. — Pretekli četrtek 23. oktobra je po kratki bolezni umrl v St. Luke's bolnišnici Joseph Mačero iz East 73rd Street, v starosti 61 let. Doma je bil iz Sardinje vasi pri Zužemberku na Dolenjskem in je prišel v Ameriko pred 40 leti. Zapuščica dva nečaka, dve nečakinji in še več drugih sorodnikov. V starem kraju pa zapuščica brata, dva nečaka, nečakinjo in še druge sorodnike. Pokopan je bil v ponedeljek 27. oktobra iz cerkve sv. Vida na Calvary pokopališče.

di Mrs. Zaic. Imajo vsi lepe domove. — Obiskal sem tudi nekdanje prijatelje na Maple Heights, kot Mr. Chas. Hočevar, ki je pred leti bival v Pueblu. Hvala za vljudnost, ki ste nam jo izkazali. Tudi Mrs. Antoniji Vidmar, ter nje hčer, in sinovim, ki so tako prijazni, vljudni in postrežljivi, najlepša hvala. — Vsem skupaj še enkrat najlepša hvala za vse vaše sodelovanje in upam, da se še katerikrat vidimo. Zelel bi da bi prišli enkrat v našo sončno Colorado, kar vam nikoli nebo žal, kjer se boste do mile volje naučili našega svežega zraka. Naša želja je pa tudi, da bi vam tako mogli vsaj nekoliko povrniti vašo prijaznost, gostoljubnost in postrežbo. Skoda res, da smo tako daleč drug od drugega. — Precej se je raztegnil moj dopis, vendar prosim, če sem katerega izpustil, da mi to odpusti. — Še enkrat vas vse pozdravljamo, kakor tudi vse delegate in delegatkinje ter glavne uradnike. Zapadne slovanske zveze.

Joe Krall in hčer Frances Malovaček.

NOV NAPADALEC

(317)

(Metropolitan Newspaper Service)

Napisal: Edgar Rice Burroughs



Tarzan had no miraculous sight, but he had trained his eyes to the utmost human power.



So he caught a glimpse of the hidden archer, though he seemed to take no notice.



Suddenly the arrow sprang from the bow. Tarzan had calculated its path. He stepped aside.



Before his assailant could shoot again, the mighty jungle lord was upon him.



Then from out of the darkness a knife slashed at the ape-man.

Tarzan ni imel čudežnega pogleda, toda svoje oči je privadil, kolikor je le človeku mogoče jih privaditi, da mu služijo v vseh slučajih. Tako je kmalu opazil blišč skrite pisce, pa se mu je zdelo, da ni vredno upoštevati. Naenkrat je pa pisca sčrčala z loka. Tarzan je preracunal njegovo pot in stopil malo v stran. Predno je mogel napadalec drugič ustreliti, je bil Tarzan že nad njim. — Tedaj se je pa iz teme dvignil nož nad Tarzana.

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FRATERNAL VOICE

A DEPARTMENT OF AMERIKANSKI SLOVENEK

Monthly English Section - Dedicated To the English Speaking Members Of Our Association

Our Motto: BROTHERHOOD, LIBERTY AND PROGRESS

CHICAGO, ILL., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1941.

The Best Home Safeguard

Fraternally Protection For The Whole Family, Provides For Death, Sick, Operations, Accident and Disability Benefits.

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FRATERNAL VOICE (ENGLISH SECTION)

Published monthly in the interest of the English Speaking Lodges and the Juvenile Department, and for the progress, good and welfare of The Western Slavonic Association, also to promote and maintain a mutual and fraternal understanding between ALL members; to unite our whole membership and develop fraternity, brotherhood and co-operation to the highest degree.

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FRATERNAL VOICE GEO. J. MIROSLAVICH, Editor

3360 Vine Street Denver, Colorado

Editor Speaks...

THE WRONG THING TO DO

A member of a fraternal society recently allowed himself, his wife and two children to become suspended. This was the only insurance they had. "I bought a new home," he said, "so I need that \$5.00 I paid each month for insurance to meet the payments on the home."

This was absolutely the wrong thing to do. What if misfortune should befall this family? The cost of any kind of misfortune must be met, regardless, whether or not you are paying on a new home. Such costs would be many times greater than that \$5.00 paid each month for insurance.

When planning to go into debt over a period of years, it is wise to fortify yourself with fraternal life insurance that includes sick, operation, accident and indemnity benefits—lots of it—to protect your family and that new home if and when misfortune hits. Instead of dropping all or any part of it ways and means to secure more of it should be sought.

Life insurance is a necessity in home planning, and of first importance in home safety. Life insurance is a rift in the clouds, ripened fruit of preparedness, a creator of wealth, a defender of homes, a provider against want, a conservator of estates, a legacy at once available, your cheapest necessity.

There is a class of people that will forfeit their insurance policies because they bought a car, radio, furniture, and other things they like to have. This is also the wrong thing to do. We agree that they have a right to have and enjoy all these things, but we disagree that it is necessary to drop fraternal protection. These things and insurance too may be had with careful planning. Our advice is that you should NEVER neglect to have and maintain fraternal protection for the whole family. You never have too much when misfortune comes, as it eventually will, in your home.

There is another class of members that will unnecessarily take advantage of liberal grace given in payments of premiums. It seems that all other obligations are taken care of first—insurance last. If there is not enough money left, payment of dues is postponed. This is the wrong thing to do. In some cases the secretary takes care of your dues for a time, or some lodges have provisions to tide over the delinquent members, but when too many take advantage of this charitable deed there may be a sudden wholesale suspension of all members in arrears—you will be included. Remember, the headquarters must receive your premiums every month whether or not you pay them to your lodge.

This editorial was written in the spirit of helpfulness so that you will be impressed that your fraternal insurance is a priceless asset and great necessity that you must guard and cherish. It should be listed among your first obligations to be taken care of regularly every month.

We wish for you, and urge you to acquire all the nice things in life—a fine home nicely furnished, an auto, radio and the best of everything for your family, but do not overlook the great and vital necessity of life—fraternal insurance. And may we add, it should be WSA protection for the entire family.

Fraternally life insurance and benefits, fraternal principles and benevolent service, should be taught your children as a part of their education. Enroll them in our Juvenile Department.

From the Office of the Supreme President WSA.

Every fraternal organization without exception strives to make a marked progress during the months preceding its convention, and every fraternal organization without exception experiences a marked decrease of progress during the first month or two after the date of convention. It reminds me of a large family getting ready to eat a choice meal that is the favorite dish of all; great preparations are made for the meal with everyone doing his or her part until the food is ready to be consumed. All members of the family eagerly partake of the meal and when it is over, they all like to sit back and reflect upon the excellence of the food. So, in our case we might compare our members to the large happy family and the convention to the choice meal. We have worked hard in making preparations for our convention and we participated in the convention with great joy and enthusiasm. And when it was over, we did relax and sit back in the reflected glory of our accomplishments.

However, the time has now come where we have digested all that has transpired in the past and we must once again begin to make preparations, not for something as glamorous as a convention, but something which is just as important, if not more so, to the good and well being of the Association. As you know, we are still engaged in our great CRUSADE CAMPAIGN and up to the time of this writing we have enrolled only a total of 488 new members into our Association. This is still substantially below the quota we had set and as it appears now, we will not reach our quota unless we all roll up our sleeves and pitch in. We still have about two months left in which to do our part and there is no reason why we could not fulfill our quota. As you know, several new features adopted at our last convention, such as increased age limits, increased benefits, etc., should make our task much easier, so there is no reason why we should not be able to get some good results. We, as members of a great and fine fraternal organization, must continually work for the benefit of the Association and we must seize every opportunity whereby we may be able to promote its welfare. Therefore, we must now stop our inactivity, rouse ourselves from the stupors of relaxation and once again start our work. We are members of a most liberal, most solvent and most sympathetic fraternal organization, and it is necessary to exert our constant effort to preserve it. So, members, let's roll up our sleeves and each do his part to keep it that way.

LEO JURJOVEC, SR., Supreme President.

ATTENTION JUVENILES!

It is your duty to remind your parents to always pay your dues, else there is a danger that you might be dropped from our wonderful Juvenile Department.

It is wise and smart to pay your dues several months ahead. 15c per month isn't much to pay. \$1.80 pays for a whole year in advance. Keep your membership by all means.

Supreme President Jurjovec To Be Again Honored In November

Our Leader's Birthday Month To Be Celebrated With Special Membership Drive

November 5th is the birthday of our beloved Supreme President, and as in the past several years the entire month will again be dedicated to him as a mark of respect and appreciation for his diligent and faithful efforts in behalf of the WSA.

The delegates at the 11th Convention recognized his splendid work in the past by insisting that he serve another term. We are sure that the rank and file wishes to also show its appreciation and say "thank you" in some fitting manner. It is the opinion of the Supreme Board that the best way to present Mr. Jurjovec with a birthday gift and with a token of esteem is to enroll a large number of new adults and juveniles during his birthday month—November.

It is not necessary to write words and words about the enthusiastic endeavors of our hard-working president unselfishly made for our Association. His record speaks for itself, and the splendid progress of the Association during his present term in office may be credited in a large measure to him. We know where his heart is — we should join our hearts with his and together pledge ourselves in the interest of the WSA. This is all that Leo expects of us.

So let each and every member of the Association adopt this slogan: GET A MEMBER IN NOVEMBER. Let us make this the banner month of the year! Furthermore, let us strive to make our CRUSADE of this year the best campaign in our history so that Mr. Jurjovec will enter his second term at the head of a record membership.

From our loyal hearts we repeat last year's birthday greetings to our Supreme President: "Congratulations, and may you always enjoy good health, prosperity and happiness. May through the cooperation of the membership your ambitions for the benefit of your beloved WSA be fulfilled to your heart's desire."

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECONG NATIONAL JUVENILE CONVENTION

Held in Chicago, Illinois, Aug. 25-28, 1941.

(The proceedings of the three sessions held by the WSA juvenile delegates are being published in condensed form. The complete minutes of the juvenile convention are on file at the office of the Supreme Juvenile Supervisor.)

FIRST SESSION

Monday, Oct. 25, at 3:30 P. M. The convention was called to order by Supreme Juvenile Supervisor, Geo. J. Miroslavich, with an address to the delegates who then proceeded to read the minutes of the first convention held in Denver in 1937. He closed with remarks concerning the present convention. Supreme President Leo Jurjovec, Trustee Mike Popovich and John Jerich, Editor of Amerikanski Slovenec, addressed the delegates. Following the talks the regular order of business took place.

The names of the temporary convention officers were read and they promptly assumed their duties. Temporary Chairman Robert Trontel selected the following Credential Committee: Mary Jane Grande, chairman; Rudolph Novak, secretary; Anthony Mihelich, Rosemarie Rupp, Ann Marley, and LaVerne Kadnuck.

Credentials of the juvenile delegates were checked by the committee and all found to be in order. It was moved by Edward Lesar and seconded by Arthur Jersin that the report of the Credentials Committee be accepted. The motion was carried. The roll call found Alice Kosmerl absent.

(The reports of each delegate were read at the Adult Convention.)

The election of permanent officers was the next order of business. Moved by Edward Lesar and seconded by several delegates that the temporary officers remain. Moved by Thomas Pischerchio, seconded by Richard Glavan, that officers be elected by ballot. The latter motion was carried after some discussion.

The election resulted as follows: Robert Trontel was elected as President, and with beautiful remarks Mr. Miroslavich presented him with the gavel. Elsie Spiller was elected as first

Vice President; Marie Rupp was elected second Vice President and Dorothy Perko (of Pueblo) as convention Secretary. Due to the late hour, the election was postponed until the next session.

Messages of greetings were read from United Comrades Juvenile Br. No. 1 of Denver, Colo., and from Trail Blazers Lodge No. 41 of Denver. A moment of silence was observed in memory of all deceased juvenile members of the WSA. A salute to the flag and Pledge of Allegiance was given. The session adjourned at 5:45 P. M.

SECOND SESSION

President Trontel called the second session to order at 3:30 P. M., Tuesday, Oct. 26. The roll was called and Alice Kosmerl was the only absentee. The minutes of the first session were read and adopted.

A salute and pledge to the flag was given after which the delegates listened to a wonderful address on "Americanism" by Mr. Rudolph Trost.

Unfinished business of electing officers was taken up with the following results: Elected first Recorder was Joseph Primozich; second Recorder was Mary Krnichar and assistant to recorders was Rose Plutt.

The president appointed the following two committees: ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE—Arthur Jersin, (Denver) chairman; Margie Turstick, (Frederick) secretary; George Encimer, Mike Popovich, Jr., Rudolph Novak (all of So. Chicago) Alice Kosmerl and Joseph Sinkovich, (of Chicago) Helen Rupp and Rosemarie Rupp, (Pueblo) Dorothy Cic, LaVerne Kadnuck and LeRoy Pektetz, (of Denver) Anthony Mihelich, (Leadville) and Mary Krnichar, (Ely). RESOLUTIONS COMMITTEE—Edward Juvancic, (So. Chicago) chairman; Elsie Spiller, (Pueblo) secretary; Frances Krall, Edward Lesar, Marie Rupp and Thomas Pischerchio, (all of Pueblo) Rose Plutt, Mary J. Grande, and Robert Trontel, (of Denver) Joseph Primozich, Wilma Toplak, Ann Marley and Therese Zupancich, (of Chicago) Frank Krall, (Chicago) and

(Continued on page 4)

IMPORTANCE OF YOUTH IN THE FRATERNAL SYSTEM

By Mrs. Dora Alexander Talley, National President Supreme Forest Woodmen Circle.

The efforts of the Fraternal System to interest youth in its societies extends over a period of about twenty-five years, and the results are approximately a million junior members. Since many organizations did not begin writing children until as recently as ten years ago, and some are only now beginning, it is evident that the next twenty-five years will show far greater results than did the first quarter century.

The future of our organization depends largely on our success in building up juvenile and young people's departments. We need to improve present opportunities to train our young people if we expect our organizations to progress in the future as they did in the past. If they are to promote the Fraternal System, we must be persistent in our efforts to keep them active from the time they join the juvenile department, through the adolescent stages, up to the time when they become members of the adult lodges. We must have an attractive ritual, a well-rounded program, social activities that will measure up to their ideas, and create opportunities for them to participate in local community affairs. Children and young people like to be up-to-date. They want to do the popular things of the age, and they will join organizations that give them that opportunity. One of the first essentials then is to secure junior supervisors who are active and alert, and who understand how to meet and satisfy this healthy energy in children.

If we keep our juniors vitally interested until they are 16 or 18, we shall have little difficulty in continuing to hold their interest. Let us remember that members in the adult lodges are mostly middle-aged and older people and the lodge machinery is generally geared to meet their requirements. How to absorb the group too old for the juvenile department and too young for the average adult department is a prevailing problem. Young people want to associate with others of their own age, and they like to be identified as individual groups even when these groups are part of a larger organization. To offer them something attractive, such as they naturally anticipate, is, I believe, the solution to this problem. This transition period, including ages from 16 to 30 needs to be bridged over so that these young members may grow naturally into the lodges work which is the heart and soul of fraternalism. It is as necessary to provide specific interests for young adults as for children; because the interest of persons between 16 and 30 and the more advanced ages differ as widely as those between older people and children. Our young people, particularly when they come to us from our juvenile departments are the most promising material we have out of which to build leadership. We cannot afford to lose them.

When we succeed in retaining them we have retained the benefit of new

and enthusiastic ideas; lowered mortality rates; increased reserves; the opportunity to contact young people outside of our own groups, and the opportunity to develop leadership. When we lose a young member we have dropped a link in the chain of our fraternal system, which obviously weakens our strength.

The churches long ago realized that their strength lay in holding their young people by means of youth activities. When they felt young slipping away, they organized children's and young people's societies, in addition to their Sunday Schools. The church that successfully sponsors young people is a moral and spiritual power in the community. May we not also expect that fraternal societies which succeed in holding the interests of the young people are of greater value in the Fraternal System?

The strong youth movement everywhere evident is a challenge to our Societies. We see how all countries are today placing their hope, their very existence, in the hands of a wisely guided and directed youth. Youth is even now taking an important part in shaping world events; it will definitely assume leadership in the restoration of civilization and the adjustment of world affairs when peace is declared. If youth is equal to taking on tasks so colossal in scope as this is it not time we were realizing the ability of our youth to help carry the work of our organizations to greater success than we have theretofore known? The time is now here when we must make a definite place for young people in our fraternal societies. It is time that we were freeing ourselves from the notion that youth is too busy with its own affairs to be interested in fraternalism. I am convinced that we can hold them if we can make them see that hand-in-hand with their own good times goes an opportunity of self-improvement and service to others.

Let us, then, continue, even increase our work in the juvenile department and provide means to safely carry our juniors through the early adult stages in our lodges. This may be done in several ways—perhaps the plan that will work well in some societies will not be so successful in others. If fraternal leaders will give time and thought to the matter and make it a subject of discussion among themselves, plans can be developed to hold the vast army of boys and girls growing up today as well as the young people who have already reached the "teen-age." Some societies are trying to hold the interest of their young folks by recreational programs. Others have organized separate lodges. Some are organizing clubs, sororities, and other subordinate groups. Fraternal leaders must decide upon the best way to work with young people instead of for them, so that when the need comes they will be trained to assume leadership and qualified to do the work necessary for our continued growth.

Young people want to associate with others of their own age, and they like to be identified as individual groups even when these groups are part of a larger organization. To offer them something attractive, such as they naturally anticipate, is, I believe, the solution to this problem. This transition period, including ages from 16 to 30 needs to be bridged over so that these young members may grow naturally into the lodges work which is the heart and soul of fraternalism. It is as necessary to provide specific interests for young adults as for children; because the interest of persons between 16 and 30 and the more advanced ages differ as widely as those between older people and children. Our young people, particularly when they come to us from our juvenile departments are the most promising material we have out of which to build leadership. We cannot afford to lose them.

When we succeed in retaining them we have retained the benefit of new

and Mrs. Geo. J. Miroslavich, Mrs. Mary Friedl, Mr. Michael P. Horvat, Dr. F. K. Bellokossy and Mr. Ralph Dergance.

A Denver delegation of Slavs journeyed to Pueblo on October 18 to assist in organizing a unit of the Congress there.

YOUTH

YOUTH is not a time of life... it is a state of mind. It is not a matter of ripe cheeks, red lips and supple knees: it is a temper of the will, a quality of the imagination, a vigor of the emotions; it is a freshness of the deep springs of life.

Youth means a temperament predominance of courage over timidity, of the appetite for adventure over love of ease. This often exists in a man of fifty more than a boy of twenty.

Nobody grows old merely living a number of years; people grow old only by deserting their ideals. Years wrinkle the skin, but to give up enthusiasm wrinkles the soul. Worry, doubt, self-distrust, fear and despair... these are the long, long years that bow the head and turn the growing spirit back to dust.

Whether seventy or sixteen, there is in every being's heart the love of wonder, the sweet amazement of the stars and star-like things and thoughts, the undunted challenge of events, the unfolding child-like appetite for what next, and the joy and game of life.

You are as young as your faith, as old as your doubt; as young as your self-confidence, as old as your fear; as young as your hope, as old as your despair.

In the central place of your heart there is a wireless station; so long as it receives messages of beauty, hope, cheer, courage, grandeur and power from the earth, from men and from the Infinite, so long are you young. When the wires are all down and

all the central place of your heart is covered with the snows of pessimism and the ice of cynicism, then are you grown old indeed and may God have mercy on your soul.—Anonymous.

(Editor's note: The above treatise on Youth appeared in the October 1939 issue of F. V., and is being reprinted by request.)

WE WANT NEWS

The Fraternal Voice craves news—lots of it—from the various lodges and juvenile branches all over the country. What's going on?

Your editor is powerless to furnish news of your locality if you do not send it to him. The other members would like to read of the important "goings on" of your lodge, your own members would like to read about their own lodge. Someone ought to send in an article occasionally.

We are one big family; let's visit through our official organ. Send in anything of a newsy nature. We will do the rest. Your writeups must reach the F. V. editor before the 16th of the month.

Doctor Sitton: "Your husband will never be able to work again."

Missus: "I'll go and tell 'im. It will cheer him up."

Kat: "Gracious, it's been five years since I've seen you. You look lots older."

Kitty: "Really, my dear? I don't think I would have recognized you if it wasn't for the coat."

Old Lady (in curiosity shop): "I suppose that this is another of those terrible futuristic paintings." Patient Clerk: "I'm sorry, madam, but this is a mirror."

COLORADO ALL-SLAV FESTIVAL GREAT SUCCESS

Hundreds Enjoy Patriotic Meeting and Beautiful Program

A stirring mass rally of protest against Hitler terrorism in Europe was staged by the All-Slav Congress of Colorado in the Denver City Auditorium on Sunday, October 5. It was a glorious occasion, which saw those of Slavic origin pledging allegiance to the United States, support of President Roosevelt in his foreign policy, and co-operation in the Nation's huge defense program.

The president of the All-Slav Congress, Mr. John Pektetz, Jr., delivered the address of welcome after which he presented George J. Miroslavich as chairman of the festivities. The principal address was given by Ohio State Senator Hon. William M. Boyd-Boich. Other speakers were Hon. John C. Vivian, Lieutenant Governor of Colorado, Hon. Benjamin F. Stapleton, Mayor of Denver, Mr. John Germ, of Pueblo, Colorado and Supreme President of KSKJ, City Councilmen Harry Rosenthal and Michael A. Marranzino, Mr. Anthony Jersin, first president of the All-Slav Congress, and Mr. Harry Busko. Mr. Miroslavich very tactfully brought out the purpose of the Congress and the part Slavs play in the progress of the country, state, city and communities where they live. Americanism was his theme throughout.

Telegrams and messages were read from President Roosevelt, Representative Lawrence Lewis, Senators Alva B. Adams and Ed C. Johnson, Mr. I. K. Rozmarek, National President of the Polish National Alliance, Mr. Andrew Kalpaschnikoff of the American Russians, and Mr. Leo Jurjovec, Supreme President of The Western Slavonic Association.

A resolution fitting to the occasion was read and adopted by the assembly, a copy of which was forwarded to President Roosevelt.

The meeting opened with the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" by the audience. A group of Slav children sang "America" and recited the Pledge of Allegiance, led by Madame Danieski of the American Legion Auxiliary and joined in by the audience. Gayly-costumed dancers and singers performed in native folk songs and dances. Slovenian Group was represented with songs by the Holy Rosary Church Choir, singing by John Germ and his trio from the Pueblo Preseren Glee Club. The Croatian Tamburiza Orchestra presented several lovely numbers. Czechoslovakian Group gave a beautiful dance called "The Beseda." The Polish Group entertained with songs and a peppy dance. The Russian Group presented a fine

chorus, a Balalaika Orchestra and a Russian dancer. The program ended with a march of Festival Participants who let the audience in the finale—the singing of "God Bless America." The Denver WPA Concert Band furnished music during the program.

It was a grant event and, incidentally, it was the first time that a purely Slav showing of this type was ever made in Colorado.

At a dinner following the rally, the Congress officers and Festival Committee listened to some very interesting and enlightening remarks of Senator Boich in both the American and Croatian languages. Then the group joined one of the largest crowds of various Slavic nationalities to gather in the Slovenian Hall for many months, where the Senator and several other speakers delighted the people with appropriate talks. The folks were entertained with singing by Croatian and Slovenian men, the Russians singers, John Germ and his trio. Dancing and refreshments concluded a day never to be forgotten.

Thanks to the Colorado All-Slav Congress for sponsoring this memorable event. There should be more gatherings of people, and often, in the future.

On Monday the WSA was host to Senator Boich until he boarded the train for Cleveland. Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Jersin entertained at dinner in his honor. Others present were Mr.

Western Slavonic Association

DENVER, COLORADO

Names and addresses of Supreme Officers:

SUPREME BOARD:
 Leo Jurjovec, President, 1840 W. 22nd Pl., Chicago, Ill.
 Geo. J. Miroslavich, Vice-Pres. & Juvenile Supervisor, 3360 Vinc Street, Denver, Colo.
 Frank Primozich, 2nd Vice-Pres., 1927 W. 22nd Pl., Chicago, Ill.
 Anthony Jersin, Secretary, 4825 Washington St., Denver, Colo.
 Michael P. Horvat, Treasurer, 4417 Penn. St., Denver, Colo.
 Dr. J. F. Snedec, Medical Director, Thatcher Bldg., Pueblo, Colo.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:
 Matt J. Kochevar, Chairman, Central Bldg., Pueblo, Colo.
 Mike Popovich, 2nd Trustee, 9510 Ewing Ave., So. Chicago, Ill.
 Joe Blatnik, 3rd Trustee, 2609 E. Evans Ave., Pueblo, Colo.

JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT:
 Frank Glach, President, 1036 E. 77th St., Cleveland, Ohio.
 Johanna V. Mervar, 7801 Wade Park Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.
 Peter B. Golech, R. D. No. 2, Box 143, Sandy, Utah.
 Joseph Skrabec, 12 W. New York Ave., Canon City, Colo.
 Frank M. Tomsic, Box 444, Helper, Utah.

OFFICIAL ORGAN:
 "Amerikanski Slovenec", 1849 W. Cermak Rd., Chicago, Ill.

All remittances for assessments and official correspondence shall be addressed to the office of supreme secretary, and all complaints of appeals to the office of the president of judiciary committee. Applications for admission into the adult department, increase of insurance, sick, accident, operation and indemnity benefit certificates shall be mailed to the office of supreme Medical Director.

The WSA invites any male or female person of the Caucasian or white race between the ages of 1 and 50 years to join its ranks. Persons, who desire to become members of the Association, should contact any officer or member of the nearest WSA lodge or write direct to the headquarters of the Association. Eight adult members are required to organize a new lodge in localities where there is no lodge of the Association. For all additional information in regard to organizing lodges, or becoming members, please write to the office of supreme secretary.

JOIN THE WESTERN SLAVONIC ASSOCIATION TODAY!

ROJSTNI DAN GL. PREDSEDNIKA ZSZ.

Dne 5. novembra bo spoštovani in agilni gl. predsednik ZSZ obhajal njegov rojstni dan. Vseled tega apeliram na gl. uradnike (ce), uradnike in uradnice krajevnih društev, kakor tudi na vse posamezne člane (ice), da poklonimo sobratu Jurjovcu lep dar v obliki en par sto novih članov. Jaz vem, da bi mu ne mogli dati lepšega in njemu bolj priljubljenega daru kot en par sto novih članov. Sobrat Jurjovec je veliko storil za našo ZSZ, vsled tega je naša dolžnost, da tudi mi nekaj za njega storimo in se nemudoma podamo na delo, da bomo v mesecu novembru, njegovemu rojstnemu mesecu, pridobili vsaj vsak po enega novega člana. Naj bomo storiili našim bližnjim dobro, če jih nagovorimo, da pristopijo v ZSZ in jih ne vprašamo za nikako miloščino, če jih vprašamo, da pristopijo v ZSZ, ampak ravno nasprotno, storiili jim bomo veliko uslugo, če jih nagovorimo za pristop v našo sredo, najti velikokrat se je že pripetilo, da je naše prijatelje doletela nesreča in niso bili zavarovani pri naši nadsolventni bratski podporni organizaciji ZSZ. V takih slučajih, če smo jim v resnici bližnji, če smo njih odkritosrčni prijatelji, nas srce boli, ker jih nismo nagovorili, da so se zavarovali pri naši ZSZ, dokler ni bilo nepozno. V ZSZ lahko pristopijo vsaka oseba, ki je bele polti, brega značaja in ni še prekoračila starosti 50 let. Otroke lahko vpišemo po vseh državah, izvemši v Coloradu, takoj od rojstva.

Kot je bilo že večkrat poudarjeno, je ZSZ 128.11% solventna, kar pomeni, da ima za vsak \$1000.00 zavarovalnine \$281.10 v rezervi kot zahtevajo razni zavarovalniški oddelki. ZSZ, sem pravilno poučen, je bila prva bratska podporna organizacija, ki je odstranila izredne naklade, katere so bile trn v peti za vse bratske organizacije. In sedaj, s tako lepo solventnostjo, se nam ni potreba bati, da bomo prisiljeni plačevati kakšne izredne naklade. Torej lahko s pogumom govorimo našim prijateljem, naj pristopijo v našo Zvezo, kajti nikjer ne morejo dobiti boljše zavarovalnine kot pri ZSZ. Naša Zveza plačuje velike poškodninske, bolniške, operacijske in odškodninske podpore proti izjemno nizkim mesečnim prispevkom. Povejte vašim prijateljem, da ZSZ plača bolniške in poškodninske podpore od prvega dne, ko se član prijavi za bolnega ali poškodovanega, dočim razne insurance kompanije ne plačajo nič za prvi teden bolezni ali onemoglosti. ZSZ plača v bolniških ali poškodninskih podporah do 50% do \$1250.00, in sicer za prvih šest mesecev bolezni ali onemoglosti po \$1.00 dnevno in ostalo vsoto pa po 50c dnevno, ako je bolezen nepretrgana. V slučaju pa, da član ozdravi in se eno leto pozneje zopet javi za bolnega, je pa zopet upravičen do cele podpore po \$1.00 dnevno za prvih šest mesecev in potem pa zopet po 50c dnevno, dokler ima v smislu naših pravil, kaj za dobiti.

Nadalje povejmo našim prijateljem, da ZSZ je ustanovljena, ves čas od njenega obstanka, posluje na demokratični podlagi in glede na politične ali strankarske prepričanje ali mnenje.

Pri ZSZ se naši prijatelji lahko zavarujejo od \$250 do \$2000 smrtne in sicer za navadno dosmrtno zavarovalnino, 20 letno plačilno, ali po 20 letno ustanovno (20 Year Endowment) zavarovalnino. Naša lestvica je bazirana na American Experience lestvico z 3 1/2% odstotno obrestno mero. Torej ZSZ plača po 3 1/2% letnih obresti na denar, ki ga vi plačate za vaše mesečne prispevke. Vsi naši novi certifikati imajo posojilno vrednost tri leta po pristopu. Torej je bolje biti član ZSZ kot pa denar na banko vložiti, kajti pri ZSZ ne hranite samo denarja, ampak ste ob enem in istem času tudi zavarovani proti smrti, bolezni, poškodb in operaciji. ZSZ nemudoma izplača vse podpore in smrtne, kakor hitro pridejo listine pravilno potrjene v gl. urad. Po vaši smrti, ste lahko sigurni, če plačujete po pravilni starosti, da bodo vaši dediči, kateri so vam najbližji pri srcu, prejeli po 100 centov za vsaki dolar zavarovalnine, in to brez kakakega odbitka kakim advokatom ali za kakave davke.

Jaz sem prepričan, če vse to pojasnimo našim prijateljem, ki niso še zavarovani pri ZSZ, da se bodo nemudoma odločili ter bodo pristopili v ZSZ.

Ravno sedaj se nam nudi najlepša prilika za agitacijo, ker pristopnina je prosta; Zveza plačuje za stroške zdravniške preiskave, in poleg tega boste pa tudi prejeli lepe provizije za pridobivanje novih članov. Torej boste na vseh koncih in krajih na dobičku, če pridobite vaše prijatelje, sorodnike in znance, da pristopijo v ZSZ. In ravno v mesecu novembru, ko bo naš spoštovani in agilni gl. predsednik obhajal njegov rojstni dan. Pokazimo sobratu Jurjovcu, da smo mu hvaležni za njega izvrstno delo ter v njegovem rojstnem mesecu pripeljimo vse vredne ljudi

pod zastavo ZSZ, ostajam z bratskimi pozdravi ter se priporočam za iskreno sodelovanje in uspešno krusado, Vam udani,

ANTHONY JERSIN, gl. tajnik.

FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE WSA FOR SEPTEMBER, 1941.

FINANČNO POROČILO ZSZ ZA MESEC SEPTEMBER, 1941

Lodge No. Receipts Disbursements			Lodge No. Receipts Disbursements		
Dr. št.	Prejemki	Izdatki	Dr. št.	Prejemki	Izdatki
1	\$381.61	\$31.00	30	40.46	—
2	479.30	32.00	31	24.31	—
3	111.56	30.00	32	137.75	90.00
4	241.33	222.50	33	154.93	75.00
5	77.88	—	34	13.94	—
6	347.46	74.00	35	215.97	30.00
7	55.12	—	36	51.58	—
8	221.11	30.00	37	74.78	25.00
9	33.58	—	38	30.95	—
10	23.64	42.50	39	405.25	186.63
11	197.38	35.00	40	48.00	—
12	65.05	—	41	61.15	—
13	446.62	64.00	42	25.27	590.00
14	136.03	—	43	48.43	—
15	86.89	—	44	60.62	—
16	219.78	143.00	45	10.07	9.00
17	79.35	—	46	65.22	—
18	95.81	—	47	40.77	—
19	90.11	—	48	53.72	—
20	17.52	—	49	8.60	—
21	49.71	107.00	50	11.77	—
22	18.52	—	51	46.26	94.50
23	30.50	59.50	52	18.04	—
24	125.04	66.00	53	—	—
25	—	—	54	—	—
26	—	—	55	—	—
27	—	—	56	—	—
28	—	—	57	—	—
29	—	—	58	—	—
30	—	—	59	—	—
31	—	—	60	—	—
Total — Skupaj			Total — Skupaj	\$5279.74	\$1946.43

Interest on Bonds — Obresti na obveznicah:

\$2150 Metropolitan Props.,	3%	\$ 32.25
\$1000 Costilla Co., Colo. Sch. No. 10,	5%	25.00
\$4000 Pueblo Sewage Disp.,	3 1/2%	70.00
\$8000 Ark Highway,	3%	120.00
\$4000 Ark Highway,	3 1/2%	65.00
Interest on FHA — Obresti na FHA		89.40
Insurance on FHA — Zavarovalnino na FHA		13.54
Fire insurance on FHA — Zavarovalnino proti ognju na FHA		33.65
Taxes on FHA — Davki na FHA		163.31
Certificate Loans Increased		58.65
Total receipts from lodges — Skupni prejemki od društev		5,279.74
Total receipts — Skupni prejemki		5,950.54
Balance August 31, 1941 — Preostanek		327,156.29
Total — Skupaj		\$333,106.83

Disbursements — Izdatki:

Death Claims — Smrtine	\$ 500.00
Sick benefit claims — Bolniške podpore	1040.00
Operation claims — Operacijske podpore	375.00
Sport Activities — Športne aktivnosti	31.63
Total disbursed to lodges — Skupno izdato društvu	\$1,946.63

Miscellaneous — Razno:

Flowers for Anton Kochevar	\$ 5.00
Fraternal Voice	30.00
Printing & stationery — Tiskovine	7.12
Office rent — Najemnine pisarne	20.00
Officials Salaries — Uradniške plače	320.95
Postage and telephone	16.38
Transportation of trunk	3.00
Premium on Bonds Acquired	117.93
Accrued Interest on Bonds	6.81
Exch. charges on Coupons	2.00
Total disbursements — Skupni izdatki	\$ 527.09
Balance September 30, 1941 — Preostanek	\$30,633.11

Sick Benefits Paid — Bolniške podpore plačane:

Ldg. No.	Name	Amount	Ldg. No.	Name	Amount
1	Marolt John	\$31.00	29	Centrik Frances	66.00
3	Novak John	32.00	32	Demmig Anac	15.00
4	Gacnik Jerry	30.00	36	Strainic Louis	30.00
5	Damjanovich John	32.00	38	Rolih Joe	25.00
5	Gornick Joe	62.00	41	Kelly Ed. M.	10.00
5	Monclovich Amalia	23.00	41	Mayerle Paul R.	16.00
5	Turnsick Andy	22.00	41	Nelson Lucille	39.00
5	Yurich John	21.50	41	Underhill Helen	15.00
5	Zaletel Anton	15.50	53	Smolich Augustine	9.00
5	Zeleznikar John	15.50	59	Gozdick Paul	22.00
7	Skul Mary	7.00	59	Hosner Theresa	40.00
7	Sterle Julia	15.00	59	Kubek Sam	15.00
7	Vesel Amalia	52.00	59	Rudolph Caroline	17.50
9	Lippis Mary	15.00			
9	Kochan Agnes	15.00			
13	Jessih John	17.50			
13	Rudman John	25.00			
14	Stavar Frank, Jr.	35.00			
16	Erjavec Louis	23.00			
16	Rupar Katherine	9.00			
16	Vidmar Angela	32.00			
21	Grakch Anna	30.00			
21	Hren Frank, Jr.	25.00			
21	Williams Frances	13.00			
26	Morel Andy	10.00			
26	Strasser Mollie	22.00			
28	Hribar Amalia	34.00			
28	Prialan John	8.00			
28	Stojs Anton	17.50			
46	Mary F. Konte	\$500.00			

CHANGES IN MEMBERSHIP OF THE WSA FOR SEPTEMBER, 1941

SPREMENBE V ČLANSTVU ZSZ ZA MESEC SEPTEMBER, 1941

Entered — Pristopili:

K št. 1 iz ml. odd.: Bertha Schindler, cert. DD-1008, R. 18, zav. \$500 in \$1.
 K št. 3 iz ml. odd.: Rose Pavlin, cert. BB-595, R. 18, zav. \$500 in \$1; Elsie Mae Spiller, cert. BB-596, R. 18, zav. \$500 in \$1; Rudolph Starcer, cert. BB-597, R. 18, zav. \$500 in \$1.
 K št. 14: Mary Hribar, cert. DD-1001, R. 18, zav. \$500 in \$1.
 K št. 21 iz ml. odd.: Edward Erzar, cert. BB-598, R. 18, zav. \$500 in \$1; William Erzar, cert. BB-599, R. 16, zav. \$500 in \$1; Mary Louise Krnichar, cert. DD-1002, R. 18, zav. \$250 in \$1; and Mary Ann Prijatelj, cert. DD-1007, R. 19, zav. \$500 in \$1.
 K št. 34 iz ml. odd.: Frank Mihelcic, cert. DD-1003, R. 18, zav. \$500 in \$1.
 Lodge No. 41: Alexander Flohr, cert. BB-600, C. 36, ins. \$250.
 Lodge No. 56, from Juv. Dept.: Elizabeth C. Likar, cert. DD-1004, C. 18, ins. \$1000 and \$1; and Joseph Petric, cert. BB-601, C. 23, ins. \$500; John D. Szopinski, cert. BB-602, C. 37, ins. \$200 and \$1; Frank E. Witzcak, cert. BB-603, C. 42, ins. \$250 and \$1.
 Lodge No. 59 from Juv. Dept.: Amelia Yurjovsic, cert. DD-1005, C. 18, ins. \$500 and \$1.

Transferred — Prestopili:
 Od št. 20 k št. 60: Mary Perich, cert. DD-864.

Change of insurance — Sprememba zavarovalnine:
 Pri št. 16: Katherina Vivoda, cert. 1992, prestopila v D-1006, R. 33.

Died — Umrli:
 No. 46, Mary F. Konte, cert. DD-908, age 19 years. Cause of death: Poliomyelitis. Entered the Association February 27, 1941, insured for \$500, C. 18. May her soul rest in peace, and to the bereaved family, we express our heartfelt sympathies.

FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE JUV. DEPT. OF THE WSA FOR SEPTEMBER, 1941

FINANČNO POROČILO ML. ODD. ZSZ ZA MESEC SEPTEMBER, 1941

Lodge No.	Receipts	Lodge No.	Receipts
Dr. št.	Prejemki	Dr. št.	Prejemki
1	\$34.90	9	8.70
3	20.40	11	1.65
4	3.30	14	15.39
5	13.50	15	1.95
6	3.75	16	35.40
7	7.05	17	9.75
8	1.35	20	3.45

21	16.42	38	6.90
22	4.05	40	1.20
23	.75	41	45.95
24	8.70	44	2.55
25	.15	45	8.25
26	2.70	46	.45
27	1.35	51	2.70
28	.60	52	10.20
29	8.70	53	2.40
30	2.85	54	4.20
31	2.22	55	4.37
32	10.65	56	11.85
33	54.45	57	1.05
34	.45	59	5.40
35	34.55	60	2.92
37	1.80		

Total Receipts — Skupaj prejemki 421.32 \$421.32
 Balance August 31, 1941 — Preostanek 24,107.59
 Total — Skupaj \$24,528.91

Disbursements — Izdatki:

Reserves refunded to transferred members—Rezerve povrnjene prestoplim čl.: 4 Dekleva Felix \$11.45 8 Podbevsek Angela 7.20 24 Resel Catherine 1.00 24 Resel Leopold .15	
Total — Skupaj 19.80 \$19.80	
Exch. charges — Vnovčenje kup. .20	
580 receipt books — Plačilne knjižice 13.00	
Total disbursements — Skupni izdatki \$33.00	
Balance September 30, 1941 — Preostanek \$24,495.91	
Denver, Colorado, October 24, 1941.	

ANTHONY JERSIN, Sec'y-gl. tajnik.

JUVENILE DEPARTMENT

MEMBERSHIP CHANGES FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER, 1941

Lodge No. 1—Juv. Br. No. 1—Trans. to Adult Dept.: (1) Bertha Schindler. Suspended: Three.
 Lodge No. 3—Juv. Br. No. 3—Trans. to Adult Dept.: (3) Rose Pavlin, Elsie Spiller and Rudolph Starcer. Suspended: One.
 Lodge No. 7—Juv. Br. No. 1—Reinstated: One.
 Lodge No. 9—Juv. Br. No. 4—Trans. to Adult Dept.: (1) Edward Adamic.
 Lodge No. 16—Juv. Br. No. 3—Entered: (3) Ann M. Zaletel, Nettie A. and Fred A. Trimble.
 Lodge No. 21—Juv. Br. No. 13—Trans. to Adult Dept.: (3) Edward Erzar, William Erzar and Mary Krnichar.
 Lodge No. 29—Juv. Br. No. 7—Suspended: One.
 Lodge No. 34—Trans. to Adult Dept.: (1) Frank Mihelcic.
 Lodge No. 36—Juv. Br. No. 5—Suspended: Two.
 Lodge No. 41—Juv. Br. No. 1—Suspended: Eleven.
 Lodge No. 44—Suspended: Three.
 Lodge No. 51—Suspended: One.
 Lodge No. 56—Juv. Br. No. 12—Entered: (2) Thomas J. Olson and Donald M. Vichic (\$1000 JB). Trans. to Adult Dept.: (1) Elizabeth Likar.
 Lodge No. 59—Trans. to Adult Dept.: (1) Amelia Yurjovsic.
 During the month of September, we enrolled 7 new juvenile members, 1 was reinstated, 11 transferred to the Adult Dept. and 25 were suspended. There was a loss of 28, leaving a balance of 2668 juvenile members in good standing.

GEO. J. MIROSLAVICH, Sup. Juv. Supervisor.

A BIGGER AND BETTER JUVENILE DEPARTMENT—THE FUTURE OF OUR ASSOCIATION.

BUY U. S. DEFENSE BONDS AND STAMPS—HELP YOURSELF AND YOUR COUNTRY.

(Continued from page 3)

Richard Glavan, (Lockport) Katherine Byers, (Denver) was previously appointed as Historian.
 The committees were given complete instructions and they are set for separate meetings.
 Mr. Miroslavich read a paper concerning the Mount of the Holy Cross which is really situated in the Rocky Mountains of Colorado. He showed pictures of it and explained how it was chosen as the emblem of the WSA.
 It was moved, seconded and carried that a "get-well card" be sent by the delegates to Mr. Anthony Kochevar, former supreme president, who is ill in a hospital in Pueblo, and a card of greetings to Dr. Harry A. Sheir in Denver. Moved and seconded to adjourn at 4:40 P. M.

THIRD SESSION

President Trontel called the session to order at 4:15 P. M. Thursday, Oct. 28. The roll call found Alice Kosmerl absent. The minutes were read and adopted with a few minor corrections.
 Supreme Secretary Anthony Jersin dropped in to address the delegation.

Margie Tursick read the minutes and report of the Resolutions Committee. It was reported that all the suggestions and ideas of the Organization Committee were turned over to them to be formed into resolutions. The resolutions were read one by one, acted upon and adopted. (To conserve space, only the type of resolution is here with given.)

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

That more articles be written concerning juvenile matters by more members in the entire Association; that the Fraternal Voice be continued as heretofore, going as usual into homes where juveniles do not have parents in the Association and that it should be published twice a month if possible. . . . That more financial aid be given to juvenile branches and for purpose of furthering the cause of juveniles in all WSA lodges. . . . That more members be urged to interest themselves in juveniles by word, deed and personal effort and to strive for organization of more branches. . . . That appreciation be shown Supreme Board for this juvenile Convention and that future Board arrange to again conduct a contest for juvenile delegates to the text convention. . . . That the future Board arrange to again conduct an Athletic Director and see that more sports activities are promoted, especially for juveniles, and that everything possible be done to interest the youth in our organization. . . . That steps be taken to prevail upon all lodge juvenile supervisors to tend to their duties more diligently and to take a more spirited interest in their juveniles. . . . Several minor resolutions were passed in which the delegates expressed their desire to cooperate and pledged to transmit all they learned at the convention to other juveniles in their respective cities, and to work for the continued progress and growth of the Juvenile Department. . . . Resolutions of appreciation and Thanks were passed to the Convention Committee and individuals for the entertainments, hospitality and generous consideration.

CRUSADE STORY

For two issues of the FY we omitted a story of the progress of the Crusade because of important convention matters being published.
 The report for the month of September brings a slight shuffle of standings for the prizes. Western Star acts like it means its recent boast that the Championship Trophy won by them three years ago is coming back to Pueblo, for good old No. 16 is now leading for that coveted prize. This lodge also jumped into first place for adult prize being the only lodge in that group to reach the quota of 25 to be eligible for a prize. Trail Blazers need six more. North Eagle needs thirteen. There is still a chance for many of the lodges not on the list as yet to get into the swim before the Crusade closes on December 31st.
 The five leading lodges for the juvenile prizes are running very closely. They, in addition to Hribiski Bratje of Ruth, Nevada, all have reached the quota of 25. St. Michael of Tooele, Utah needs only four more to be eligible.
 We are running just a little better than last year. In 1940 the month of September showed the total of 158 adults, 296 juveniles for a grand total of 454. The same month this year brings the figures at 159 adults, 329 juveniles or a total of 488.
 There still are eleven lodges not registering a single new member, either adult or juvenile. Eighteen lodges have a total of only from one to five new members. Only three lodges are above this number and less than ten

KAKO SI JE RUSIJA PRIDOBILA SIBIRIJO

(Konec)

SIBIRSKA REKE

Sibirskie reke so nenavadne. Njih tok, kakor morski tokovi. Spomladi prestopijo bregove, pozimi zamrznejo. Na več kilometrov daleč so plovne. Porečje od vsake je večje ko zapadna Evropa, dotoki pa tako tesno skupaj, da bi se dala po njih narediti enotna vodna cesta od Urala do Tihega morja, skoraj brez truda. Že Pallas, član ruske akademije znanosti, je pod Katarino II. predlagal, naj po vodni cesti združijo Sibirijo z Rusijo.

GOZDOVI

"Tajga" so jim dejali Tatarji ob robu tundre, ko so kazali na snežene vrhove. Pozneje so tako nazivali pragozdove v Sibiriji.

Tamkaj so rastle takšne cedre, macesni, smreke in jelke, da so se jim čudili celo ljudje z ruskega severa. Cedra — Sibiricu najljubše drevo — nima svojega imena po cedri z Libanona. Limba je njeno pravo ime. Njen sad, oreške, so zbirali ruski naseljenci, ko so praznovali Vstajenje. Prekrasne breze so bile tam, topoli ter lipe, pod njimi jagode in grmičevje, zapleteno v divji hmelj. In že zaradi gob se je izplačalo, da so podjarmili Sibirijo.

Sedem sto sedemdeset milijonov hektarjev gozda je zdaj v Sibiriji, približno šestkrat toliko, kot ga ima vsa Evropa, ne da bi šteli zraven Rusijo.

STEPPE

Ko so osvajatelji zasledovali Kučuma, so se prvič seznanili s sibirsko stepo. Na osem tisoč kilometrov daleč se širijo največji pašniki na svetu, od Kaspijskega morja do Amurja. Poleti je do Altaja tako vroče, ko na Pampji v Ameriki. Ko pa pride popotnik v rodovitno dolino Buhtarmo, ga obda lepota in hlad.

PONEBJE

Sibirsko podnebje je ostro. V mestu Omsk je pozimi 50—60 stop. mraza, šest mesecev sneži. Prilagodili so se mu ljudje in živali; tamkaj je najmanj jetike.

Strupeno pa je v polarni Sibiriji. Toda ko je bila beseda, da bi vlada ondote ljudi preselila bolj proti jugu na rodovitno Mišinsko stepo, so ljudje prosili, naj jih dajo rajši bolj proti severu k izlivu reke Jeniseje.

V Sibiriji pozimi ni vetra, dokler ne pade pod 40 stop., je pravcata dobrota. Sonce žari, ko za stavo zrak reže in je čist, zemlja pa, kakor da je mrtva. Če pade pod 40 stop., se skrrije v zavetje, človek in žival.

KOZAK DEŠNEV (80 let pred Beringom)

Leta 1632, to se pravi ravno petdeset let po Jermaku, so postavili ob Leni ostrog Jakutsk, ki je pomemben na zapadno Sibirijo prav tako, ko Tobolsk za vzhodno. Od Jakutska so nadaljevali pot v tri smeri: proti severozapadu do Berinškega preliva in Berinškega morja na Kamčatko, naravnost na zapad do Ohoškega morja, proti jugu do Amurja. Mnogi so končali v morju, drugi so umrli za lakoto.

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PALANDECH'S
RADIO BROADCAST
Featuring a Program of
YUGOSLAV FOLK MUSIC
Every Saturday, 1 to 2 P.M.
STATION WHIP
1520 kilocycles (Top of the Dial)

tudi na škorbuto, zastrupljale so jih pišice Jugakirov, pa tudi zaseke kozakiških sabelj.

Skrajna Sibirija je vedno zamrzla. Otaja se poleti kvečjemu dva metra globoko. Kdor hoče na teh tleh sezidati hišo, mora izvršiti težavne predpriprave, sicer se pod njo segrejejo tla, ki se napno ter odtečejo, ko so se nad njimi že porušile stene. Tamkaj celo drevje ne požene globoko svojih korenin, temveč na široko. Skozi led prehaja tundra v morje. Ta del Sibirije, ki so ga odkrili kozaki takrat, je najbolj mrzel predel na svetu. Pri Verhojanskem ob reki Jeni pade pozimi temperatura do — 70 stop.

Kozaki so se podali po Kolimi s čolni do Ledenege morja, z njimi preprost kozak, Dešnev. Ko so objadrali skrajno štrlino azijske kopnine, ki se imenuje zdaj rtič Dešnev, se je rabil en čoln, druge je potegnilo morje s seboj. Dešneva je gnalo daleč proti jugu. Na čolnu je držal ob zalivu Anadire, kjer ga je vrglo na suho.

To se je zgodilo leta 1648, kar pomeni, da je Dešnev jadral od Severnega morja proti Tihemu morju ter tako odkril Berinško vodno cesto že 80 let pred Beringom.

Pa zakaj ruska vlada še zmeraj ni vedela, da je Sibirija tako rekoč zvezana z Ameriko? Zakaj je Peter Veliki zastavil to vprašanje pozneje Beringu?

Odgovor je značilen za zgodovino in ne samo za Sibirijo:

Dešnev je o svoji najdbi poročal vojvodu v Jakutsk leta 1655, kar so v Petrogradu izvedeli šele čez 87 let, torej skoraj osem let po prvi Beringovi ekspediciji. Še manj so o tem odkritju vedeli v Sibiriji. Karte o Sibiriji, ki so bile narejene pred Beringom, kažejo, kako na severovzhodu pljuska samo morje, vse karte pa so izključevale možnost, da bi bila Sibirija zvezana z Ameriko.

POSLUŠAJTE

vsako nedeljo prvo in najstarejšo jugoslovansko Radio ure od 9. do 10. ure dopoldne na WGES postaji, 1360 kilocycles.

JUBILEJ ZAKONSKEGA ŽIVLJENJA

Argo, Ill.

Nemoreva si kaj, da se ne bi zahvalila vsem dragim dobrotnikom, zlasti najinim otrokom, ki so naju dne 12. oktobra, ob priliki najine 40 letnice zakonskega življenja, prav iznenadno presenetili. Posebno pa sva še dolžna zahvalo najini hčerki Mrs. Alojziji Zakovich, ki nama je priredila v svoji hiši res pravcato gostijo. Ko smo prišli v njeno hišo, nama je zapelo 14 vnukov —

"Happy anniversary to grand Pa in Ma" nakar so nama izročili svoje male šopke rož. — Rada bi se zahvalila vsakemu posebej, ali sva bila tako presenečena in iznenadena, da sva se komaj zavedla, kaj se godi okrog naju. — Naj veija tukaj vsem prisrčna zahvala za prelepa in bogata darila, katerih nisva pričakovala. Naj dobri Bog poplača vsem stoterno! — Ravno tako se prav iz srca zahvaljujema preč. p. Aleksandru, za prelepe verzve v spominski tabli. Boh plačaj p. Aleksander! — Naj velja ta skromna zahvala vsem. Vzemite jo dragi dobrotniki s takim čustvovanjem, kakor sva midva sprejela vašo dobroto. — Zeliva, da bi imela priliko, da bi se enemu ali drugemu, vsaj nekoliko oddolžila, kar bova storila prav z veseljem. (Ogl.)

Mr. in Mrs. Louis Jalovec.

PRIZADEVANJA ZA VEČJO POLJEDELSKO PRODUKCIJO V L. 1942

Tajnik Poljedelstva Claude R. Wickard se prizadeva doseči za l. 1942 višjo količino produkcije za osnovne poljedelske pridelke, potrebne toliko za domačo rabo, kolikor tudi za rabo onih dežel, ki se borijo proti napadalcem.

Obrambeni sveti državnih in okrajnih poljedelskih oblasti bodo vodili kampanjo, ki — kakor se upa — pride v dotiko z vsakim farmerjem širom dežele. Pričakuje se, da se na tak način produkcija poglavitnih pridelkov poveča v prihodnjem letu za dva odst. čez tekoče leto in za 15 odst. čez povprečno produkcijo v dobi 1924—1929.

Prizadevanje ne gre za večjo produkcijo v vseh pridelkih. Zaloge žitnic za krmo, ako ostanejo na sedanji višini, bodo več kot

zadostne, pa se ne pričakuje niti večja produkcija bombaža, pšenice in tobaka. Pač pa se bodo potrebovale mnogo večje zaloge svinjine, jajc, evapriranega mleka, sira in kokoši.

Izmed vseh poljedelskih pridelkov, ki so najbolj nujno potrebni, stoji mleko na prvem mestu. Ni le potrebno za zdravje Amerike, da se uporablja več mlečnih produktov, marveč so Angleži v potrebi velikanskih količin sira, suhega in evapriranega mleka. Skupna britanska potreba ameriških poljedelskih produktov se ceni na 6 do 8 odst. celokupne ameriške poljedelske produkcije in skupni izvoz utegne znašati celo deset odst.

Cilj postavljen za l. 1942 kliče

za največjo produkcijo v zgodovini te dežele in, ako se to doseže, bo prihodnje leto tretje leto zaporedne rekordne produkcije. Skupna produkcija utegne biti le za 2 odst. večja, ali hranilna vrednost bo mnogo večja, kajti največji povešek bo v onih pridelkih živinoreje, bogatih na vitaminih in mineralih, katerih potreba čim dalje raste vsled vojnih in obrambenih razmer.

Največjo skrb za doseg tega cilja tvori sedaj pomanjkanje poljedelskih delavcev, ker je obrambena industrija v industrialnih središčih pritegnila k sebi mnogo delavcev, ki so se poprej preživljali kot poljedelski delavci. Dne 1. avgusta je poljedelski department zabeležil najnižjo točko farmske zaposlitve, odkar so se začele voditi cennitve, l. 1925. Podatki so pokazali le 10,633,000 poljedelskih delavcev napram 10,867,000 pred enim letom. Vsled splošnega ugodnega vremena so mogli

farmerji tekom pretekle sezone držati poljedelske operacije na precej normalni višini vzlic pomanjkanju delavcev.

Vendarle po mnenju poljedelskega departmenta so izgledi za farmerje za jesen in zimo nadalje ugodni in kupovalna sila konsumentov ostaja na visoki površini. Skupni farmski dohodek — kakor prerokuje — bo najvišji v desetletju. Department je tudi mnenja, da zaloga večine živil bo večja to jesen in zimo kot lani in da cene poljedelskih pridelkov niso šle toliko gor kot dohodek konsumentov. En dolar — trdijo narodni gospodarji departmenta — kupuje letos manj živeža kot lani, ali ljudje imajo več dolarjev.

Common Council—F.L.I.S.

— Ali ste že kaj prispevali za ubogo trpeče staro domovino? Ako še ne, položite čimprej mal dar, domovini na altar!

NA OBLJUDENI ULICI UKRADLA OTROKA

Fitchburg, Mass. — Na stotine ljudi, ki so se za to del priglasili prostovoljno, je koncem tedna iskalo neko žensko, ki je pri belem dnevu na obljudeni cesti ukradla zadnji petek nekega dva meseca starega dečka. Otroka je njegova mati, Mrs. K. McLean, pustila za par minut v vozičku zunaj, ko je šla v neko trgovno. Ženska je izrabila to kratko dobo, da je pograbila otroka in pobegnila z njim. Videli so jo v njenem delu iz bližnjega restavransa in iz nasprotnih trgovine. Domneva se, da je mogoče biti ženska ali slaboumna, ali pa je obsedena od hrepenjenja po otroku. Otrokovi starši riši namreč žive v bolj skromnih razmerah in zato ugretej za odkupnino ne pridejo poštev.

"ŠIRITE AMER. SLOVENC"

Oh, look! I can walk again!



Photograph Courtesy H. K. Shinn

Help the Community Fund give equal opportunity for "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness"

Did you ever see a little girl sitting in a wheel chair while the other kids played hop scotch? Did you notice that eyes once twinkling with fun smiled bravely with sweet resignation? Eyes that had said goodbye to "hide-n-seek," to wading pools, to skipping ropes and tricycles . . . except as a spectator. Did it make you want to do something . . . about it?

Here is your chance! Many of the 185 welfare agencies for which the Community Fund collects provide hospital and clinical treatment for those who can't afford it. Doctors, nurses and the other workers in these groups devote their lives to restoring the health of your unfortunate neighbors. Your contribution can help

courageous hearts to face the future without this handicap. Because of you some little girl may cry, "Oh, look! I can walk again!" Because of you she need not spend her school days as a wallflower . . . but dance and hike and swim. Because of you the shadow of a wheel chair need not bar her from a happy marriage, a loving family, a host of friends.

Wear your feather proudly! It shows that you understand HOW MUCH a little kindness can do.

HELPING THOSE WHO NEED YOU IS A FEATHER IN YOUR HAT

This year the sign of the good neighbor will be a bright red feather. Wear it wherever you go. It may remind someone who has not yet contributed—to do his share. The Chicago Community Fund was established eleven years ago to eliminate the confusion resulting when 185 different agencies appealed to the public for support. Today those appeals are combined in a united campaign. These welfare and health agencies of your city depend upon the Community Fund to help carry on their fight against destitution, sickness, physical handicaps and misfortune in a thousand forms. Under the Community Fund plan you buy as much happiness as you desire. And you may pay for it in weekly or monthly installments. Don't delay—don't put off what you really want to do. Send your contribution today and a red feather, your emblem of kindness, will be sent to you immediately.

THE COMMUNITY FUND OF CHICAGO, INC.
111 West Washington Street, Tel.: Andover 1758

An American Institution . . .

Chicago's 11th Annual

Community Fund

Paul Keller

"Hubert"

ROMAN IZ GOZDOV

"Poglejte, Tim, jaz mislim, da je vaša bodoča žena pametno in uvidevno dekle. Za vse slučaje je dobro, če ima kaj besede pri celi stvari, posebno še, ker hoče dati svoj denar v ta namen."

Priljudil je brez pomisleka. Pri vseh izdatkih, je rekel, naj ima Milčka besedo; le v šoli sami, kjer gre za avtoritet in reprezentanco —

"Tam ste seveda vi edini ravnatelj, ki ima odločevati."

Prišla je Milčka. Za deset minut sem ju pustil sama v zadnji sobici in sem se ta čas pogovarjal s strežajko v slaščiarni, med tem, ko sem si dal natovoriti cel zavoj slaščic.

Ko sem se vrnil v "čitalnico", sem našel tam dva srečna človeka.

Proti večeru se je odpeljal Tim nazaj v glavno mesto, Milčka pa z menoj domov. Gozd naju je gledal prijazno, kakor dva človeka, ki sta dobro opravila svojo reč. In zopet se je smejal nekje divji golob.

DEVETNAJSTO POGlavJE.

Jesen. — Stari Grčar. — Zgodba izzveni.

Jesen. Gozd se je postaral. Njegovi lasje porumenevajo. In odpadajo. Čestokrat zastoka, kakor da bi ga trgalo; večidel pa sedi sključen in tih kakor star mož. Zvečer in zjutraj, ko postaja še bolj hladno, se drgetajo od mraza zavije v klobučevnaste, debele, meglene odeje. Le v toplejših urah se spogleduje še malo z življenjem.

Večkrat pa obdaja starca velika, lepa vedrina in globoka milina. Brez strasti... brez tesnobe pred življenjem in... smrtjo. Eden, ki je bil vse doživel in ki sedaj življenja sicer ne zanika, toda vendar pričakuje njegovega konca s smehljajočim se mirom. Brez divjanja in grdega stokanja. Bilo je lepo. Sedaj je konec. Dobro. Vdam se. Tako se stara modrijan. Tako se stara gozd.

Ptice pevke so odletele kakor milijoni pisanih čivkajočih veselosti, ki zapuščajo tarajočega se. Srečno pot! Obesili se boste na vrat komu drugemu, potem pa zapustili tudi njega.

O Vseh svetnikih bo gozd umrl.

In o Veliki noči bo zopet vstal. Ker je tega tako gotov, ker se mu pretaka po mozgu in žilah, zato je tako miren.

Jesen. V velikem mestu nikoli nisem občutil, kako gre narava v jesen. Tukaj pa se nisem mogel ubraniti čustva neke tesnobe, ko so se začele zbirati lastavice za pot. Dó lastavic nisem v tako osebnem razmerju kakor do drugih živali. Preplašne se mi zde, preveč boječe. Ko pa je odletela jeklenomodra vrsta, sem vedel: prepričajo nas mraku, samoti.

Staro veselje do potovanja se je zbudilo v meni. Lahko bi si kupil vžni listek in se tudi odpeljal proti Egiptu. Seveda bi potreboval dvajsetkrat toliko časa, bi imel tisočkrat več težav kakor lastavice, prišel

pa bi vendar v sončno deželo piramid.

Kmalu sem opazil, da je koprnenje po daljini na slabih nogah. Ostal bom rajši pri gozdu, kakor pa da bi hodil po svetu tuj.

Vendar pa me je bilo strah pred zimo. Kako naj jo preživim? Premalo opravlja sem imel. Moje knjige me niso mogle rešiti; za to moje študije niso bile dovolj resne. V samotni bi se bil izgubil.

Tedaj sem srečal Eriko Grubelnikovo na gozdni poti.

Obstala sva drug pred drugim — jesenski veter je vrtinčil rdeče listje okrog naju

Zakaj je zardela? Ali je slutila, kaj ji hočem reči?

Rekel sem ji kar naravnost. Ne vem, če je še kdo zasnubil kdaj tako preprosto.

"Erika, prosim vas, da postanete moja žena!"

Sprva ni rekla ničesar; cele minute je šla molče poleg mene... nato je vrašala: "Zakaj?"

Na to vprašanje sem ji povedal po vsej resnici:

"Od vsega srca vas ljubim!"

S tresočo roko je segla po moji, pa jo takoj zopet izpustila.

Ko sva šla dalje, je rekla:

"Toda jaz sem le majhna učiteljica na kmetih."

"Erika, postali boste velika učiteljica na kmetih!"

Nato sem ji povedal o svojem načrtu, da nameravam kupiti posestvo. Odvisno da je le še od Boltežarja, ki je od prihoda starega Čresnika in odkar je ta po hudem prepiru z njim odpotoval s svojim poško-dovanim sinom, postal odljuden in nedostopen. Če bi se posrečilo, da pridobim Boltežarja... za oskrbnika... za svetovalca... prijatelja — potem bi poskusili. Saj sva bila oba začetnika na kmetih... toda kakor so se pričeli drugi, bi se pričela tudi midva, vas bi dobila potem dobro graščinsko gospodo, Eriki bi se izpolnili vsi njeni človekoljubni načrti, njeno srce bi našlo tisoč možnosti.

Pri nekem hrastu v gozdu mi je ponudila svojo roko in svoje mlade, nedolžne ustnice.

Ni bila to nikakšna divja, plameneča, gnjevita ljubezen — bila je ljubezen, ki bo trajna: rad se imeti, razumeti se, spdati drug k drugemu, hoditi ista pota!

Z milimi očmi naju je blagoslovljal jesenski gozd.

Veliko večja težava je bila z Boltežarjem. Na vsa moja prigovarjanja in govoričenja je kratko in malo rekel: "Ne!" Odkar je skusil s starim in mladim Čresnikom, je bil razhujen, začel je sovražiti ljudi in bil hudo nezaupljiv. Svatbi Milčke s Timom, ki se je vršila že štiri tedne do našim sestanku v slaščiarni, se je izognil, češ, da mora "odpotovati po opravkih".

(Dalje prih.)

STO TISOČ DOLARJEV

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

ali članico en dolar. Sto tisoč dolarjev je velika številka. To lahko zmoremo, samo če hočemo. V dveh mesecih to lahko storimo. ZA SREČNEJŠE BOLJŠE NOVO LETO NAŠIM DRAGIM V DOMOVINI — DAM EN DOLAR. Tako nekako bi rekli ter dali našemu društvenemu tajniku ali tajnici, ki bi poslal nabrani denar na pristojno mesto.

Vsako društvo bi skrbelo, da bi poslalo svojo kvoto: kolikor članov, toliko dolarjev. Kaj mislite o tem? To je izpeljivo, ako bi naši društveni uradniki zavzeli iniciativo takoj. Treba bi bilo malo truda in dela. Zakaj ne? Ali ni sleherni izmed nas poklican in pozvan, da pomaga v teh gicnih časih, katere preživlja naš narod v domovini.

Ali bi bili naši glavni odbori pripravljeni, da sami dajo enak apel na vsa društva? Mislim, da je to njih naloga in dolžnost. Tako bi šel tudi apel na vse uradnike in pomožne uradnike naših uradnih glasil, da bi takoj pričeli pisati o predloženi ideji ali načrtu. Tako bi tudi apelirali na vse druge samostojne slovenske časopise, da se pridružio skupni akciji takoj.

Po naših slovenskih naselbinah imamo dosti pridnih in za-

vednih mož in žena, ki radi dopisujejo v slovensko časopisje v Ameriki. Kje ste danes? Prosi se vas v imenu slovenske sekcije Jugoslovanskega pomožnega odbora, da tuč vi izrazite svojo misel ter podprete načrt, ki je lahko izpeljiv, ako vsi nebebično primemo za delo ter ga završimo. Prosi se vas v imenu trpečega naroda v domovini, da priskočite na pomoč.

Vprašajmo slehernega Slovenca ali Slovenko v Ameriki, da naj da en dolar pred novim letom za tužno domovino. In če kdo da več, še boljše; kdor hitro da, dvakrat da.

Sedaj še to: Slovenska sekcija JPO kliče na delo vse Slovence in Slovenke v Ameriki. Tu ni nobene razlike, kakor ne bo nobene razlike, ko se bo dajalo potrebnim in ubožanim v domovini. Zato nabiramo denarne prispevke, ker se nam smili ves narod v domovini, pred katerim nima nobenega, usmiljenja njegov sovražnik.

Slovenec in Slovenka, ki si članica te ali one slovenske organizacije, ki pripadaš temu ali onemu društvu, oba sta poklicana, da gresta na sejo v mesecu novembru ali decembru. Na seji zagovarjajta ta načrt, da društvo pošlje svojo kvoto dolarjev v pomoč nesrečnejšem v domovini. Vsako društvo naj na svoj način reši to nalogo. Poročajte v časpiših

o vaših uspehih, da boste zbudili vse one, ki se še niso zganili za pomožno akcijo.

Sto tisoč dolarjev lahko nabereemo v dveh mesecih, ako vsi delamo, žrtvujemo in dajemo; posamezniki tega ne morejo storiti. Pokažimo našo pravo slovensko voljo in moč, da bomo saj enkrat videli, kaj mi lahko združeni dosežemo.

Sobratje in sestre, dajte vsak po en dolar za svojo nesrečno in na križi pribito Slovenijo.

Naš prvi cilj je sto tisoč dolarjev.

Janko N. Rogelj, direktor publicitete slovenske sekcije JPO.

TO IN ONO

PRENOSNO LETALIŠČE V PREIZKUŠNJI

Camden, S. C. — Vojaške oblasti so prišle na posebne vrste ideje, ki so jo tudi že uresničile ter jo postavile pod praktično preizkušnjo. Izdelati so namreč dale vojaško letališče, ki se da — prenašati. Prvo tako letališče je bilo postavljeno nedavno blizu Hoffmann, N. C., in, kakor trdijo, se je dobro obneslo. Letališče ustvarijo tako, da pokrijejo navadno odprto polje s tankimi "preprogami" iz jeklenih mrež, ki izravnavo vse vdrtine in vbokline, skozi mrežo pa lahko raste trava, ki jo v par mesecih popolnoma pokrije. Za omenjeno letališče, dolgo 3000 in široko 300 čevljev, so porabili jekla za dva in pol milijona funtov.

NEMŠKI BANKIRJI ŠIROM EVROPE

Berlin, Nemčija. — Kot se povdaja v nazijskih krogih, se nazijski gospodarski sistem hitro širi po vseh zaselenih delih Evrope. Za to skrbe nemški bankirji, ki polagoma jemljejo v svojo upravo vse evropske banke.

RUMUNIJA POŠILJA JUDE V UKRAJINO

Bukaresta, Rumunija. — Kot se je v nedeljo uradno izjavilo, se odpošiljajo Judje iz Besarabije in Bukovine v Ukrajino, katera je bila vzeta Rusiji, in sicer ob reko Bug. Načelnik

vlade Antonescu je ob izdaji tega ukaza ostro ožigosal tamkajšnje Jude, češ, da so se izdajalsko obnašali napram Rumuniji, in, da so s cveticami pozdravljali sovjetsko vojaštvo, ko je omenjeni provinci zasedlo.

FALKENHORSTOVE UTRD-BE NAD NORVEŠKEM

Stockholm, 1. okt. — (ONA). — V veliki tajnosti so Nemci končali takimenovano Falkenhorstovo linijo, ki je zgrajena ob norveški obali. Da preizkusijo njeno trdnost, so imeli na te utrdbe naskakovalne manevre. Utrdbe so se gradile pod nazijskimi inženirji, zaposili so pa pri teh delih 50,000 do 60,000 Norvežanov. Te utrdbe gredo od mesta Mandal, ki je na južnem koncu Norveške, pa do mesta Andenes nad Lofotskimi otoki.

Večina nemškega vojaštva je bila premeščena na finsko fronto in baje je bil tudi general von Falkenhorst odpoklican od norveške obale. Norvežani sami so se morali umakniti iz vasi ob katerih gredo nove utrdbe in veliko posestev je bilo rekviriranih za nemško vojaštvo; civilne oblasti ob obrežju so v rokah gestapovcev.

MOBILIZACIJA ZDRAVNI-KOV IN ZOBARJEV

Načrti za mobilizacijo zdravnikov in zobarjev za slučaj potrebe so že gotovi in pripravljajo se zakonodaja, ki naj prinese zakonsko veljavno temu načrtu.

Načrti so odobreni od narodnih in državnih zdravniških organizacij in bi uvedli enotno centralo za mobilizacijo zdravnikov toliko za vojaško koliko civilno-obrambeno potrebe. Vsa stvar nekoliko posnema sličen sistem na Angleškem, kjer se je razvil na podlagi tamošnjih izkušenj.

Ta mobilizacijski sistem je jako važen, kajti treba tudi paziti na to; da obrambene potrebe ne bodo izrpalje potrebno zalogo zdravnikov za splošne civilne potrebe.

Slovinci! Na vsaki prireditvi, na zabavah, taki ali taki, se spomnite tudi zvežev v stari domovini. Pobirajte darove za nje!

(Continued from page 4)

mised that he will have his eye on the king pin in the future.

Here and there on the alleys: Bro. Leo Jurjovec, Jr. took top honors by registering 161, 160 and 199 for a high series of 520 and also capturing the high game for the afternoon. — Bro. Louis Zefran beamed his low score, but promises to be top man next week, if all goes as he plans. — Johnny (J. Z.) Zelenikar was very much below his average, totaling only a 430 series. — Elizabeth (Liz) Zefran topped the women bowlers with a 92, 117 and 155 for a 364 series. — Mary Demsar, who is a beginner and who was very leary of bowling for fear that she would do little, came up with a respectable series of 72, 81 and 80, and promises to develop into one of our better women bowlers. — Frank Primozich missed the opening day due to illness and his daughter, Frances Lah, substituted for him, but he will be with us next week. — Poor Victor Mladic seemed to be picking up railroads or splits every time we looked at him, but he ended up with a 186, 137, 142 for a 465 series, which wasn't at all bad.

Many enthusiastic comments were made by the bowlers participating in the league to the effect that they never have had as much fun and enjoyment in bowling in a league. All bowlers have definitely put each Sunday afternoon on their "must" list in so far as bowling is concerned, and we all are looking forward to a season that we can file away in our memories as one of the happiest sporting events of our life. Incomplete records prevent our detailing the individual scores and standings of the teams, but next week we hope to be able to give full data as to each bowler and the standing of the teams.

WESTERN STAR JUNIORS

Pueblo, Colo.

Dear Juveniles:— This is the first time I am writing an article in the Fraternal Voice, but it won't be my last either.

At the last meeting of the Western Star Juniors, we elected a Publishing Committee and we decided to write regularly to the Fraternal Voice, which is the juvenile's own page as you already know.

Tommy Pischerchio, who has also written an article, told you about our meetings and of our plans for the juveniles of our branch. We plan to have a very busy year ahead of us.

I think it is a very good idea if the juveniles of other branches write to the Fraternal Voice and tell us about their activities and ideas. By this they will help us improve our juvenile branches and make our meetings more interesting.

While I was in Chicago I had a wonderful time. The people there seemed to be more friendly than I expected. Of course they aren't as friendly as the people in Colorado, but I must say the Slovenian out there are just as friendly as the Slovenian out here.

We had a very nice group of Juvenile Delegates to do business with and I enjoyed every minute of my stay in Chicago and at the Convention. I met many new friends from Ohio, Minnesota and Illinois.

The things that impressed me the most were the tall buildings, the Buckingham Fountain, South Shore Drive, the Elk Home and many other things. As long as I shall live, I shall remember all my new friends and places I visited during my stay.

Convention. While listening to the Adult Sessions of the Convention, I learned how really important our Association is. It also taught me to take a greater interest in the juvenile affairs of my city.

At the Juvenile Convention all the Juvenile Delegates promised to write to the Fraternal Voice, so come on delegates, let's hear from you. Let us hear from juvenile members about their branches and activities.

Fraternally yours,
MARIE RUPAR.

TRAIL BLAZERS LODGE NO. 41

Denver, Colo.

Everybody put down Sunday evening, December 14th, as a time you are going to spend with the Trail Blazers at the Slovenian Hall, 4664 Washington, for this popular lodge is going to sponsor a Variety Gift Bingo Party. You can go home after the party with hams, bacon, several large gallinaceous birds, (turkey to you) and dozens of various valuable gifts suitable for Christmas. This will be held in place of the annual Turkey Party usually given in November. Remember, then, no Turkey Party in November, but a bigger and better affair on December 14.

We ask all our members and readers of this paper to reserve New Year's Eve for a huge celebration and party by the Slovenian Home, Inc.

The Slovenian Home, Inc., will hold a special convention on Sunday afternoon, December 7th. Our lodge is required to send five delegates, so we request our membership to attend the next meeting on November 17 to elect three delegates to attend this convention with our two regular board members. There will be several other important matters needing your attention discussed at the lodge meeting. Mr. Miroslavich promised to show movies of the convention if there is a good attendance.

Our October meeting was a dandy but poorly attended. Joseph Shaball was elected to fill a vacancy in our All Slav delegation. Edward Jersin and Betty Zalar were elected to fill two vacancies on the Board of Trustees. The officers decided to hold an urgent meeting at the residence of Agnes Kucner on October 29.

We shipped a little in the Crusade membership campaign recently. How come? Let us get back on top of the two prize lists, where we belong. A good time of start will be to make a record enrollment in November to honor our Supreme President, then finish with a "grand slam" in December. We must not let any other lodge take that Trophy away from us. Get into our Trail Blazers lodge all the eligible men, women and children right now.

A word to parents of the juveniles in our lodge. No one else but the parents can make good juvenile members of their children. All that is necessary that their dues are paid promptly every month, then be sure to send them to the United Comrades meeting held every fourth Sunday afternoon of each month. The next juvenile meeting will be held November 23. Final arrangements of the Christmas Party will be discussed. We also ask parents to discuss the WSA with their children at home, and teach them fraternalism at every opportunity. Our hard-working juvenile supervisor, Dr. Harry A. Shier, will appreciate your cooperation in this matter and his great many splendid deeds and future for our children will not be in vain. Our lodge and the Association also needs this cooperation, and you will appreciate it because you certainly want your children to grow up in the fraternal life which will be so important and necessary to them when

they mature to adult life. Come on Trail Blazers, let us all step into the picture and share with one another the joy of living which can best be done only with closer comradeship and with a fraternal spirit.

WESTERN STAR JUVENILES

NO. 16

Pueblo, Colo.

Well folks, here we are! It may surprise you to hear from us, but finally we got going again with the Juvenile Lodge at our last meeting which was held October 8th.

The officers and publishing committee was elected as follows: Mary Ruth Cid, President and Thomas Pischerchio as Secretary. Marie and Helen Rugar, and John Petek, Jr., are the Publishing Committee.

Mr. Joe Blatnik treated the house to a drink of good old Pepsi-Cola. After the Juvenile meeting, the adult session began, which was very interesting and gave a lot of good experience to us juveniles.

After the adult meeting we all enjoyed ourselves at Bingo. Cash prizes were given and to show the crowd it was on the level, I was the first to bingo. Boy, was it fun! You should have heard Mr. Blatnik as the caller. It went something like this—under-r-r-r B number-r-r 4-r-r.

When Mrs. Blatnik binged, she didn't get the prize, 'cause Mr. Blatnik bought himself a drink.

All you Western Star juveniles don't forget to attend the next meeting on the second Wednesday in the month of November, at 6:30 p. m. sharp.

WARNING—Bring a new member, or else!!
Yours truly,
THOMAS FISCHERCHIO.
P. S. Will some of the members who were juvenile delegates at the convention in Chicago please write to me at 400 South Santa Fe, Pueblo, Colo.

IZ URADA DRUŠTVA KRALJICA ROŽNEGA VENCA

ŠT. 7, ZSZ

Denver, Colo.

Naznanjam članicam našega društva, da bi se v velikem številu udeležile naše prihodnje seje, katera se bo vršila v nedeljo 2. novembra točno ob 2. uri popoldne. Na tej seji bomo izvolile tri delegatnje, ki bodo zastopale naše društvo na prihodnji konvenciji Doma slovenskih društev, ki se bo vršila 7. decembra. Ako katero članico veseli, kot oskrbnik doma, naj vложи svoje ime pri predsedniku ali tajniku Doma slovenskih društev pred konvencijo. — Ker je več članic, ki bi se rade udeležile obredov molitev za ranjke na pokopališču, zato se bo seja pričela točno ob zgoraj omenjenem času. — Sesterski pozdrav.

Anna Tezak, predsednica

Dr. Frank T. Grill

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kako je mogoče, da njegov sosed Frank ve toliko novega, ve toliko o raznih postavah, zakonih in marsičem drugem. Vse ve in ljudje ga poslušajo ko pripoveduje to in ono v družbi. On sam pa je tak nevednež. Nekega dneva je to "pogruntal". Videl je, da sosed rojak vsak dan stalno čita "Amerikanskega Slovenca", kjer so najnovejše vesti, vsa razna druga pojasnila in pouk o tem in onem. Naročil si ga je tudi on in zdaj je tudi on o vsem točno informiran. Naročite si dnevnik "Am. Slovenec" tudi vi. Stane za celo leto \$5.00, za pol leta \$2.50; za Chicago in inozemstvo \$6.00 letno; za pol leta \$3.00. Naročnino pošljite na:

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